

MT9083 Series ACCESS Master Operation Manual

19th Edition

**For safety and warning information, please read this manual before attempting to use the equipment.
Keep this manual with the equipment.**

ANRITSU CORPORATION

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Safety Symbols

To prevent the risk of personal injury or loss related to equipment malfunction, Anritsu Corporation uses the following safety symbols to indicate safety-related information. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols BEFORE using the equipment. Some or all of the following symbols may be used on all Anritsu equipment. In addition, there may be other labels attached to products that are not shown in the diagrams in this manual.

Symbols used in manual

- | | |
|--|--|
|  DANGER | This indicates a very dangerous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly. |
|  WARNING | This indicates a hazardous procedure that could result in serious injury or death if not performed properly. |
|  CAUTION | This indicates a hazardous procedure or danger that could result in light-to-severe injury, or loss related to equipment malfunction, if proper precautions are not taken. |

For Safety

Safety Symbols Used on Equipment and in Manual

The following safety symbols are used inside or on the equipment near operation locations to provide information about safety items and operation precautions. Ensure that you clearly understand the meanings of the symbols and take the necessary precautions BEFORE using the equipment.



This indicates a prohibited operation. The prohibited operation is indicated symbolically in or near the barred circle.



This indicates an obligatory safety precaution. The obligatory operation is indicated symbolically in or near the circle.



This indicates a warning or caution. The contents are indicated symbolically in or near the triangle.



This indicates a note. The contents are described in the box.



These indicate that the marked part should be recycled.

For Safety



WARNING

- ALWAYS refer to the Operation Manual when working near locations at which the alert mark shown on the left is attached. If the advice in the Operation Manual is not followed there is a risk of personal injury or reduced equipment performance. The alert mark shown on the left may also be used with other marks and descriptions to indicate other dangers.

- **Overvoltage Category**
This instrument complies with overvoltage category II defined in IEC 61010. DO NOT connect this instrument to the power supply of overvoltage category III or IV.
- **Laser radiation warning**
 - NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the equipment nor into the end of a cable connected to the equipment. There is a risk of injury if laser radiation enters the eye.
 - The Laser Safety label is attached to the equipment for safety use as indicated in “Laser Radiation Markings” on page xiii.

Electric Shock

- To ensure that the instrument is earthed, always use the supplied 3-pin power cord, and insert the plug into an outlet with a earth terminal. If power is supplied without earthing the equipment, there is a risk of receiving a severe or fatal electric shock or causing damage to the internal components.

Repair



- Only qualified service personnel with a knowledge of electrical fire and shock hazards should service this equipment. This equipment cannot be repaired by the operator. DO NOT attempt to remove the equipment covers or unit covers or to disassemble internal components. There are high-voltage parts in this equipment presenting a risk of severe injury or fatal electric shock to untrained personnel. In addition, there is a risk of damage to precision components.

Calibration



- The performance-guarantee seal verifies the integrity of the equipment. To ensure the continued integrity of the equipment, only Anritsu service personnel, or service personnel of an Anritsu sales representative, should break this seal to repair or calibrate the equipment. Be careful not to break the seal by opening the equipment or unit covers. If the performance-guarantee seal is broken by you or a third party, the performance of the equipment cannot be guaranteed.

Replacing Battery



Battery Fluid

- When replacing the battery, use the specified battery and insert it with the correct polarity. If the wrong battery is used, or if the battery is inserted with reversed polarity, there is a risk of explosion causing severe injury or death.
- DO NOT short the battery terminals and never attempt to disassemble the battery or dispose of it in a fire. If the battery is damaged by any of these actions, the battery fluid may leak. This fluid is poisonous.

DO NOT touch the battery fluid, ingest it, or get in your eyes. If it is accidentally ingested, spit it out immediately, rinse your mouth with water and seek medical help. If it enters your eyes accidentally, do not rub your eyes, rinse them with clean running water and seek medical help. If the liquid gets on your skin or clothes, wash it off carefully and thoroughly with clean water.

Battery Disposal

- DO NOT expose batteries to heat or fire. This is dangerous and can result in explosions or fire. Heating batteries may cause them to leak or explode.

LCD

- This instrument uses a Liquid Crystal Display (LCD). DO NOT subject the instrument to excessive force or drop it. If the LCD is subjected to strong mechanical shock, it may break and liquid may leak.

This liquid is very caustic and poisonous.

DO NOT touch it, ingest it, or get in your eyes. If it is ingested accidentally, spit it out immediately, rinse your mouth with water and seek medical help. If it enters your eyes accidentally, do not rub your eyes, rinse them with clean running water and seek medical help. If the liquid gets on your skin or clothes, wash it off carefully and thoroughly with soap and water.

Laser Safety

Class 1, 1M, and 3R indicate the danger degree of the laser radiation specified below according to IEC 60825-1:2007.

Class 1: Lasers that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, including the use of optical instruments for intrabeam viewing.

Class 1M: Lasers emitting in the wavelength range from 302.5 to 4000 nm that are safe under reasonably foreseeable conditions of operation, but may be hazardous if the user employs optics within the beam. Two conditions apply:

- a. for diverging beams, if the user views the laser output with certain optical instruments (for example, eye loupes, magnifiers and microscopes) within a distance of 100 mm;
or
- b. for collimated beams, if the user views the laser output with certain optical instruments (for example, telescopes and binoculars).

Class 3R: Lasers that emit in the wavelength range from 302.5 to 10^6 nm where direct intrabeam viewing is potentially hazardous but the risk is lower than for Class 3B lasers.

CAUTION

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

WARNING

The laser in this equipment is classified as Class 1, 1M, or 3R according to the IEC 60825-1:2007 standard.

Never use optical instruments to directly view Class 1M laser products. Doing so may result in serious damage to the eyes.

Table 1 Laser Safety Classifications Based on IEC 60825-1:2007

Model Name	Class	Max. Optical Output Power (W)*	Pulse Duration (s)/ Repetition Rate	Emitted Wavelength (nm)	Incorporated Laser Specification (Refer to Table 2)	Laser Aperture in Figure 1
MT9083B2/C2-053	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
MT9083A2-073	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
MT9083A2/B2-055	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1650	e)	[2]
MT9083B2-056	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1490	b)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
MT9083A2/B2/C2-057	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
	1	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1625	d)	[1]

Table 1 Laser Safety Classifications Based on IEC 60825-1:2007 (Cont'd)

Model Name	Class	Max. Optical Output Power (W)*	Pulse Duration (s)/ Repetition Rate	Emitted Wavelength (nm)	Incorporated Laser Specification (Refer to Table 2)	Laser Aperture in Figure 1
MT9083B2-058	1M	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1490	b)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
	1	<0.15	2.0×10^{-6} /0.019	1625	d)	[1]
MT9083A2/B2-063	1M	<0.012	0.5×10^{-6} /0.036	850	f)	[2]
	1	<0.15	4×10^{-6} /0.037	1300	g)	[2]
	1M	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1310	a)	[1]
	1	<0.15	20×10^{-6} /0.019	1550	c)	[1]
MT9083A2/B2/C 2-002 (Visible LD)	3R	<0.003	CW	650	h)	[3]

*: Indicates the possible optical output power when each and every reasonably foreseeable single-fault condition is included.

Table 2 Incorporated Laser Specification

Wavelength [nm]	Beam Divergence *1 [deg]	Pulse Duration (s)/ Repetition Rate	Maximum output power *2 [W]
a)	1310	20×10^{-6} /0.019	<0.3
b)	1490	20×10^{-6} /0.019	<0.3

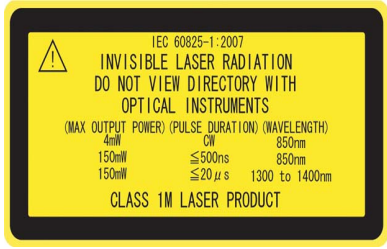

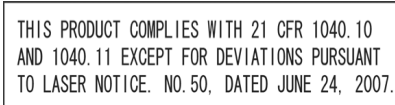



Table 2 Incorporated Laser Specification

Wavelength [nm]		Beam Divergence ^{*1} [deg]	Pulse Duration (s)/ Repetition Rate	Maximum output power ^{*2} [W]
c)	1550	11.5	$20 \times 10^{-6}/0.019$	<0.3
d)	1625	11.5	$20 \times 10^{-6}/0.019$	<0.3
e)	1650	11.5	$20 \times 10^{-6}/0.019$	<0.3
f)	850	36.9	$0.5 \times 10^{-6}/0.036$	<0.024
g)	1300	36.9	$4 \times 10^{-6}/0.037$	<0.3
h)	650	11.5	CW	<0.003

*1: This product incorporates a laser diode module with optical fiber output.

*2: Maximum output power is the estimated value when something breaks down.

Table 3 Indication Labels on Product

	Type	Label	Affixed to:	Model Name
1	Class 1M Laser		Figure 2, A	MT9083B2/C2-053 MT9083A2/B2-055 MT9083B2-056 MT9083A2/B2/C2-057 MT9083A2/B2-063 MT9083B2-058 MT9083A2-073
2	Class 3R Laser		Figure 2, B	MT9083A2/B2/C2-002
3	Certification		Figure 2, C	All models
4	Identification		Figure 2, D	All models
5	Warning		Figure 2, E	MT9083A2/B2/C2-002
6	Aperture		Figure 2, F	MT9083A2/B2/C2-002

Laser Radiation Markings

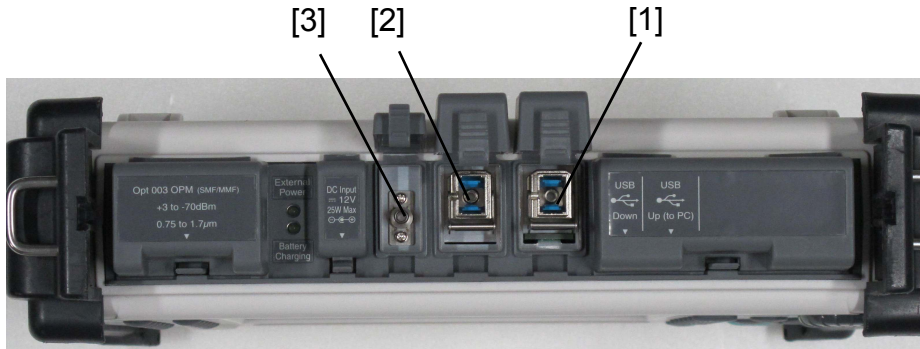


Figure 1: Locations of Laser Beam Apertures

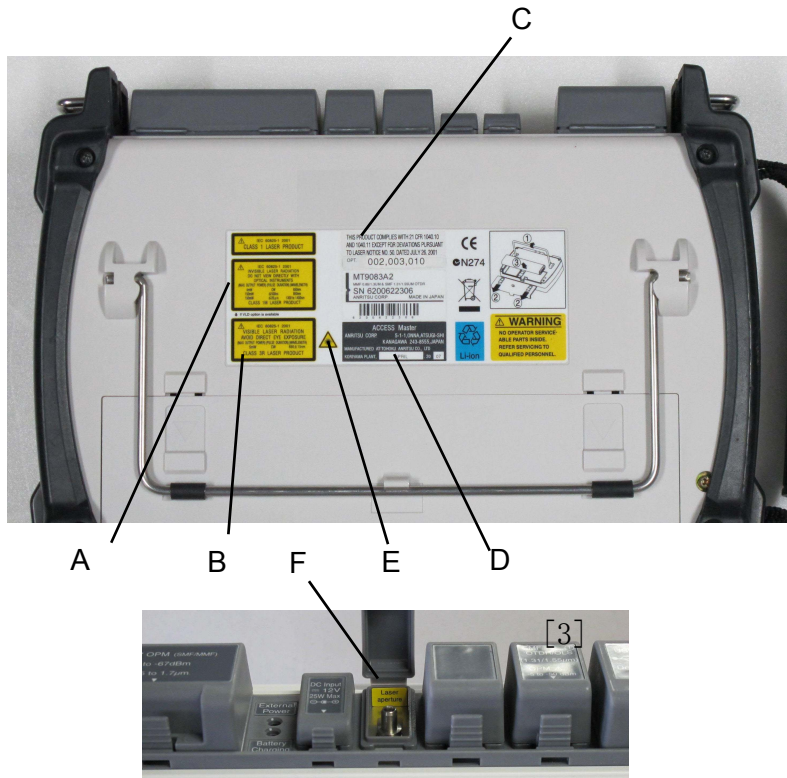


Figure 2: Locations of Affixed Labels

Electrical Safety

To reduce risk of equipment damage, injury, or death, adhere to the following warnings:

- DO NOT use the MT9083 Series or its external power supply if they are cracked or damaged.
- Use an external power supply provided for the MT9083 Series by Anritsu. Anritsu does not guarantee the safety and functionality of other power supplies.
- The MT9083 Series external power supply requires a three-wire, grounded line cord. Do not use a two-wire line cords, ungrounded line cords, or damaged line cords.
- DO NOT use the MT9083 Series external power supply in outdoor or wet environments.
- Ensure that the AC input to the external power supply is within the voltages marked on the power supply case.
- DO NOT attempt to service the product in any way other than routine maintenance as described in this manual.

For U.S. Customers

Please Recycle



Li-ion

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste stream. Check with your local solid waste officials for details in your area for recycling options or proper disposal.

Before disposing of this product, discharge the battery, and then mail the battery to your local recycling center.

1. Attach the battery pack to the product.
2. Disconnect the AC adapter, if used.
3. Turn the power switch to on.
4. Leave the product on until the power indicator goes off; the battery is now discharged.
5. Remove the battery.
6. Insulate the battery terminals with adhesive tape.
7. Mail it to your Anritsu Service or Sales office, or to the following address.

ANRITSU COMPANY
490 Jarvis Drive,
Morgan Hill, CA 95037-2809,
U.S.A.

For EU & EFTA Customers

Please Recycle



Li-ion



Read the following when using products to which the marks shown to the left are attached.

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste. Check with your local solid-waste disposal officials for details of recycling options or proper disposal in your area.

Before disposing of this product, discharge the battery, and then mail the battery to your local recycling center.

1. Disconnect the AC adapter, if used.
2. Turn the power switch to on.
3. Leave the product on until the power indicator goes off; the battery is now discharged.
4. Remove the battery.
5. Insulate the battery terminals with adhesive tape.
6. Please recycle in accordance with your national or regional legislation.

Nach Gebrauch der Ver Kaufsstelle Zurückgeben.

Après usage à rapporter au point de vente.

For Safety

Replacing Memory Back-up Battery

CAUTION

This equipment uses a Poly-carbonmonofluoride lithium battery to backup the memory. This battery must be replaced by service personnel when it has reached the end of its useful life; contact the Anritsu sales section or your nearest representative.

Note

The battery used in this equipment has a maximum useful life of 7 years. It should be replaced before this period has elapsed.

External Storage Media

This equipment uses USB memory as external storage media for storing data and programs.

If this media is mishandled or becomes faulty, important data may be lost. It is recommended to periodically back up all important data and programs to protect them from being lost accidentally.

Anritsu will not be held responsible for lost data.

Pay careful attention to the following points.

- Never remove the memory from the ACCESS master, while it is being accessed.
- The memory card may be damaged by static electric charges.

Use in a residential environment

This instrument is designed for an industrial environment. In a residential environment this instrument may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

Use in Corrosive Atmospheres

Exposure to corrosive gases such as hydrogen sulfide, sulfuric acid, and hydrogen chloride will cause faults and failures.

Note that some organic solvents release corrosive gases.

Equipment Certificate

Anritsu Corporation certifies that this equipment was tested before shipment using calibrated measuring instruments with direct traceability to public testing organizations recognized by national research laboratories, including the National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, and the National Institute of Information and Communications Technology, and was found to meet the published specifications.

Anritsu Warranty

Anritsu Corporation will repair this equipment free-of-charge if a malfunction occurs within one year after shipment due to a manufacturing fault. However, software fixes will be made in accordance with the separate Software End-User License Agreement. Moreover, Anritsu Corporation will deem this warranty is void when:

- The fault is outside the scope of the warranty conditions separately described in the operation manual.
- The fault is due to mishandling, misuse, or unauthorized modification or repair of the equipment by the customer.
- The fault is due to severe usage clearly exceeding normal usage.
- The fault is due to improper or insufficient maintenance by the customer.
- The fault is due to natural disaster, including fire, wind, flooding, earthquake, lightning strike, or volcanic ash, etc.
- The fault is due to damage caused by acts of destruction, including civil disturbance, riot, or war, etc.
- The fault is due to explosion, accident, or breakdown of any other machinery, facility, or plant, etc.
- The fault is due to use of non-specified peripheral or applied equipment or parts, or consumables, etc.
- The fault is due to use of a non-specified power supply or in a non-specified installation location.
- The fault is due to use in unusual environments^(Note).
- The fault is due to activities or ingress of living organisms, such as insects, spiders, fungus, pollen, or seeds.

In addition, this warranty is valid only for the original equipment purchaser. It is not transferable if the equipment is resold.

Anritsu Corporation shall assume no liability for injury or financial loss of the customer due to the use of or a failure to be able to use this equipment.

 **Note**

For the purpose of this Warranty, “unusual environments” means use:

- In places of direct sunlight
- In dusty places
- In liquids, such as water, oil, or organic solvents, and medical fluids, or places where these liquids may adhere
- In salty air or in places where chemically active gases (sulfur dioxide, hydrogen sulfide, chlorine, ammonia, nitrogen dioxide, or hydrogen chloride etc.) are present
- In places where high-intensity static electric charges or electromagnetic fields are present
- In places where abnormal power voltages (high or low) or instantaneous power failures occur
- In places where condensation occurs
- In the presence of lubricating oil mists
- In places at an altitude of more than 2,000 m
- In the presence of frequent vibration or mechanical shock, such as in cars, ships, or airplanes

Anritsu Corporation Contact

In the event that this equipment malfunctions, contact an Anritsu Service and Sales office. Contact information can be found on the last page of the printed version of this manual, and is available in a separate file on the CD version.

Software End-User License Agreement (EULA)

Please read this Software End-User License Agreement (hereafter this EULA) carefully before using (includes executing, copying, registering, etc.) this software (includes programs, databases, scenarios, etc., used to operate, set, etc., Anritsu electronic equipment). By reading this EULA and using this software, you are agreeing to be bound by the terms of its contents and Anritsu Corporation (hereafter Anritsu) hereby grants you the right to use this Software with the Anritsu-specified equipment (hereafter Equipment) for the purposes set out in this EULA.

1. Grant of License and Limitations

1. Regardless of whether this Software was purchased from or provided free-of-charge by Anritsu, you agree not to rent, lease, lend, or otherwise distribute this Software to third parties and further agree not to disassemble, recompile, reverse engineer, modify, or create derivative works of this Software.
2. You may make one copy of this Software for backup purposes only.
3. You are not permitted to reverse engineer this software.
4. This EULA allows you to install one copy of this Software on one piece of Equipment.

2. Disclaimers

To the extent not prohibited by law, in no event shall Anritsu be liable for personal injury, or any incidental, special, indirect or consequential damages whatsoever, including, without limitation, damages for loss of profits, loss of data, business interruption or any other commercial damages or losses, arising out of or related to your use or inability to use this Software.

3. Limitation of Liability

- a. If a fault (bug) is discovered in this Software, preventing operation as described in the operation manual or specifications whether or not the customer uses this software as described in the manual, Anritsu shall at its own discretion, fix the bug, or exchange the software, or suggest a workaround, free-of-charge. However, notwithstanding the above, the following items shall be excluded from repair and warranty.
 - i) If this Software is deemed to be used for purposes not described in the operation manual or specifications.
 - ii) If this Software is used in conjunction with other non-Anritsu-approved software.
 - iii) Recovery of lost or damaged data.
 - iv) If this Software or the Equipment has been modified, repaired, or otherwise altered without Anritsu's prior approval.
 - v) For any other reasons out of Anritsu's direct control and responsibility, such as but not

limited to, natural disasters, software virus infections, etc.

- b. Expenses incurred for transport, hotel, daily allowance, etc., for on-site repairs by Anritsu engineers necessitated by the above faults shall be borne by you.
- c. The warranty period for faults listed in article 3a above covered by this EULA shall be either 6 months from the date of purchase of this Software or 30 days after the date of repair, whichever is longer.

4. Export Restrictions

You may not use or otherwise export or re-export directly or indirectly this Software except as authorized by Japanese and United States law. In particular, this software may not be exported or re-exported (a) into any Japanese or US embargoed countries or (b) to anyone on the Japanese or US Treasury Department's list of Specially Designated Nationals or the US Department of Commerce Denied Persons List or Entity List. By using this Software, you warrant that you are not located in any such country or on any such list.

You also agree that you will not use this Software for any purposes prohibited by Japanese and US law, including, without limitation, the development, design and manufacture or production of missiles or nuclear, chemical or biological weapons of mass destruction.

5. Termination

Anritsu shall deem this EULA terminated if you violate any conditions described herein. This EULA shall also be terminated if the conditions herein cannot be continued for any good reason, such as violation of copyrights, patents, or other laws and ordinances.

6. Reparations

If Anritsu suffers any loss, financial or otherwise, due to your violation of the terms of this EULA, Anritsu shall have the right to seek proportional damages from you.

7. Responsibility after Termination

Upon termination of this EULA in accordance with item 5, you shall cease all use of this Software immediately and shall as directed by Anritsu either destroy or return this Software and any backup copies, full or partial, to Anritsu.

8. Dispute Resolution

If matters of dispute or items not covered by this EULA arise, they shall be resolved by negotiations in good faith between you and Anritsu.

9. Court of Jurisdiction

This EULA shall be interpreted in accordance with Japanese law and any disputes that cannot be resolved by negotiation described in Article 8 shall be settled by the Japanese courts.

Protection Against Computer Virus Infections

Prior to the software installation

Before installing this software or any other software recommended or approved by Anritsu, run a virus scan on your computer, including removable media (e.g. USB memory stick and CF memory card) you want to connect to your computer.

When using this software and connecting with the measuring instrument

- Copying files and data

On your computer, do not save any copies other than the following:

- Files and data provided by Anritsu
- Files created by this software
- Files specified in this document

Before copying these files and/or data, run a virus scan, including removable media (e.g. USB memory stick and CF memory card).

- Connecting to network

Connect your computer to the network that provides adequate protection against computer viruses.

Cautions on Proper Operation of Software

This software may not operate normally if any of the following operations are performed on your computer:

- Simultaneously running any software other than that recommended or approved by Anritsu
- Closing the lid (Laptop computer)
- Turning on the screen saver function
- Turning on the battery-power saving function (Laptop computer)

For how to turn off the functions, refer to the operation manual that came with your computer.

Notes On Export Management

This product and its manuals may require an Export License/Approval by the Government of the product's country of origin for re-export from your country.

Before re-exporting the product or manuals, please contact us to confirm whether they are export-controlled items or not.

When you dispose of export-controlled items, the products/manuals need to be broken/shredded so as not to be unlawfully used for military purpose.

Disposal Procedure

The product that you have purchased contains a rechargeable battery. The battery is recyclable. At the end of its useful life, under various state and local laws, it may be illegal to dispose of this battery into the municipal waste stream. Check with your local solid waste officials for details in your area for recycling options or proper disposal.

Reuse Parts

Anritsu group promotes recycling activities in order to reuse available resources and save energy. This product may use recycled parts (mechanical components) that conform to Anritsu's quality standards.

Limited Life Span Parts

The life span of certain parts used in this instrument is determined by the operating time or the power-on time. Due consideration should be given to the life spans of these parts when performing continuous operation over an extended period. These parts must be replaced at the customer's expense even if within the guaranteed period described in Warranty at the beginning of this manual. For details on life span, refer to the corresponding section in this manual.

Display backlight: Refer to Appendix D, "Limited Life Span Parts"

Caution for Transportation

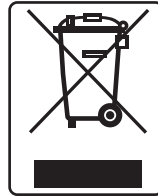
This equipment uses the lithium-ion battery (100 Wh or less per battery).

When transporting this equipment by air (in a plane), follow the IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations (IATA DGR) established by the International Air Transport Association (IATA) and instructions from each airline company.

When transporting this equipment by sea (in a ship), follow the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG CODE) established by the International Maritime Organization (IMO).

Crossed-out Wheeled Bin Symbol

Equipment marked with the Crossed-out Wheeled Bin Symbol complies with council directive 2012/19/EC (the “WEEE Directive”) in European Union.



For Products placed on the EU market after August 13, 2005, please contact your local Anritsu representative at the end of the product's useful life to arrange disposal in accordance with your initial contract and the local law.

CE Conformity Marking

Anritsu affixes the CE conformity marking on the following product(s) in accordance with the Decision 768/2008/EC to indicate that they conform to the EMC and LVD directive of the European Union (EU).

CE marking



1. Product Model

Model: MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master

2. Applied Directive

EMC: Directive 2014/30/EC

LVD: Directive 2014/35/EC

3. Applied Standards

- EMC Emission: EN 61326-1:2013 (Class A)

Immunity: EN 61326-1:2013 (Table 2)

Performance Criteria*

IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD)	B
IEC 61000-4-3 (EMF)	A
IEC 61000-4-4 (Burst)	B
IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge)	B
IEC 61000-4-6 (CRF)	A
IEC 61000-4-11 (V dip/short)	B, C

*Performance Criteria:

A: The equipment shall continue to operate as intended during and after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below a performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the equipment is used as intended.

The performance level may be replaced by a permissible loss of performance. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product the description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the equipment if used as intended.

B: The equipment shall continue to operate as intended after the test. No degradation of performance or loss of function is allowed below a performance level specified by the manufacturer, when the equipment is used as intended.

The performance level may be replaced by a permissible loss of performance. During the test, degradation of performance is however allowed. No change of actual operating state or stored data is allowed. If the minimum performance level or the permissible performance loss is not specified by the manufacturer, either of these may be derived from the product description and documentation and what the user may reasonably expect from the equipment if used as intended.

C: Temporary loss of function is allowed, provided the function is self-recoverable or can be restored by the operation of the controls.

Harmonic current emissions:

EN 61000-3-2: 2006 +A1:2009 A2:2009 (Class A equipment)
: No limits apply for this equipment with an active input power under 75 W.

- LVD: EN 61010-1: 2010 (Pollution Degree 2)

4. Authorized Representative

Name: Murray Coleman
Head of Customer Service EMEA
ANRITSU EMEA Ltd.
Address, City: 200 Capability Green, Luton
Country: Bedfordshire, LU1 3LU
United Kingdom

RCM Conformity Marking

Anritsu affixes the RCM mark on the following product(s) in accordance with the regulation to indicate that they conform to the EMC framework of Australia/New Zealand.

RCM marking



1. Product Model

Model: MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master

2. Applied Standards

EMC: Emissions: EN 61326-1: 2013 (Class A equipment)

Technical Support, Services, and Repairs

Our Technical Support Center is at your service to answer technical questions and provide return authorization for service, repairs, or other returns.

Technical Support Center

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All returns require a Return Materials Authorization (RMA) number. If possible, return the unit in its original shipping materials. If the original shipping materials are not available, please contact the Technical Support Center for instructions.

Whether or not the warranty period of your Anritsu product has expired, the unit can be returned to Anritsu for repairs. Out-of-warranty repairs are billed for time and materials. Call our Technical Support Center for further information.

Anritsu offers a performance verification service that extensively tests this product and documents its performance. All test equipment used in the verification process is traceable to NIST or NPL standards, and is calibrated annually. Anritsu recommends that you have your unit calibrated annually at our factory.

About this Manual

The operation manuals for the MT9083 Series ACCESS Master (hereafter referred to as MT9083 Series or this equipment) are comprised of the operation manual for the MT9083 Series main frame. This operation manual describes the operations for the MT9083 Series ACCESS Master. To understand characteristic functions of the MT9083 Series ACCESS Master, carefully read Chapter 2 “Overview.”

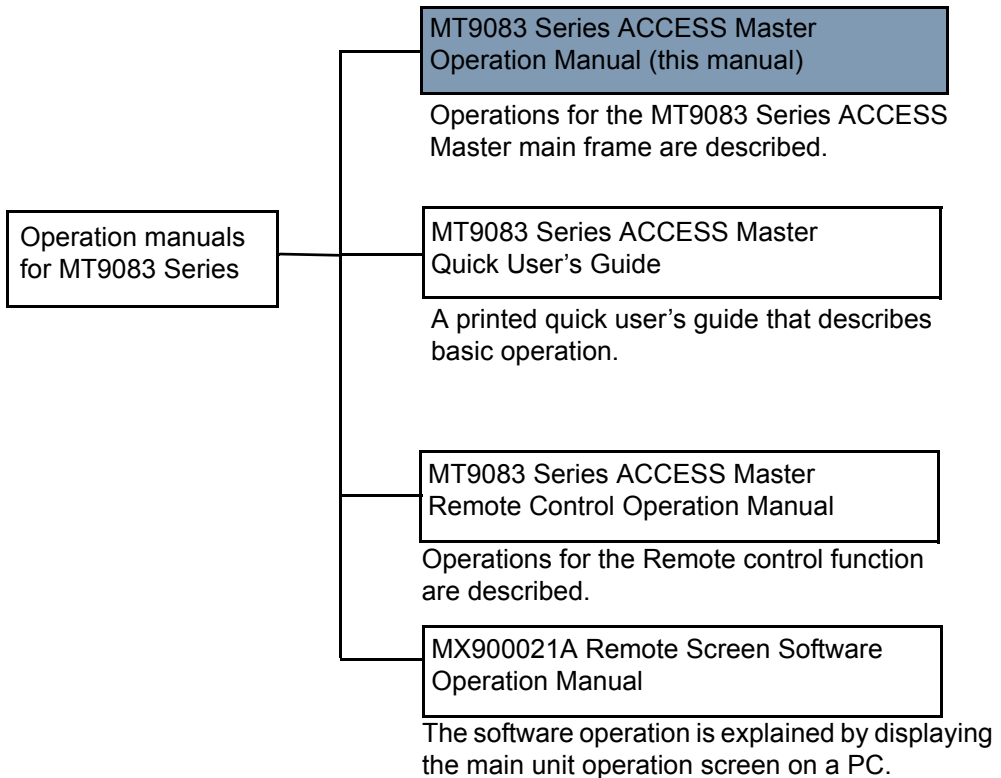


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Chapter 1: Quick Start

Introduction

The MT9083 Series ACCESS Master Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) reduces the time to install, commission and maintain fiber spans via high performance hardware and easy-to-use software.

This chapter describes an overview of the MT9083 Series, detailing the characteristics of the unit and its basic operation.

When the designation “MT9083 Series” appears in this manual, it encompasses the MT9083x. When the designation “MT9083x” appears, the descriptions pertain uniquely to each respective unit.



Figure 1-1: MT9083 Series ACCESS Master OTDR

MT9083 Series Functions

The MT9083 Series provide the functions required to perform diagnosis of optical fiber faults, especially in FTTx applications. In addition to Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) testing, the MT9083 Series also include an Optical Power Meter (OPM) for power measurement testing and an Optical Light Source (OLS) for fiber identification. Units can also be equipped with an optional Visual Fault Locator (VFL) which provides a visual reference for locating fiber bends and breaks within the OTDR dead zone. Remote-controlled operation is made possible with the USB-Ethernet converter.

Basic Configuration

The basic configuration of the MT9083 Series includes:

- TFT color LCD
- AC charger/adaptor with line cord
- Rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack
- Simple menu-based operation
- User's Manual

Options for the MT9083 Series include:

- Optical Power Meter
- Visual Fault Locator
- Printer

Powering Up the Unit


The MT9083 Series can be powered externally by using the AC charger/adaptor (see “AC Charger/Adapter” on page 2-11 for details, or internally by using the rechargeable lithium-ion battery pack (see “Installing a Battery Pack” on page 2-8 for details).

Note

Use the AC charger/adaptor supplied by Anritsu with the MT9083 Series. Use of another charger/adaptor may result in damage to the MT9083 Series and/or the battery pack.

Start Up Sequence

1. Press the **Power** key .

2. The unit performs a self-test during which the Anritsu splash screen appears briefly, followed by the MT9083 Series splash screen.
3. When the self-test is complete, the unit proceeds to the Top Menu screen (see Figure 1-2).
4. Select the desired test application, if not already highlighted, and press the **Enter key** .

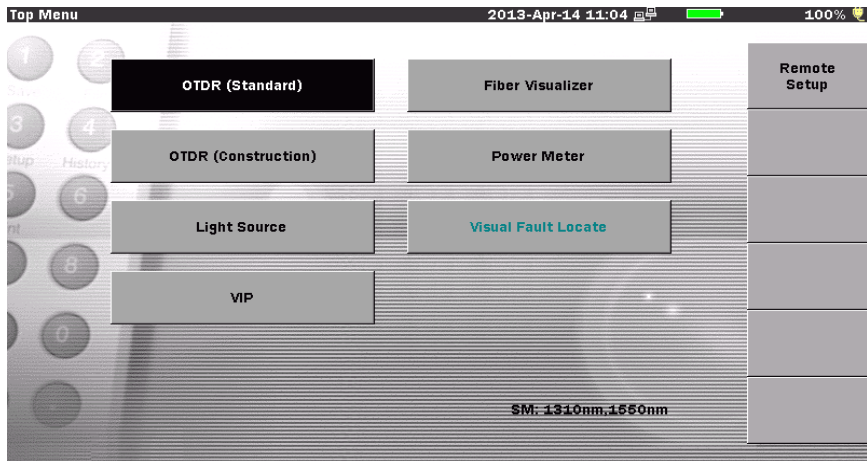


Figure 1-2: Top Menu screen

Note

The selections available on the Top Menu will vary with the configuration of the given MT9083 Series.

Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) Testing

The OTDR function provides the capability for measuring connection loss, fiber loss, and distance of an optical fiber. You can locate defects and faults, and determine the amount of signal loss at any point in an optical fiber. The Analysis function automatically detects event positions such as splice points with loss exceeding the preset threshold or return loss, and lists the data in an event table.

Remote-controlled measurement is possible in the OTDR (Standard) mode.

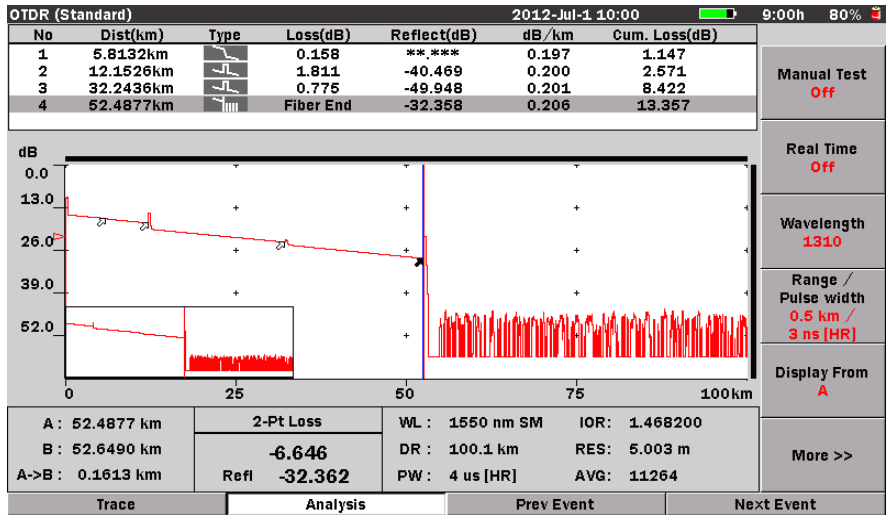


Figure 1-3: OTDR (Standard) Screen with Event Table

For further details on OTDR testing, see Chapter 4, “OTDR (Standard) Mode”.

For further details on remote control operation, see “MT9083 Series ACCESS Master Remote Control Operation Manual”.

Fault Locate Testing

Fiber Visualizer provides an easy method to determine the end/fault location of a fiber.

Press the **Start** key to start a test. The test proceeds through the following steps:

- Performs a connection check
- Runs the test
- Reports the test results.

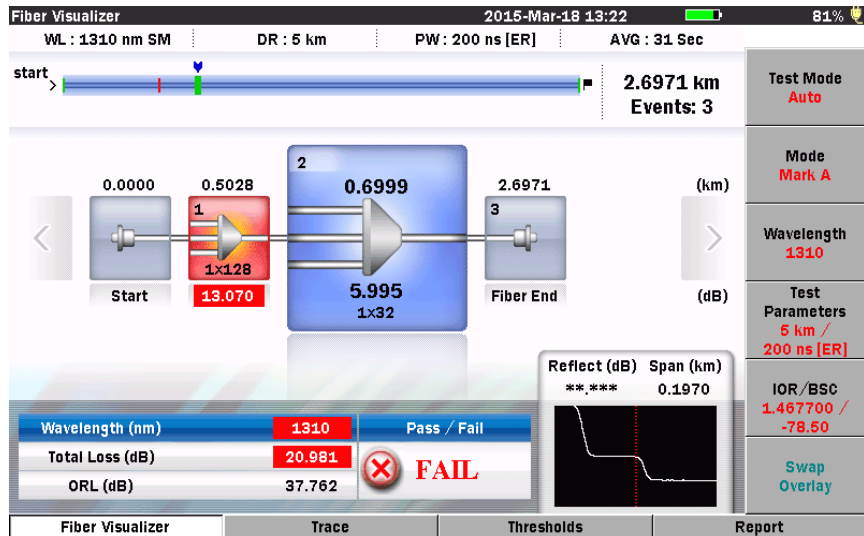


Figure 1-4: Fiber Visualizer screen

For further details on Fault Locate testing, see Chapter 5, “Fiber Visualizer Mode”

Construction Mode Testing

Construction mode simplifies and automates the testing required when installing fiber. Construction mode is used when many fibers in a cable need to be tested and documented before deployment.

Depending on the setup selections made for Construction mode testing, you can:

- Step through the test process and save the results without reviewing the trace data.

OR –

- Setup the application so that it displays a Summary screen allowing review of the test data before proceeding to the next test.

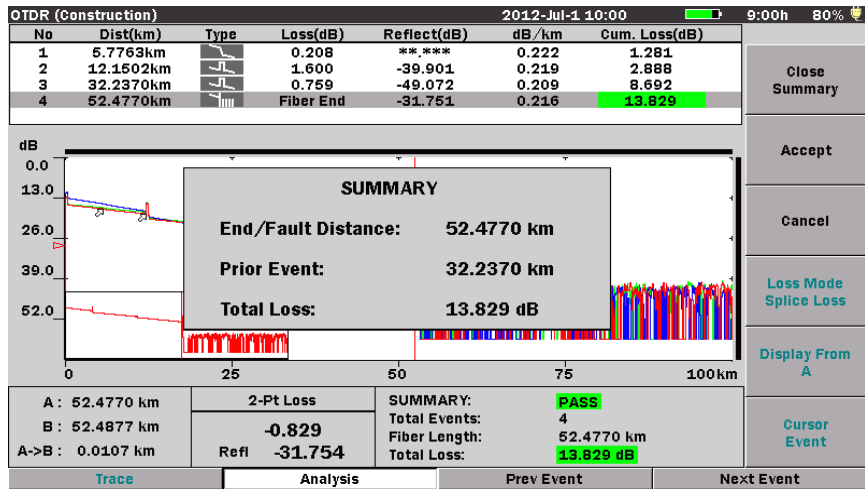


Figure 1-5: OTDR (Construction) Summary screen

For further details on Construction mode testing, see Chapter 6, “OTDR (Construction) Mode”.

Loss Test Set Testing

Loss Test Set mode is made available by equipping a MT9083 Series with one of the optional Power Meters (Options 004/005/007). This provides the ability to perform power meter/light source tests.

The optical power measurement range varies depending on the specific optional power meter with which the MT9083 Series is equipped. See “MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common” on page A-8 for details.

Loss Test Set mode is accessed by highlighting the Loss Test Set selection on the Top Menu screen and then pressing the **Enter key**. Units not equipped with the power meter option will not display the Loss Test Set selection.

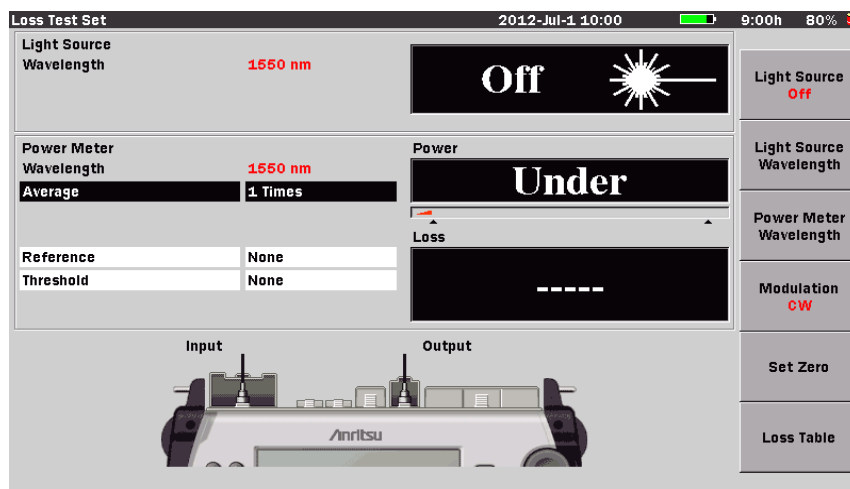


Figure 1-6: Initial Loss Test Set screen

For further details on Loss Test Set mode, see Chapter 8, “Loss Test Set Mode”.

⚠ WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series. If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

Optical Power Meter (OPM) Testing

The OPM function provides the capability for measuring optical power levels. By measuring the power level on the fiber under test, you can easily decide whether the fault point is on the fiber or on the network.

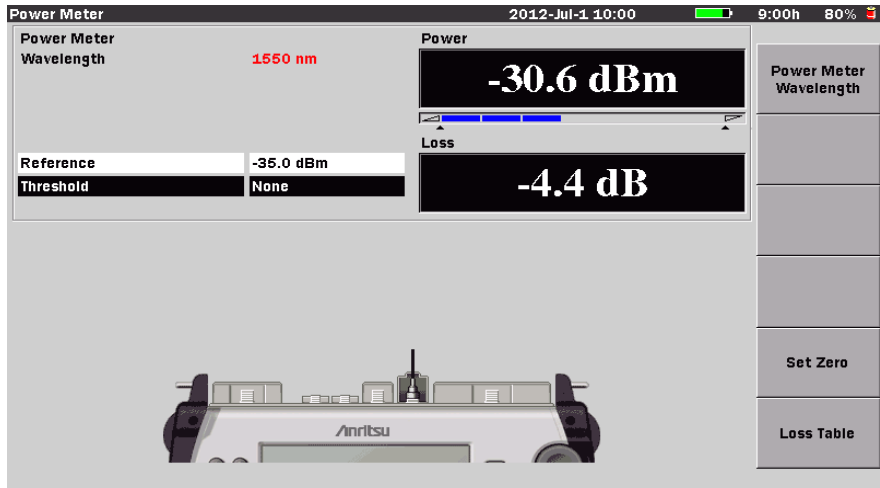


Figure 1-7: Optical Power Meter screen

For further details on Optical Power Meter testing, see Chapter 9, “Optical Power Meter (OPM) & Optical Light Source (OLS)” .

Optical Light Source (OLS) Testing

The OLS function provides a light source for use with fiber identification equipment (fiber identifiers). The light source can be set to output at the following modulation rates: CW (continuous wave) 270 Hz, 1 kHz, or 2 kHz.

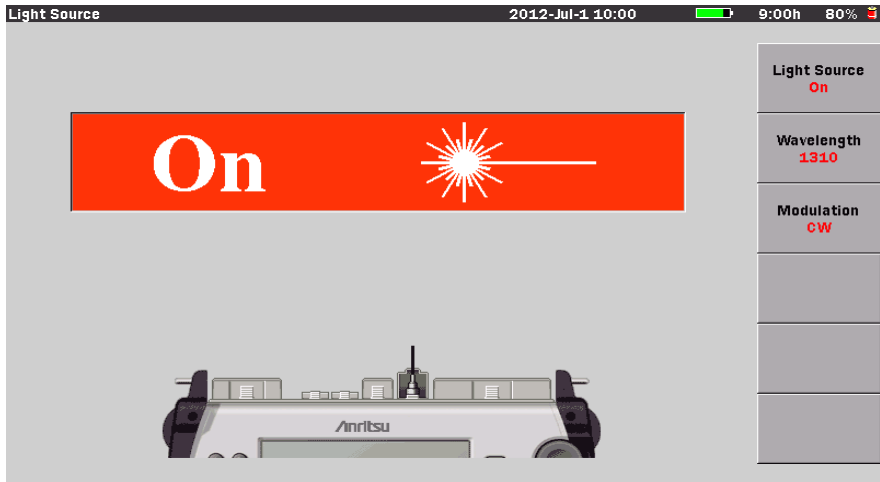


Figure 1-8: Optical Light Source Screen

For further details on Optical Light Source testing, see Chapter 9, “Optical Power Meter (OPM) & Optical Light Source (OLS)” .

⚠ WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series. If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

Visual Fault Locate (VFL) Option

The Visual Fault Locate (VFL) option provides a visual method of fiber and fault identification. The VFL works by means of a red laser diode which is visible to the human eye. Bends and/or breaks in the fiber under test are identified by the visible red glow at the event. This provides a method of locating faults within the OTDR dead zone, as well as a means of fiber identification.

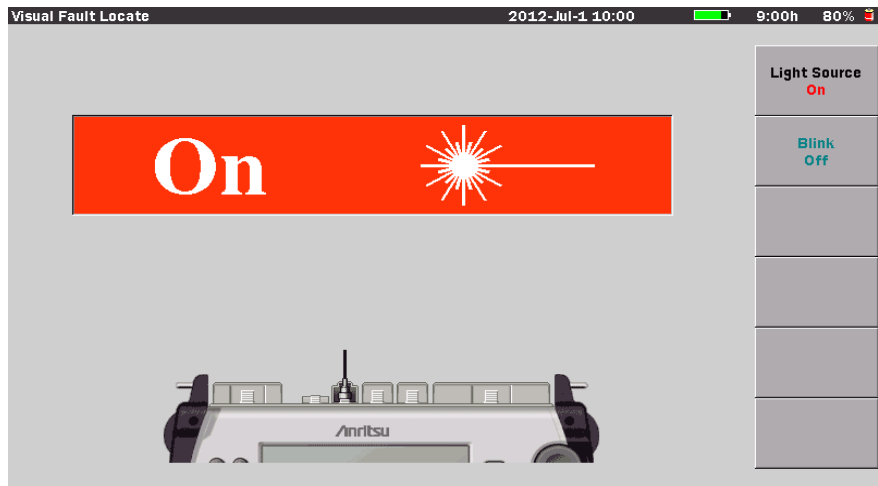


Figure 1-9: Visual Fault Locate Screen

For further details on Visual Fault Locate testing, see Chapter 10, “Visual Fault Locate (VFL) Mode” .

⚠ WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series. If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

Video Inspection Probe (VIP) Option

The Video Inspection Probe (VIP) option is used to inspect fiber optic terminations. Use the VIP to inspect installed connectors located inside hardware devices or on the “backside” of patch panels, eliminating the need to either disassemble hardware devices prior to inspection or access the backside of patch panels.

The VIP option consists of the following:

- Video Inspection Probe (VIP)
- 5 probe tips (SC, ST, FC, Universal 1.25 mm, and Universal 2.5 mm)
- USB converter
- Software CD

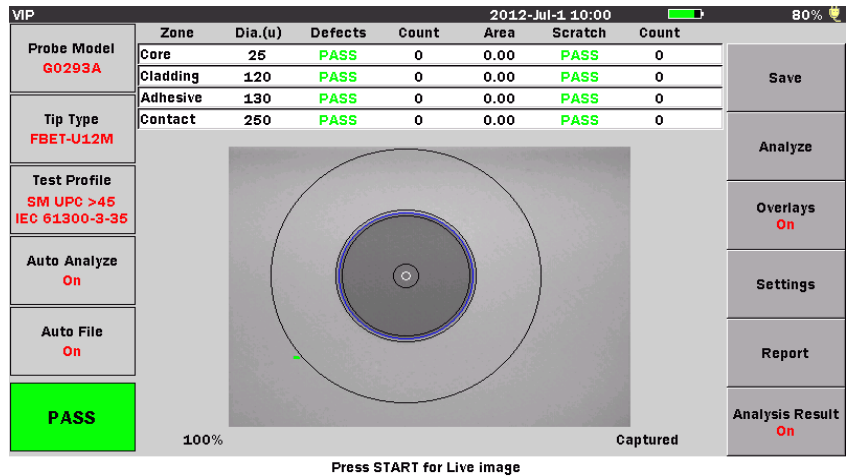


Figure 1-10: VIP Screen

Images captured with the VIP can be saved as PNG or VIPI files which can be recalled for viewing on the MT9083 Series. Also captured images can be analyzed on MT9083 or using the VIP Analysis software on a PC.

Note

The Software CD contains the VIP Analysis software which is for PC use only. See the software’s help set for details on its use.

Chapter 1: Quick Start

For further details on the Video Inspection Probe, see Chapter 11, “Video Inspection Probe (VIP) Option” .

Chapter 2: Overview

It is important to become familiar with the layout of the MT9083 Series. Three areas important to the use and function of the MT9083 Series are the front panel, back panel, and top connector panel.

Front Panel

The front panel contains the unit's operating controls and its LCD display.



Figure 2-1: MT9083 Series – Front Panel

- | | | | |
|---|--|---|------------------|
| 1 | Power key | 6 | ESC (Escape) key |
| 2 | Dedicated function keys and Numeric keypad | 7 | Arrow key set |
| 3 | LCD display | 8 | Enter key |
| | | 9 | Start key |

4	Softkeys	10	Top Menu key
5	Rotary knob	11	Softkeys

Power Key



Press the Power key to power the unit up/down.

Dedicated Function Keys



VLD key – this key is reserved for future expansion.



Backlight key – this key is used to adjust the brightness of the backlight. See “Adjusting the Backlight” on page 3-2 for details.



Save key – Press this key to access the Save screen.



File key – Press this key to enter the Load screen to recall previously saved traces. See “Displaying Trace Files” on page 4-91 for details.

▶ Note

The File key is not active at the Top Menu screen and in the OTDR (Construction), Light Source, Visula Fault Lacate applications.



▶ Note

Setup key – Press this key to access the General setups at the Top Menu level and the various Application setups when in a Test Application mode.



History key – This key is not active as of the current software release.



Print key – Press this key to access the Print functions. See “Printing Trace Files” on page 4-105 for details.

Numeric Keypad



The **Numeric keypad** can be used for the following:

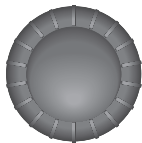
- Entering numeric values in the various System and Test Application menus.
 - Press the **BS** key when you need to backspace. Each press backspaces the text cursor one character space.
- As short cut keys to select the desired character groups when in the various Save screen functions.
- When not being used for dialog input, keys 1 through 7 also have dedicated functions. See “Dedicated Function Keys” on page 2-2 for details.

Softkeys



The MT9083 Series have six softkeys on the front panel, located to the right of the LCD screen, and numbered **f1** through **f6**. Each softkey’s function is designated by the current operating mode of the unit and is labeled on the screen to the left of the key.

Rotary Knob



The **Rotary knob** is used for the following:

General Setups –

- Turn the Rotary knob to scroll through menu selections.
- Press the Rotary knob to make a selection.

OTDR mode –

Turn the Rotary knob to:

- Make precise cursor placements.
- Scroll through menu selections.

Press the Rotary knob to:

- Switch the active cursor.
- Make selections.

Loss Test Set mode –

- Turn the Rotary knob to scroll the highlight up and down in the Loss Table.

ESC (Escape) Key



The **ESC (Escape) key** is used for the following:

General Setups –

- Close a currently open setup menu.
- Return to the previous screen.

OTDR mode –

- Close a currently open setup menu.
- Stop the current trace data collect that is in progress.

Arrow Key Set



The **Arrow** (Left/Right/Up/Down) **key set** is used for the following:

Left Arrow key –

- General Setups –
 - Press the Left Arrow key to move the cursor in a text box to the left.
- OTDR mode –
 - Horizontally contracts a portion of the trace for wider examination.
 - Moves the cursor in a text box to the left.

Right Arrow key –

- General Setups
 - Press the Right Arrow key to move the cursor in a text box to the right.
- OTDR mode –
 - Horizontally expands a portion of the trace for closer examination.
 - Moves the cursor in a text box to the right.

Up Arrow key –

- General Setups
 - Press the Up Arrow key to move to the next higher item in a pop-up menu.
- OTDR mode –
 - Vertically expands a portion of the trace for closer examination.
 - Moves to the next higher item in a pop-up menu.
- Loss Test Set mode –
 - Move the highlight to the next higher row in the Loss Table.

Down Arrow key –

- General Setups
 - Press the Down Arrow key to move to the next lower item in a pop-up menu.
- OTDR mode –
 - Vertically contracts a portion of the trace for wider examination.
 - Moves to the next lower item in a pop-up menu.
- Loss Test Set mode –
 - Move the highlight to the next lower row in the Loss Table.

Enter Key



The **Enter key** is used for the following:

Setups (General and Application specific) –

- Press the **Enter key** to open the currently highlighted menu selection.
- Press the **Enter key** when in a pop-up menu to save any changes made and close the menu.

OTDR mode –

- Press the **Enter key** to toggle the active cursor.

Start Key

A grey rounded rectangular button with the word "Start" in white text.

Press the **Start key**, when in OTDR mode, and Fiber Visualizer mode and VIP mode, to start a one-key automated test.

Note

The Start key does not apply to the following applications:

- Loss Test Set
- Optical Power Meter
- Light Source
- Visual Fault Locate

Top Menu Key

A grey circular button with the words "Top Menu" in white text.

The Top Menu, which lists the functions of the MT9083 Series, is displayed whenever the **Top Menu key** is pressed. See “Top Menu Screen” on page 3-3 for further details.

Softkeys

A grey rounded rectangular button with the text "F1" in white.A grey rounded rectangular button with the text "F2" in white.A grey rounded rectangular button with the text "F3" in white.A grey rounded rectangular button with the text "F4" in white.

The MT9083 Series have four softkeys on the front panel, located to the under of the LCD screen, and numbered **F1** through **F4**. Each softkey's function is designated by the current operating mode of the unit and is labeled on the screen to the left of the key.

Back Panel

The back panel of the MT9083 Series contains the unit's tilt bail and battery compartment as well as the various compliance and warning labels for the unit. In addition, the model/serial label is also located on the back panel (see item 2 in MT9083 Series – Back Panel, below).

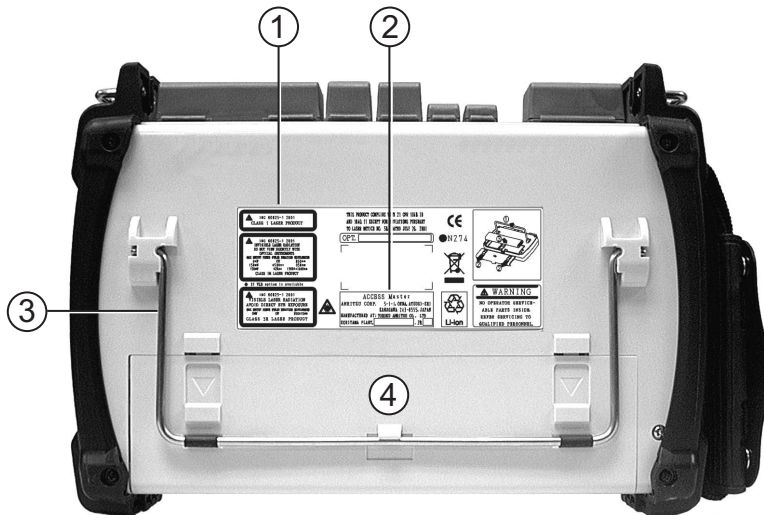


Figure 2-2: MT9083 Series – Back Panel

- 1 Compliance and Warning labels
- 2 Model/Serial label
- 3 Tilt bail
- 4 Battery compartment

Installing a Battery Pack

To install a battery pack:

1. Power down the unit, if it is currently operating.

⚠ CAUTION

Be sure to keep the power off when removing the battery pack. The battery pack and/or the MT9083 Series may be damaged if the power is on when you remove the pack.

2. Disconnect the AC adapter/charger, if currently operating the unit on AC power.
3. Lay the unit down on its front panel, to provide easy access to the battery compartment.
4. If the tilt bail is closed, lift the bail and place it in its upright position. You cannot access the battery compartment when the tilt bail is in its closed position.
5. There are two releases on the battery compartment cover which are denoted by recessed arrows. Push down on the arrows and slide the door off the unit.
6. If a battery pack is currently installed, take hold of the pull strap and lift the battery pack out of the compartment.
7. Insert the new battery pack, making sure that the terminals on the battery pack are lined up with the connector in the battery compartment. Press down on the battery pack to insure that it is fully seated in the connector.
8. Replace the battery compartment cover.

 **CAUTION**

Attach the battery compartment cover securely. Otherwise, the battery pack may fall out resulting in injury to the user, and/or damage to the battery pack.

 **Note**

See “Charging the Battery Pack” on page 2-11 for details on charging the battery pack.

Top Connector Panel

The top connector panel of the MT9083 Series contains the measurement ports used to connect optical fiber to the unit as well as USB ports for uploading and downloading files. The DC power connection is also located on the top panel along with LED indicators for the Battery Changing and External Power status.

Figure 2-3 provides an example of a typical unit's top panel.

Note

The configuration of the top panel will vary depending on the optics and options installed in a given unit.

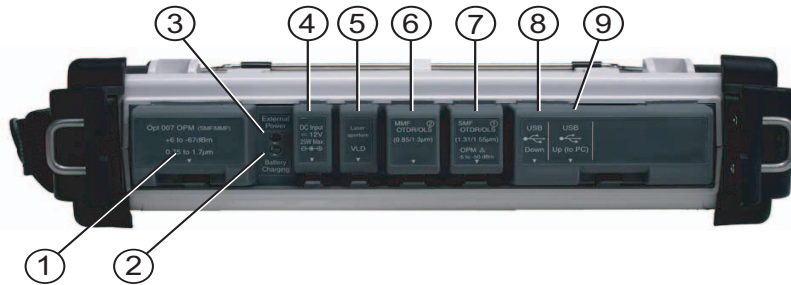


Figure 2-3: MT9083 Series— Top Panel

- 1 OPM (Optical Power Meter port)
- 2 Battery Charging indicator
- 3 External Power indicator
- 4 External power - DC Power Connection
- 5 VLD port (Visual Fault Locate port)
- 6 Measurement port 2
- 7 Measurement port 1
- 8 USB port (down)
- 9 USB port (up)


AC Charger/Adapter

The MT9083 Series include an AC charger/adapter as standard equipment. The battery pack requires 5 hours to fully charge. The unit may be operated while recharging the battery pack, but doing so may result in less than a full recharge of the battery.

AC Power Operation

Use the following procedure to operate the MT9083 Series on AC power.

To run the unit on the AC Charger/Adapter:

1. Attach the jack from the AC charger/adapter to the DC input located on the top connector panel of the MT9083 Series (see Figure 2-3 on page 2-10).
2. Attach the AC line cord to the receptacle on the AC charger/adapter.
3. Insert the plug from the AC line cord into an AC outlet.
4. Press the **Power key**  to start the MT9083 Series.

Charging the Battery Pack

To charge the Battery Pack using the AC Charger/Adapter:

1. Power off the MT9083 Series.
2. Attach the jack from the AC charger/adapter to the DC input located on the top connector panel of the MT9083 Series (see Figure 2-3 on page 2-10).
3. Attach the AC line cord to the receptacle on the AC charger/adapter.
4. Insert the plug from the AC line cord into an AC outlet; high-speed charging starts. The Battery Charging indicator lamp (see item 2 in Figure 2-3 on page 2-10) is illuminated while the battery pack is charging.
5. Charging finished in about 6 hours and the Battery Charging indicator lamp goes out. The battery is, however, charged 90% or more after 5 hours.
6. Disconnect the AC charger/adapter from the DC input when charging is completed.

Note

Notes on charging with the AC adapter/charger:

- To charge the battery pack fully, keep the MT9080 Series at an ambient temperature of 5 to 30°C and keep the power off during the charging process. Even while the battery pack is left installed and used with the power on, charging occurs. In this case, it stops after three hours. Also when charging is attempted at an ambient temperature higher than the specified value, it may stop before the pack is fully charged. This is because the temperature in the battery pack may rise above the upper limit during high-speed charging.
- If the battery pack has been over-discharged, high-speed charging may not start until trickle charging has occurred for several hours. If the Battery Charging lamp does not light up even if you connect the AC adapter, leave it as is for several hours and remove the AC adapter once before reconnecting it.
- The charging rate may not reach 100% even if the battery pack is fully charged. However, the battery is charged completely if the charging rate reaches 90%.

⚠ CAUTION

The battery pack must not be charged for more than 24 hours. Over-charging the battery pack may shorten its life.

Checking the Remaining Battery Power

The remaining battery power can be checked from either the indicator on the battery pack or by checking the on-screen Battery Status area on the MT9083 Series.

The battery pack has an integral battery charge indicator, consisting of a TEST button and 4 LEDs, located on the lower right section of the battery, as shown in the following figure.

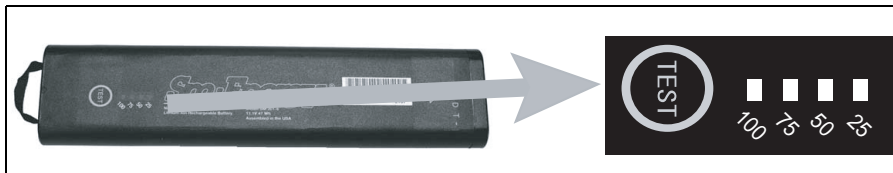







Figure 2-4: Battery Pack with Charge Indicator detail

To check remaining battery power via the Battery Pack charge indicator:

1. Open the battery compartment on the MT9083 Series. See “Installing a Battery Pack” on page 2-8 for details on opening the battery compartment.
2. Press the **TEST button** on the battery pack. You can determine the remaining battery charge by the number of illuminated LEDs, as shown in the following table.

LED state	Remaining battery charge (guide)
	0 to 5%
	5 to 25% (The LED flashes at 5 to 10%)
	25 to 50%
	50 to 75%
	75 to 100%

You can also check the remaining battery power by viewing the Battery Status area located in the upper right corner of the screen as shown in Figure 2-5 on page 2-14.

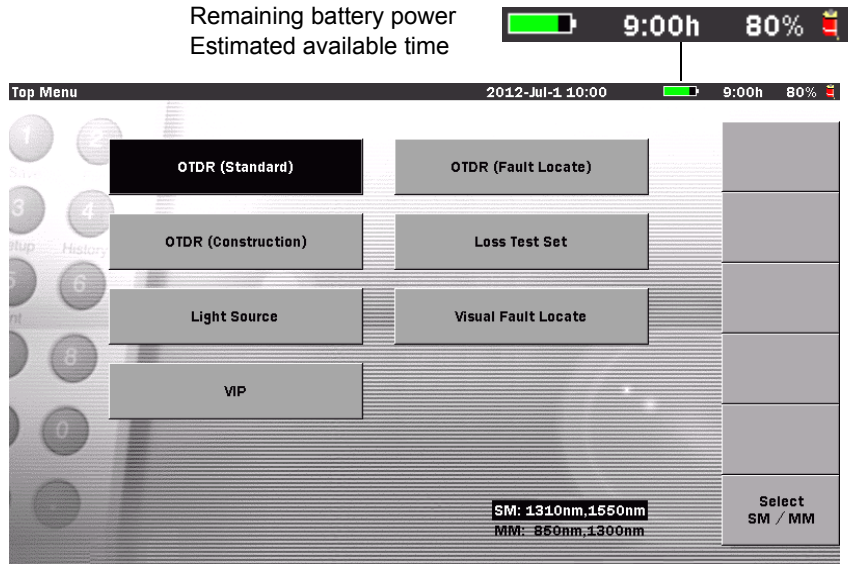


Figure 2-5: Battery Status Area Indicators

If the entire battery indicator is colored green, the battery has been fully charged (100%). As the battery is discharged, the green field lessens.

The remaining battery charge is expressed numerically to the right of the battery indicator. This field displays the remaining battery charge in percent (%) and the estimated available time (h) forecast from the average power consumption over the previous 1 minute period.

When the remaining battery charge falls below 10%, the battery indicator flashes.

When the remaining battery charge falls below 3%, the following message appears: "Battery running low. Please connect the AC adapter." and the warning buzzer sounds.

When the remaining battery charge falls below 1% the following message appears: "Battery is empty." and then the unit automatically powers off.

 **Note**

1. The remaining battery charge and estimated available time values cannot be guaranteed. The estimated available time may differ from the actual available time, depending on the battery pack or the condition of the MT9083 Series. Remember that these values should be considered as guidelines only.
2. If you attempt to update the unit's firmware when the remaining battery charge is less than 10%, the following message appears: "Battery is running low, immediately connect the AC charger." Connect the AC charger/adaptor as instructed by the message. Charging the battery pack starts when you plug in the AC charger/adaptor. If the power to the MT9083 Series is left on, the pack will not be charged fully; charging will stop after about 6 hours.

For further details on the screen display refer to Chapter 3, "General Operation/System Setups."

Important Information about the Battery Pack

- If you use a battery pack that has not been charged a sufficient number of times, the charging rate may not reach 100% even after completion of charging.
- The battery pack must not be charged for more than 24 hours. Overcharging the battery pack may shorten its life. (The AC charger/adaptor must not be left connected for a long time with the battery pack plugged into the MT9083 Series.)
- The battery pack is a consumable item, although it can be charged/discharged about 300 to 500 times. If the actual available time shortens suddenly even after the battery pack has been charged, the battery pack's life may have expired. Replace it with a new one in this case.
- It is advisable to discharge the battery pack on occasion in order to enhance its performance and extend its life.
- If the battery pack is stored at an excessively high (40°C or higher) or low (0°C or lower) temperature, its performance and life will degrade. When the ambient temperature rises, battery pack discharge speeds up.
- A fully charged battery pack will be completely discharged in several months if left as is.

- If the battery pack has been discharged fully, its smart memory capabilities will be lost. In this case, the remaining battery charge indication and other information may be displayed inaccurately, or the pack may be unable to be charged normally.

CAUTION

1. Charge the battery pack only with the AC charger/adaptor furnished by Anritsu for the MT9083 Series. If using a different AC charger/adaptor, the battery pack may malfunction or cause a fire.
2. Do not short-circuit the terminals of the battery pack. If you do so, the battery pack may malfunction or cause a fire.
3. Do not drop or attempt to disassemble the battery pack. If you do so, the battery pack may malfunction or cause a fire.
4. Do not use the battery pack for other than the intended purpose. If you do so, the battery pack may malfunction or cause a fire.
5. Be sure to recycle or dispose of the battery pack correctly. Do not discard the battery pack in the garbage or burn it. If you do so, fire or explosion may occur.
6. Do not use any battery pack other than the one supplied. Similarly, do not use the supplied battery pack for any other device.

Measurement Ports

The measurement ports on the MT9083 Series are located on the top panel of the unit (see items 6 and 7 in Figure 2-3 on page 2-10). Depending on the model of the MT9083 Series, there are either one or two measurement ports. The measurement port to which a fiber is connected depends on the test application and the wavelength to be measured. The MT9083 Series can also be equipped with an optional Visual Fault Locator, accessed via the VLD port.

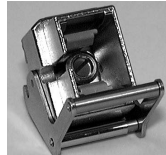
Optical Connector and Adapter

The optical connector is an interface to the measurement ports (OTDR/OPM/OLS ports) which accepts adapters for FC, SC, ST, and DIN fiber connector types. (Other connector adapter types may be available, contact Anritsu for details.)

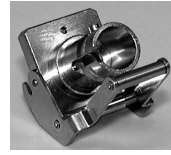
The following are some of the optical connector adapters currently available for the MT9083 Series.



UNIV-FC



UNIV-SC



UNIV-ST

Note

An FC/APC adapter is also available. The UNIV-AFC is distinguished by the location of the key alignment slot, which is on the left side of the adapter.

Note

The UNIV-SC can be used with both UPC-SC and APC-SC style connectors.

Cleaning the Optical Connector

It is advisable to clean the ferrule end surface of the MT9083 Series optical connector periodically. See “Cleaning the MT9083 Series Connector Ferrule End Surface” on page 13-1 for details.

Cleaning Optical Adapters

It is advisable to clean the optical adapter before mounting it on the optical connector. See “Cleaning the Optical Adapter” on page 13-3 for details.

Changing the Optical Adapter

⚠ CAUTION

MT9083 Series units equipped with angled-polish (APC) optical connectors require angle-polished optical adapters.

To change an Optical Adapter:

1. Open the cover on the desired measurement port.
2. Lift up on the adapter's locking lever. You will hear a "click" when the latch mechanism disengages.
3. Slide the adapter out of the measurement port.
4. Slide the new adapter into the measurement port.
5. Push down on the adapter's locking lever. You will hear a "click" when the latch mechanism engages.

Connecting Fiber to a Measurement Port

The measurement ports are used to connect fiber for OTDR, OPM, and OLS testing applications.

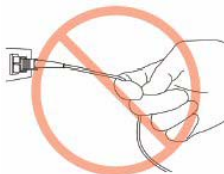
To connect fiber to a Measurement Port:

1. Clean and connect a patch cord of known good quality to the desired measurement port. See Figure 2-6.
2. Clean the connector of the system to be tested.
3. Attach the free end of the patch cord to the connector of the system to be tested.

Cautions on Handling Optical Fiber Cables

Optical fiber cables may degrade in performance or be damaged if handled improperly.

Note the following points when handling them.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not pull the cable when removing the connector.
Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable, or remove the cable sheath from the optical connector.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not excessively bend, fold, or pinch an optical fiber cable.
Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable. Keep the bend radius of an optical fiber cable at 30 mm or more. If the radius is less, optical fiber cable loss will increase.



⚠ CAUTION

Do not excessively pull on or twist an optical fiber cable. Also, do not hang anything by using a cable. Doing so may break the optical fiber inside the cable.

⚠ CAUTION

Be careful not to hit the end of an optical connector against anything hard such as the floor or a desk by dropping the optical fiber cable. Doing so may damage the connector end and increase connection loss.

⚠ WARNING

Do not touch the end of a broken optical fiber cable. The broken optical fiber may pierce the skin, causing injury.

⚠ CAUTION

Do not disassemble optical connectors. Doing so may cause part to break or the performance to degrade.

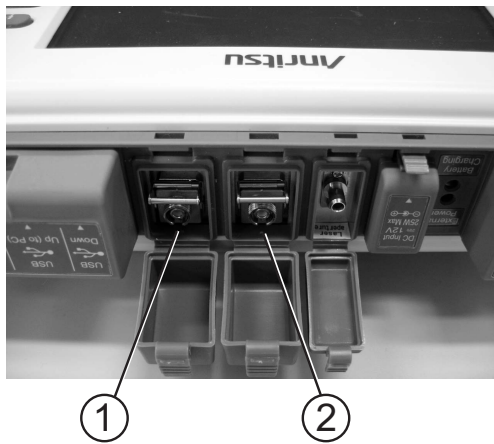


Figure 2-6: Measurement Ports

- 1 Measurement Port 1
- 2 Measurement Port 2

⚠ CAUTION

Never force the connector ferrule or insert it at an angle into the adapter. Optical fibers are susceptible to loss from microbends or other stress. Position the patch cord to minimize mechanical strain.

Visual Fault Locator Connection

The optional Visual Fault Locator (VFL) is equipped with a 2.5 mm universal fiber connector adapter which accepts the ferrule of most standard fiber connectors.

Note

Not all MT9083 Series are equipped with the VFL option.

To connect fiber to the Visual Fault Locator:

1. Open the cover on the VLD port.
2. Insert the ferrule of a connectorized fiber into the connector on the VLD port.



Figure 2-7: VLD Port.

Connecting Peripheral Devices

The standard configuration of the MT9083 Series includes two USB ports, which allows a USB memory or personal computer to be connected.

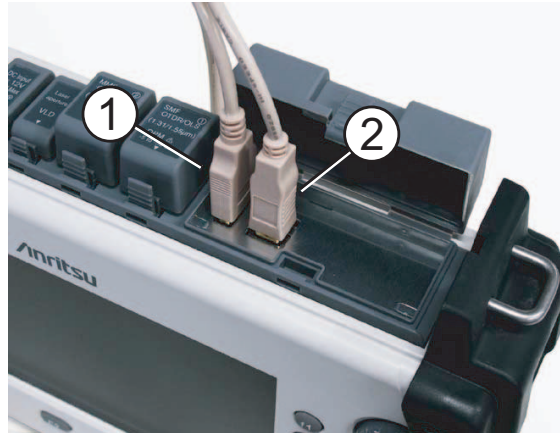


Figure 2-8: USB Ports

- 1 USB Down port
- 2 USB Up (to PC) port

USB Up (to PC) Port

By connecting the USB UP (to PC) port of the MT9083 Series to a personal computer via a USB A to USB B cable, you can access the internal memory of the unit directly from your computer. While a personal computer is connected to the MT9083 Series, accessing the internal memory from the MT9083 Series via the Save key is disabled. See “USB Video Output” on page 3-11 for details.

⚠ CAUTION

Before disconnecting the USB cable between the MT9083 Series and the personal computer, be sure to prepare the computer so that the hardware can be removed. Otherwise, the internal memory may be damaged.

USB Down Port

This port is used to connect a USB memory stick, a printer, a keyboard or the VIP (Video Inspection Probe) option to the MT9083 Series.

- **USB memory**

Use a USB memory stick conforming to USB 1.1.

▶ **Note**

Not all commercially available USB memory sticks work with this port.

⚠ **CAUTION**

A mark during access is displayed on screen when recalling, saving, copying, or deleting folders and/or files. Do not remove USB memory stick while accessing it. USB memory stick or files may be damaged.

- **USB printer conversion cable**

Use a USB printer conversion cable conforming to USB 1.1.

▶ **Note**

Not all commercially available USB printer conversion cables work with this port.

- **USB keyboard**

Use a USB keyboard conforming to USB 1.1.

Use a 104-key Windows keyboard.

Use a QWERTY keyboard.

▶ **Note**

Not all commercially available USB keyboard work with this port.

The table below shows the mapping between the keys in the front panel and the keys on the USB keyboard.

USB keyboard keys	Front panel keys
F1-F6	f1-f6 hard keys
F9-F12	F1-F4 hard keys
0 - 9	0 - 9 hard keys
.	.

USB keyboard keys	Front panel keys
Backspace	BS hard key
ESC	ESC hard key
Enter	Enter hard key
Arrow keys	Arrow keys
Spacebar	Start hard key
Home	Top Menu hard key

- **USB Ethernet converter**
Use a USB Ethernet converter conforming to USB 1.1.

 **Note**

Not all commercially available USB Ethernet converter work with this port.

- **VIP (Video Inspection Probe) option**
Video fiber microscope used to inspect fiber optic terminations.

Basic Notes on Use

 **CAUTION**

- **Connector cover**
A connector cover is installed on each of the connectors to prevent dust. Do not remove these connector covers except when connecting a cable to the connectors.
- **Condensation**
Condensation may occur on the inside surface of the MT9083 Series when the MT9083 Series is carried into a room (high temperature) from an outdoor location (low temperature), etc. If this occurs, dry the MT9083 Series thoroughly before turning on the power.

- **Temperature range**

Use the MT9083 Series within the operating temperature range (-10 to +50°C. Excluding Opt004/005/007 and 002) and storage temperature range (-20 to +60°C). If the MT9083 Series is placed in a car or other enclosed space for a long time, the ambient temperature may exceed the specified range, resulting in malfunction of the MT9083 Series.

- **Safety**

Do not use any AC adapter or battery pack other than the one supplied. Otherwise, the MT9083 Series may be damaged due to nonconformity with the specifications.

- **Laser**

Never look directly into the cable connector on the equipment nor into the end of a cable connected to the equipment. If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

In addition, the MT9083 Series outputs high-power optical pulses. To prevent damage to the photoreceiving circuit of the communication device connected to the optical fiber to be measured, remove the communication device from the optical fiber before measurement. Anritsu will take no responsibility for damage to the communication or any other device.

- **Maintenance**

We recommend you to have your MT9083 Series inspected once a year at the Anritsu Customer Service Center (a fee will be charged).

- **Humid or dusty place**

Avoid installing MT8820C in a humid or dusty place. Drops of water or accumulated dust may constitute a short circuit, thus causing a fire accident, electric shock and/or failure.

- **Place where it is exposed to active gas**

Avoid installing MT8820C in a place that may be exposed to active gas. Otherwise MT8820C may be damaged, thus causing a fire accident and/or failure.

For other notes on use, read the safety-related information in this manual thoroughly before use.

Chapter 3: General Operation/System Setups

General Operation

This section assumes that the battery pack is already charged or that the AC charger/adaptor is connected to the unit.

Refer to the following sections for details on charging the battery pack or connecting the AC charger/adaptor:

- “Charging the Battery Pack” on page 2-11
- “AC Power Operation” on page 2-11

Press the Power key  to start the MT9083 Series; the Top Menu screen is displayed.

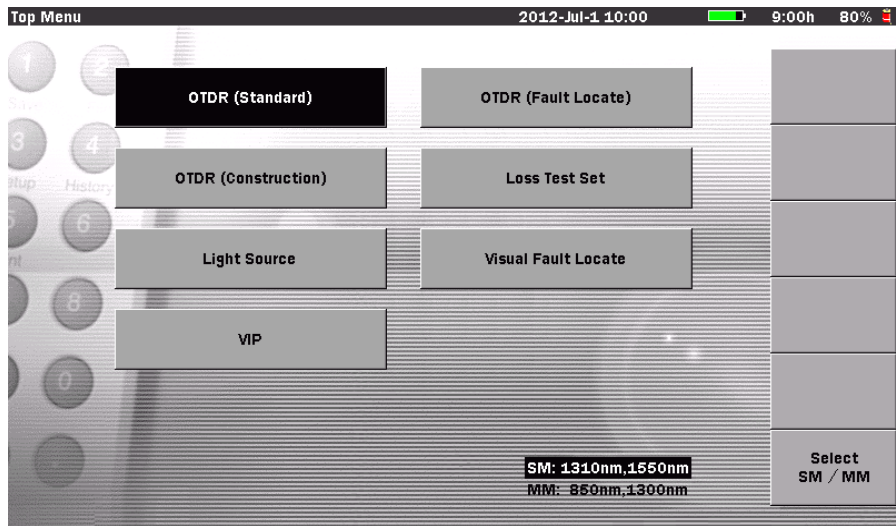


Figure 3-1: Initial Screen – Top Menu


Note

If the screen shown in Figure 3-1 does not appear after powering up, the MT9083 Series may have failed. Run the unit through a power cycle (power

down / power up). If the problem persists, contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center (see page xxx) or your local Anritsu representative.

Power On/Power Off

To Power On the MT9083 Series:

- Press the **Power key** . The MT9083 Series performs a self-test during which the Anritsu splash screen, followed by the MT9083 Series splash screen, briefly appears. When the self-test is completed, the Top Menu screen, or one of the Test Application screens (if the unit was powered down via the Auto Power Off function), appears (see Figure 3-1 on page 3-1).

To Power Off the MT9083 Series:

1. Press the **Power key** , the following message appears:


Press the Power key again to turn off the instrument. Press any other key to cancel

2. Press the **Power key** again to power off the instrument, or press any other key to cancel the power off process.

Note

You can force a Power Off at any time by holding down the **Power key** for approximately 10 seconds.

Adjusting the Backlight

Pressing the **Backlight key**  switches the brightness of the backlight in the following order:

High → Low → OFF → High...

Note

You cannot adjust the backlight in the following cases because the Backlight key is either used for another function or is disabled.

- Access to the internal memory or USB memory stick is in progress.
- You have selected a settings item and are entering a character or making a setting.
- A warning or caution message is displayed.

- The backlight has been turned off via the Auto Backlight Off function in the system settings.

When the backlight is left off via the Auto Backlight Off function, you can return to the initially set conditions by pressing any key.

Top Menu Screen

All test applications are accessed from the MT9083 Series Top Menu screen. The menu items displayed in the Top Menu will vary with the options installed on the unit.

Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys or the **Rotary knob** to highlight the desired test application and then press the **Enter key** (or press the **Rotary knob**) to open the application.

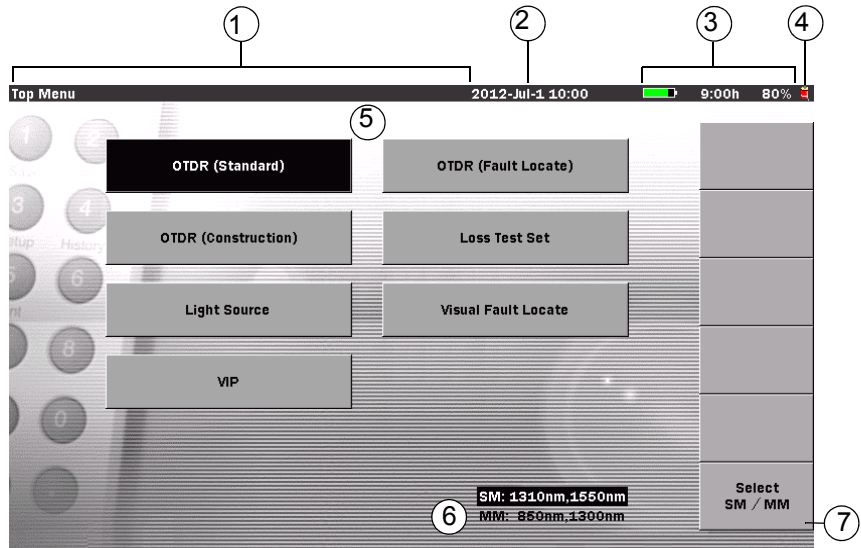




Figure 3-2: Top Menu Screen

- | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|
| 1 | Screen Title area | Displays the title for the current screen as well as the name of a recalled file (when displaying a recalled file). |
| 2 | Date/Time area | Displays the current date and time. |

Chapter 3: General Operation/System Setups

- | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|--|
| 3 | Battery Status area | Displays the battery indicator and remaining battery power. See “Battery Status Area” on page 3-4 for details. |
| 4 | Driving Power icon | <p>The icon displayed indicates the current power source:</p> <p>The Plug icon  indicates that the unit is currently operating on the AC charger/adaptor.</p> <p>The Battery icon  indicates that the unit is currently operating on battery power, via the rechargeable battery pack.</p> |
| 5 | Test Application Selection area | Displays the test applications available. The number of available test applications will vary with the options installed. |
| 6 | Source Wavelengths list | The Source Wavelength list displays all laser source wavelengths available for the current MT9083 Series. The list displays up to four wavelengths, depending on the unit’s configuration. |
| 7 | Select SM/MM softkey | <p>The Select SM/MM softkey (f6) is only available on specific units, such as those with both single mode and multimode laser sources.</p> <p>Toggle Select SM/MM (f6) to set the unit to the desired wavelength type.</p> |

Battery Status Area

The Battery Status area (see item 3 in Figure 3-2 on page 3-3) displays the battery indicator and the remaining battery power.

For the remaining battery power, the percent of the remaining battery power with the operating time remaining for the current battery.

The following items are displayed in the Battery Status area –

Battery indicator:



Provides a quick, graphic illustration of the amount of charge remaining in the battery.

- Remaining battery power (%): **80%** Presents the amount of charge remaining in the battery as a percentage of the fully charged battery.
- Remaining battery power (h): **2:02h** Presents the amount of charge remaining in the battery relative to the amount remaining operation time.

Remaining Battery Charge Indication

The following section details what occurs when the battery charges falls below certain levels (10%, 2%, and 1%) as well as when a battery pack temperature warning occurs.

- **Remaining battery power is less than 10%:**
The battery indicator flashes.
- **Remaining battery power is less than 2%:**
The following message appears: “Battery running low. Please connect AC adapter” and the buzzer sounds. Pressing any key causes the message to disappear, stopping the buzzer.

► Note

The following operations will be interrupted in this event:

- Copying and deleting of files
- **Remaining battery power is less than 1%:**
The following message appears: “Battery is empty”, and the power goes off automatically.

At this time any measurement currently in progress is canceled. The current settings and trace (if in Standard OTDR mode) are saved in memory and will be read at the next startup with the screen at shut down displayed.
- **A battery pack temperature failure warning occurs:**
When the battery pack is in use or charging, the following message appears: “Battery charge was terminated since the temperature exceeded the limit (0 to 40 deg.C).”

When charging is terminated:

“Battery temperature exceeded the discharging temperature limit. The instrument will automatically turn off after a minute.”

When the above message is displayed, the charging is terminated. Charging will resume automatically when the battery pack temperature returns to the normal temperature.

When the power is OFF:

“Battery temperature exceeded the discharging temperature limit. The instrument will automatically turn off after a minute.”

When one minute has elapsed, the power automatically shuts down. At this time any measurement currently in progress is canceled. The current settings and trace (if in Standard OTDR mode) are saved in memory and will be read at the next startup with the screen at shut down displayed.

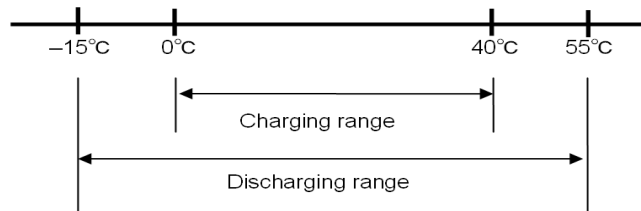



Figure 3-3: Charging/discharging temperature range of battery pack

Note

The remaining battery power indicators only provide an approximate indication of the current battery power level. Even if the remaining battery power indicated is greater than 1%, the instrument may automatically power down, depending on the condition of the battery pack.

System Setups

Press the **Setup** key  to display the General screen which provides access to the general systems settings.

General Screen Settings

Use the General screen to set such default setup information as date/time, color theme, and language. The General screen also provide access to the Password Settings screen and About screen.

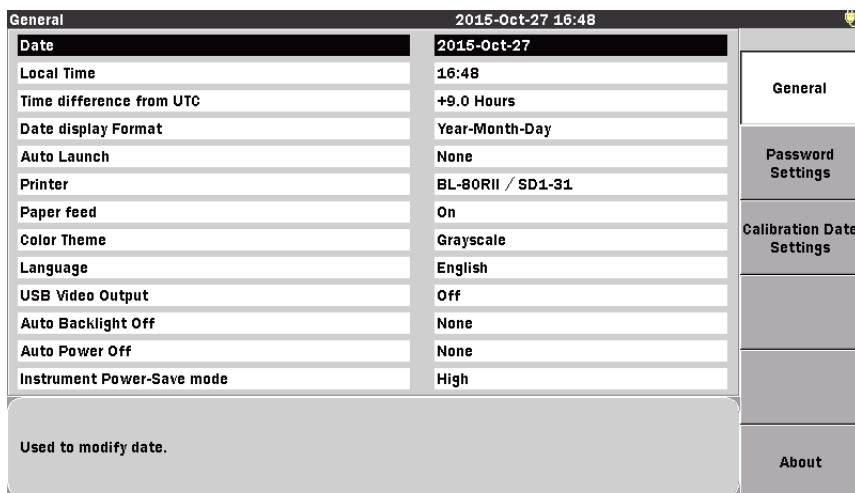


Figure 3-4: General Screen

To select a setting on the General screen:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** or the **Rotary knob** to highlight the desired General settings item.
2. Press the **Enter key** (or press the **Rotary knob**) to display the dialog box for the selected settings item.

To cancel the selection, press the **ESC key** to close the dialog box and return the previous setting.

The following settings are accessed via the General screen:

- Date — modify the date displayed
- Local Time — modify the time displayed
- Time difference from UTC — set the difference, in hours, of the local time from Coordinated Universal Time. For example, US Eastern time is -5hrs from UTC.
- Date display Format — select the format for the Date displayed

- Auto Launch — select a specific test application to launch at power up
- Printer — select the printer type (**Note:** There are printers type available at the current software release)
- Paper feed — turn the paper feed on or off
- Color Theme – select your screen color preference
- Language — select the language used on-screen
- USB Video Output — turn Video Output on or off
- Auto Backlight Off — set an idle time to automatically turn off the display backlight
- Auto Power Off — set an idle time to automatically power down the unit
- Instrument Power-Save mode — set the power-save mode status to conserve power when making successive OTDR measurements

Date setting

To set the Date:

1. Highlight **Date** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Date dialog box appears. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the highlight to the desired section of the date.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to increment or decrement the highlighted section.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until the desired date is displayed in the dialog box.
5. Press the **Enter key** to save the new Date setting.

Local Time setting

To set the Local Time:

1. Highlight **Local Time** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Local Time dialog box appears. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the highlight to the desired section.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to increment or decrement the highlighted section.
4. Press the **Enter key** to save the new Local Time setting.

Time Difference from UTC

To set the Time difference from UTC:

1. Highlight **Time difference from UTC** and then press the **Enter key**.

2. The Time difference from UTC dialog and the **Change +/-** softkey (**f1**) appear.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the setting in the hours field. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**. The number of hours set can range from -12.0 to +12.0 in half hour (.5) increments.
4. Toggle **Change+/- (f1)** to change the value of the hours setting from “+” (adding the hours set) to “-” (subtracting the hours set).
5. Press the **Enter key** to save the time difference setting.

Date display Format

To select the Date display Format:

1. Highlight **Date display Format** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Date display Format dialog box appears. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired format:
 - Day-Month-Year
 - Month-Day-Year
 - Year-Month-Day
3. Press the **Enter key** to save the selected format setting.

Auto Launch

Auto Launch allows you to select a test application which will be automatically launched at start up.

To set the Auto Launch:

1. Highlight **Auto Launch** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Auto Launch dialog box appears. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired test application.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The MT9083 Series will automatically launch the selected test application at power up.

Printer

There are printers supported at the current software release, the BL-80RII and SD1-31.

Paper Feed

Setting the Paper feed to “On” will automatically advance the paper to the cutting position when a trace has finished printing.

To set the Paper feed:

1. Highlight **Paper feed** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Paper feed dialog box appears. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight either **On** or **Off**.
 - On: The printer paper is automatically fed forward to the cutter after printout.
 - Off: The printer paper is not fed forward to the cutter after printout, but is automatically fed forward just enough to prevent any overlap between images.
3. Press the **Enter key** to save the selected Paper feed setting.

Note

The printer paper is also fed according to this setting when printing is cancelled.

If an error (out of paper, excluded) occurs during printing, the printer paper is fed according to this setting when printing out next time.

However, the printer paper is not fed for the next printout if the MT9083 Series was turned off after a print error occurrence.

Color Theme

Use the Color Theme setting to select one of the four preset screen color themes.

To change the Color Theme:

1. Highlight **Color Theme** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Color Theme dialog box appears. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired color theme.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The display changes to the selected color theme.

Language

This setting switches the language of the on-screen characters.

To set the on-screen Language:

1. Highlight **Language** and then press the **Enter key**.

2. The Language dialog box appears. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired language.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The MT9083 Series switches to the selected language.

► **Note**

Some symbols in “Chinese-Simplified” differ from those in other languages. For example, “\$” is displayed as “¥”.

USB Video Output

Turning USB Video Output ON allows the ACCESS Master screens to be displayed on a PC.

To set the USB Video Output:

1. Highlight **USB Video Output** and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The USB Video Output dialog box appears. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight either **On** or **Off**.
3. Press the **Enter key** to save the selected **USB Video Output** setting.
4. Finally, turn off, and then turn on the power of ACCESS Master.

► **Note**

To use the USB Video Output function, you need to install MX900021A on your PC. Refer to “MX900021A Remote Screen Software Operation Manual” for details. When USB Video Output is set to **On**, access from the PC to the internal memory of ACCESS Master is not possible.

► **Note**

Do not connect a USB cable to USB type B connector when the folder is shared and USB Video Output is set to **Off**.

Power-saving Setting

There are three power-saving settings for the MT9083 Series, Auto Backlight Off, Auto Power Off, and Instrument Power-Save Mode, all of which are accessed via the General screen.

Auto Backlight Off

The Auto Backlight Off setting turns off the LCD screen backlight when a set period of time passes without any key presses. When the time period elapses and the backlight goes out, pressing any key on the unit will restore the backlight.

To set a time period for the Auto Backlight Off:

1. Highlight **Auto Backlight Off** on the General screen and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Auto Backlight Off dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that the Auto Backlight Off setting is set to None, or display the number of minutes for the current Auto Backlight Off setting.
3. If the Auto Backlight dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the minutes setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob** or the **Numeric keypad**) to set the desired time period (from 1 to 99 minutes).
5. Press the **Enter key**. The Auto Backlight Off setting is now set to the desired interval and the display backlight will turn off if no keys are pressed before the time interval ends.

Use the following procedure to set Auto Backlight Off to “None” when it is currently set for a time interval.

To set Auto Backlight Off to None:

1. Highlight **Auto Backlight Off** on the General screen and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Auto Backlight Off dialog box appears, displaying the currently set time interval.
3. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
4. Press the **Enter key**. The Auto Backlight Off setting is now set to “None”.

Auto Power Off

The Auto Power Off setting shuts down the MT9083 Series when the unit is inactive for a set period of time.

Note

Auto Power Off does not function in Optical Power Meter mode or Light Source mode.

To set a time period for the Auto Power Off:

1. Highlight **Auto Power Off** on the General screen and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Auto Power Off dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that the Auto Power Off setting is set to None, or the dialog box will display the number of minutes for the current Auto Power Off setting.
3. If the Auto Power Off dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the minutes setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob** or the **Numeric keypad**) to set the desired time period (from 1 to 99 minutes).
5. Press the **Enter key**. The Auto Power Off setting is now set to the desired interval and the MT9083 Series will automatically turn off if it is inactive for the set time interval.

Use the following procedure to set Auto Power Off to “None” when it is currently set for a time interval.

To set Auto Power Off to None:

1. Highlight **Auto Power Off** on the General screen and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Auto Power Off dialog box appears, displaying the currently set time interval.
3. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
4. Press the **Enter key**. The Auto Power Off setting is now set to “None”.

Note

In the following cases, the Auto Backlight Off function is disabled, and the timer of the Auto Power Off function is restarted at the end of the current operation:

- An OTDR test is in progress.
- A Real Time measurement is in progress.
- Optical power level measurement is in progress.
- Fiber identification light source is on.
- The Visual Fault Locator is on or flashing.
- File access (save, read, copy, delete, etc.) is in progress.
- The firmware is being updated.

- Currently connected to a personal computer.

Instrument Power-Save mode

When an OTDR measurement is completed and a successive measurement is not performed within a set period of time, the MT9083 Series enters a standby status when an Instrument Power-Save mode is active.

Note

The Instrument Power-Save mode setting only applies to OTDR test modes. All other test applications and screens (such as the Top Menu screen), when not currently in use, are already in standby status to save power regardless of this setting.

To set the Instrument Power-Save mode:

1. Highlight **Instrument Power-Save mode** on the General screen and then press the **Enter key**.
2. The Instrument Power-Save mode dialog box appears. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight one of the following settings:

High: (recommended) Activates the standby mode when successive OTDR measurements are not performed within approximately 10 seconds after the current measurement has completed.

Low: Activates the standby mode when successive OTDR measurements are not performed within approximately 180 seconds after the current measurement has completed.

Off: Does not activate the standby mode after the completion of an OTDR measurement.

3. Press the **Enter key**. The Instrument Power-Save mode is now set to the desired setting.

When starting an OTDR test with the Instrument Power-Save mode active, there is a delay of about one second while the MT9083 Series comes out of standby mode.

Password Settings

Use the Password Settings screen to set the following items:

- General Setting:
 - Password Protect
- Administrator Setting:
 - Password
- User Setting:
 - Password
 - Password Lifespan

Models in the MT9083 Series can be set to allow use only at specific user authorization levels (i.e., set to block access at the Administrator level).

There are two authorization levels; Administrator and User. Rights assigned to each authorization level are different.

Table 3-1: Command-by-command access restrictions

	Administrator	User
Change the Password Protection setting	✓	
Change the Administrator Password	✓	
Change the User Password	✓	
Change the Password Lifespan	✓	
Password expiration date		✓
Record logs automatically	✓*1	✓*1
View the log	✓	
Update the firmware	✓	
Change the Date	✓	
Change the Local Time	✓	
Perform a Restore Default	✓	
Measure OTDR / Power Meter / OLTS / IP	✓	✓
Use remote GUI	✓	✓
Configure to accept SCPI commands	✓*2	✓*2

*1: With Password Protect ON.

*2: The unit cannot accept SCPI commands unless you log in.

To access the Password Settings screen:

1. Press the **Setup** key on the Top Menu screen if you are not currently in Setup.
2. Press **Password Settings (f2)** to display the Password Settings screen.

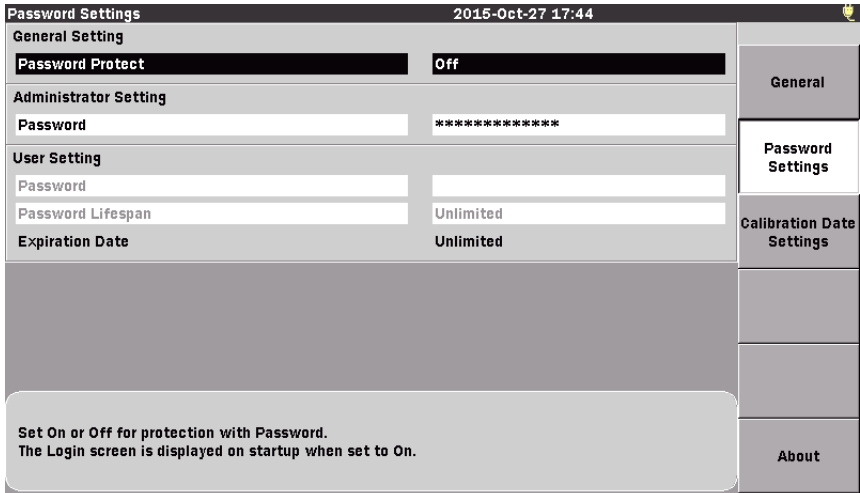


Figure 3-5: Password Settings screen

3. Use the **Up and Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired item.
OR –
Press the **ESC** key to close the Password Settings screen.

Password Protect

If Password Protect is set to On, the Login screen will appear at startup. Additionally, when Password Protect is set to On, all user access will be recorded to a log file.

Access log entries are recorded at the following times:

- Power on (Login)
- Start OTDR measurement
- Power off

⚠ CAUTION

Do not forget your Administrator Password.
If you forget the password, you will be unable to use the unit.

To set Password Protect:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Password Protect**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Password Protect dialog box.

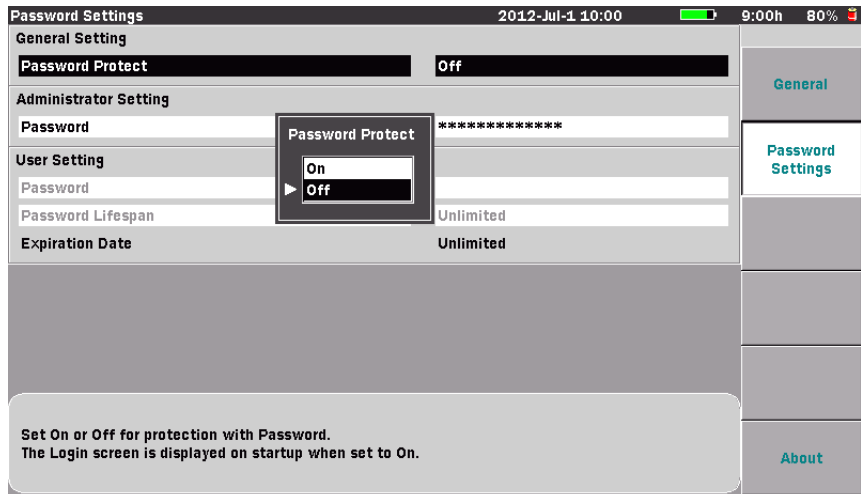


Figure 3-6: Password Protect dialog box

3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired selection (**On** or **Off**).

Setting the Administrator Password

A valid Administrator Password contains 8 to 16 alphanumeric characters and symbols. If you execute the Restore Default, the default Administrator password will be restored. The default password for the current version is "MT9083ANRITSU".

This password is used to login in as an Administrator.

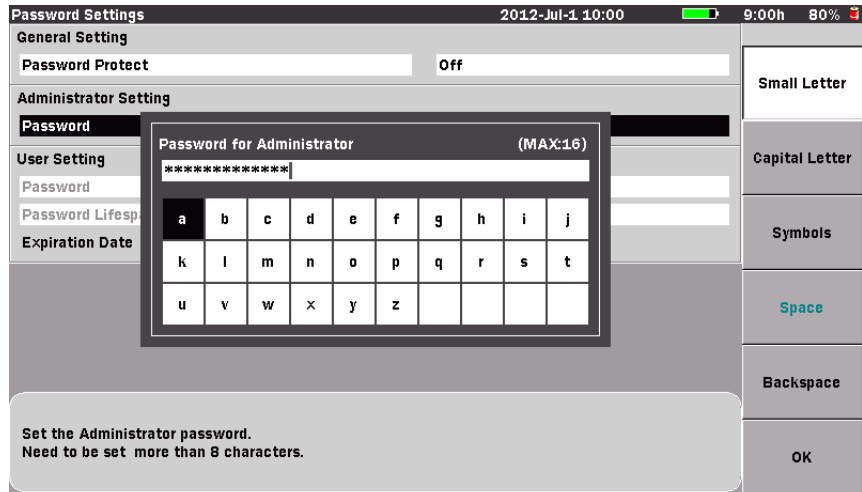
⚠ CAUTION

Do not forget your Administrator Password.

If you forget this password, you will be unable to use the unit.

To set the Password:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Password**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Administrator Password dialog box.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 3-7: Administrator Password dialog box

If no USB keyboard is connected, start from Step 3 to use the front panel keys.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. Once you have entered all desired characters, press **OK (f6)** to activate and use the new Administrator Password or press the **ESC** key to close the dialog box without changing the password.

3. Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS** key (Backspace key) to clear the entry in the **Administrator Password** field (located above the character matrix). Pressing the **Backspace (f5)** or **BS** key once will delete a single character to the left of the text cursor (vertical line) and move the cursor one space to the left. Continue backspacing until you have deleted the entire password or the desired portion of the password. To select and delete specific characters of the password, use the **Left** and **Right** keys to position the text cursor to the right of the character to delete, then press **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS** key.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys to move the highlighted selection from row to row, including the **Administrator Password** field. Use the **Left** and **Right** keys to move the highlighted selection within the selected row or to move the text cursor in the **Administrator Password** field if the field is highlighted.
Or –
Use the rotary knob to navigate through each character in the character matrix or to highlight the **Administrator Password** field.
5. Use the **f1 – f3 softkeys** for the following actions:
 - **Small Letter (f1)** to switch the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - **Capital Letter (f2)** to switch the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - **Symbols (f3)** to switch the character matrix to display symbols.
6. With the text cursor positioned at the desired location, press the **Enter** key to enter the character selected (highlighted) from the character matrix into the password. Use the numeric keypad to enter numbers into a password.
7. Press **OK (f6)** after making all desired entries.
8. Enter the password again to confirm it.

9. Press OK (f6), and you can now use the new Administrator Password. To cancel, press the ESC key.

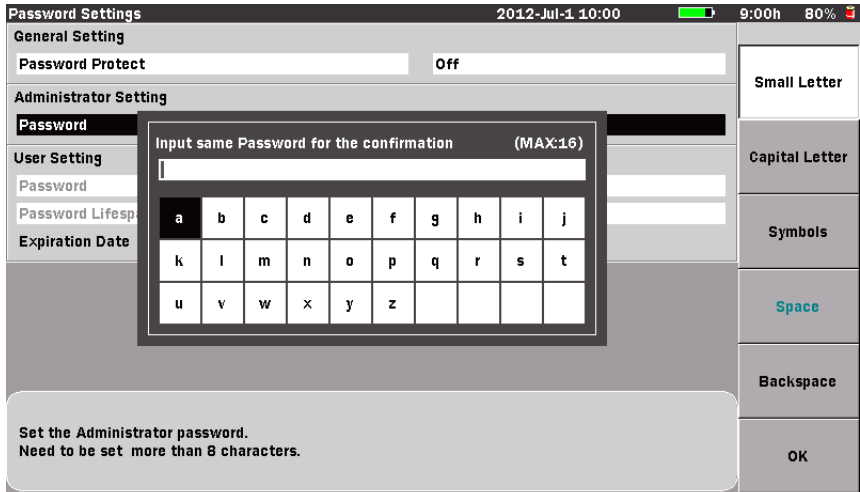


Figure 3-8: Input same Password for the confirmation dialog box

Setting the User Password

A valid User Password contains up to 16 alphanumeric characters and symbols. If you execute the Restore Default, the password field becomes blank.

This is the password used to login in as a User.

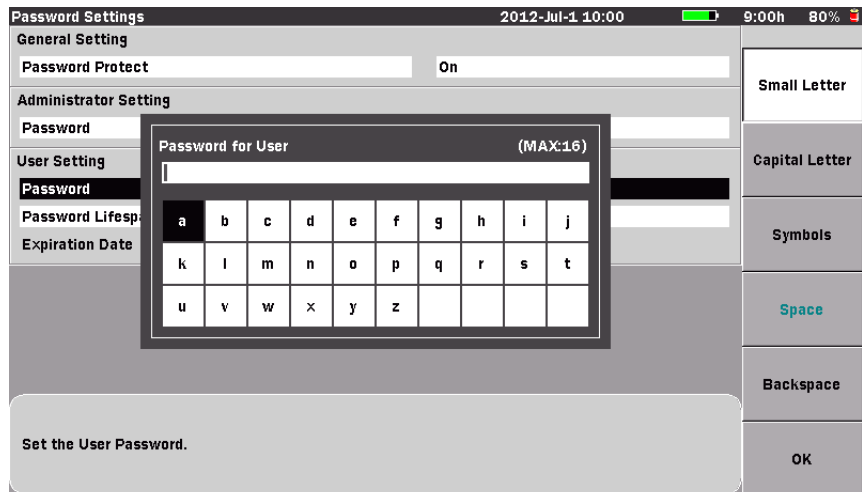
To set the Password:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Password**.

► Note

Password can be highlighted only when **Protection with password** is set to **On**.

2. Press the **Enter** key to display the User Password dialog box.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 3-9: User Password dialog box

3. Press **OK (f6)** after making all desired entries or press **ESC** key to cancel.
4. Enter the password again to confirm it.
5. Press **OK (f6)**, and you can now use the new User Password.

► Note

Unless you are the User, you must enter the Administrator Password to change a User Password.

Password Lifespan

Set the Password Lifespan for the user password. You can set a value from 1 day to 200 days or set the password not to expire.

Note

The unit will shut down automatically if running at the time the Duration of use (Password Lifespan) expires. Regardless of when you set the Password Lifespan, the day count is updated at 0:00 of each day.

To set the Password Lifespan:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Password Lifespan**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Password Lifespan dialog box.



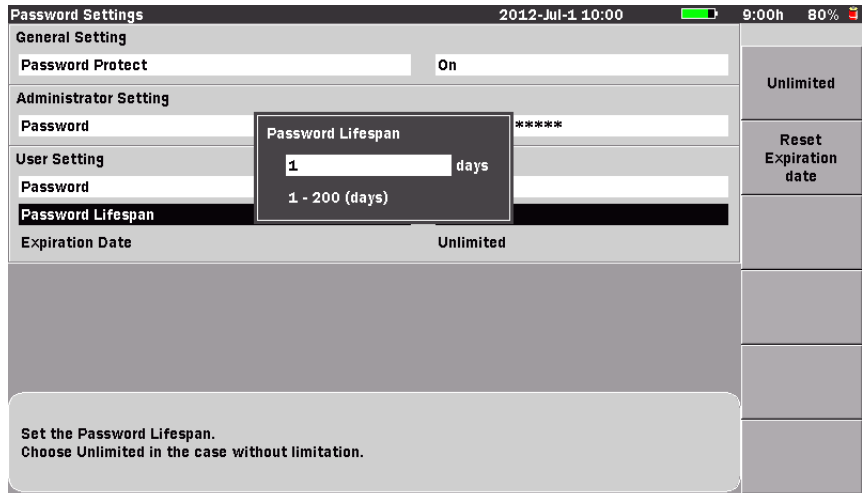
Figure 3-10: Password Lifespan dialog box

3. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will indicate “Unlimited” (indicating no Password Lifespan is set) or the number of days currently set for Password Lifespan.
4. Press the **Up** and **Down** keys to switch the Password Lifespan dialog box from “Unlimited” to a mode allowing you to set the number of days.
5. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or use the rotary knob or numeric keypad) to set a desired lifespan from 1 to 200 days.

6. Press the **Enter** key. The Expiration Date indicates the expiration date calculated based on the current time.

To set the Password Lifespan to Unlimited:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Password Lifespan**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Password Lifespan dialog box.



Press the Up/Down keys or use numeric entry keys to change the value.

Figure 3-11: Password Lifespan dialog box

3. Press **Unlimited (f1)** to switch the dialog box to “Unlimited”.
4. Press the **Enter** key to display “Unlimited” in Expiration Date.

To reset the expiration date:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight Password Lifespan.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Password Lifespan dialog box.
3. Press **Reset Expiration Date (f2)** to reset the expiration date.
The new expiration date is displayed at Expiration Date.

Viewing the access log file

An access log file is created automatically if Password Protect is On.

The log format is as follows:

```

12-Sep-2012 17:30:30 POWER ON (User)
12-Sep-2012 17:33:40 OTDR TEST
12-Sep-2012 17:40:40 OTDR TEST
12-Sep-2012 17:50:20 OTDR TEST
12-Sep-2012 18:00:30 POWER OFF

```

Figure 3-12: Access log entry formats

Note

The system capacity is 1,000 log entries. Once this limit is reached, newer entries will overwrite entries, starting with the oldest.

To access the access log file:

1. Login with the Administrator Password.
2. Press the **File** key on the Top Menu screen to display the Load screen.
3. Set **Internal Memory** to Medium.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the file named “MT9083_Access_Log.txt”.
5. Press **More (f6)**, then press **Copy (f1)**.
6. Connect the USB memory stick to the unit.
7. Set **USB Memory** to Medium.
8. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to select (highlight) the copy destination folder.
9. Press **Paste (f2)**.

Calibration Date Settings

The calibrated date and calibration period can be set.

The calibration due date is displayed as well based on the calibrated date and period.

These information can be provided in the PDF report.

To access the Calibration Data Settings screen:

1. Press the **Setup** key on the Top Menu screen if you are not currently in Setup.
2. Press **Calibration Data Settings (f3)** to display the Calibration Data Settings screen.

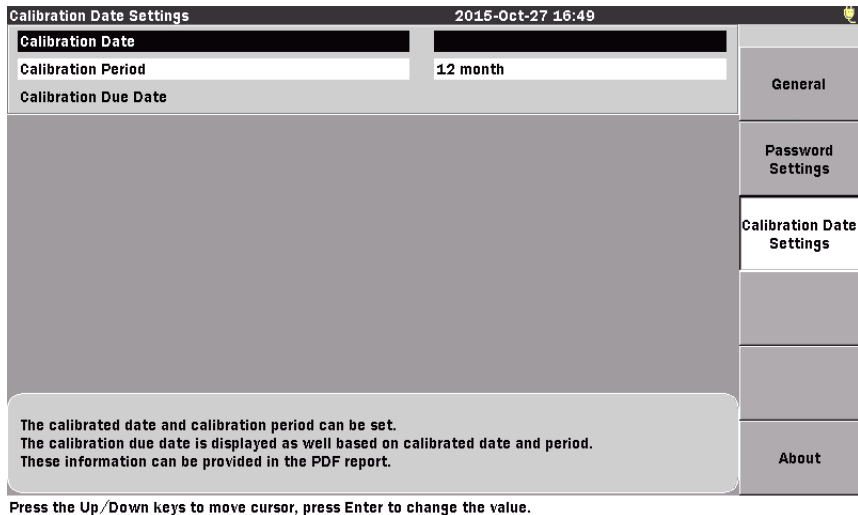


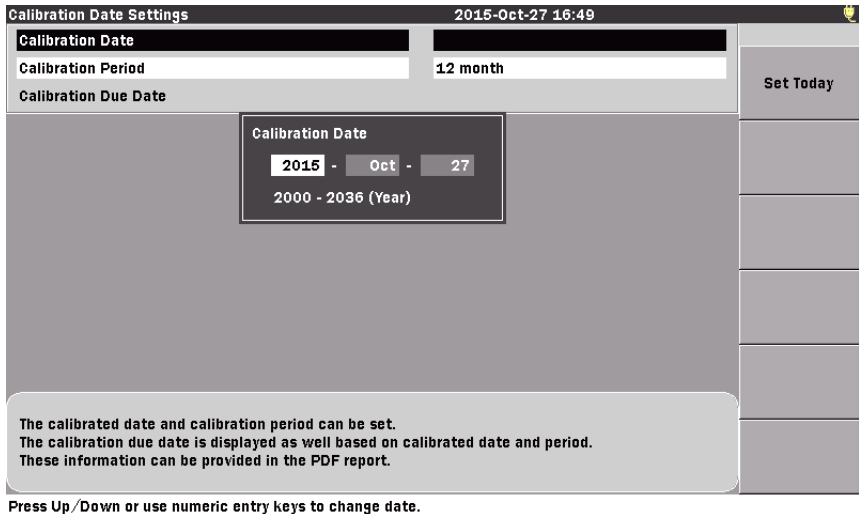
Figure 3-13: Calibration Data Settings screen

3. Use the **Up and Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired item.
OR –
Press the **ESC** key to close the Calibration Data Settings screen.

Calibration Date

To set Calibration Date:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Calibration Date**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Calibration Date dialog box.



Calibration Date Settings 2015-Oct-27 16:49

Calibration Date

Calibration Period 1.2 month

Calibration Due Date

Set Today

Calibration Date

2015 - Oct - 27

2000 - 2036 (Year)

The calibrated date and calibration period can be set.
The calibration due date is displayed as well based on calibrated date and period.
This information can be provided in the PDF report.

Press Up/Down or use numeric entry keys to change date.

Figure 3-14: Calibration Data dialog box

3. The Calibration Date dialog box appears. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to move the highlight to the desired section of the date.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to increment or decrement the highlighted section.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until the desired date is displayed in the dialog box.
6. Press the **Enter** key to save the new Calibration Date setting.

Calibration Period

To set Calibration Period:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **Calibration Period**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display the Calibration Period dialog box.

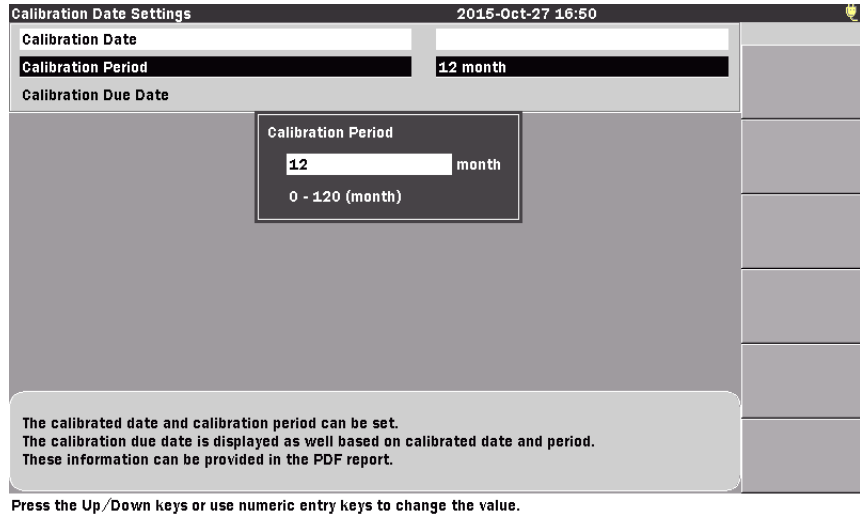


Figure 3-15: Calibration Period dialog box

3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or use the rotary knob or numeric keypad) to set a desired lifespan from 0 to 120 days.
4. Press the **Enter** key to save the new Calibration Period setting.

Calibration Due Date

Calibration Date Settings		2015-Oct-28 14:33
Calibration Date	2015-Oct-28	General
Calibration Period	12 month	
Calibration Due Date	2016-Oct-28	
<p>The calibrated date and calibration period can be set. The calibration due date is displayed as well based on calibrated date and period. These information can be provided in the PDF report.</p>		Password Settings
		Calibration Date Settings
		About

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 3-16: Calibration Due Date

Calibration Due Date is displayed by calculating with Calibration Date and Calibration Period.

About Screen

The About screen displays the following information pertaining to the MT9083 Series currently being used:

- System Information –
 - Manufacturer
 - Model
 - Serial Number
 - Hardware Version
 - Software Version
 - UNITROM Version
 - FPGA Version

To access the About screen:

1. Press the **Setup key**, if you are not currently in setups.
2. Press **About (f6)**, the About screen appears (see Figure 3-17 on page 3-31).
3. Press the **Enter key** to update the firmware (see “Updating Firmware” on page 3-32 for details).

OR –

Press the **ESC key** to close the About screen.

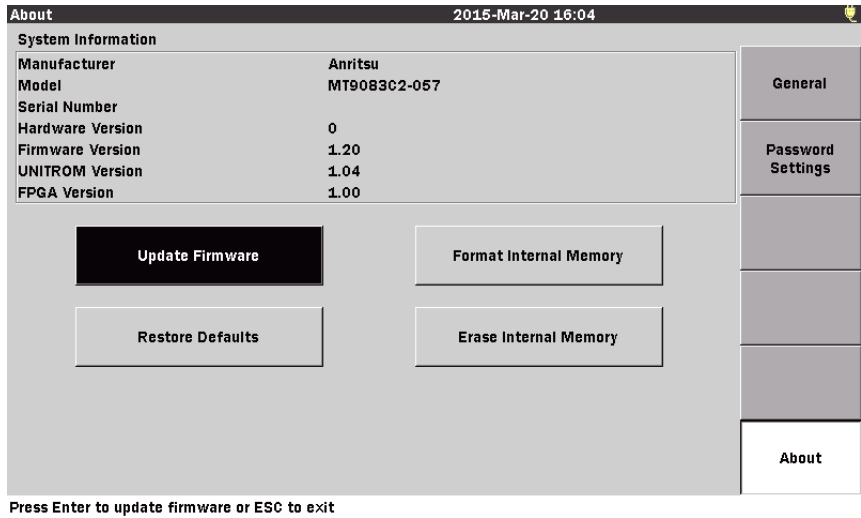


Figure 3-17: About Screen

Updating Firmware

CAUTION

Always use the AC Charge/Adapter to power the MT9083 Series when performing a firmware update.

Use the following procedure to update the MT9083 Series firmware.

Loading Firmware Data

Using USB Cable:

1. Connect the MT9083 Series to a USB port on the PC via the provided USB cable.
2. A mass storage window should open; if not, open it via Windows Explorer.
3. Select the firmware file (.APM) and copy it to the MT9083 Series' Internal Memory.
4. Disconnect the USB cable.

Using USB Memory Stick:

1. Copy the firmware file (.APM) to the USB Memory Stick connected to the PC.
2. Remove the USB Memory Stick from the PC, as advised, and insert the stick to the MT9083 Series.

Updating Firmware Data

1. Press the **Setup key** on the MT9083 Series.
2. Press **About (f6)**. The About screen appears.
3. Press the **Enter key**, the Update Firmware dialog box appears.
4. Locate the **.APM** file in the Internal Memory and press the **Enter key**. Information about the .APM file is displayed.
5. Press **f1** to begin the update.
6. Wait for the update to complete. Do not power-off the MT9083 Series. The unit will restart automatically when the update is complete.

Restore Defaults

The Restore Defaults button on the About tab restores factory defaults for all OTDR applications for the following setup screens: Preferences, Thresholds, and AutoSave.

Note

- General setups are not affected by the Restore Defaults function.
- Password Settings are restored factory defaults if you execute the Restore Defaults.
- The access log file is deleted if you execute the Restore Defaults.

To restore the default settings for the OTDR test applications:

1. Press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **About (f6)**.
3. Highlight **Restore Defaults** and then press the **Enter** key. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to apply factory defaults?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to restore the factory defaults.
OR –
Press **No (f2)** to cancel the restoration.
5. Press the **ESC** key to exit setups.

Formatting Internal Memory

The Format Internal Memory button on the About tab formats Internal Memory.

To format Internal Memory:

1. Press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **About (f6)**.
3. Highlight **Format Internal Memory** and then press the **Enter** key. The following message appears:

All user data files in the internal memory will be lost.
Are you sure you want to format internal memory?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to format the Internal Memory.
OR –

Press **No (f2)** to cancel the format.

The following progress message appears.

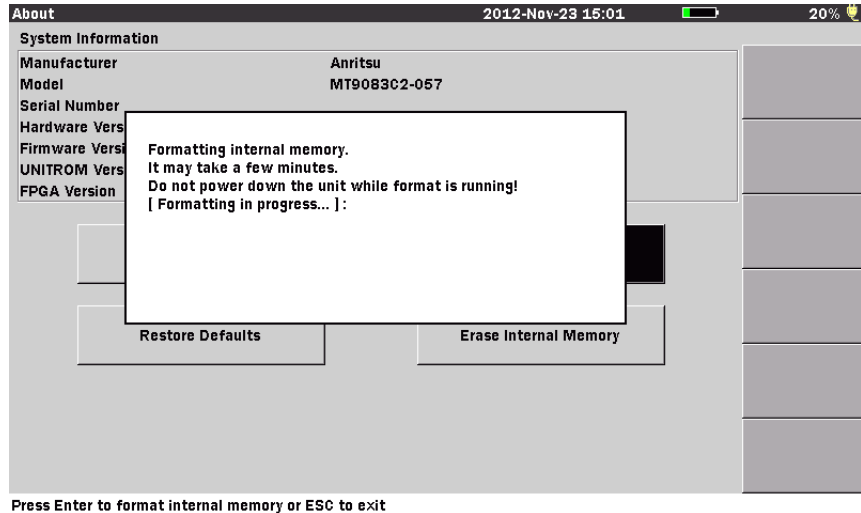


Figure 3-18: About Screen

5. Wait for the format to complete. Do not power-off the MT9083 Series.
6. Press the **ESC key** to exit setups.

Erase Internal Memory

The Erase Internal Memory button on the About tab erases Internal Memory.

CAUTION

Always use the AC adapter/charger to power the MT9083 Series when performing an internal memory format. As it takes about 30 minutes to finish formatting the 1 GB of internal memory, aborted formatting caused by battery failure may damage the internal memory; use the AC adapter/charger for power supply.

To erase Internal Memory:

1. Press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **About (f6)**.
3. Highlight **Erase Internal Memory** and then press the **Enter** key. The following message appears:

All user data files in the internal memory will be lost.
Are you sure you want to format internal memory?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to erase the Internal Memory.

OR –

Press **No (f2)** to cancel the erasing.

The following progress message appears.

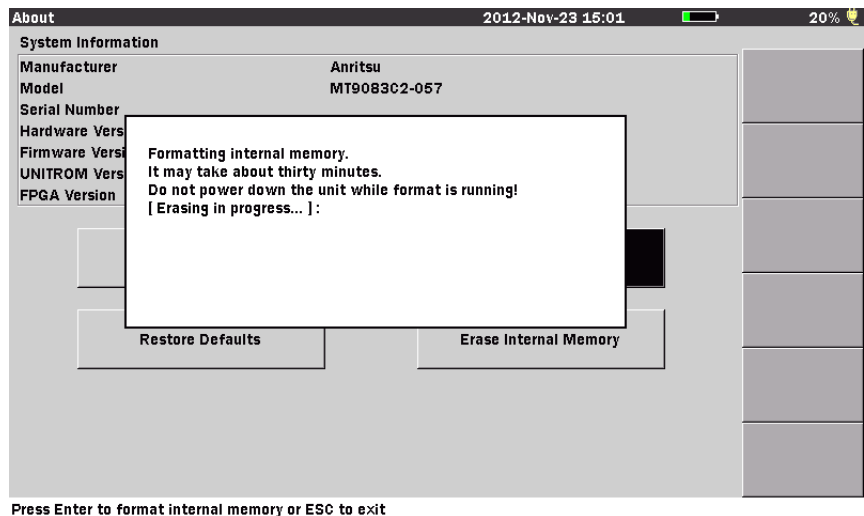



Figure 3-19: About Screen

5. Wait for the erasing to complete. Do not power-off the MT9083 Series.
6. Press the **ESC** key to exit setups.

Saving a Screen Image to a File

You can save the image on test result screens and most setup screens as PNG files.

To save a Screen Image to a file:

1. With the desired screen displayed, press the **Print key** , the following message appears:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

2. Press **File (f2)**. The Save screenshot screen appears (see Figure 3-20).



Figure 3-20: Save Screenshot Screen

3. Select the image file type. Each time **File (f2)** is pressed, the file extension changes from .png, .bmp, and .jpg.
4. With the File Name highlighted, press the **Enter key** to rename the file, if desired. See “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 for details.
5. Select the desired Medium to save the file to by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter key** to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

 **Note**

The USB Memory selection is available only when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

6. Press **New Folder (f4)** if you desire to setup a new folder in which to save the image file. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
7. Press **Save Image (f1)** to save the image file, or press **ESC** to cancel the file save.

Renaming a File

Use the following procedure to enter a new filename. Test Data files can be renamed from the Save screen, while screen captures can be renamed from the Save screenshot screen.

To rename a file:

1. With the desired results displayed on the screen, press either the **Save key** (when saving test data) or the **Print key** (when saving a screen capture).
2. When the Save screen (for saving test data) or the Save screenshot screen appears, press the **Enter key**. The FileName dialog box appears (see Figure 3-21, below). If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 3. to enter the name using the front panel keys. If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to use the new file name or press the **ESC key** to close the File Name dialog box without changing the file name.



Figure 3-21: File Name dialog box

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select File Name field on the Save Screenshot Screen (Figure 3-16). Press the **Enter key** to display the File Name dialog box.
Above the buttons, the names of the button groups are displayed.
4. Use the **Left, Right, Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to invert the button and press the **Enter key**.
The word on the button will be displayed in the File Name field (white letters in the above figure).
5. The buttons are displayed up to 4 columns. When there are 5 or more columns, **Next Page (f3)** is displayed.
Press **Next Page (f3)** to flip the pages.
The words on the button will be displayed in the File Name field (white letters in the above figure). Up to 30 characters can be input.
Press **Edit List (f5)** to edit the shortcut characters that are displayed.

Note

The number of characters input by pressing the button of the MACRO column and that of the actual file name are different. The actual number of characters is displayed above the File Name field. The file name without extension should be up to 30 characters.

6. Press **All Clear (f4)** to clear all the characters in the File Name field.
7. Use the **BS key** (Backspace key) to clear the entry in the File Name field (located above the character matrix). Each press of or the **BS key**, moves the text cursor (vertical line) one character space to the left, while deleting the character in that space. Continue backspacing until you have deleted all or as much of the file name as desired.
8. You can delete specific characters in a file name by using the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to position the text cursor behind the character to delete and then pressing the **BS key**. When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to use the new file name or press **ESC** to close the File Name dialog box without changing the file name.

Edit shortcut characters as described below.

1. Press **Edit List (f5)** to display the Edit List screen on the Figure 3-21: File Name dialog box.

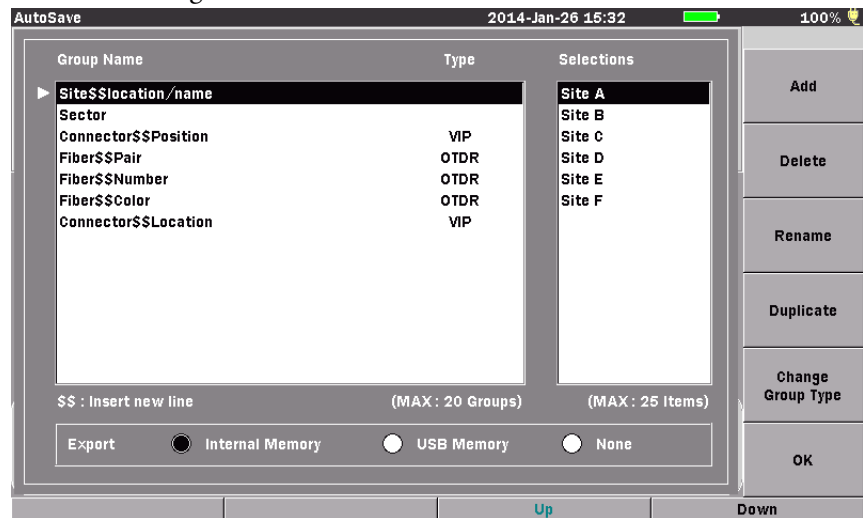


Figure 3-22: Edit List screen

2. The following operations are allowed on the Edit List screen.
 - Changing order of groups/items in the list
 - Changing a group/item name
 - Adding a new group/item

- Copying a group/item
 - Deleting a group/item
 - Changing a group type
3. To change the order of groups/items in the list, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field or selections field. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select an item to change the order in the list. Then press **Up (F3)** or **Down (F4)** to move the selected item up or down.
 4. To change a name, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field or selections field. Then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select an item to change name. Press **Rename (f3)**, the **Enter key** or **Rotary knob**. Edit the name on the character input screen, and press **OK (f6)**.
 5. To add a new group or item, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field or selections field. Press **Add (f1)** to display the character input screen. Input a name to add and press **OK (f6)**.
 6. To copy a group or item, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field or selections field. Then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select an item to copy and press **Duplicate (f4)**. The selected item is added at the bottom of the list.
 7. To delete a group or item, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field or selections field. Then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select an item to delete and press **Delete (f2)**. The item is deleted from the list.
 8. To change a group type, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the group name field. Then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select an item to change the group type and press **Change Group Type (f5)**. OTDR, VIP, and blank appears in turns every time **f5** is pressed. To display only in OTDR or VIP, select the type. Set to blank to use in common.
 9. To use the edited list for other Access Master, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select the Internal Memory or USB Memory, and press the **Enter key** or **Rotary knob**.
 10. Press **OK (f6)** when all the editing has finished.

There are MACRO buttons as below.

Table 3-2: MACRO Buttons

Name	Character string to insert
Number	4 digit-serial number starting from the number in the Number field on the right bottom
yy-mm-dd	Digits to represent Year-Month-Day
hh-mm-ss	Digits to represent Hour-Minute-Second

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to select the Number field on the Figure 3-21: File Name dialog box. Press the **Enter key** to display the Number dialog box.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or **Rotary knob**) to change the number.
Or –
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers.
3. Press **Enter key** to use the new number or press **ESC** to close the Number dialog box without changing the number.

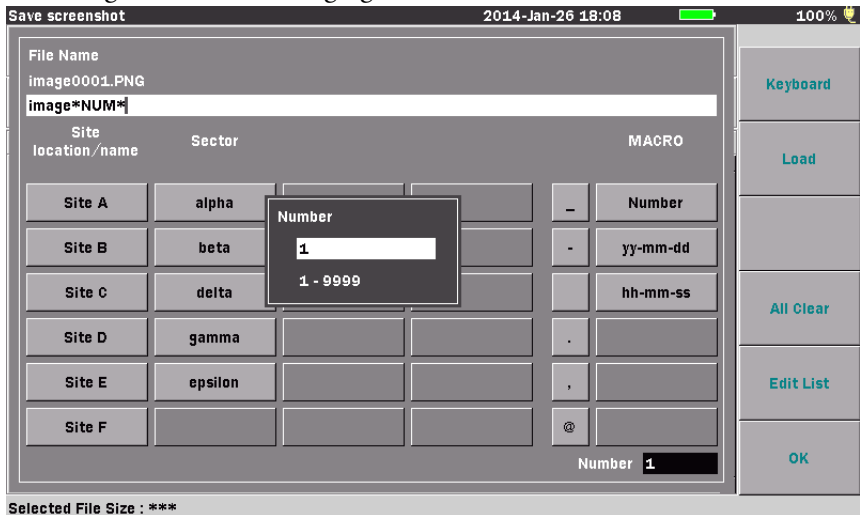


Figure 3-23: Number dialog box

Perform the following steps to input arbitrary characters.

1. Press the **Keyboard (f1)** or **Enter key** in the File Name field to display the Text Entry dialog box.

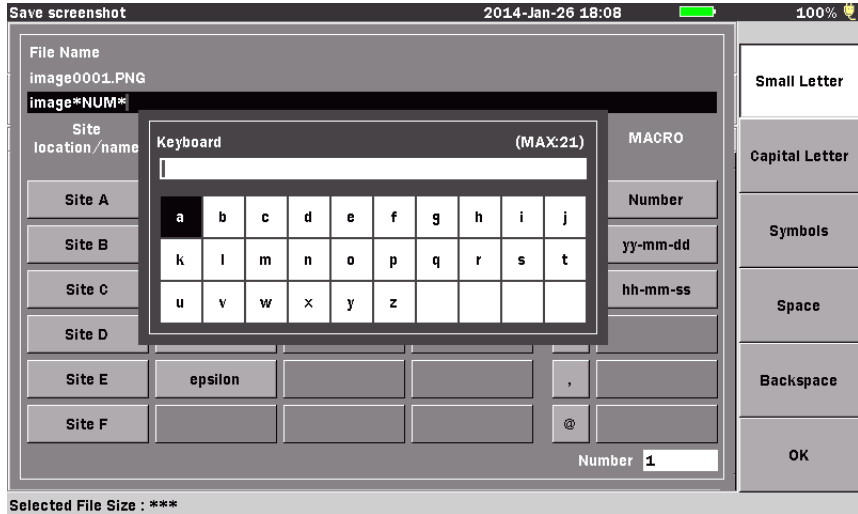


Figure 3-24: Text Entry dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the **File Name** field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the base **File Name** field when the field is highlighted.
Or –
Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **File Name** field.
3. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.

- With the desired character highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the file name.

Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the file name.

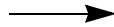
- When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to use the new file name or press **ESC** to close the Text Entry dialog box without changing the file name Registration of Word Buttons.

The buttons can be added to display in the File Name dialog box.

- Edit the button name and group name in text file and save in the USB memory stick.
- Connect the USB memory stick to ACCESS Master.
- Press **Load (f2)** to display the file selection screen. Select the created test file and press the **Enter key**.

Text file contents

Text file contents
 [Tohoku]
 Mode=OTDR
 Aomori
 Iwate
 Akita
 Miyagi
 Yamagata
 Fukushima



Buttons



Figure 3-25: File Format for Word Button Registration

- Put the group name in brackets. The group name can be written in two lines and “\$\$” is used as new line character.

Example: [Tohoku\$\$Japan]

Note

When the language is set to “Chinese-Simplified”, “\$” is displayed as “¥”.

- Specify Mode to select application to display buttons. OTDR or VIP can be set for Mode.
- Then write the characters to display on the buttons. Up to 10 mixed characters of alphabets, numbers, and symbols can be registered for button display. However, the characters below are not usable for a file name.
“?”, ”/”, ”<“, ”>”, ”:”, ”;”, ”|”, ”, ”*”
- Up to 20 groups up to 25 words each can be registered.
- Characters of different languages can be displayed for group names. However, if the language is changed, the characters are not displayed properly.
- The extension of text file should be “txt” or “ini”.

Clearing Word Buttons

To clear all the buttons registered, execute “Restore Defaults”.

The File Name dialog box will be initialized.

New Folder

Use the following procedure to set-up a new folder when saving a file.

1. With the desired results displayed on the screen, press either the **Save key** (when saving test data) or the **Print key** (when saving a screen capture).
2. Select the desired medium in which the new folder will be located by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter key** to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

Note

The USB Memory selection is only available when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **New Folder (f4)**, the New Folder screen appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 4. to enter the name using the front panel keys.
If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the

Enter key to save the new folder to the selected medium or press the **ESC** key to cancel the New Folder process.

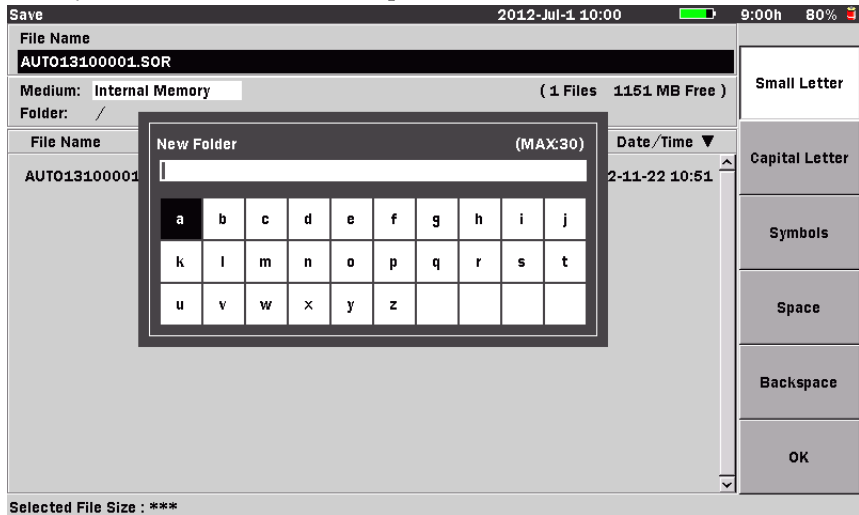


Figure 3-26: New Folder Screen

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the New Folder name field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the New Folder name field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the New Folder name field.

5. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.

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6. With the desired character highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the New Folder name field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in New Folder name field.
7. When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** save the new folder to the selected medium or press **ESC** to cancel the New Folder process.

Chapter 4: OTDR (Standard) Mode

Overview

OTDR (Standard) mode utilizes the advanced capabilities of the MT9083 Series to provide classic OTDR testing. This mode provides an Event Table which can be used to perform auto analysis (auto event detection) of the measured results.

Tests can be performed either manually or automatically (via the Auto Test feature).

Auto Test provides one-button testing, which automatically selects the range and pulse width, and sets the resolution to high for the current fiber under test, and then displaying the results.

Starting OTDR (Standard) Mode

To start the OTDR function in Standard mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu** key.
2. Highlight **OTDR (Standard)**, then press the **Enter** key.

The Trace screen appears by default when you start the OTDR (Standard) application.

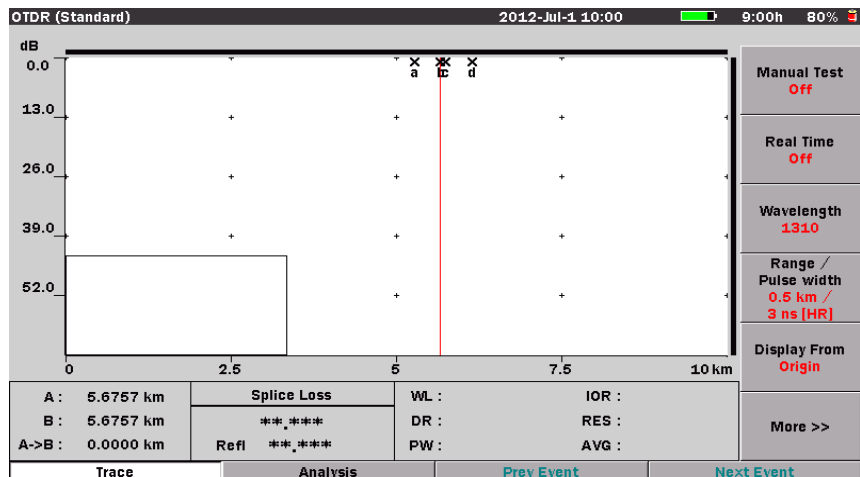


Figure 4-1: OTDR (Standard) Mode – Initial Screen

Setups – OTDR (Standard) Mode

Press the Setup key to display the setup information for OTDR (Standard) mode (See “Starting OTDR (Standard) Mode” on page 4-1 for details). This section allows you to customize the preferences and parameters for a given data collection or series of collections.

Entering OTDR (Standard) Setups

1. Start OTDR (Standard) mode. The Trace screen appears (see Figure 4-1 on page 4-1).
2. Press the **Setup key**. The following Setup screens are available:
 - General (f1)
 - Preferences (1-2) (f2)
 - Preferences (2-2) (f3)
 - Thresholds (f4)
 - AutoSave (f5)
 - About (f6)

Press the softkey (f1 – f6) that corresponds to the desired settings category.

General Setups

Press **General (f1)** to access the General setups screen, if not already displayed.

The General setups pertain to general settings for the MT9083 Series and are detailed in “General Screen Settings” on pages 3-7 – 3-15.

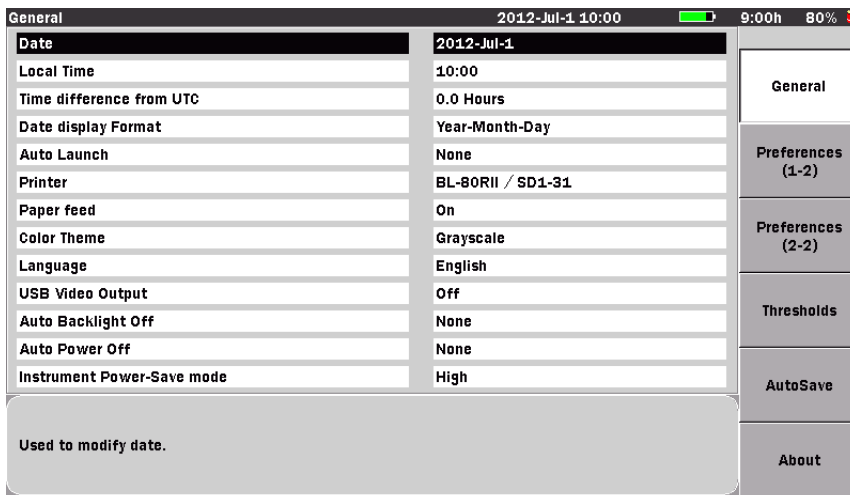
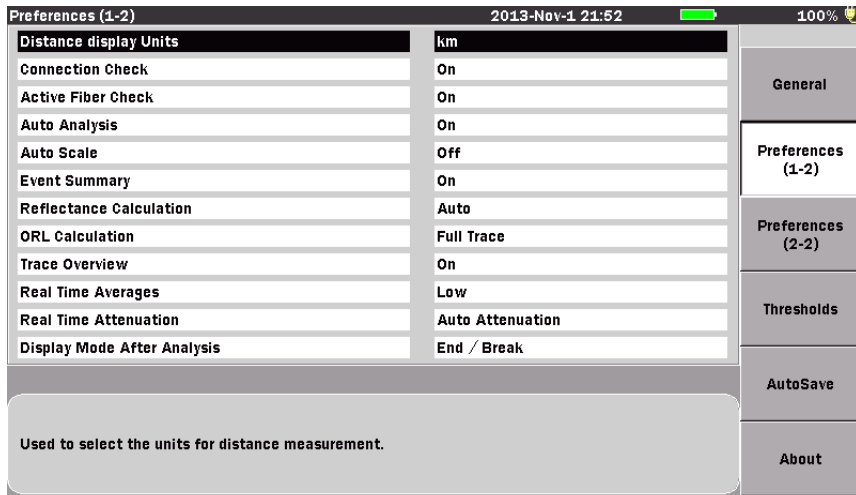


Figure 4-2: General Setups Screen – OTDR (Standard) Mode

Preferences (1-2)

Press **Preferences (1-2) (f2)** to access the Preferences (1-2) screen and set the status for the following:

- Distance display Units
- Connection Check
- Active Fiber Check
- Auto Analysis
- Auto Scale
- Event Summary
- Reflectance Calculation
- ORL Calculation
- Trace Overview
- Real Time Averages
- Real Time Attenuation
- Display Mode After Analysis



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 4-3: Preferences (1-2) Screen

Distance display Units

Select the unit of measurement used to display distance on the horizontal axis of the Trace graph. This affects Range and Resolution readings and analysis events incorporating distance.

To set the Distance Display units:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Distance display Units**.
2. Press **Enter** and select the desired unit from the Distance display Units menu.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selected unit is set.

Connection Check

The Connection Check function confirms whether or not the fiber is connected correctly to the OTDR measurement port.

To set the Connection Check:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Connection Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.

3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

Active Fiber Check

The Active Fiber Check performs a “live fiber” check on the currently attached fiber under test to detect whether the fiber is carrying traffic before firing any OTDR laser sources.

- If no traffic is detected the test proceeds normally.
- If traffic is detected a warning message appears on the screen and the test is aborted.

To set the Active Fiber Check

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Active Fiber Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

Note

The Active Fiber Check feature does not apply for the following options – Opt 063 (0.85/1.3 μ m MMF only).

Auto Analysis

When set to “On”, OTDR trace analysis is automatically performed at the completion of data collection for the current fiber under test.

To set Auto Analysis:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Analysis**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Note

Auto Analysis is not available in Real-Time test mode.

Auto Scale

When set to “On”, Auto Scale provides a trace display that utilizes the maximum amount of horizontal scale for optimum trace viewing.

To activate Auto Scale:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Scale**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Event Summary

When the Event Summary selection is set to “On” the Fiber Test Parameters area (see item 5 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29) of the Trace screen is replaced by the Event Summary area, listing the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

To set the Event Summary status:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Event Summary**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Reflectance Calculation

Reflectance is the ratio of reflected power to incident power displayed in dB (see “Reflectance Measurements” on page 7-17 for details). The MT9083 Series has three settings for Reflectance Calculations: Off, Auto, and Manual.

- **Off** –
Reflectance will not be calculated.
- **Auto** –
The reflectance of any event is reported based on the position of cursor A. The Auto setting is most useful for reflective events that are not close together or close-in to the OTDR.
- **Manual** –

When set to Manual, the reported reflectance is based on the positions of both cursors (A and B). The Manual setting is most useful for reflective events that are close together or close-in to the OTDR.

To set the Reflectance Calculation type:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired Reflectance Calculation setting: **Off**, **Auto**, or **Manual**.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Reflectance Calculation field.

ORL Calculation

Set the starting point for ORL (Optical Return Loss) measurements (see “ORL (Optical Return Loss)” on page 7-15 for details). Select from the following:

- **A Cursor** – The ORL measurement is calculated from the A cursor to the B cursor, but the Incident Power is attained from the A cursor position.
- **Origin** – The ORL measurement is calculated from the A cursor to the B cursor, but the Incident Power is attained from the origin (e.g.: 0 km, or Bulkhead connector).
- **Full Trace** – The ORL measurement is calculated from the Origin to the last data point, and the Incident Power is attained from the origin (e.g.: 0 km, or Bulkhead connector).

To set the ORL Calculation type:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **ORL Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The ORL Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired ORL Calculation setting: **A Cursor**, **Origin**, or **Full Trace**.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the ORL Calculation field.

Trace Overview

When set to “On”, a small overview of the trace is displayed in the lower left portion of the Trace graph.

To activate the Trace Overview:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Trace Overview**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Real Time Averages

Use the Real Time Averages setting to set the amount of averages used in a real-time scan.

To set the Real Time Averages:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Real Time Averages**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Real Time Averages dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **Low** – provides fast real-time updates with a lower dynamic range.
 - **High** – provides slower real-time updates with a higher dynamic range.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Real Time Averages field.

Real Time Attenuation

Select the attenuation method used during real-time scans.

To set the Real Time Attenuation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Real Time Attenuation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Real Time Attenuation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting: to measure
 - **Auto Attenuation** – Real Time attenuation is automatically selected.
 - **Around selected cursor** – Attenuation is optimized in real-time to show the backscatter around the selected (active) cursor.
 - **Fresnel Measure**– Attenuation varies according to received power level. This setting is suitable to measure reflections in long distance range however it takes longer time to measure than other options.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the **Real Time Attenuation** field.

Display Mode After Analysis

The Display Mode After Analysis setting is used to set the post-analysis display mode.

To set the Display Mode After Analysis:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Display Mode After Analysis**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Display Mode After Analysis dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **End/Break** – The display mode focuses on the end/break event.
 - **Full Trace** – The full trace is displayed in Display from Origin mode.
 - **Current** – The display mode and cursor positions remain unchanged.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Display Mode After Analysis field.

Preferences (2-2)

Press **Preferences (2-2) (f3)** to access the Preferences (2-2) screen and set the status for the following:

- Auto Patch-cord Removal
- Grid Display
- Force Total Loss
- End Event for ORL Calculation
- Bi-Directional Correlation
- Start Key Operation

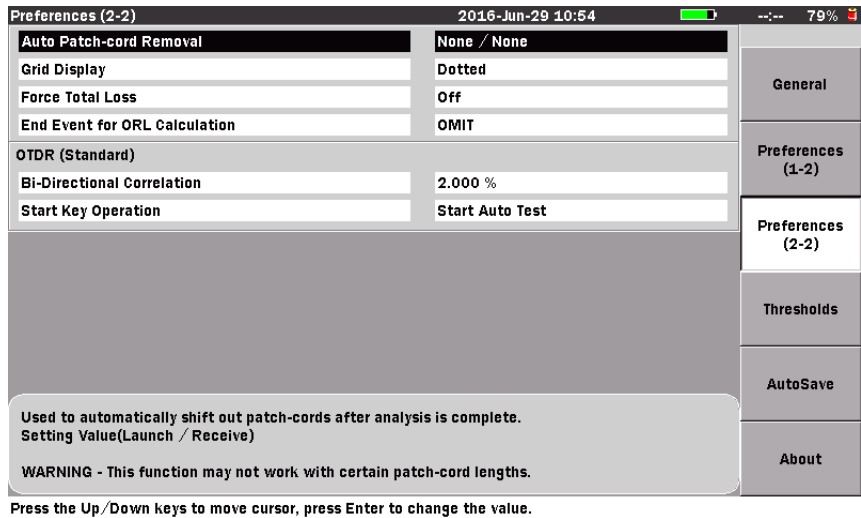


Figure 4-4: Preferences (2-2) Screen

Auto Patch-cord Removal

Specify the event number to treat as dummy fiber.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 to 9 in 1 increments.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Patch-cord Removal**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no Auto Patch-cord Removal currently set, or display the current setting for the Auto Patch-cord Removal.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select “Launch” or “Receive”. Select “Launch” to remove the patch cord connected to the MT9083 Series. Select “Receive” to remove the patch cord connected to the opposite side.

Note

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only when the number of detected events is greater than the sum of “Launch” and “Receive”.

4. If the Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow** key to change it to the event number setting mode.
5. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired event number setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
6. Press **Enter** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting. The event tables shows the distance information of dummy fiber.

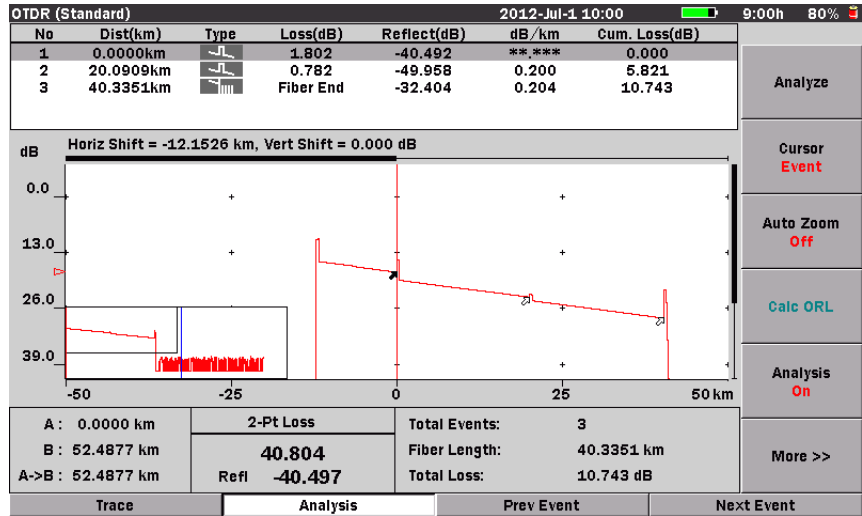


Figure 4-5: Auto Patch Screen

Use the following procedure to set Auto Patch-cord Removal to “None” when it is currently set in event number.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal to None:

1. Highlight **Auto patch cord** and then press the **Enter** key. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears, displaying the current event number setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”

Note

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only with patch-cords that are at least 40 m (120 ft) and 40 data points longer than the pulse width.

Grid Display

Select the format for the grid lines on the trace screen.

To set the Grid Display:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Grid Display**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Grid Display dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Dotted - A dotted line grid is used for trace display.
 - Solid - A solid line grid is used for trace display.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Grid Display field.

Force Total Loss

Select the display settings for Total Loss (Cum.Loss(dB)).

To set the Force Total Loss:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Force Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Force Total Loss dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - ON - Always displays Total Loss (Cum.Loss).
 - OFF - Depending on conditions, "***.***" is displayed for the Total Loss (Cum.Loss) slot.

Note

Total Loss (Cum.Loss) cannot be displayed when:

- An event appeared before backscatter could be found after the launch reflection.
 - An event exists 1.1 pulse widths after the launch backscatter.
 - Fiber end cannot be detected.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Force Total Loss field.

End Event for ORL Calculation

Set whether to include reflection in Far-End events or not when calculating the ORL. This setting function applies only to Fiber Visualizer.

To set the End Event for ORL Calculation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **End Event for ORL Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The End Event for ORL Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **INCLUDE**- Includes the reflection in Far-End events when calculating the ORL.
 - **OMIT**- Not Includes the reflection in Far-End events when calculating the ORL.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the End Event for ORL Calculation field.

Bi-Directional Correlation %

Enter the value to define the range for detecting the same event on Overlay trace in reversed direction.

The range is defined as Far End event distance of Primary trace * Bi-Direction Correlation/100.

Example

Fiber End event distance of Primary trace: 50 km

Bi-Direction Correlation %: 4

Distance of the event on Primary trace: 12.5 km

The distance range detecting the event on Overlay trace: 11.5 to 13.5 km

To set the Bi-Directional Correlation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Bi-Directional Correlation %**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Bi-Direction Correlation dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the Bi-Direction Correlation setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Bi-Direction Correlation is set.

Start Key Operation

Select an action to be performed when the **Start** key is pressed.

To set the Start Key Operation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Start Key Operation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Start Key Operation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Start Auto Test- Starts Auto measurement test. To start manual test, press **Manual Test (f1)** on the Trace screen.
 - Start Auto or Manual Test- Starts the action indicated by the legend on the **Test Mode (f1)** of the Trace screen.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Start Key Operation field.

Thresholds

Press **Thresholds (f4)** to access the Thresholds screen. This screen provides access to the various Auto Detect and Pass/Fail Thresholds setting.

Thresholds		2013-Oct-30 04:03	100%
Auto Detect			
Splice Loss	0.05 dB	General	
Reflectance	-60.0 dB		
Fiber End	3 dB		
Macro Bend	0.3 dB		
Splitter Loss	1x8 (10.0 dB)		
Pass/Fail Thresholds			
Non-Reflective Event Loss(fusion)	None	Preferences (1-2)	
Reflective Event Loss(connector,mechanical)	None		
Reflectance	None	Preferences (2-2)	
Fiber Loss (dB/km)	None		
Total Loss	None	Thresholds	
Splitter Loss	None		
AutoSave			
About			

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 4-6: Thresholds Screen

Auto Detect Parameters

Events that exceed the Auto Detect parameter settings are reported in the Event Analysis table.

- The Auto Detect parameters include:
 - Splice Loss
 - Reflectance
 - Fiber End
 - Macro Bend
 - Splitter Loss

Splice Loss

Determines the Splice Loss value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Splice Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splice Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splice Loss dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splice loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splice Loss threshold is set.

Reflectance

Determines the lowest Reflectance value that will be reported by analysis. Any event with a reflectance equal to or greater than the value in this parameter will be reported in Event analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is -70.0 dB to -20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.

2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the reflectance threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Reflectance threshold is set.

Fiber End

Determines the Fiber End value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 dB to 99 dB in 1 dB increments.

To set the Fiber End threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber End**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber End dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the fiber end threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Fiber End threshold is set.

Macro Bend

Determines the Macro Bend detect value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

► Note

Macro Bend detection is available only when in Wavelength All test mode.

► Note

Macro Bend detection requires a unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.3 dB to 2 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Macro Bend threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Macro Bend**.

2. Press **Enter**. The Macro Bend dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the fiber end threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Macro Bend threshold is set.

Splitter Loss

Determines the Splitter Loss value equal to or above which will be reported as Splitter event in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1.0 dB to 30.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears.
3. Go to Step 4 if the splitter loss is already at hand.
Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select **Branch**, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the number of branches.
4. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select **Splitter Loss**, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splitter loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splitter Loss threshold is set.

Pass/Fail Thresholds Parameters

Events that exceed the Pass/Fail Threshold parameters are highlighted in red in the Event Analysis table.

- The Pass/Fail Thresholds parameters include:
 - Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)
 - Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)
 - Reflectance
 - Fiber Loss (dB/km)
 - Total Loss
 - Splitter Loss

Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)

This parameter highlights non-reflective event losses, such as fusion splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01dB increments.

To set the Non-Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Non-Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Non-Reflective Event Loss to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Non-Reflective Event Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Non-Reflective Event Loss** and then press the **Enter key**. The Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)

This parameter highlights reflective event losses, such as connectors and mechanical splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Reflective Event Loss dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Reflective Event Loss to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Reflective Event Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Reflective Event Loss** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Reflectance

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table that exceed the set Reflectance value.

The range of settings for this parameter is -50.0 dB to -10.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Reflectance dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow** key to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Reflectance to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Reflectance threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Reflectance** and then press the **Enter** key. The Reflectance dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Fiber Loss (dB/km)

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the dB/km loss exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber Loss (dB/km)**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow** key to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Fiber Loss (dB/km)** and then press the **Enter** key. The Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Total Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the Total loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 60.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Total Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Total Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state "None", indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or the dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Total Loss dialog box displays "None", press the **Up** or **Down Arrow** key to change it to the dB setting mode.

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Total Loss threshold to "None" when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Total Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Total Loss** and then press the **Enter** key. The Total Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to "None".
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to "None".

Splitter Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the splitter loss exceeds the Auto Detect threshold plus value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state "None", indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Splitter Loss dialog box displays "None", press the **Up** or **Down Arrow** key to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Splitter Loss threshold to "None" when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Splitter Loss** and then press the **Enter** key. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to "None".
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to "None".

AutoSave

Press **AutoSave (f5)** to access the AutoSave screen. This screen provides access to the Auto-Filename and AutoSave parameters.

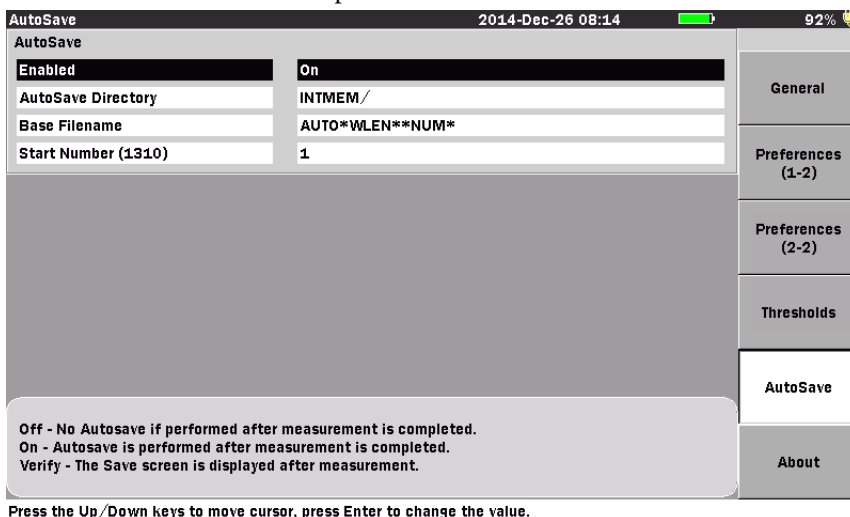


Figure 4-7: AutoSave Screen

Auto-Filename Parameters

The Auto-Filename parameters allow you to enter a base filename which is used to generate sequentially numbered filenames.

- The Auto-Filename parameters include:
 - Enabled
 - AutoSave Directory
 - Base Filename
 - Start Number

Enabled (Auto-Filename)

Set this field to “On” to automatically generate a filename when a save is performed, or set the field to “Off” so a filename is not automatically generated when a save is performed.

To turn the Auto-Filename feature On or Off:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** and then press the **Enter** key. The Enable dialog box appears.
2. Highlight the desired selection; **On** or **Off**.
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to the desired setting.

Note

The status of the Auto-Filename Enabled field is automatically set to “On” when the AutoSave Enabled field is set to “On”. See “Enabled (AutoSave)” on page 4-27 for details.

AutoSave Directory

The AutoSave Directory field allows you to select the directory into which AutoSave will save files.

To select the AutoSave directory:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **AutoSave Directory** and then press the **Enter** key. The Select Directory screen appears.
2. Select the desired storage medium by highlighting the **Medium** field, if not already highlighted, and then press the **Enter** key to toggle the selection to either **Internal Memory** (which is the default setting) or **USB Memory**.

Note

You must have a USB Memory stick connected to the MT9083 Series in order to access the USB Memory selection in the Medium field.

3. To save to a specific folder in the selected Medium, highlight the name of the folder and then press the **Enter** key. The name of the selected folder appears below the Medium field.
If you are not saving to a specific folder, skip step 3 and continue at step 4

4. Press **Select (f1)**. The AutoSave setups screen appears with the selected directory displayed in the AutoSave Directory field.

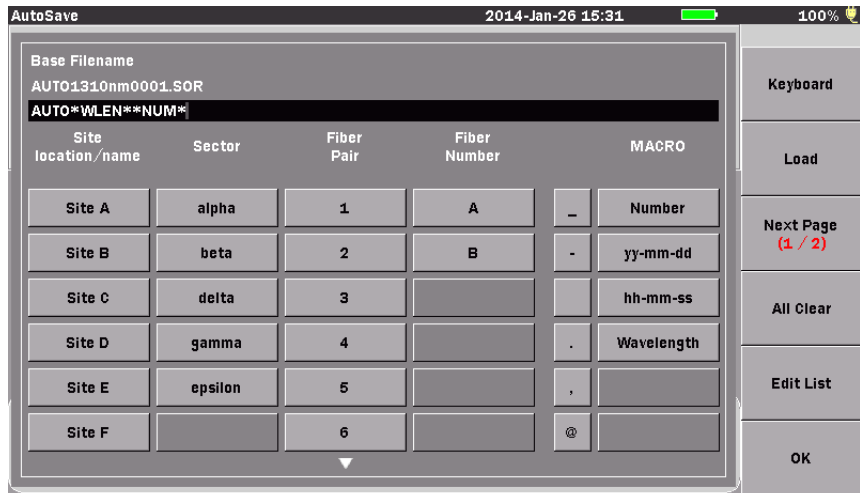
Base Filename

The Base Filename field provides a template for use when generating an auto-filename. You can enter a base filename of up to 30 characters with a three character file extension.

To set a Base Filename:

Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Base Filename** and then press the **Enter** key. The Base Filename dialog box appears (see Figure 4-8, below). If no USB keyboard is connected, Refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input the file name.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter** key to use the new base filename or press the **ESC** key to close the Base Filename dialog box without changing the base filename.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 4-8: Base Filename – Base Filename dialog box

In OTDR (Standard) Mode, the items below are displayed for MACRO.

Table 4-1: MACRO Buttons

Name	Character strings to insert
Number	4 digit-serial number starting with the number in the Number field
yy-mm-dd	Digits to represent Year-Month-Day
hh-mm-ss	Digits to represent Hour-Minute-Second
Wavelength	Wavelength used for measurement

Start Number

Use this field to establish a start number for the auto-increment section of the Base Filename. You can set a start number for each test wavelength available on the MT9083 Series in use or apply the same start number to all wavelengths.

The range of setting for the Start Number is from 1 to 9999, set in increments of 1.

 **Note**

The wavelength listed in parentheses after the text “Start Number” will vary with the current test wavelength setting. See “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67 for details.

To set the Start Number:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Start Number** and then press the **Enter** key. The Start Number dialog box appears.

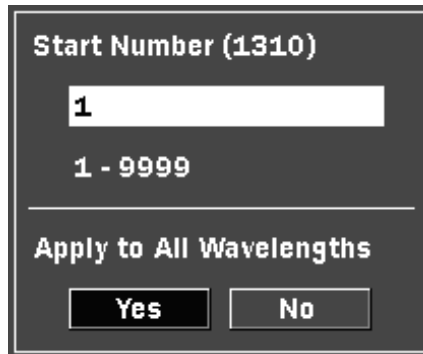


Figure 4-9: Start Number Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the Start number. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select either **Yes** or **No** in the Apply to All Wavelengths field.
4. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the start number for the current test wavelength or for all wavelengths, depending on the selection made in step 3, is set.

Enabled (AutoSave)

This parameter sets the status for the AutoSave function. Select from the following setting:

- Off –
No AutoSave is performed after the measurement is complete.
- On –
AutoSave is performed after the measurement is complete.
- Verify –
The Save screen appears after the measurement is complete so you can verify the Auto Filename.

To select the AutoSave Enabled status:

Chapter 4: OTDR (Standard) Mode

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter** key. The Enabled dialog box appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired AutoSave Enabled status: **Off**, **On**, or **Verify**
3. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set.

Note

Setting the AutoSave Enabled status to “On” automatically sets and locks the Auto-Filename Enabled status at the “On” setting.

About Screen

See “About Screen” on page 3-30 for details.

Trace Screen – OTDR (Standard)

The Trace screen appears when you start Standard OTDR mode. The following figure show the Trace screen when an OTDR laser source firing, as indicated by item 2, the Laser On icon.

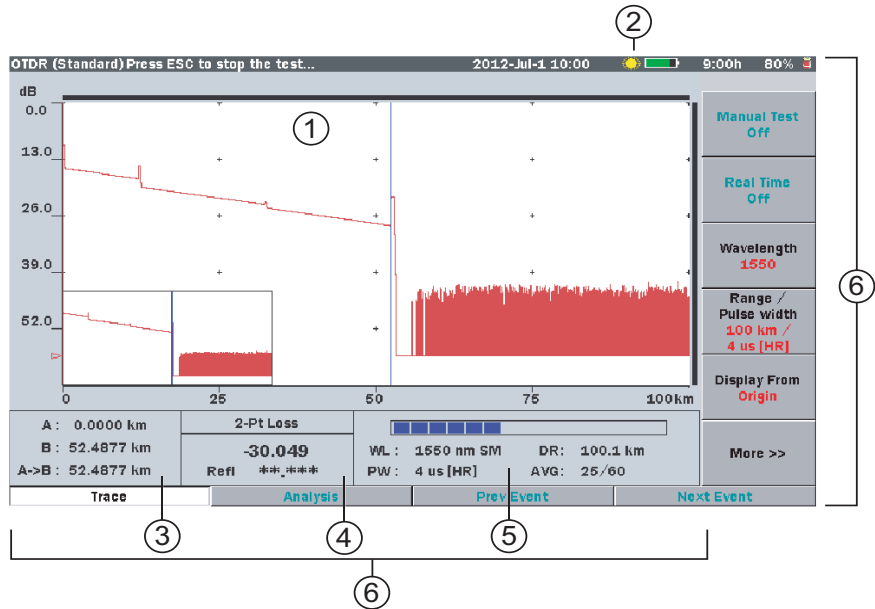


Figure 4-10: Trace Screen with Laser On Indicator

- 1 Trace graph
- 2 Laser On icon
- 3 Cursor distance information
- 4 Loss mode, Measurement, and Reflectance
- 5 Fiber test parameters
- 6 Softkeys

Trace Graph

See “Trace Graph – OTDR (Standard) Mode” on page 4-31 for details.

Laser On Icon

The flashing Laser On icon (see item 2 in Figure 4-10) appears whenever a laser is firing.

Cursor Distance Information

The Cursor Distance information (see item 3 in Figure 4-10) displays the following:

- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor A
- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor B
- Distance between Cursor A and Cursor B

As you move the cursors, the Cursor Distance information updates simultaneously.

Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance

The Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10) displays the following:

- The current loss mode, listed in the top section
- The current loss reading in dB, in the center section
- A reflectance value reading for reflective events in the bottom section

Fiber Test Parameters

The Fiber Test Parameters area displays the Wavelength (WL), Distance Range (DR), Pulsewidth (PW), Index of Refraction (IOR), Resolution (RES), and Averaging mode (AVG) set for the current test. The **Test Progress** bar indicates the current averaging status.

In addition, it also displays the same information for a recalled trace placed in the Primary Trace position.

The Dead-zone mode selected when performing the measurement is displayed after the Pulsewidth value.

- In the case of Enhanced Range mode, “ER” is displayed.
- In the case of Standard mode, “HR” is displayed.

Note

The Fiber Test Parameters area is replaced by the Event Summary area when the Event Summary selection is set to “On” on the Preferences screen (see Figure 4-3 on page 4-4). The Event Summary area displays the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

Trace Graph – OTDR (Standard) Mode

The Trace graph displays the trace data in graph form. Power loss is measured in dB along the vertical axis and distance is measured along the horizontal axis. Use the Distance Display Units setting on the Preferences screen to set the horizontal axis units. The downward slope of the trace indicates power loss (attenuation) over the distance of the fiber.

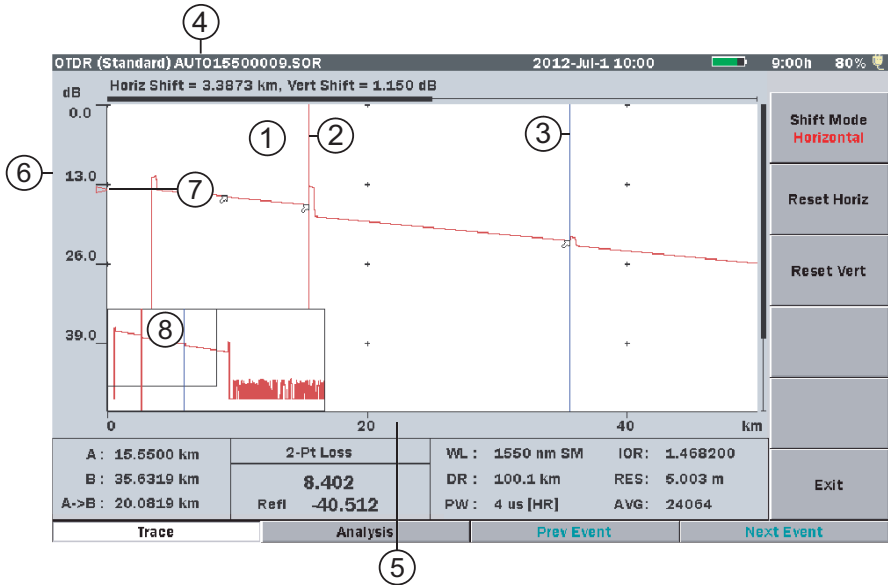


Figure 4-11: Trace Graph – OTDR (Standard) Mode

- 1 Trace waveform(s)
- 2 Cursor A
- 3 Cursor B
- 4 Horizontal/Vertical offset
- 5 Horizontal Axis scale
- 6 Vertical Axis scale
- 7 dB level indicator
- 8 Trace Overview window

Trace Waveform

The Trace Waveform (or Trace) is the downward sloping line going from left to right that connects the data points collected during a test. See item 1 in Figure 4-11.

Up to four traces can be displayed simultaneously: a primary trace and up to three overlay traces.

This area also contains scroll bars, located at the top and left side of the trace graph, which define the display range of the waveform.

Cursors

The cursors (see items 2 and 3 in Figure 4-11 on page 4-31) are the two vertical lines that extend from the top to the bottom of the trace graph. The cursors allow you to extract power and distance information from the trace graph. The active cursor is displayed in red and the inactive cursor is displayed in blue.

See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor use.

Horizontal/Vertical Offset

The primary trace data can be shifted horizontally or vertically by using the Shift Mode softkeys and the **Rotary knob**. The distance offset (horizontal) and decibel offset (vertical) are displayed above the trace graph.

These values (see item 4 Figure 4-11 on page 4-31) in are only displayed when some type of shift is in use.

See “Shifting Trace Data” on page 4-74 for details on how to shift the primary trace.

Scale

The vertical axis scale (see item 6 in Figure 4-11 on page 4-31) is located on the left side of the trace graph and is expressed in dBs, while the horizontal axis scale (see item 5 in Figure 4-11) is located at the bottom of the trace graph and is expressed in the distance unit as set on the Preferences screen. See “Distance display Units” on page 4-4 for details.

dB Level Indicator

The dB level indicator (see item 7 in Figure 4-11 on page 4-31) denotes the intersection of the active cursor and the trace level.

Trace Overview Window

The Trace Overview window, located in the lower left corner of the Trace graph, shows a thumbnail view of the current trace. This is helpful in determining the location of an expanded section on the main view. The black rectangle inside the Trace Overview window indicates the section of the trace that is currently displayed in the Trace graph when the trace has been expanded horizontally, vertically.

Trace Overview must be set to On in the Preferences tab for the window to be displayed. See “Trace Overview” on page 4-7 for details.

Connection check Screen

When the Connection Check is set to “On” on the Setup Preferences screen, a connection check is automatically performed at the beginning of each fault locate test. The Connection Check screen consists of a simple gauge which provides a graphical representation of the connection quality along with instructions detailing how to proceed when the connection is “GOOD” and how to correct a “BAD” connection.

GOOD connection –

The gauge is green and yellow when connection is good. The closer the bar in the connection gauge extends to “HIGH” end, the better the connection is.

If the gauge is yellow and red, the fiber needs cleaning.

Press **Continue** (f1) or **Start** key to start the measurement immediately.

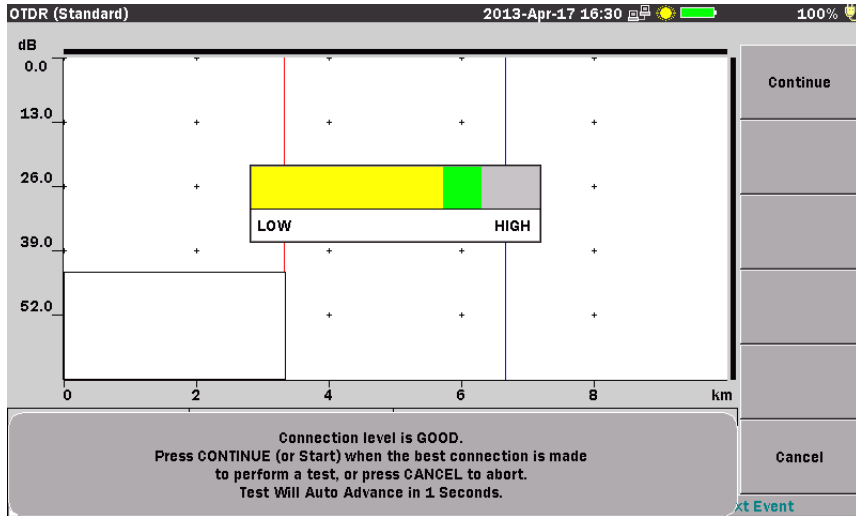


Figure 4-12: Connection Check– Good Connection

BAD connection –

When the connection check level is low, the bar in the connection gauge is red and only extends a short distance from the “LOW” end of the gauge.

If the connection state is not improved even if the fiber is cleaned, the fiber needs to be replaced.

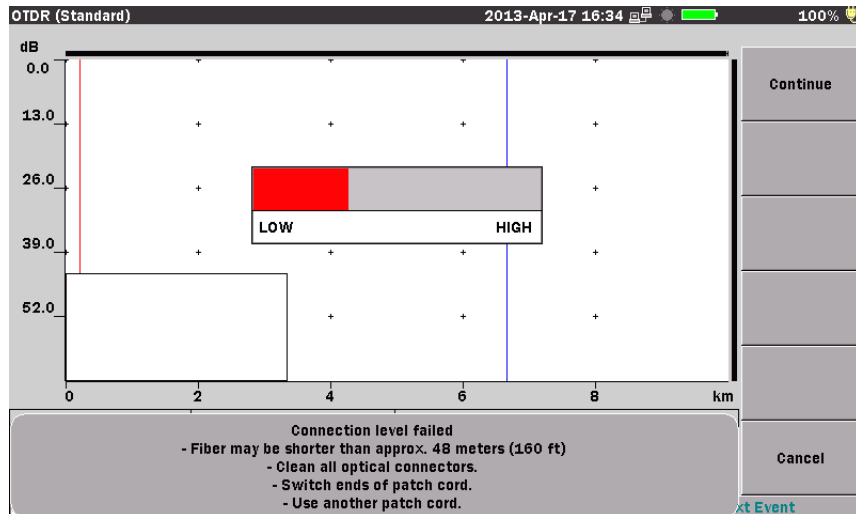


Figure 4-13: Connection Check– Bad Connection

To correct a low connection level:

1. Press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)** to abort the current test.
2. Clean all of the optical connectors.
3. Press the **Start key** or **Manual Test (f1)** to re-start the test.
4. If the Connection Check is still low, press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)**.
5. Switch the ends of the patch cord and press the **Start key** or **Manual Test (f1)** again.
6. If the Connection Check is still low, press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)** and then replace the patch cord.
7. Press the **Start key** or **Manual Test (f1)** to re-start the test.

Note

Fibers shorter than approximately 48 meters (160 ft.) will generally result in a low connection.

Chapter 4: OTDR (Standard) Mode

If the Connection Check remains LOW after following the steps in the preceding procedure, contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center at:

Phone: 1-800-ANRITSU or 1-800-267-4878

(Canada, U.S., Latin and South America)

Fax: +1 972-671-1877

e-mail: us-sales@anritsu.com

Web: www.anritsu.com

OTDR (Standard) Analysis Screen

The OTDR (Standard) Analysis screen consists of the same elements detailed for the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen (see “Trace Screen – OTDR (Standard)” on pages 4-29 – 4-32), with the addition of the Event Table and event marker flags on fiber trace.

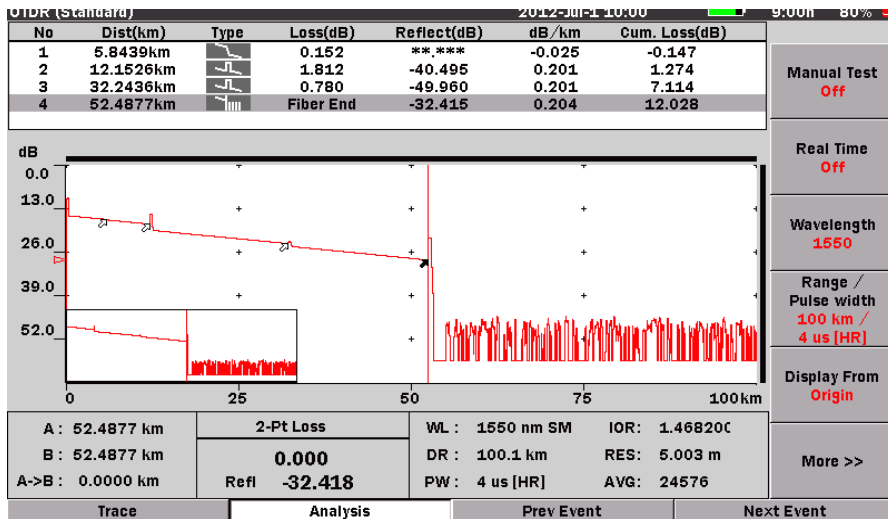


Figure 4-14: OTDR (Standard) Analysis Screen

Analysis can be executed in one of two ways

To run Auto Analysis:

- Set **Auto Analysis** to “**On**” in the OTDR (Standard) setups Preferences screen to automatically display the Analysis screen at the completion of each test. This is the default setting for the MT9083.

► Note

Auto Analysis is not available in Real-Time test mode.

To run a manual analysis:

- Press **Analysis Off (f5)** when operating the unit in OTDR (Standard) mode, the OTDR (Analysis) screen appears and the Event Table is generated.

Note

If the legend on the f5 softkey does not read “Analysis Off” press **More>>** (f6) twice to display the level three softkeys.

The highlighted row in the Event Table corresponds to the event on the trace with the solid event marker.

Event Table

In fiber analysis, an “event” is considered to be a distinct deviation from normal fiber attenuation that may be introduced by a lossy connection (microbend, connector, or splice), a reflective connection (connector or fiber break) or the end of the fiber. Only events that meet one or more of the pre-set threshold criteria will be reported in the Event table (see “Thresholds” on pages 4-14 – 4-18).

Events whose loss equals or exceeds the Pass/Fail Thresholds (see pages 4-18 – 4-21) are highlighted in red in the Event Table.





No	Dist(km)	Type	Loss(dB)	Reflect(dB)	dB/km	Cum. Loss(dB)
1	5.8439km		0.152	**.***	-0.025	-0.147
2	12.1526km		1.812	-40.495	0.201	1.274
3	32.2436km		0.780	-49.960	0.201	7.114
4	52.4877km		Fiber End	-32.415	0.204	12.028

Figure 4-15: Event Table

The Event Table displays the following:

- Event number
- Distance to the event
- Type of event
- dB loss for the event
- Reflectance (if the event is a reflective event)
- dB/km
- Cumulative loss (dB)

Note

If the measured value cannot be obtained, for example, because a fault point is being approximated, this is displayed as “**.***”.

Distance to Event

The Distance field [Dist(km)] on the Event Table represents the distance from the start of the trace to the start of the feature. This value is reported in the Distance Display Units selected on the setups Preferences screen, for example “km”.

Types of Events Reported

Reflective Event

Reflection from an splice point, such as a Fresnel reflection caused by a mechanical splice or connector.

Non-Reflective Event

Non-reflective events include such low loss events as fusion splices and Macro Bends.

Grouped Event

Events spaced too close to each other for Analysis to distinguish them as separate events are reported as Grouped events.

Far End Event

Any event with a loss equal to or greater than the Fiber End threshold is reported as the Far End event.

Questionable End Event

A Questionable End event is reported, instead of a Far End event, when an Out of Range or Out of Distance condition is encountered.

PON Event

All events other than far end events with losses greater than the far end threshold are displayed as PON events.

Loss (dB)

The Loss calculated for the event is displayed in decibels (dB).

Reflectance

A reflectance value is displayed for all reflective events, while “**.***” is displayed in the Reflectance field [Reflect(dB)] for non-reflective events.

In addition to the reflectance value, two other indicators may be present: S.

- An “S” following the numeric value indicates that the reflective event being measured is very close to the top limit of the OTDR’s data set, and that it is considered “saturated” (hitting the high limit of the measurement ability). An “S” (saturated indicator) will be present any time that the peak of the event being measured is within 1 dB of the top of the OTDR Trace graph.

dB/km

This field displays the dB/km between the selected event and the prior event.

Cumulative Loss (dB)

This field displays the total loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) up to the selected event, expressed in dB.

Note

The Total Loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) display differs depending on the Force Total Loss setting. (See “Preferences (2-2)” on page 4-9)

If set ON, the result is displayed for all waveforms. If set OFF, “**.***” is displayed if the measured waveform is abnormal.

Pass/Fail Thresholds

Events whose loss exceeds the Pass/Fail Thresholds are highlighted in red in the Event Table. If within the Pass/Fail Thresholds, only Total Loss is highlighted in green in the Event Table.

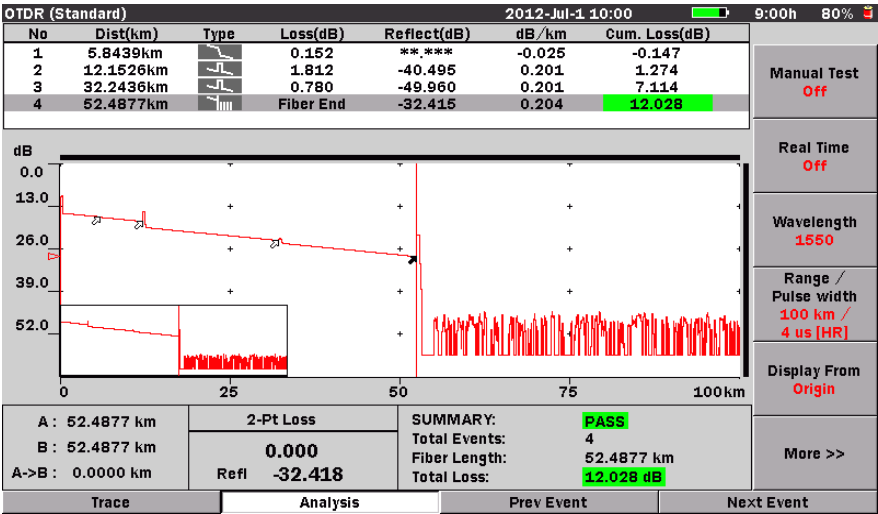


Figure 4-16: OTDR (Standard) Analysis Screen - Event Summary "ON"

Note

To disable Pass/Fail display, set all of the Pass/Fail Thresholds in Thresholds (f4) to **NONE**. (See "Thresholds" on page 4-14 - 4-21)

PASS is displayed in Event Summary when all of the Pass/Fail Thresholds pass.

Editing Events – Overview

There are times when it is desirable to edit analysis events. Some examples are:

- Changing analysis results to reflect more accurate manual measurements.
- Inserting manually located events where analysis located a Grouped event.

The following editing softkeys are only available when an Event Table is displayed:

- Add Event (f1)
- Edit Event (f2)
- Delete Event (f3)
- Template (f4)

Adding an Event

To add an event:

1. Make sure that the current trace displays an Event Table.
2. Set **Cursor A** as the active (red) cursor and position it at the location for the new event (see “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56).

Note

If the cursor snaps to the events on the trace when you turn the **Rotary knob**, toggle the **More >>** softkey (**f6**) until the legend on the **f2** softkey reads “**Cursor**” and then toggle **f2** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Free**”. You can now position the cursor as needed.

Press **More>>** (**f6**) once again to return to the editing softkeys.

3. Press **Add Event** (**f1**), the New Event dialog box appears.

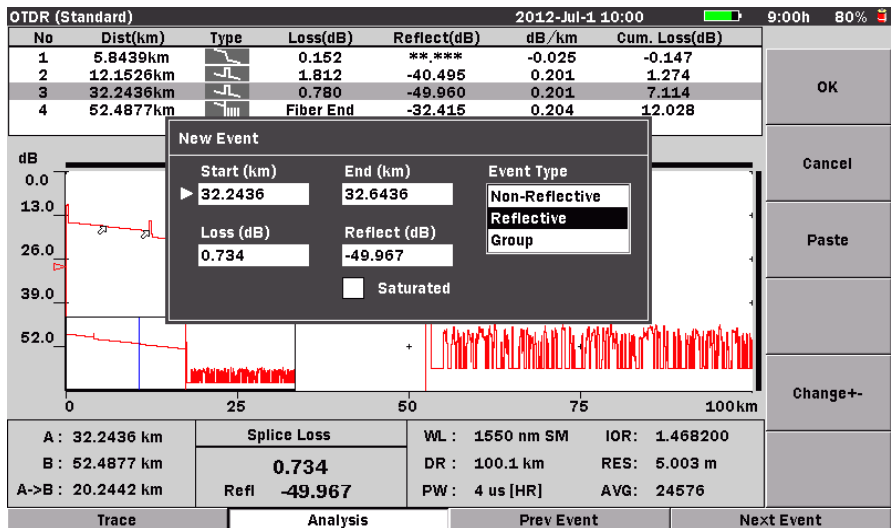


Figure 4-17: Adding an Event

Note

The Add Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode. Pressing Add Event (f1) when in any test mode other than Splice Loss displays the following message:

Cannot add event.
Loss mode must be set to splice loss.

4. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys to navigate the highlight (white arrow) to the desired field to select that field.
 - Select the **Start (km)** field and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the desired starting point for the new event.
 - Select the **End (km)** field and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the desired end point for the new event.
 - Move the highlight to the **Event Type** field and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to position the highlight at the desired event type: **Non-Reflective**, **Reflective** or **Group**.

- Select the **Loss (dB)** field and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the desired loss for the new event. Toggle **Change+- (f5)** to change the value of the loss setting from negative (-) to positive (+).
- Select **Reflect (dB)** and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the desired reflectance value for the new event. Toggle **Change+- (f5)** to change the value of the Reflectance setting from negative (-) to positive (+).

▶ **Note**

The Reflect (dB) field is dimmed when the Event Type is set to “Non-Reflective”.

- Move the highlight to the **Saturated** check box and then press the **Enter** key to select the check box. The new event will be flagged with an “S” after it’s Reflectance value in the Event table to denote it as a saturated event when you complete step 5.

▶ **Note**

The Saturated check box is dimmed when the Event Type is set to “Non-Reflective”.

5. Press **OK (f1)**, the following happens:
 - The New Events dialog box closes.
 - The new event is flagged on the trace display.
 - The new event is added to the Event table.

▶ **Note**

An event which has been added to a trace is flagged with an “*” before its event number in the Event table to signify that it was manually added.

▶ **Note**

The original trace and event table can be retrieved, even if you have saved the edited trace. Press **More >> (f6)** until **f1** reads “**Analyze**”, and then press **f1** to re-run the analysis. The trace and it’s Event table are returned to their original status.

Editing an Event

The most common application for editing an event is to move the event so it reflects a more accurate manual measurement.

Moving an Event

To move an event:

1. Make sure that the current trace displays an Event table.
2. Set **Cursor A** as the active (red) cursor and position it at the desired event (see “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56).

Note

Toggle **More >>** (f6) until the legend on the **f2** softkey reads “**Cursor**” and then toggle **f2** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Event**”. Turning the **Rotary knob** will cause the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace.

Press **More>>** (f6) once again to return to the editing softkeys.

3. Press **Edit Event** (f2), the Edit Event dialog box appears.

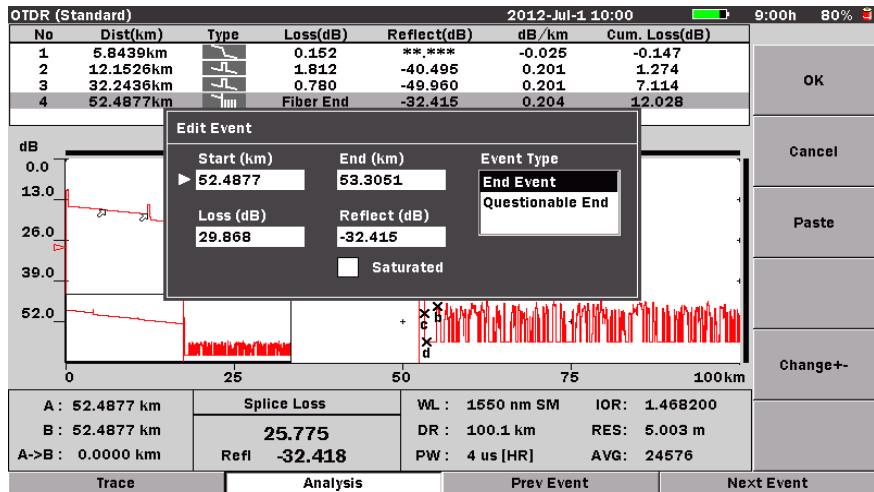


Figure 4-18: Editing an Event

Note

The Edit Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode. Pressing Edit Event (f2) when in any test mode other than Splice Loss displays the following message:

Cannot edit event.
Loss mode must be set to splice loss.

4. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys to select the **Start (km)** field, and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the new starting point for the selected event.
5. Move the to highlight the **End (km)** field and then use the Numeric keypad (see item 2 in Figure 2-1 on page 2-1) to enter the new end point for the selected event.
6. Press **OK (f1)**, the following happens:
 - The Edit Events dialog box closes.
 - The event flag on the trace is moved to the new position.

► **Note**

An event that has been edited is flagged with an “*” before its event number in the Event table.

► **Note**

The original trace and event table can be retrieved, even if you have saved the edited trace. Press **More >> (f6)** until **f1** reads “**Analyze**”, and then press **f1** to re-run the analysis. The trace and it’s Event table are returned to their original status.

Pasting an Event

To Paste an event to a new location.

1. Make sure that the current trace displays an Event Table.
2. Set **Cursor A** as the active (red) cursor and position it at the desired event (see “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56).

► **Note**

Toggle **More >> (f6)** until the legend on the **f2** softkey reads “**Cursor**” and then toggle **f2** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Event**”. Turning the **Rotary knob** will cause the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace.

Press **More>> (f6)** once again to return to the editing softkeys.

3. Position **Cursor A** at the location for the new event.

► **Note**

If the cursor snaps to the events on the trace when you turn the **Rotary knob**, toggle the **More >>** softkey (**f6**) until the legend on the **f2** softkey

reads “**Cursor**” and then toggle **f2** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Free**”. You can now position the cursor as needed.

Press **More>>** (**f6**) once again to return to the editing softkeys.

4. Press **Edit Event** (**f2**), the Edit Event dialog box appears.

► **Note**

The **Edit Event** softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode. Pressing Edit Event (**f2**) when in any test mode other than Splice Loss displays the following message:

Cannot edit event.
Loss mode must be set to splice loss.

5. Press **Paste** (**f3**). The Distance field in the Edit Event dialog box changes to reflect the position of the active cursor.
6. Press **OK** (**f1**), the following happens:
 - The Edit Events dialog box closes.
 - The event flag on the trace is moved to the new position, which is reflected in the Event table.

► **Note**

An event that has been moved is flagged with an “*” before its event number in the Event table.

► **Note**

The original trace and event table can be retrieved as long as you have not saved the edited trace. Press **More >>** (**f6**) until **f1** reads “**Analyze**”, and then press **f1** to re-run the analysis.

Deleting an Event

The most common application for deleting an event is when a point is erroneously judged as a fault point due to noise in the trace.

To Delete an event:

1. Make sure that the current trace displays an Event Table.
2. Position the active cursor at the event to be deleted.

► Note

Toggle **More >>** (f6) until the legend on the **f2** softkey reads “**Cursor**” and then toggle **f2** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Event**”. Turning the **Rotary knob** will cause the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace.

Press **More>>** (f6) once again to return to the editing softkeys.

3. Press **Delete Event** (f3), a warning message appears on the screen (see the following figure).

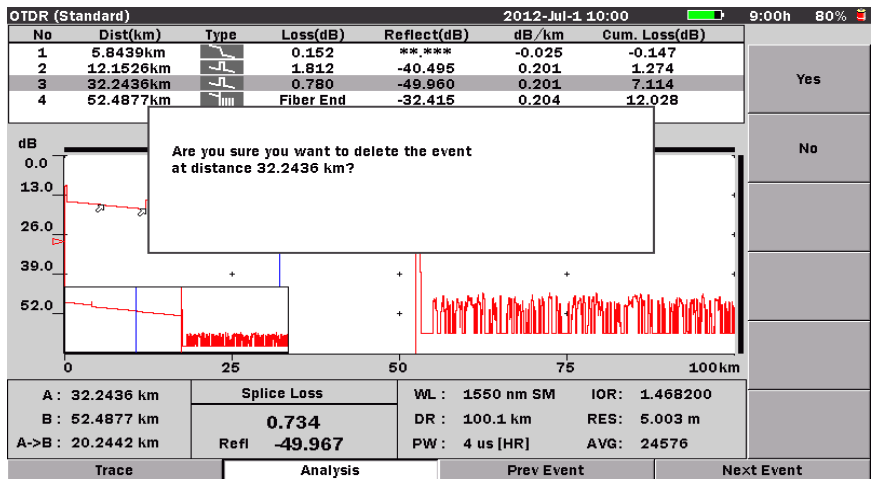


Figure 4-19: Delete Event Warning Message

► Note

The end event cannot be deleted. If you select the end event the following message is displayed:

Cannot delete the end event.

4. Press **Yes (f1)**. The following happens:
 - The Warning Message closes.
 - The event is removed from the Event table.
 - The event flag for the deleted event is removed from the trace.

► Note

The original trace and event table can be retrieved, even if you have saved the edited trace. Press **More >> (f6)** until **f1** reads “**Analyze**”, and then press **f1** to re-run the analysis. The trace and its Event table are returned to their original status.

Softkeys – OTDR (Standard) Mode

OTDR (Standard) mode has six softkeys accessed via the f1-f6 keys on the right side of the LCD screen and four softkeys accessed via the F1-F4 keys on the lower side of the LCD Screen (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-1).

Softkey text indicates the softkey functions and may change with each keypress.

Softkey Levels

There are four main levels of softkeys; levels one, two, and three are available at all times, while level four, the editing function softkeys are only available when an Event Table is displayed.

Level One Softkeys

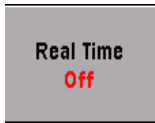


Or



When “Start Key Operation” on page 4-14 is set to “Start Auto Test”, press **f1** to start a new test using the currently set test parameters. The red legend on the Manual Test softkey changes to “On” while the test is running.

When “Start Key Operation” is set to “Start Auto or Manual Test”, press **f1** to set **Start** key operation. The red legend on the Test Mode softkey changes to “Auto” or “Manual”.



Press **f2** to start a Real Time test. The red legend on the Real Time softkey changes to “On” while the test is running.



Press **f3** to toggle through the available wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey displays the current wavelength setting.

In addition, dual, tri and quad wavelength units also feature a “Wavelength All” setting. See “Setting the Source Wavelength to All” on page 4-77 for details.

Note

Pressing the Wavelength softkey on single wavelength models generates an error tone.



Press **f4** to set the Distance Range, Pulse width, and Resolution for the current test. The red legends on the softkey display the current Distance Range and Pulse Width settings. The red legends on the softkey also display the current Dead-zone mode.

Or



When **Wavelength (f3)** is set to “All”, the legend on the **f4** softkey changes to "Test Parameters". Press **f4** to display the Test Parameters screen. See “Setting the Test Parameters” on page 4-77 for details.



Press **f5** to set the Display From mode for viewing the trace graph. The red legend on the softkey displays the current display mode.



Press **f6** to advance to the Level Two softkeys.

Level Two Softkeys



Press **f1** to set the averaging time. The red legend displays the current averaging time.

Note

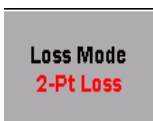
The Average Time softkey is dimmed when the Wavelength softkey is set to “Wavelength All” mode. Actual average time may be longer than the set average time depending on the resolution and distance range setting.



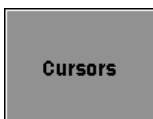
Press **f2** to set the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) used for the current test. The red legends display the current settings.

Note

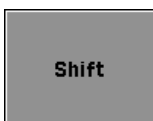
The IOR/BSC softkey is dimmed when the Wavelength softkey is set to “Wavelength All” mode.



Press **f3** to select the desired loss mode for the current test. The red legend displays the currently selected loss mode.



Press **f4** to access the Cursor softkeys. See “Cursor Softkeys” on page 4-54 for details.



Press **f5** to access the Shift mode softkeys. See “Shift Mode Softkeys” on page 4-54 for details.

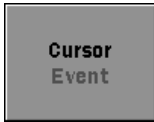


Press **f6** to advance to the Level Three softkeys.

Level Three Softkeys



Press **f1** to perform analysis on the current primary trace.



Press **f2** to toggle the status of the active cursor. When the red legend reads "Event", turning the **Rotary knob** causes the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace. When the red legend reads "Free" you can position the cursors anywhere on the trace grid.



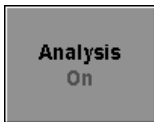
Place Cursor A near an event and then press **f3** to automatically zoom in on the event.



Press **f4** to display the ORL value in the Loss Mode area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

 **Note**

This softkey is only active when the loss mode is set to ORL.



Press **f5** to toggle the Analysis function "On" and "Off". The Event Table for the current trace is displayed when the red legend on the softkey reads "**On**" and the table is hidden when the legend reads "**Off**".

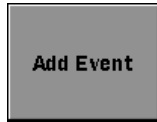


Press **f6** to advance to the Level Four softkeys, if the current trace displays an Event Table.

If the currently displayed trace does not include an Event Table, press **f6** to return to the Level One softkeys.

Level Four Softkeys

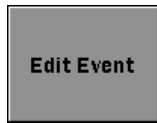
The Level Four softkeys provide trace editing functions and are only available when the current trace displays an Event Table.



Press **f1** to add a new event to the current event table.

► **Note**

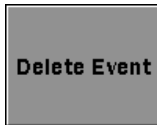
The Add Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode.



Press **f2** to edit an event in the current event table.

► **Note**

The Edit Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode.



Press **f3** to delete an event from the current event table.



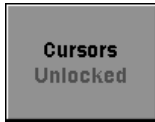
Press **f4** to enter the Template Mode softkeys layer.



Press **f6** to return to the Level One softkeys.

Cursor Softkeys

The Cursor softkeys are accessed from the Level Two softkeys by pressing **Cursors (f4)**.



Toggle **f1** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “Locked”. The distance between Cursor A and Cursor B will remain fixed when Cursor B is moved. See “Locking and Unlocking Cursors” on page 4-57 for details.



Press **f2** to toggle the state of the LSA loss intervals. When the red legend on the softkey reads “On” you can adjust the length of the LSA loss intervals.

 **Note**

The Move LSA softkey is only active in the following loss modes: Splice Loss, 2pt LSA, and dB/km LSA.



Press **f3** to return the LSA loss intervals to their default settings.

 **Note**

The Default LSA softkey is only active when in the following loss modes: Splice Loss, 2Pt LSA, and dB/km LSA.



Press **f6** to close the Cursor softkeys and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Shift Mode Softkeys

The Shift Mode softkeys are accessed from the Level Two softkeys by pressing **Shift (f5)**.



Toggle **f1** to set the Shift Mode: Horizontal or Vertical.



Press **f2** to reset the horizontal shift to 0 (zero).



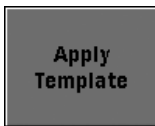
Press **f3** to reset the vertical shift to 0 (zero).



Press **f6** to close the Shift Mode softkeys and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Template Mode Softkeys

The Template Mode softkeys are accessed from the Level Four softkeys by pressing Shift (f4).



Press **f1** to apply the template to the current primary trace manually.

► **Note**

This softkey is only enabled when a template is present.



Press **f2** to create a template from the current primary trace and enable template mode. (The template trace is drawn in purple).



Press **f3** to clear the template trace and de-activate template mode.

► **Note**

This softkey is only enabled when a template is present.



Press **f4** to open the Template Settings screen.

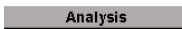


Press **f6** to close the Template Mode softkeys and return to the Level Four softkeys.

Extension softkeys



Pressing **F1** displays only the waveform on the screen when the Analysis screen is displayed.



Pressing **F2** selects the event just before the selected one when only the waveform is displayed on the screen.



Pressing **F3** selects the event just after the selected event when the Analysis screen is displayed.



Pressing **F4** selects the event just after the selected event when the Analysis screen is displayed.

Note

When the Analysis screen is not displayed or the event does not exist, this button is invalid (displayed in gray).

Selecting and Positioning Cursors

The active cursor is displayed as a red vertical line in the Trace graph.

Setting the Active Cursor

To toggle the active cursor:

- Press the **Rotary knob** (or the **Enter** key) to select the desired cursor.

Precise Positioning of the Active Cursor

To precisely position the cursor:

1. Select the desired cursor (see “Setting the Active Cursor” above).
2. Press **Display From (f5)** and select the desired display from setting (**Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on which is cursor is currently selected as the active cursor).
3. Use the **Left**, **Right**, **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to zoom up the desired amount. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” below for details.

4. Turn the **Rotary knob** to position the active cursor until the desired cursor distance is displayed in the Cursor Distance Information area (see item 3 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

Locking and Unlocking Cursors

To lock the cursors:

1. Set Cursor B as the active cursor.
2. Press **Cursors (f4)**, the Cursor softkeys appear.
3. Toggle **Cursors (f1)** until the red legend on the softkey reads “**Locked**”.

When the cursors are locked, the distance between the cursors remains fixed.

To unlock the cursors:

1. Press **Cursors (f4)**, the Cursor softkeys appear.
2. Press **Cursors Locked (f1)**, the red legend on the softkey changes to “**Unlocked**”.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Cursor softkeys and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract

Use the Horizontal/Vertical expand to expand a section of the trace when:

- Positioning the cursors for a test
- Adjusting the LSA intervals

To expand an area:

1. Position the desired cursor (A or B) to the approximate position.
2. Toggle **Display From (f5)** to the desired mode, **Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on the cursor selected in step 1.
3. Press the **Up Arrow** key. Each press decreases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.
Press the **Right Arrow** key. Each press decreases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

To contract an area:

- Press the **Down Arrow** key. Each press increases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.

Chapter 4: OTDR (Standard) Mode

- Press the **Left Arrow** key. Each press increases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

Note

An error tone sounds when you reach the full expand/contract value for either axis.

Template Mode

Template mode is a function to display event information by generating a predefined event table and mapping the collected trace onto the event conditions in this event table.

Template soft key layer

To Enter the Template soft key layer

1. Make sure that the current trace displays an Event table.
2. Toggle **More >>** (f6) until the legend on the f4 softkey reads “Template” and Press Template (f4).

The template soft key layer includes the following softkeys.

- Apply Template (f1)
- Create Template (f2)
- Clear Template (f3)
- Template Setting (f4)

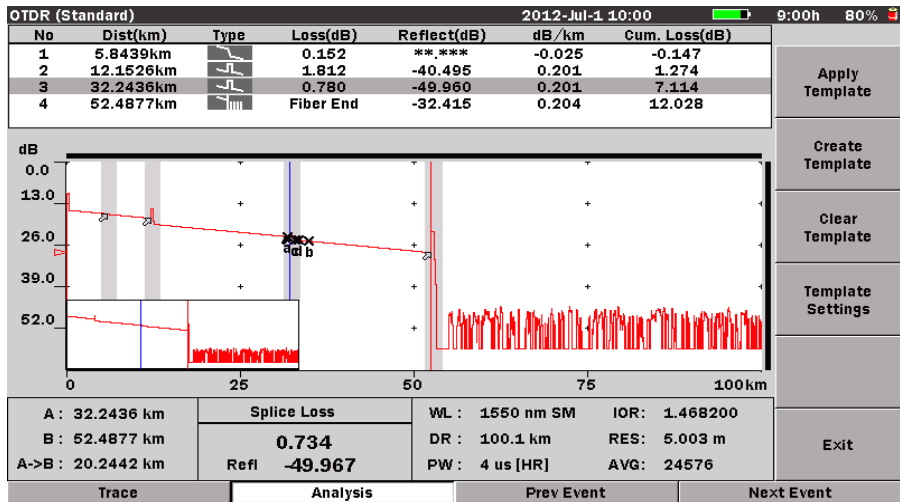


Figure 4-20: Template soft key layer

To apply template

- Press **Apply Template (f1)** to apply the created template trace to the current primary trace.

The **Apply Template softkey** is dimmed if there is no template trace.

To create template

- Press **Create Template (f2)** to create a template from the current primary trace.

When a template is created, template mode becomes enabled, gray bars appear on the screen to indicate where the template events are located, and the template trace is drawn in purple.

To clear template

- Press **Clear Template (f3)** to clear the template trace.

Template mode is disabled when the template is cleared.

To set the Template Setting

- Press **Template Settings (f4)** to access the template settings screen.

Template Settings Screen

Template Settings screen (see Figure 4-21 on page 4-61) contains access for the following parameter settings:

- Event Determination
- Trace Priority
- Distance
- Absolute Distance
- Distance Helix Factor Adjustment:

Note

Trace Priority, Distance and Absolute Distance are only activated when Merge is selected for Event Determination.



Figure 4-21: Template Setting screen

Event Determination

The setting made in the Event Determination control how the Template trace event are applied to the selected target trace.

To Set the Event Determination:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Template** on the Event Determination field.
2. Toggle the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the desire mode (**Template** or **Merge**).
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Template Setting screen.
 - If **Template** is selected, all events are copied directly from the template trace and onto the collected trace.
 - If **Merge** is selected, the events in the template trace and the collected trace are correlated and merged.

Trace Priority

The Trace Priority check box gives the target trace event location priority over correlated events from the template when Merge is selected.

If cleared, non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, correlated template events replace the correlating target trace events, and all other target trace events are left unchanged.

To Set the Trace Priority

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Trace Priority** field.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** to select or clear the check box for the trace priority.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Template Setting screen.
 - If the **Trace Priority** check box is cleared, non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, correlated template events replace the correlating target trace events, and all other target trace events are left unchanged.
 - If the **Trace Priority** check box is selected, only non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, all other events are left unchanged.

Note

Correlation of events is determined by the correlation window which is based on the Distance and Absolute Distance settings. If more than one target trace Event falls within the correlation window of a template event, the closest event is considered correlated.

For each template non-end event that is propagated to the target trace, the target trace event's loss value is computed using the adjusted template event distance and LSA cursors.

“Table 4-1: Resultant Target Trace Events” shows examples of resultant target trace events for the three merge/priority states: Template On/Merge Off, Merge On/Trace Priority Off, Merge On/Trace Priority On.

Table 4-1: Resultant Target Trace Events

Template Trace Event Location	Target Trace Event Location	result		
		Template=On	Merge=On Trace Priority=Off	Merge=On Trace Priority=On
10.0	NONE	10.0	10.0	10.0
20.0	20.1	20.0	20.0	20.1
NONE	30.1	NONE	30.1	30.1
40.0	40.1	40.0	40.0	40.1 (end event)

Distance and Absolute Distance

The Percent Distance and Absolute Distance define the size of the correlation window which determines how close together events must be to correlate.

The size of the window is defined to be:

*MINIMUM (Percent * Template Event Distance, Absolute Distance).*

To set Distance

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Distance** field.
2. Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value, from 0.0 to 100.0 in the field.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Template Setting screen.

To set Absolute Distance

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Absolute Distance** field.

When the distance display units are set to km

2. Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value, from 0.000 to 250.0000km in the field.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Template Setting screen.

Distance Helix Factor

Events in the template trace and the target trace may not align perfectly due to the differences in length of the fibers within a single cable. Distance Helix Factor Adjust options compensate for the difference in length and also obtain improved splice location and loss estimation.

There are three option buttons in the **Distance Helix Factor Adjustment** area:

- **None** - The template and target trace event locations will be used as is, without Distance Helix Factor Adjustment.
- **Snap to Template End** - All template event locations will be converted to proportional (relative to target end) target event locations prior to correlation. For example, if a template event is located at a distance which is 43.21% from the template end event location, then the location will be temporarily converted to a distance 43.21% from the target trace end event. After correlation, all events will be converted to proportional template end locations and stored in the target trace.
- **Snap to Trace End** - All template event locations will be converted to proportional (relative to target end) target event locations prior to correlation and left as is after correlation.

To Set the Distance Helix Factor

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired option (**None**, **Snap to Template End** or **Snap to Trace End**) on the **Distance Helix Factor Adjustment** field.
2. Toggle the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the desired option.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the **Template Setting** screen.

Note

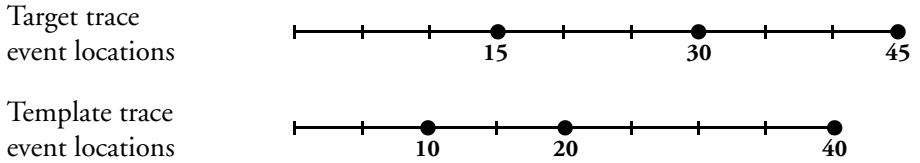
The “Snap to” options should only be used if all traces have correct fiber end events.

Detailed explanation of the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment function

The following explanation assumes the Template Settings screen settings other than the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment options are as follows.

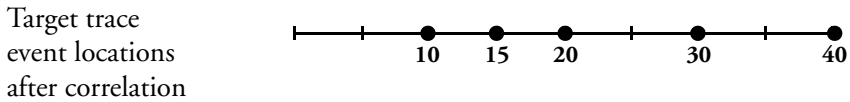
- Event Determination: Merge
- Trace Priority: OFF
- Distance: 30%
- Absolute Distance: 1 km

Next, assuming the Template trace and Target trace event locations are as follows:

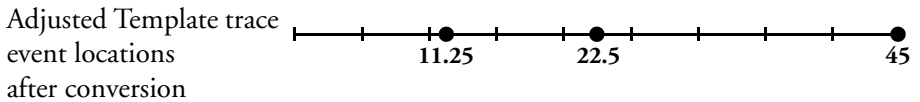


The following describes the corrections performed when each option is selected for the example shown above.

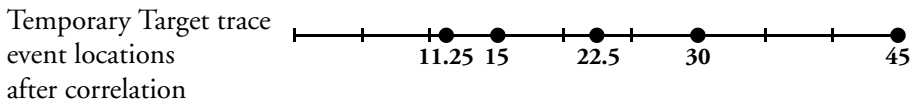
- If **None** is selected
 1. The event locations for the Target trace and Template trace events remain unchanged and correlation is performed without using the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment function.



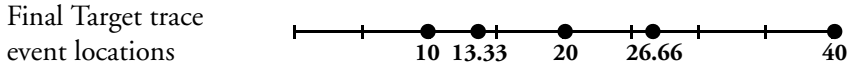
- If **Snap to Template End** is selected
 1. Each Template trace event is converted proportionately relative to the Target trace end event location.



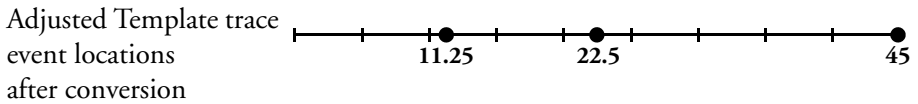
2. Next, correlation is performed using the Target trace events and converted temporary Template trace events.



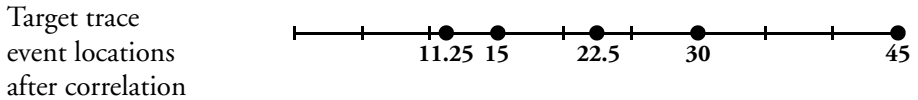
3. Finally, the correlated temporary Template trace events are converted proportionately relative to the end event location for the Template trace events.



- If **Snap to Trace End** is selected
 1. Each Template trace event is converted proportionately relative to the Target trace end event location.



2. Next, correlation is performed using the Target trace events and converted temporary Template trace events.



“Table 4-2: Resultant Target Trace Events” shows examples of resultant target trace events for the three Distance Helix Factor Adjustment options: None, Snap to Template End, Snap to Trace End.

Table 4-2: Resultant Target Trace Events

Template Trace Event Location	Target Trace Event Location	result		
		Distance Helix Factor Adjustment:		
		None	Snap to Template End	Snap to Trace End
10	15	10, 15	10, 13.33	11.25, 15
20	30	20, 30	20, 26.66	22.5, 30
40	45	40	40.0	45

OTDR (Standard) Mode Measurement Parameters

Setting the Source Wavelength

To set the source wavelength:

- Press **Wavelength (f3)** to toggle through the source wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey changes with each key press. Depending on the configuration of MT9083 Series in use, up to four wavelengths are available.

In addition, dual, tri and quad wavelength units also feature a “Wavelength All” setting. See “Setting the Source Wavelength to All” on page 4-77 for details on setting the wavelength in Wavelength All mode.

► Note

Pressing the Wavelength softkey on single wavelength units causes an error tone to sound.

The wavelength may be changed while a Real Time or Averaging cycle is running. The test will restart using the new wavelength.

Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width

The Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width settings determine the trace data distance range and resolution value (data point spacing) as well as the pulse width used for the test cycle.

To set the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width:

1. Press **Range/Pulse Width (f4)**, the Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse width dialog box appears (see Figure 4-22 on page 4-67).

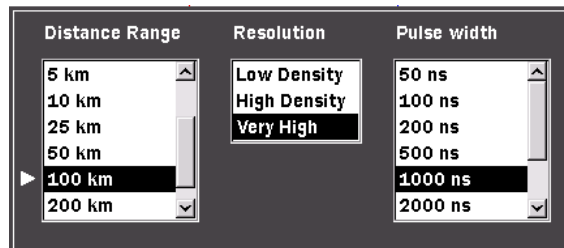


Figure 4-22: Range/Resolution/Pulse Width Dialog box

2. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the white arrow to the desired list.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the selected list.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until all the desired settings are highlighted.
5. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the Range/Pulse Width softkey displays the newly selected Distance Range and Pulse Width.

The distance range/resolution/pulse width settings may be changed while a Real Time or Averaging cycle is running. The test will restart using the new settings. The distance range/resolution/pulse width settings vary depending on what model of the MT9083 Series product you are using.

Selecting the Dead-zone Mode

The MT9083A2/B2/C2 have a Dead-zone mode selection function. The two modes available via this mode selection function are Standard mode and Enhanced Range mode.

The features of the two modes are described below.

Standard mode:

- Standard mode allows short dead-zone measurements to be performed

Enhanced Range mode:

- Allows high dynamic range measurements.
- Allows fast measurements.
- Can be used to test the path over each optical fiber split by the splitter included in the PON system.

Setting the Standard Mode

To Set the Standard Mode:

1. Pressing **Range/Pulse Width (f4)** brings up **Dead-zone (f1)**. (See figure below.)
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set “Standard (HR)”.
3. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the Range / Pulse Width softkey displays the newly selected Dead-zone mode.
 - HR: Standard mode

- ER: Enhanced Range mode

Note

- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

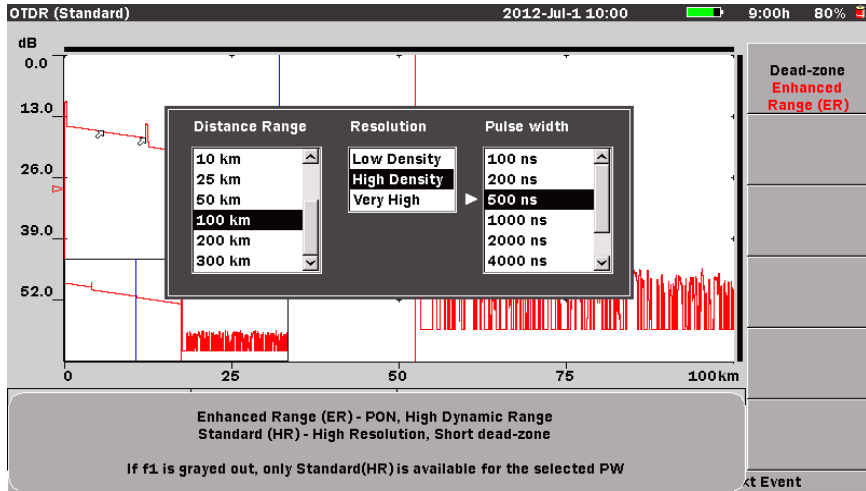


Figure 4-23: Dead-zone Mode Selecting screen

Setting the Enhanced Range Mode

To Set the Enhanced Range Mode:

1. Pressing Range/Pulse Width (f4) brings up **Dead-zone (f1)**.
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set “Enhanced Range (ER)”.
3. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the Range / Pulse Width softkey displays the newly selected Dead-zone mode.

- HR: Standard mode
- ER: Enhanced Range mode

Note

- The Enhanced Range mode is only available if an SM unit is fitted. The **Dead-zone (f1) key** becomes unavailable if an MM unit is fitted.
- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

Display From

Three Display From modes are available for viewing the trace graph: Display From A, Display From B, and Display From Origin.

- Press **Display From (f5)** to toggle through the three modes. The legend on the softkey changes to the current Display From mode.



Display From Origin

Keeps the origin (0 distance and 0 dB) in the upper left corner of the trace graph.



Display From A

Displays the A cursor intercept with the trace data in the center of the trace graph view.



Display From B

Displays the B cursor intercept with the trace data in the center of the trace graph view.

Setting the Average Time/Average Count

Specify the Average Time/Average Count by either selecting one of the four pre-set values or by entering the desired value in the field at the bottom of the dialogbox (see Figure 4-24 on page 4-71).

► Note

Average Count can only be accessed when the language for the MT9083 Series is set to “Chinese”. See “Language” on page 3-10 for details on changing the current language selection. Actual average time may be longer than the set average time depending on the resolution and distance range setting.

To set the Average Time:

1. Press **Average Time (f1)**. The Average Time dialog box appears (see Figure 4-24 on page 4-71).

► Note

When the language is set to “Chinese” this dialog box is titled “Averaging”.

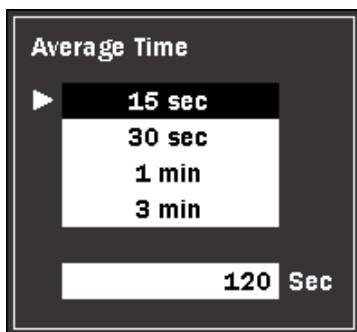


Figure 4-24: Average Time Dialog box

2. If the language is currently set to Chinese, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to toggle the Averaging mode from “**Time**” to “**Count**” depending on the desired mode.
For any language other than Chinese, skip step 2 and continue at step 3.

► **Note**

The “Time” and “Count” selections are available only when the language is set to Chinese and are not shown in Figure 4-24.

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired pre-set value, or to move the white arrow down to the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 2).
 - If you highlighted one of the pre-set values, continue at step 5.
 - If you are entering an amount in the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 2) continue at step 4.
4. Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value, from 1 to 3600 in the field.
5. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the new value is displayed in the red legend on the softkey.

The Averaging Mode setting can be changed on the fly while either in a Real Time or an averaging cycle by using the procedure above. The test will restart using the new setting.

Setting the IOR and BSC

Use the IOR/BSC dialog box to select one of the pre-set Fiber Types, which automatically sets the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) for the selected fiber type, or select “Other” and then use the Numeric keypad to enter the desired IOR and BSC settings.

To set the IOR and BSC values:

1. Press **IOR/BSC (f2)**. The IOR/BSC dialog box appears (see Figure 4-25).

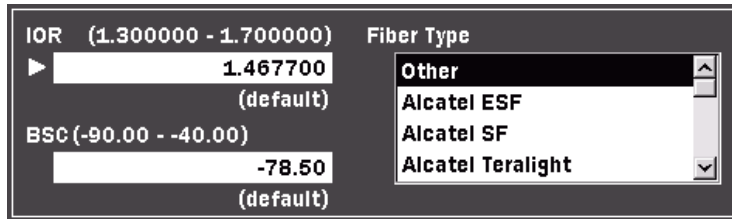


Figure 4-25: IOR/BSC Dialog box

2. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys to move the white arrow to the **Fiber Type** field, if necessary, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired fiber type. When the desired fiber type is highlighted, press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**).

Or –

If the fiber type is not listed, select **Other** and then move the white arrow to the **IOR** and **BSC fields**. Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired values.

When the IOR and BSC values are entered, press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value.

3. The dialog box closes and the new settings are displayed in the red legend on the softkey.

Dial IOR

This can be used to change the IOR in response to an event when a measurement result is present.

To set the IOR with Dial IOR:

1. Press **IOR / BSC (f2)**. The IOR/BSC dialog box appears (see Figure 4-25).
2. Press **Dial IOR (f1)**.
3. Use the **Right** and **Left** to select digit.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to change the IOR.
5. To confirm the change, press **Accept (f1)**. To cancel, press **Cancel (f2)**.

Note

When the Wavelength is set to All, IOR cannot be changed.

Setting the Loss Mode**To set the Loss Mode:**

1. Press **Loss Mode (f3)**. The Loss Mode dialog box appears.

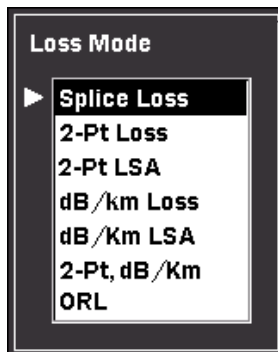


Figure 4-26: Loss Mode Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired loss mode. For details on the various loss modes, see Chapter 7, “OTDR Mode Measurements”.
3. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the softkey changes to the selected loss mode.

The Loss Mode may be changed on the fly while either a Real Time or an averaging cycle is running by using the procedure above. The test will restart using the new loss mode.

Shifting Trace Data

The primary trace data can be horizontally or vertically shifted to adjust the view and event locations. The distance offset (horizontal) and decibel offset (vertical) are displayed above the trace graph.

To shift trace data:

1. If two traces are displayed, make sure that the desired trace is in the primary trace position. The primary trace is always displayed in red.
2. With the Level Two softkeys displayed, press **Shift (f5)**. The Shift Mode softkeys appear.
3. Toggle the **Shift Mode** softkey (f1) to the desired shift type: **Horizontal** or **Vertical**.
4. Turn the **Rotary knob** to shift the trace along the chosen axis. The offset values of the shift are displayed above the trace graph. See Figure 4-27.

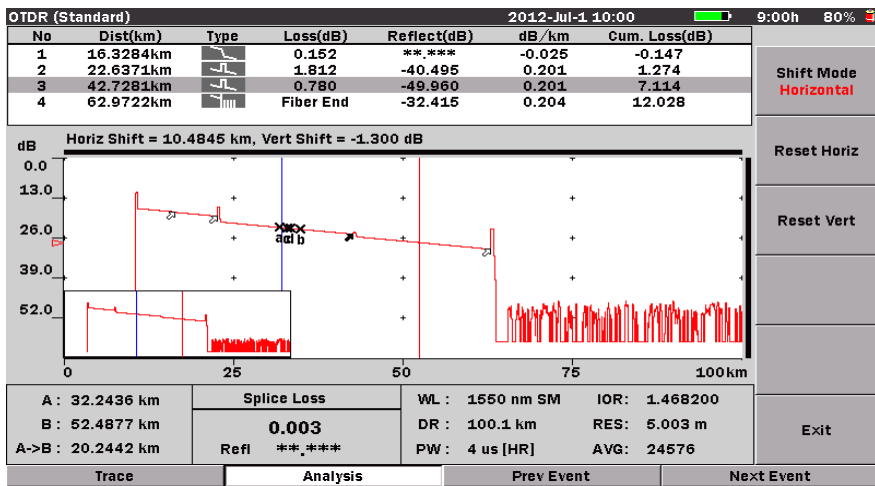


Figure 4-27: Shift Mode

5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 to shift along the other axis.
6. When you have reached the desired shift location, press **Exit (f6)** to close the Shift mode and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Resetting a Shifted Trace

Use the following procedure to reset the Shift values to 0.

To reset shift values to 0:

1. With the Shift Mode softkeys displayed, press **Reset Horiz (f2)** to reset the horizontal shift to 0 (zero) and/or press **Reset Vert (f3)** to reset the vertical shift to 0 (zero).
2. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Shift mode and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Running Analysis on a Trace

The Analysis feature performs an automatic analysis of the fiber waveform, returning information such as the location of connectors, splices, reflectance and loss values. The results are presented in detail in the Event Table. The types of data gathered by analysis are dependent upon the various settings selected on the Thresholds screen in setups (see pages 4-14 – 4-21).

Use the following procedure to automatically launch Analysis at the conclusion of a data collection. The results appear on the OTDR (Analysis) screen (see Figure 4-14 on page 4-37).

To activate Auto Analysis:

1. Enter OTDR (Standard) mode, and then press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **Preferences(1-2) (f2)**, if necessary.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Analysis**.
4. Press the **Enter** key. The Auto Analysis dialog box appears.
5. Highlight **“On”**, and then press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the Auto Analysis status field reads **“On”**.
6. Press the **ESC** key to close Setups and return to the OTDR (Standard) mode.

Note

Auto Analysis is not available in Real-Time test mode.

To analyze a trace when Auto Analysis is not active:

- When the data collection for the current trace concludes, press **Analysis** (f5). The red legend on the softkey changes from “Off” to “On” and a populated Event Table is displayed above the trace graph.

 **Note**

If the legend on f5 does not read “Analysis”, press the **More >>** softkey (f6) until the Level Three softkeys are displayed.

Wavelength All Mode

Wavelength All mode provides multiple wavelength testing (for all singlemode or all multimode wavelengths available for the given MT9083 Series) with trace overlay and macro bend detect features.

Note

- Mixed singlemode/multimode testing is not supported.

Wavelength All Test Parameters

The following section outlines setting the test parameters when in Wavelength All mode.

Setting the Source Wavelength to All

To set the source wavelength to All:

- Press **Wavelength (f3)** to toggle through the source wavelengths until the red legend on the softkey reads “All”.

Setting the Test Parameters

When the **Wavelength** softkey (**f3**) is set to “All”, the **f4** softkey legend changes to “Test Parameters”. Pressing **Test Parameters (f4)** displays the OTDR Parameters screen (see Figure 4-28 on page 4-78) which contains access for the following test parameter settings:

- Range/Resolution/Pulse Width
- Number of Averages (Averaging Time)
- IOR (Index of Refraction) / BSC (Backscatter Coefficient)

In addition, each pane has an option button which, when selected sets the basic test parameters to the same setting for all available wavelengths.

The OTDR Parameters screen also provides access to Macro Bend testing.

To access the OTDR Parameters screen:

- With the Wavelength softkey (f3) set to **Wavelength All**, press **Test Parameters (f4)**. The OTDR Parameters screen (see Figure 4-28 on page 4-78) appears.

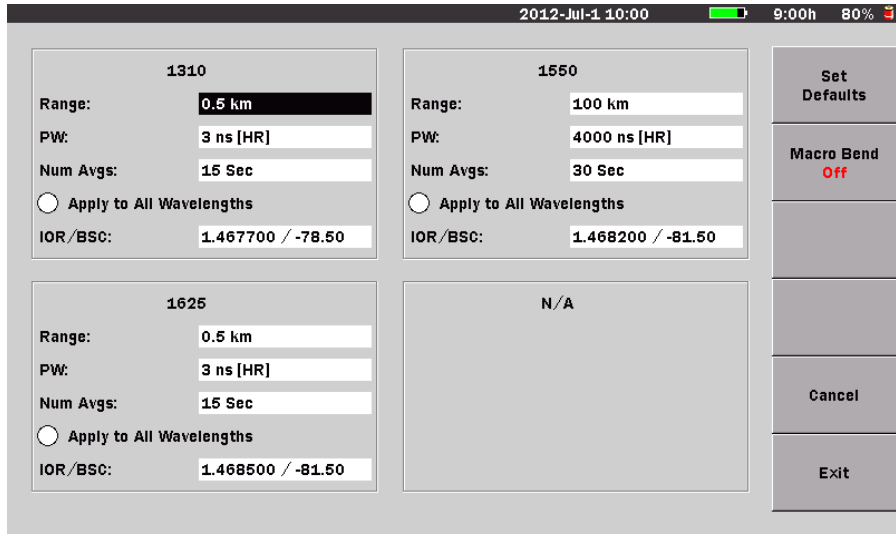


Figure 4-28: OTDR Parameters Screen

To set the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width in Wavelength All mode:

1. With the OTDR Parameters screen displayed, use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Range** field or **PW** field for the first desired wavelength and then press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse width dialog box appears (see Figure 4-22 on page 4-67).
2. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the white arrow to the desired list.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the selected list.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until all the desired settings are highlighted.
5. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the **Range** field and **PW** field displays the newly selected Distance Range and Pulse Width.

6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 for each desired wavelength.
7. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the OTDR Parameters screen or move the highlight to the next desired parameter to continue.

Use the following procedure to specify the Average Time/Average Count by either selecting one of the four pre-set values or by entering the desired value in the field at the bottom of the dialog box (see Figure 4-24 on page 4-71).

► Note

Average Count can only be accessed when the language for the MT9083 Series is set to “Chinese”. See “Language” on page 3-10 for details on changing the current language selection.

To select the Dead-zone mode in Wavelength All mode:

1. With the OTDR Parameters screen displayed, use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Range** field or **PW** field for the for the first desired wavelength and then press the Enter key (or the **Rotary knob**). The Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse width dialog box appears (see Figure 4-22 on page 4-67).
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set the desired mode.
3. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the newly selected Dead-zone mode displays on the PW field.

► Note

- This mode selection function is not available on the MT9083A2 except the models with Option 073.
- The Enhanced Range mode is only available if an SM unit is fitted. The **Dead-zone (f1)** key becomes unavailable if an MM unit is fitted.
- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

To set the Average Time in Wavelength All mode:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Num Avgs** field for the for the first desired wavelength and then press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The Average Time dialog box appears (see Figure 4-24 on page 4-71).

► **Note**

When the language is set to “Chinese” this dialog box is titled “Averaging” in Chinese.

2. If the language is currently set to Chinese, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to toggle the Averaging mode from “**Time**” to “**Count**” depending on the desired mode.
For any language other than Chinese, skip step 2 and continue at step 3.

► **Note**

The “Time” and “Count” selections are only available when the language is set to Chinese and are not shown in Figure 4-24 on page 4-71.

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired pre-set value, or to move the white arrow down to the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 2).
 - If you highlighted one of the pre-set values continue at step 5.
 - If you are entering an amount in the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 2) continue at step 4.
4. Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value, from 1 to 3600 in the field.
5. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the new value is displayed in the Num Avgs field.
6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 for each desired wavelength.
7. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the OTDR Parameters screen or move the highlight to the next desired parameter to continue.

Use the following procedure to set the Range, Resolution, Pulse Width, and Average Time to the same values for all available wavelengths.

To apply the Range, Resolution, Pulse Width, and Average Time to all wavelengths:

1. Set the Range, Resolution and Pulse Width, as well as the Average Time as detailed in the previous two procedures, for one of the available wavelengths.
2. Select **Apply to All Wavelengths**.

3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the OTDR Parameters screen or move the highlight to the next desired parameter to continue.

Use the following procedure to set the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) for each available wavelength.

To set the IOR and BSC values in Wavelength All mode:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **IOR/BSC** field for the first desired wavelength and then press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The IOR/BSC dialog box appears (see Figure 4-25 on page 4-72).
2. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** to move the white arrow to the **Fiber Type** field, if necessary, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired fiber type.

When the desired fiber type is highlighted, press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**).

Or –

If the fiber type is not listed, select **Other** and then move the white arrow to the **IOR** and **BSC fields**. Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired values.

When the IOR and BSC values are entered, press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value.

3. The dialog box closes and the new settings are displayed in the IOR/BSC field.
4. Repeat steps 1 through 3 for each desired wavelength.
5. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the OTDR Parameters screen.

To reset the OTDR Parameters to their default settings:

- With the OTDR Parameters screen displayed, press **Set Defaults (f1)**. The screen returns to its factory default settings.

To activate Macro Bend mode:

- With the OTDR Parameters screen displayed, press **f2** to set the On/Off state of the Macro Bend detect function. Losses that meet or exceed the Macro Bend threshold, are flagged in the Event table with an **M** indicator, following the Loss reading.

See “Macro Bend” on page 4-16 for details on setting the Macro Bend threshold.

► **Note**

Macro Bend detection requires an MT9083 Series unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

Wavelength All Testing

The following procedure outlines the steps used to perform a Wavelength All test.

To perform a Wavelength All test:

1. Toggle **Wavelength (f3)** until the red legend on the softkey reads “All”.
2. Press **Test Parameters (f4)** and set the desired test parameters, per available wavelength, for the test. See “Setting the Test Parameters” on pages 4-77 through 4-81 for details.
3. Set the desired Loss Mode. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details.
4. Enable Auto Analysis, if desired. See “To set Auto Analysis:” on page 4-5 for details.
5. Enable AutoSave, if desired. See “AutoSave” on page 4-23 for details.
6. When all of the desired test parameters have been set, press **Manual Test (f1)** to start the test. This starts an averaged scan at the lowest wavelength using the parameters as set in steps 2 through 5.

When the test completes, Event analysis is run (if Auto Analysis is enabled), and the trace is saved (if AutoSave is enabled). The trace is placed into an Overlay position, and the next wavelength starts and updates the Primary trace position. This process continues until all traces have been collected.

The Trace screen, at the end of the test, will appear as shown in Figure 4-29.

► **Note**

The number of Overlay traces displayed is depended on the number of wavelengths available for testing.

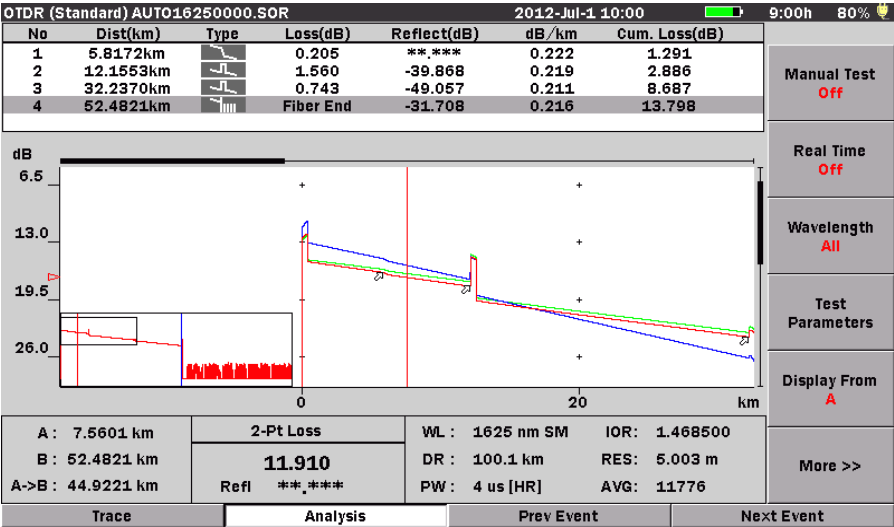


Figure 4-29: Wavelength All Trace Screen

Trace Overlay Management

The MT9083 Series can display up to four traces in the Trace grid, one primary trace and up to three overlay traces. The Trace Overlay management function softkeys are only available when the Trace grid contains a trace in the primary trace position and at least one overlay trace.

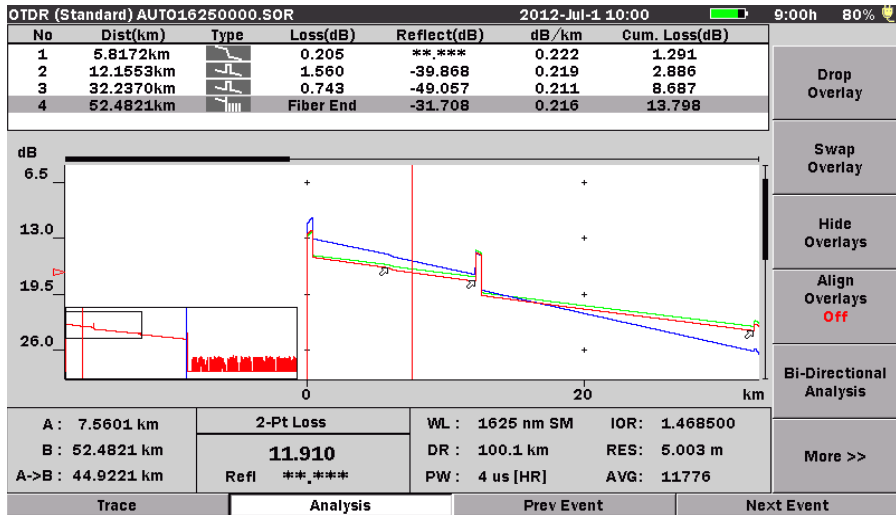


Figure 4-30: Trace Screen with Trace Overlay Softkeys

Trace Overlay Functions

The Trace Overlay functions include:

- Drop Overlay
- Swap Overlay
- Hide/Show Overlays
- Align Overlays
- Bi-Directional Analysis

Depending on the Trace Overlay function selected, the function will either operate on all currently displayed Overlay traces (Align Overlays and Hide/Show Overlays) or on a single, user selected overlay trace (Drop Overlay and Swap Overlay).

Drop Overlay

Use the following procedure to drop (remove) a currently displayed Overlay trace.

To Drop an Overlay trace:

1. When the Trace screen has a Primary trace and one or more Overlay traces displayed, press **Drop Overlay (f1)**, the Drop Overlay dialog box appears.

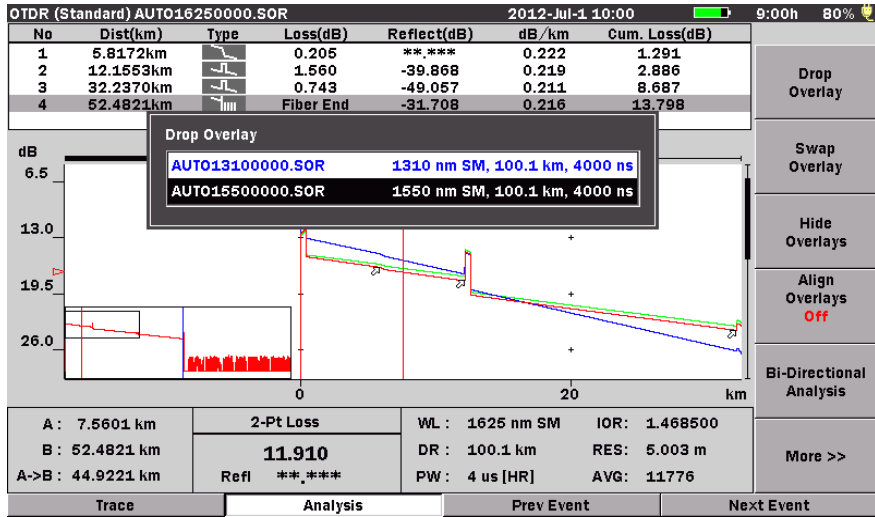


Figure 4-31: Drop Overlay Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to highlight the desired overlay trace in the Drop Overlay dialog box (when there is more than one overlay traces currently displayed).
3. Press the **Enter** key. The Drop Overlay dialog box closes and the selected Overlay trace is removed from the Trace screen.

Swap Overlay

Use the following procedure to swap an Overlay trace with the trace currently in the Primary trace position.

To Swap an overlay trace with the primary trace:

1. When the Trace screen has a Primary trace and one or more Overlay traces displayed, press **Swap Overlay (f2)**, the Swap Overlay dialog box appears.

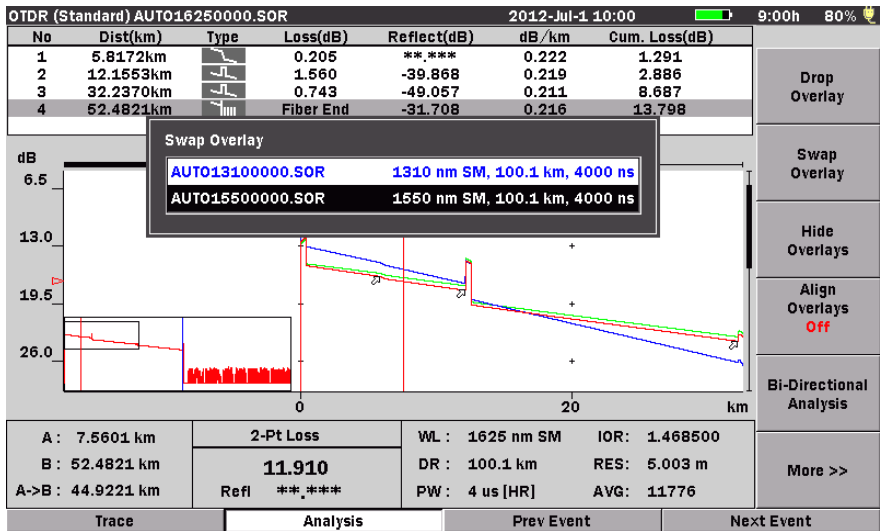


Figure 4-32: Swap Overlay Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to highlight the desired overlay trace in the Swap Overlay dialog box (when there is more than one overlay traces currently displayed).
3. Press the **Enter** key. The Swap Overlay dialog box closes and the selected Overlay trace is moved to the Primary trace position while the former Primary trace is moved to the overlay position of the swapped Overlay trace.

Hide/Show Overlays

Use Hide Overlays function to isolate the Primary trace by temporarily removing the currently displayed overlay trace(s) from the Trace screen.

To isolate the Primary trace:

- When the Trace screen has a Primary trace and one or more Overlay traces displayed, press **Hide Overlays (f3)**. The legend on the softkey changes to **Show Overlays** and the Overlay traces are hidden, leaving only the Primary trace visible.

Note

The Hide Overlays softkey is only available when there are overlay traces currently displayed, as shown in Figure 4-30 on page 4-84.

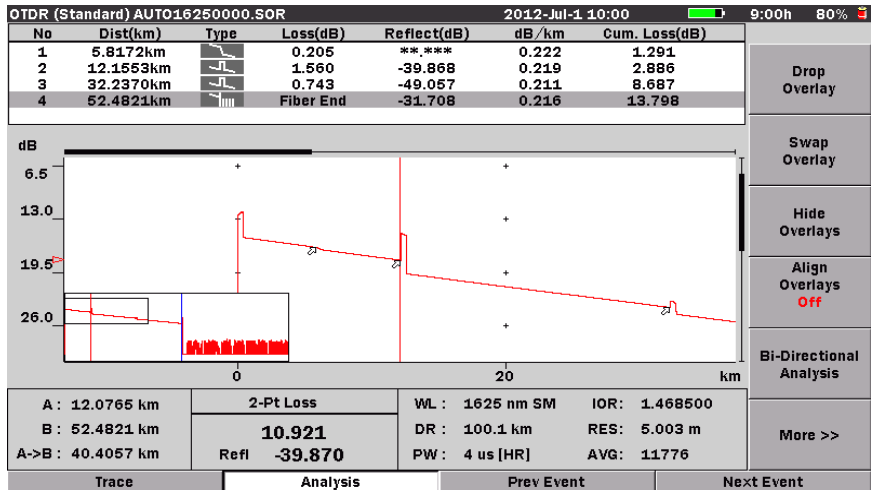


Figure 4-33: Trace Screen with Overlay Traces Hidden

To restore hidden Overlay traces:

- Press **Show Overlays (f3)**. The hidden overlays are restored to the Trace screen.

Note

The Show Overlays softkey is only available when there are hidden overlay traces, as shown in Figure 4-33 above.

Align Overlays

The Align Overlay function forces all Overlay traces to align at the intersection of the currently active cursor and the Primary trace.

Note

The Align Overlay function is only available when in either Display From A or Display From B mode. See “Display From” on page 4-70 for details on setting the Display From mode.

There are three Align Overlay states, which are reached by toggling **Align Overlays (f4)**:

- **Align Overlays Off** – When **Align Overlay** is toggled to **Off**, the currently displayed Overlay traces are not aligned.
- **Align Overlays On** – When **Align Overlay** is toggled to **On**, all currently displayed Overlay traces are aligned to the same point on the screen as that of the intersection of the Primary trace and the cursor. See Figure 4-30 on page 4-84.
- **Align Overlay 1 dB Offset** – When **Align Overlay** is toggled to **1 dB Offset**, the traces are aligned as in Align Overlays On, but each overlay is offset from the common intersection point by 1 dB. See Figure 4-34, below.

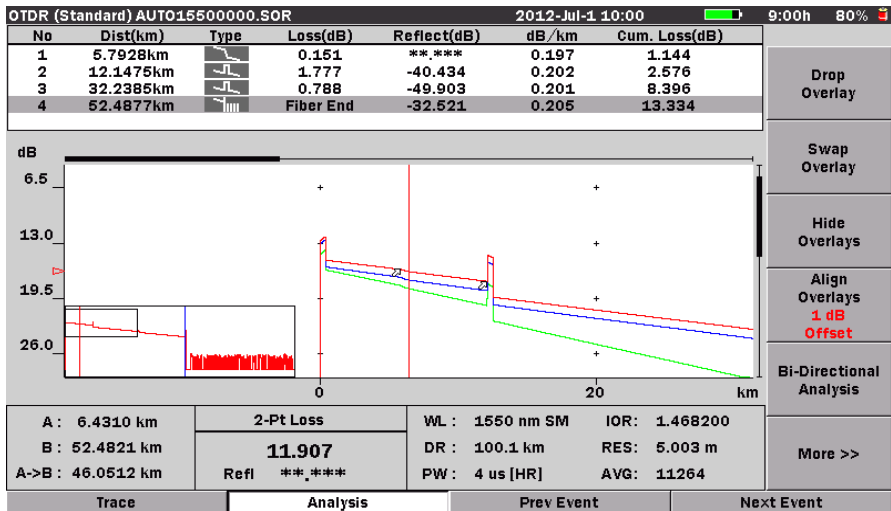


Figure 4-34: Align Overlays 1 dB Offset

Bi-Directional Analysis

The Bi-directional analysis is available by using the following two traces.

- Overlay trace measured from the opposite end of the fiber
- Primary trace measuring the same fiber.

By reversing the direction of Overlay trace, following analysis values are calculated as averages of both traces.

- Total Loss
- Loss(dB)
- dB/km
- Cum.Loss(dB)

The Reverse Direction function reverses the direction of the specified Overlay traces. This function provides the bi-directional analysis of a fiber.

To Reverse the direction of the overlay trace:

1. When the Trace screen has a Primary trace and one or more Overlay traces displayed, press **Bi-Directional Analysis (f5)**, the Reverse Direction dialog box appears.

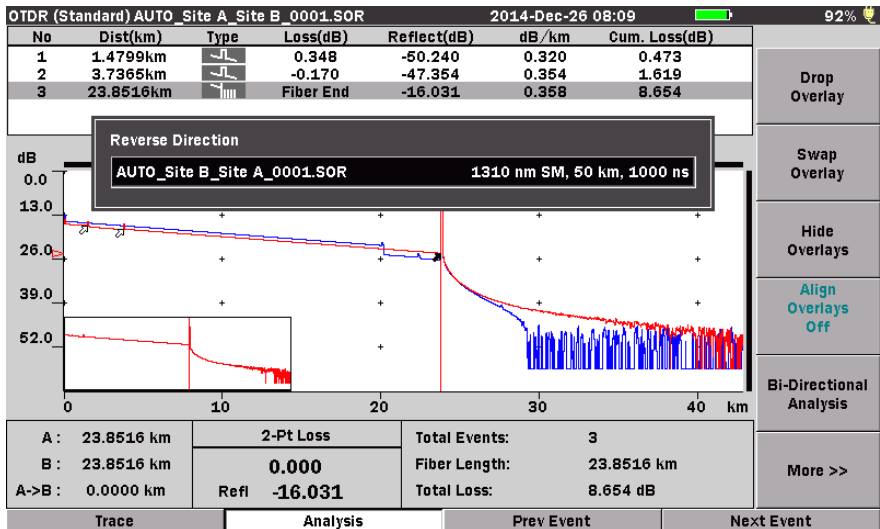


Figure 4-35: Reverse Direction Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to highlight the desired overlay trace in the Reverse Direction dialog box (when there is more than one overlay trace currently displayed).
3. Press the **Enter** key. The Reverse Direction dialog box closes and the selected Overlay trace is reversed in horizontal direction.

To define the range to detect the same event on the Overlay trace as the event on the Primary trace, specify “Bi-Directional Correlation %” on page 4-13.

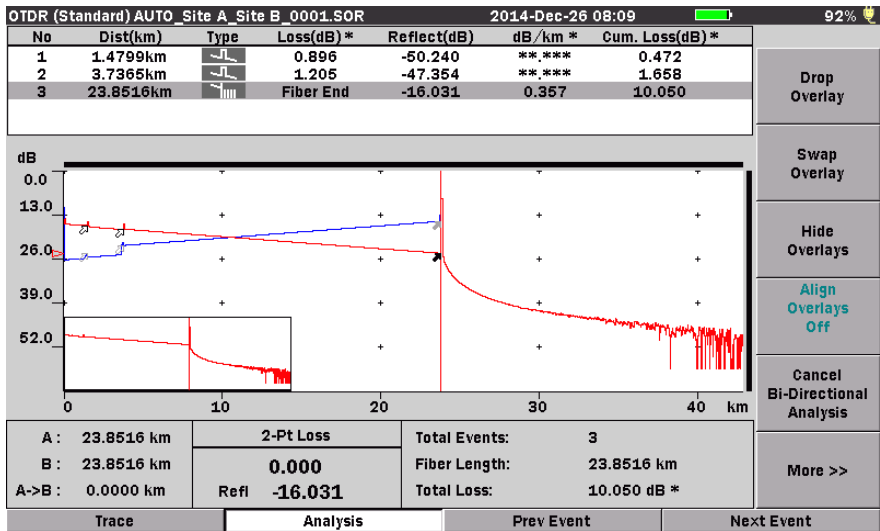


Figure 4-36: Bi-Directional Analysis

To exit the Bi-Directional Analysis, press **cancel Bi-Directional Analysis (f5)**.

Working with OTDR (Standard) Trace Files

Displaying Trace Files

You can display up to four traces, at one time, on the Trace grid. Traces can either be recalled from mass storage (e.g.: internal memory or USB memory stick) or displayed while testing.

To load a Primary trace from Mass Storage:

1. Press the **File** key. The Load screen appears.

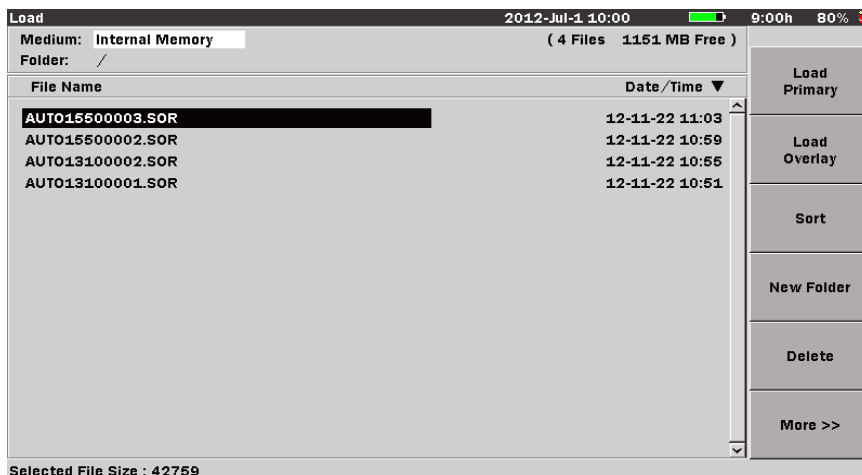


Figure 4-37: Load Screen

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Select **Load Primary** (**f1**), the Load screen closes and the selected trace is displayed in the Trace grid in the Primary trace position.

To load an Overlay trace from Mass Storage:

1. Press the **File** key. The Load screen appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Select **Load Overlay** (**f2**), the Load Overlay dialog box appears. See Figure 4-38 on page 4-92.

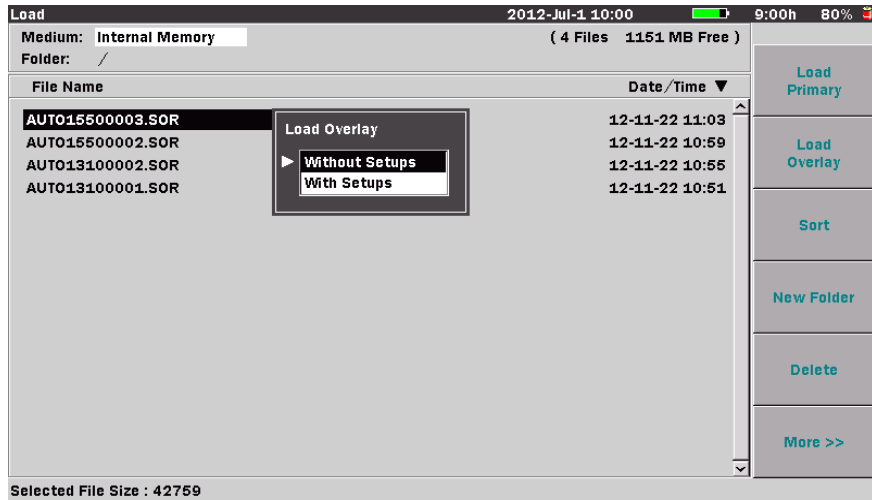


Figure 4-38: Load Overlay Dialog box

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired Load Overlay mode:
 - **Without Setups** – Loads the trace for display only.
 - **With Setups** – Loads the trace for display and forces the instrument test parameters to those used when the selected Overlay trace was collected.
5. Press the **Enter** key, the Load screen closes and the selected trace is displayed in the Trace grid in the an Overlay trace position. The loaded file name appears at top of the screen.

Note

If an Overlay trace is loaded when no primary trace exists, the Overlay trace will NOT behave the same as a Primary trace when performing expansion/contraction, or Display From A, B, or Origin.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the unit’s internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. Press the **File** key. The Load screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.

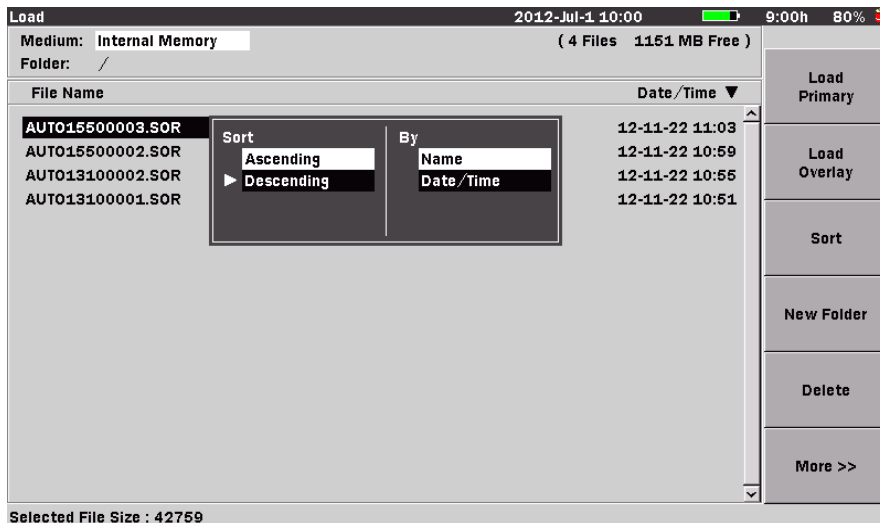


Figure 4-39: Sort/By Dialog box

3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

New Folder

Use the following procedure to create a new folder

1. Press the **File** key, the Load screen appears (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Select the desired medium in which the new folder will be located by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter** key to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

 **Note**

The USB Memory selection is only available when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **New Folder (f4)**, the New Folder screen appears. See Figure 3-26 on page 3-45. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 4. to enter the name using the front panel keys.
If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter** key to save the new folder to the selected medium or press the **ESC** key to cancel the New Folder process.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the New Folder name field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the New Folder name field when the field is highlighted.
Or –
Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the New Folder name field.
5. Use the **f1 – f5 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
 - Press **Backspace (f5)** to delete a character.
6. With the desired character highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter** key to enter the selected character in the New Folder name field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in New Folder name field.
7. When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to save the new folder to the selected medium or press **ESC** to cancel the New Folder process.

Deleting Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91) to delete any data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91) or the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?
--

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter** key. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
5. Press **More >> (f6)**.
6. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?
--

7. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Use the following procedure to delete all of the files in a directory or folder.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Down Arrow** key to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91) to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Press **More >> (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.

6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copy 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter** key. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy(f1)**
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

Use the following procedure to copy all of the files in a directory/folder.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save** key, or the **File** key, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) or the Load screen (see Figure 4-37 on page 4-91).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press the **Down Arrow** key and highlight the first file in the selected directory/folder, if not already highlighted.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

► **Note**

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Saving Files with AutoSave

AutoSave automatically saves trace data at the completion of data collection.

► **Note**

The MT9083 Series maintains the path of the last directory to which a manual file-save has occurred. The auto-save directory may in fact be a different directory. The MT9083 Series therefore maintains 2 file-save pathnames: manual save and auto-save.

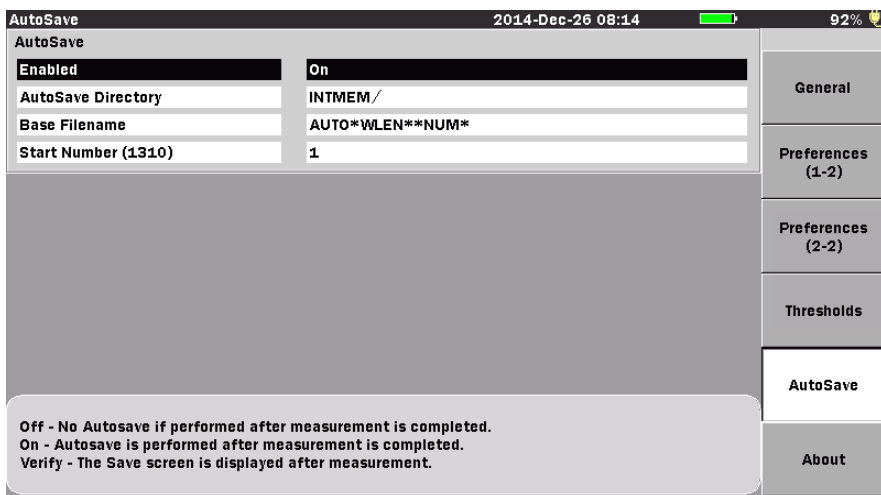
Depending on the settings made on the AutoSave screen in Setups, AutoSave behaves in one of the following way:

- **On** – AutoSave is performed automatically, without displaying the Save screen.
- **Verify** – AutoSave displays the Save screen at the end of each data collection so you can verify the save details.
- **Off** – AutoSave is not performed. You need to perform a manual save to save the current test data, if desired.

Automatic File Save

To set up AutoSave for a full, automatic save:

1. Press the **Setup key** while in OTDR (Standard) mode.
2. Press **AutoSave (f5)**. The AutoSave setups screen appears (see Figure 4-40 on page 4-99).



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 4-40: AutoSave Setups Screen

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter key**. The Enabled dialog box appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **On**.
5. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set to “On”. All data collections will be automatically saved.

► Note

Setting the AutoSave Enabled status to “On” automatically sets and locks the Auto-Filename Enabled status at the “On” setting.

Verifying the AutoSave

Use the following procedure to set the AutoSave status to “Verify”, which displays the Save screen at the end of each data collection.

To set the AutoSave status to Verify:

1. Press the **Setup** key while in OTDR (Standard) mode.
2. Press **AutoSave (f5)**. The AutoSave setups screen appears (see Figure 4-40 on page 4-99).

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter key**. The Enabled dialog box appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Verify**.
5. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set to “Verify”.

To AutoSave with verification:

1. Set the AutoSave status to “Verify” as detailed in the procedure above.
2. Perform the desired OTDR test. When the data collection is complete the Save screen (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101) is displayed with the File Name field highlighted.
3. Choose any or all of the following functions, if desired, or continue at step 4:
 - Press the **Enter** key to edit the File Name, if desired, and follow the on-screen instructions for editing the file name.
 - Highlight the **Medium** field and then press **Enter** to toggle through the available selections.
 - Press **Header (f2)** to enter Header information. See “Headers” on page 4-102 for details.
 - Press **New Folder (f4)** to create a new folder for the file save. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
 - Select a different folder for the file save by highlighting the desired folder name (folder names are displayed in parentheses above the list of filenames) and then pressing **Enter**.
4. Press **Save Trace (f1)** to complete the verified AutoSave.

Saving Files Manually

You can perform a manual file save when the AutoSave status is set to “Off”. See “To select the AutoSave Enabled status:” on page 4-27 for details.

Note

The MT9083 Series maintains the path of the last directory to which a manual file-save has occurred. The auto-save directory may in fact be a different directory. The MT9083 Series therefore maintains 2 file-save pathnames: manual save and auto-save.

To manually save files:

1. At the completion of a test, press the **Save** key. The Save screen (Figure 4-41) appears with the File Name field highlighted.

Note

When the direction of Overlay trace is reversed, The File Type dialog box appears. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting and then press **Enter**. If you select “BiDirectional Result (CSV)”, the CSV file containing “Bi-Directional Analysis” results will be saved.



Figure 4-41: Save Screen

Edit the filename, if desired, or continue at step 6 to use the current filename.

To edit the filename, press the **Enter** key. The File Name dialog box appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, Refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input file name.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter** key to return to the Save screen. Press the **f1** key to complete the manual save.

2. When all of the desired characters are entered in the File Name field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Save screen.
3. Press **Save Trace (f1)** to complete the manual save.

► **Note**

When saving the result of Wavelength All Testing, the dialog box appears to confirm saving result of another wavelength. Press **f1** key to save both. Press **f2** key to save result of the displayed wavelength only.

Headers

Headers hold valuable information about the trace files which may save a considerable amount of time when recalling traces for comparison. The header does not require repopulating each time a new trace is collected. Information entered on the Header screen is retained until such a time as the header requires editing.

Editing the header on a recalled trace file (see “Displaying Trace Files” on page 4-91) affects only that trace file; the edits are not carried over to the general header.

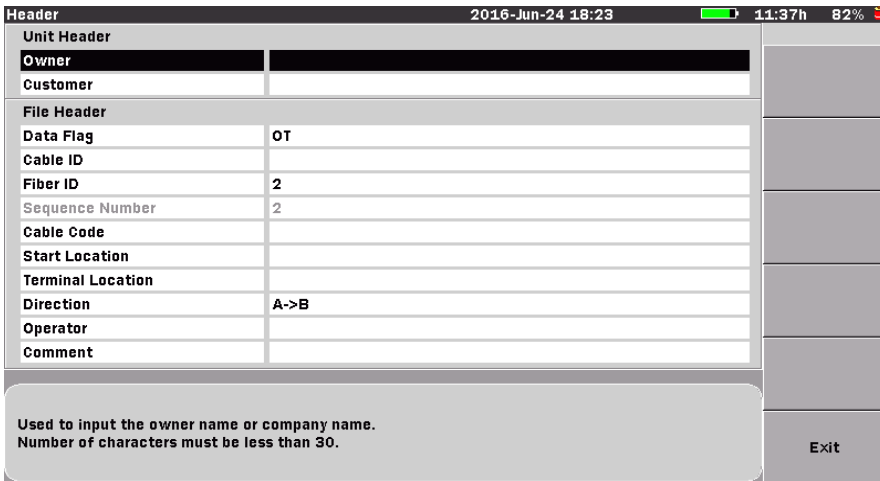
► **Note**

Headers do not change if selecting “Without Setups” when loading a trace file. (see Figure 4-38 on page 4-92) If selecting “With Setups” when loading a trace file, Headers will be overwritten to those in the loaded file.

Use the following procedure to access and edit the header when collecting traces in OTDR (Standard) mode.

To access and edit the Header:

1. Press the **Save** key. The Save screen appears (see Figure 4-41 on page 4-101).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired file name, if necessary.
3. Press **Header (f2)**, the Header screen appears (see Figure 4-42).
 - To edit or enter header information continue at step 4.
 - To close the Header continue at step 10.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 4-42: Header Screen

Note

When Auto-Filename is enabled on the AutoSave screen (see Figure on page 4-23) the Fiber ID field of the Header screen is auto-populated, starting with the number set in the Start Number field. Sequence Number in the Header screen is the same as Start Number in Figure 4-7: AutoSave Screen. After an SOR file is loaded, the start number of the loaded file is set to the Sequence Number field.

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field and then press the **Enter** key. The Text Entry dialog box appears (see Figure 4-43). If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 5. to enter the name using the front panel keys.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter** key to return to the Header screen.

Repeat steps 4 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited. Press the **f6** key to close the Header and return to the Save screen.

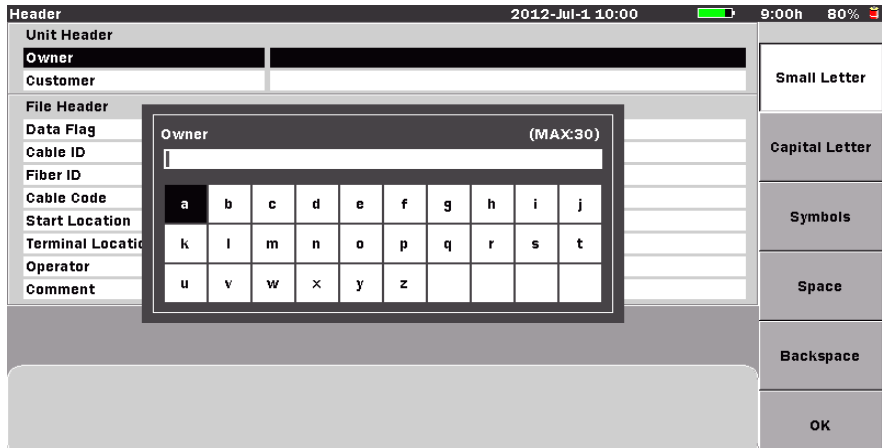


Figure 4-43: Text Entry dialog box

5. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the current text entry field, which is located directly above the character matrix. (The current title of the text entry field matches the currently selected Header screen field.) Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **text entry** field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **text entry** field.

6. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.

- Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
7. When the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix, press the **Enter** key to enter the selected character in the text entry field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the filename.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS** key to delete characters entered in the text entry field.
 8. When all of the desired characters are entered in the text entry field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Header screen.
 9. Repeat steps 4 through 8 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited.
 10. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Header and return to the Save screen.

Printing Trace Files

Trace files can be printed via the optional BL-80RII or SD1-31 printers.

► Note

The printed output from the MT9083 Series consists of a screen shot. Only the details currently displayed on the LCD, less the softkeys, are printed. Make sure that the desired details are displayed before printing.

Connecting the Printer

Connect the MT9083 Series to the BL-80RII or SD1-31 printers using a USB printer conversion cable as shown in the figure below:

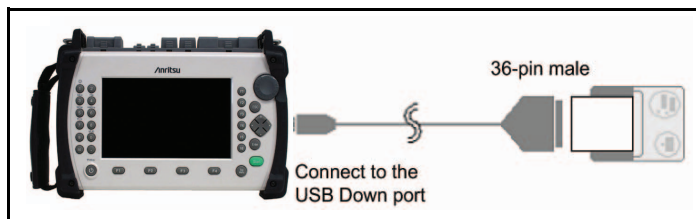


Figure 4-44: Connecting the BL-80RII Printer

Printing a Trace File

Make sure that the Printer setup parameters are set as desired on the setups General screen. See “Printer” and “Paper Feed” on page 3-9 for details.

To print trace files:

1. Connect the BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers to the MT9083 Series as shown in Figure 4-44, and then power up the printer.
2. Perform the desired test or recall the desired trace file from mass storage.
3. Press the **Print** key. The following message appears:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

4. Press **Printer (f1)**. The message changes to “Please wait. Printing...”. The MT9083 Series returns to the Trace grid when the printout is completed.

Saving a Trace File as an Image File

See “Saving a Screen Image to a File” on page 3-36 for details.

Chapter 5: Fiber Visualizer Mode

Overview

Fiber Visualizer mode provides a one button test to determine the end/fault location of a fiber.

Press the **Start** key to start a test. The test proceeds through the following:

- Performs a connection check
- Selects the test parameters
- Runs the test
- Reports the test results in both summary form and in an event table.

You can see the demonstration movie at the following URL.

<http://www.anritsu.tv/en-US/OTDRFiberVisualizerDemonstration>

Starting Fiber Visualizer Mode

To start the Fiber Visualizer mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu** key.
2. Highlight **Fiber Visualizer**, then press the **Enter** key.

The initial Fiber Visualizer screen appears, and the measurement starts when the Start key is pressed, and the fault points in the fiber are shown by icons.

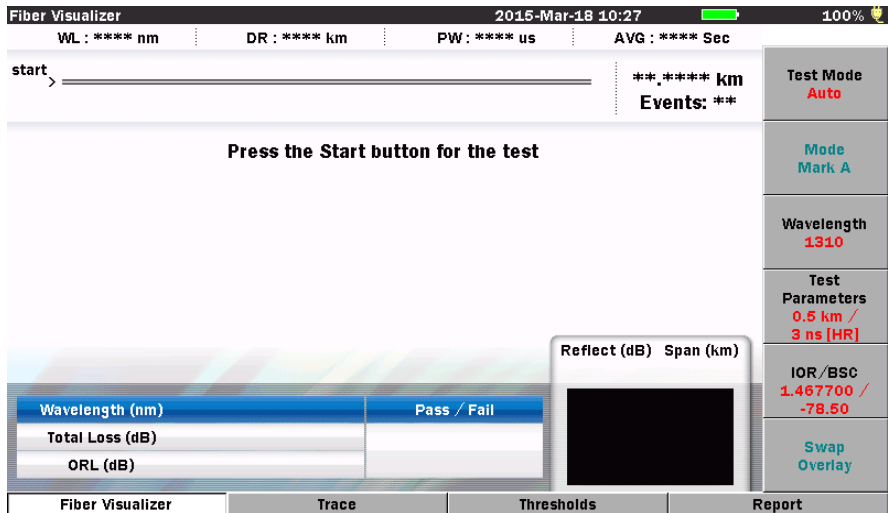


Figure 5-1: Initial Fiber Visualizer Mode screen

Setups – Fiber Visualizer Mode

Setups for the Fiber Visualizer mode are accessed via the Setup key. This section allows you to customize the preferences and parameters for a given data collection or a series of collections.

Entering Fiber Visualizer Setups

1. Start Fiber Visualizer mode. The Fiber Visualizer screen appears.
2. Press the **Setup key**. The following Setup screens are available:
 - General (f1)
 - Preferences (1-2) (f2)
 - Preferences (2-2) (f3)
 - AutoSave (f5)
 - About (f6)

Press the softkey (f1 – f6) that corresponds to the desired settings category. The softkey (f4) is not available in Fiber Visualizer mode.

Note

The thresholds cannot be changed on Setup screen. Press **Thresholds (F3)** on the Fiber Visualizer screen to change the thresholds.

General Setups

Press **General (f1)** to access the General setups screen, if not already displayed.

The General setups pertain to general setting for the MT9083 Series and are detailed in “General Screen Settings” on pages 3-7 – 3-15.

General		2012-Jul-1 10:00	9:00h 80%
Date	2012-Jul-1		General Preferences (1-2) Preferences (2-2) Thresholds AutoSave About
Local Time	10:00		
Time difference from UTC	0.0 Hours		
Date display Format	Year-Month-Day		
Auto Launch	None		
Printer	BL-80R11 / SD1-31		
Paper feed	On		
Color Theme	Grayscale		
Language	English		
USB Video Output	Off		
Auto Backlight Off	None		
Auto Power Off	None		
Instrument Power-Save mode	High		
Used to modify date.			

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 5-2: General Setups Screen – Fiber Visualizer Mode

Preferences (1-2)

Press **Preferences (1-2) (f2)** to access the Preferences (1-2) screen (Figure 5-3 on page 5-4) and set the status for the following:

- Distance display Units
- Connection Check
- Active Fiber Check
- Auto Analysis
- Auto Scale
- Event Summary
- Reflectance Calculation
- ORL Calculation
- Trace Overview
- Real Time Averages

- Real Time Attenuation
- Display Mode After Analysis

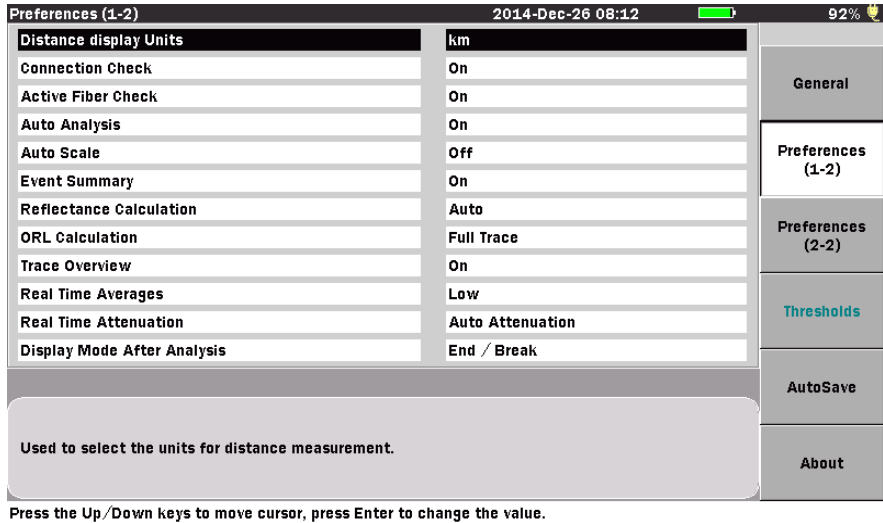


Figure 5-3: Preferences (1-2) Screen

Distance Display Units

Select the unit of measurement used to display distance on the horizontal axis of the Trace graph. This affects Range and Resolution readings and analysis events incorporating distance.

To set the Distance Display units:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Distance display Units**.
2. Press **Enter** and select the desired unit from the Distance display Units menu.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selected unit is set.

Connection Check

The Connection Check function confirms whether or not the fiber is connected correctly to the OTDR measurement port.

To set the Connection Check:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Connection Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

Active Fiber Check

The Active Fiber Check performs a “live fiber” check on the currently attached fiber under test to detect whether the fiber is carrying traffic before firing any OTDR laser sources.

- If no traffic is detected, the test proceeds normally.
- If traffic is detected, a warning message appears on the screen and the test is aborted.

To set the Active Fiber Check

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Active Fiber Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

Note

The Active Fiber Check feature does not apply for the following options – Opt 063 (0.85/1.3 μm MMF only).

Auto Analysis

When set to “On”, OTDR trace analysis is automatically performed at the completion of data collection for the current fiber under test.

To set Auto Analysis:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Analysis**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Note

Regardless of the set value, the waveform data is automatically analyzed if measured on the Fiber Visualizer screen.

Auto Scale

When set to “On”, Auto Scale provides a trace display that utilizes the maximum amount of horizontal scale for optimum trace viewing.

To activate Auto Scale:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Scale**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Event Summary

When the Event Summary selection is set to “On” the Fiber Test Parameters area (see item 5 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29) of the Trace screen is replaced by the Event Summary area, listing the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

To set the Event Summary status:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Event Summary**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Reflectance Calculation

Reflectance is the ratio of reflected power to incident power displayed in dB (see “Reflectance Measurements” on page 7-17 for details). The MT9083 Series has three settings for Reflectance Calculations: Off, Auto, and Manual.

- **Off** –
Reflectance will not be calculated.
- **Auto** –
The reflectance of any event is reported based on the position of cursor A. The Auto setting is most useful for reflective events that are not close together or close-in to the OTDR.
- **Manual** –
When set to Manual, the reported reflectance is based on the positions of both cursors (A and B). The Manual setting is most useful for reflective events that are close together or close-in to the OTDR.

To set the Reflectance Calculation type:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired Reflectance Calculation setting: **Off**, **Auto**, or **Manual**.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Reflectance Calculation field.

ORL Calculation

Set the starting point for ORL (Optical Return Loss) measurements (see “ORL (Optical Return Loss)” on page 7-15 for details). Select from the following:

- **A Cursor** – the measurement is calculated relative to the A Cursor.
- **Origin** – the measurement is calculated relative to the Origin of the trace.
- **Full Trace** – the measurement is calculated relative to the entire trace.

To set the ORL Calculation type:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **ORL Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The ORL Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired ORL Calculation setting: **A Cursor**, **Origin**, or **Full Trace**.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the ORL Calculation field.

Trace Overview

When set to “On”, a small overview of the trace is displayed in the lower left portion of the Trace graph.

To activate the Trace Overview:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Trace Overview**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Real Time Averages

Use the Real Time Averages setting to set the amount of averages used in a real-time scan.

To set the Real Time Averages:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Real Time Averages**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Real Time Averages dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **Low** – provides fast real-time updates with a lower dynamic range.
 - **High** – provides slower real-time updates with a higher dynamic range.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Real Time Averages field.

Real Time Attenuation

Select the attenuation method used during real-time scans.

To set the Real Time Attenuation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Real Time Attenuation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Real Time Attenuation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **Auto Attenuation** – Real Time attenuation is automatically selected.
 - **Around selected cursor** – Attenuation is optimized in real-time to show the backscatter around the selected (active) cursor.
 - **Fresnel Measure**– Attenuation varies according to received power level. This setting is suitable to measure reflections in long distance range however it takes longer time to measure than other options.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the **Real Time Attenuation** field.

Display Mode After Analysis

In Fiber Visualizer, the cursor position is End/Break regardless of user's setting.

- **End/Break** – The display mode focuses on the end/break event.

Preferences (2-2)

Press **Preferences (2-2) (f3)** to access the Preferences (2-2) screen and set the status for the following:

- Auto Patch-cord Removal
- Grid Display
- Force Total Loss
- End Event for ORL Calculation
- Event Icon Movement
- Event Table Span Calculation
- A-B Span analysis
- Auto Test Mode

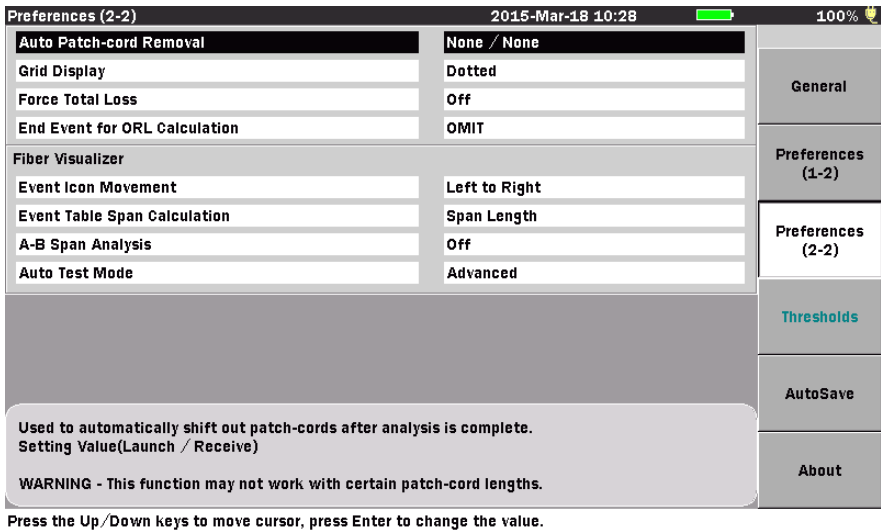


Figure 5-4: Preferences (2-2) Screen

Auto Patch-cord Removal

Specify the event number to treat as dummy fiber.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 to 9 in 1 increments.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal:

1. Use the **Up and Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Patch-cord Removal**.

2. Press **Enter**. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no Auto Patch-cord Removal currently set, or display the current setting for the Auto Patch-cord Removal.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select “Launch” or “Receive”. Select “Launch” to remove the patch cord connected to the MT9083 Series. Select “Receive” to remove the patch cord connected to the opposite side.

Note

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only when the number of detected events is greater than the sum of “Launch” and “Receive”.

4. If the Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up or Down Arrow** key to change it to the event number setting mode.
5. Use the **Up and Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired event number setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
6. Press **Enter** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting. The event table shows the distance information of dummy fiber.

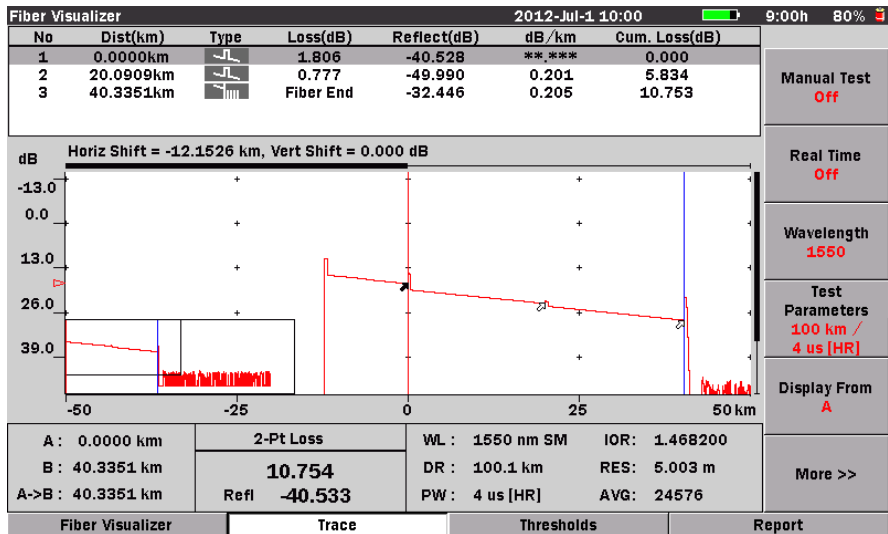


Figure 5-5: Auto Patch Screen

Use the following procedure to set Auto Patch-cord Removal to “None” when it is currently set in event number.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal to None:

1. Highlight **Auto patch cord** and then press **Enter**. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears, displaying the current event number setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Note

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only with patch-cords that are at least 40 m (120 ft) and 40 data points longer than the pulse width.

Grid Display

Select the format for the grid lines on the trace screen.

To set the Grid Display:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Grid Display**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Grid Display dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Dotted - A dotted line grid is used for trace display.
 - Solid - A solid line grid is used for trace display.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Grid Display field.

Force Total Loss

Select the display settings for Total Loss (Cum.Loss(dB)).

To set the Force Total Loss:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Force Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Force Total Loss dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - ON - Always displays Total Loss (Cum.Loss).
 - OFF - Depending on conditions, "***.***" is displayed for the Total Loss (Cum.Loss) slot.

 **Note**

Total Loss (Cum.Loss) cannot be displayed when:

- An event appeared before backscatter could be found after the launch reflection.
 - An event exists 1.1 pulse widths after the launch backscatter.
 - Fiber end cannot be detected.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Force Total Loss field.

Event Icon Movement

Selects the direction of event icon movement when the encoder is turned.

To set the Event Icon Movement:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Event icon movement**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Event Icon Movement dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Left to Right- If the encoder is turned clockwise, the event icons move from right to left. If it is turned counterclockwise, the event icons move from left to right.
 - Right to Left- Opposite to Left to Right.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Event Icon Movement.

Event Table Span Calculation

Selects whether to display the span length or transmission loss (dB/km) on event table. This setting function applies only to Fiber Visualizer.

To set the Event Table Span Calculation:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Event Table Span Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Event Table Span Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - dB/km- Display the transmission loss (dB/km) between each event calculation on event table.

- Span Length- Display the span length between each event calculation on event table.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Event Table Span Calculation field.

A-B Span Analysis

Sets whether to specify the PASS/FAIL analysis span by Marker A and B. This setting function applies only to Fiber Visualizer.

To set the A-B Span Analysis:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **A-B Span Analysis**.
2. Press **Enter**. The A-B Span Analysis dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - On- Gives PASS/FAIL judgment only on the events within the span specified by Marker A and B. However, the last event specified by the marker is excluded from analysis. (If Marker A specifies the first event, the last event specified by Marker B is excluded from analysis, and vice versa.)
 - Off- Gives PASS/FAIL judgment on all events.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the A-B Span Analysis field.

Auto Test Mode

Sets whether to change pulse width automatically when Test Mode is set to "Auto". This setting function applies only to Fiber Visualizer.

To set the Auto Test Mode:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Test Mode**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Auto Test Mode dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Advanced- Fault Locate Test are executed in multiple times with changing pulse width. Trace data synthesized from traces measured by each pulse width is used for Event analysis.
 - Standard- Fault Locate Test is executed one time with fixed Pulse width.

Chapter 5: Fiber Visualizer Mode

4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the A-B Span Analysis field.

AutoSave

Press **AutoSave (f5)** to access the AutoSave screen. This screen provides access to the Auto-Filename and AutoSave parameters.

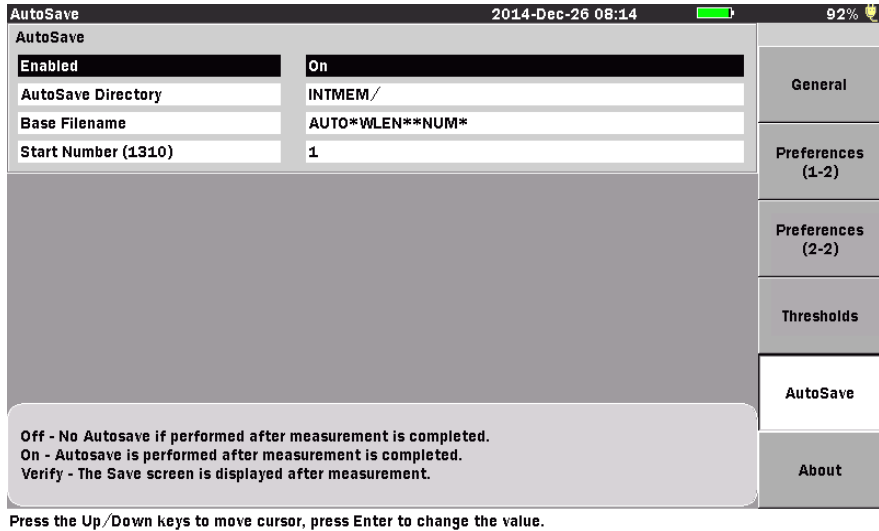


Figure 5-6: AutoSave Screen

Auto-Filename Parameters

The Auto-Filename parameters allow you to enter a base filename which is used to generate sequentially numbered filenames.

- The Auto-Filename parameters include:
 - Enabled
 - AutoSave Directory
 - Base Filename
 - Start Number

Enabled (AutoSave)

This parameter sets the status for the AutoSave function. Select from the following setting:

- Off –

No AutoSave is performed after the measurement is complete.

- **On** –
AutoSave is performed after the measurement is complete.
- **Verify** –
The Save screen appears after the measurement is complete so you can verify the Auto Filename.

To select the AutoSave Enabled status:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter key**. The Enabled dialog box appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired AutoSave Enabled status: **Off**, **On**, or **Verify**
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set.

Note

Setting the AutoSave Enabled status to “On” automatically sets and locks the Auto-Filename Enabled status at the “On” setting.

AutoSave Directory

The AutoSave Directory field allows you to select the directory into which AutoSave will save files.

To select the AutoSave directory:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **AutoSave Directory** and then press the **Enter key**. The Select Directory screen appears.
2. Select the desired storage medium by highlighting the **Medium** field, if not already highlighted, and then press the **Enter key** to toggle the selection to either **Internal Memory** (which is the default setting) or **USB Memory**.

Note

You must have a USB Memory stick connected to the MT9083 Series in order to access the USB Memory selection in the Medium field.

3. To save to a specific folder in the selected Medium, highlight the name of the folder and then press the **Enter** key. The name of the selected folder appears below the Medium field.
If you are not saving to a specific folder, skip step 3 and continue at step 4
4. Press **Select (f1)**. The AutoSave setups screen appears with the selected directory displayed in the AutoSave Directory field.

Base Filename

The Base Filename field provides a template for use when generating an auto-filename. You can enter a base filename of up to 30 characters with a three character file extension.

To set a Base Filename:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Base Filename** and then press the **Enter** key. The Filename dialog box appears (see Figure 5-7, below). If no USB keyboard is connected, refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input the file name.
If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter** key to use the new base file name or press the **ESC** key to close the Base Filename dialog box without changing the base file name.

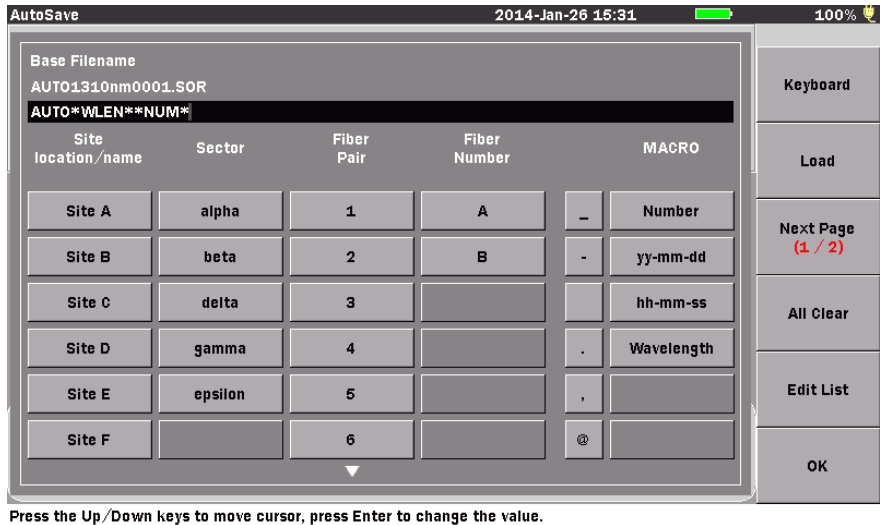


Figure 5-7: Base Filename Screen – File Name dialog box

- When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to use the new Base Filename or press **ESC** to close the FileName dialog box without changing the Base Filename.

Start Number

Use this field to establish a start number for the auto-increment section of the Base Filename. You can set a start number for each test wavelength available on the MT9083 Series in use or apply the same start number to all wavelengths.

The range of setting for the Start Number is from 1 to 9999, set in increments of 1.

Note

The wavelength listed in parentheses after the text “Start Number” will vary with the current test wavelength setting.

To set the Start Number:

- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Start Number** and then press the **Enter** key. The Start Number dialog box appears.

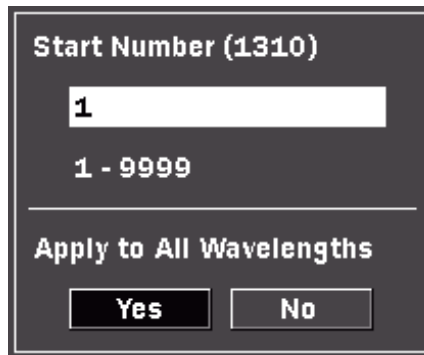


Figure 5-8: Start Number Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the Start number. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow** keys to select either **Yes** or **No** in the Apply to All Wavelengths field.
4. Press the **Enter** key. The dialog box closes and the start number for the current test wavelength or for all wavelengths, depending on the selection made in step 3, is set.

About Screen

See “About Screen” on page 3-30 for details.

Fiber Visualizer Screen

The initial Fiber Visualizer screen appears when you start a Fault Locate test. When the measurement completes, the fault points are indicated by icons as the figure below.

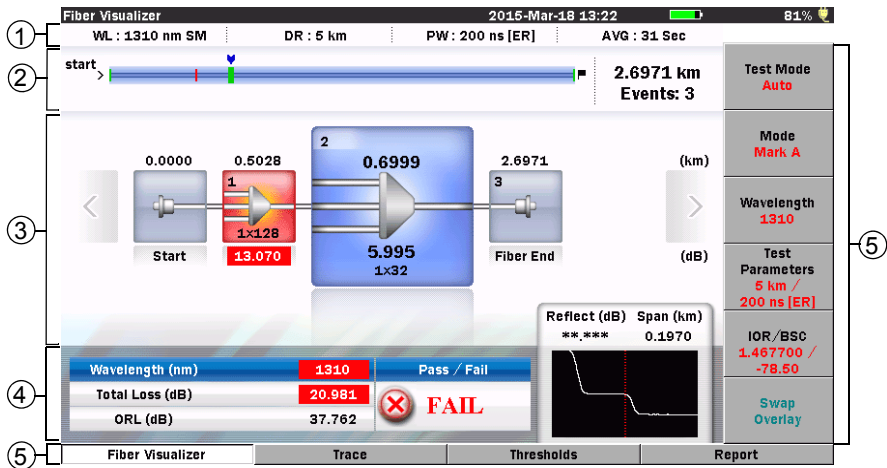


Figure 5-9: Fiber Visualizer screen

- 1 Measurement Conditions
- 2 Overview of the fiber under test
- 3 Trace events
- 4 Test results
- 5 Softkeys

Overview of the fiber under test

The total length of the measured fiber, a count of events, the position of the displayed event, and the event point on the fiber are displayed.

Trace events

The automatically detected points such as connection point, splice points or splitter are indicated by the icons. Event point is displayed above the icon, loss is displayed under the icon. The icon in red indicates the loss exceeds the threshold level.

Test Results

The total loss, ORL, the reflection of the selected event and the trace are displayed at each wavelength.

Pass/Fail Thresholds

Events whose loss exceeds the Pass/Fail Thresholds are highlighted in red.

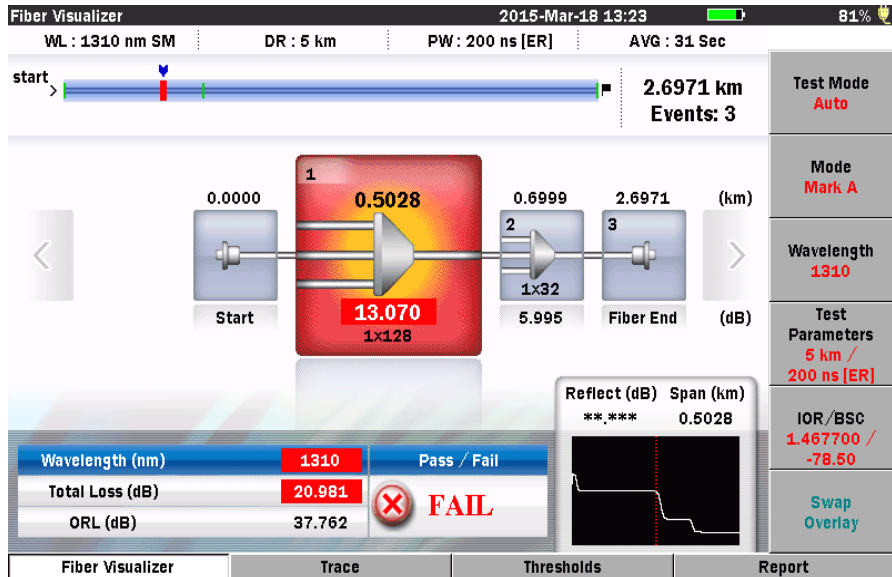


Figure 5-10: Fiber Visualizer screen

Trace Screen

Trace screen appears when you press **Trace (F2)** on the Fiber Visualizer screen (see Figure 5-9 on page 5-20).

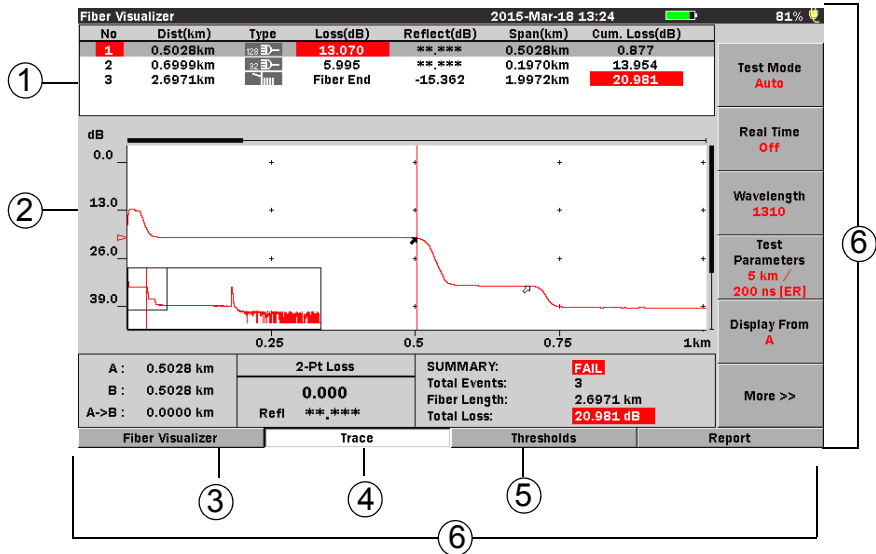


Figure 5-11: Trace screen

- 1 Event table
- 2 Trace graph
- 3 Cursor distance information
- 4 Loss mode, Measurement. and Reflectance
- 5 Fiber test parameters or Event summary
- 6 Softkeys

Event Table

The list of the event icons on the Fiber Visualizer screen is displayed.

 **Note**

Any detected event within the threshold is enclosed within parentheses. If the measured value cannot be obtained, for example, because a fault point is being approximated, this is displayed as “**.***”.

Reflectance

A reflectance value is displayed for all reflective events, while “**.***” is displayed in the Reflectance field [Reflect(dB)] for non-reflective events.

In addition to the reflectance value, two other indicators may be present: S.

- An “S” following the numeric value indicates that the reflective event being measured is very close to the top limit of the OTDR’s data set, and that it is considered “saturated” (hitting the high limit of the measurement ability). An “S” (saturated indicator) will be present any time that the peak of the event being measured is within 1 dB of the top of the OTDR Trace graph.

dB/km

This field displays the dB/km between the selected event and the prior event. The unit of distance (km, kf, or mi) will vary depending on the Distance Display Units selected on the Preferences screen.

Trace Graph

The Trace graph displays the trace data in graph form. Power loss is measured in dB along the vertical axis and distance is measured along the horizontal axis. Use the Distance Display Units setting on the Preferences screen to set the horizontal axis units. The downward slope of the trace indicates power loss (attenuation) over the distance of the fiber.

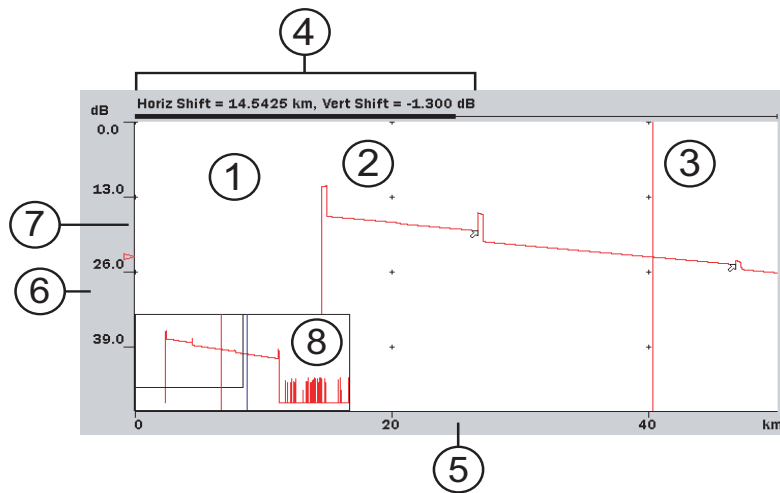


Figure 5-12: Trace Graph

- 1 Trace waveform(s)
- 2 Cursor A
- 3 Cursor B
- 4 Horizontal/Vertical offset
- 5 Horizontal Axis scale
- 6 Vertical Axis scale
- 7 dB level indicator
- 8 Trace Overview window

Trace Waveform

The Trace Waveform (or Trace) is the downward sloping line going from left to right that connects the data points collected during a test. See item 1 in Figure 5-12 on page 5-24.

Up to four traces can be displayed simultaneously: a primary trace and up to three overlay traces.

This area also contains scroll bars, located at the top and left side of the trace graph, which define the display range of the waveform.

Cursors

The cursors (see items 2 and 3 in Figure 5-12 on page 5-24) are the two vertical lines that extend from the top to the bottom of the trace graph. The cursors allow you to extract power and distance information from the trace graph. The active cursor is displayed in red and the inactive cursor is displayed in blue.

See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor use.

Horizontal/Vertical Offset

Trace data can be shifted horizontally or vertically by using the Shift Mode softkeys and the **Rotary knob**. The distance offset (horizontal) and decibel offset (vertical) are displayed above the trace graph.

These values (see item 4 in Figure 5-12 on page 5-24) are only displayed when some type of shift is in use.

See “Swap Overlay” on page 5-61 for details on how to shift the trace.

Scale

The vertical axis scale (see item 6 in Figure 5-12 on page 5-24) is located on the left side of the trace graph and is expressed in dBs, while the horizontal axis scale (see item 5 in Figure 5-12) is located at the bottom of the trace graph and is expressed in the distance unit as set on the Preferences screen. See “Distance Display Units” on page 5-4 for details.

dB Level Indicator

The dB level indicator (see item 7 in Figure 5-12 on page 5-24) denotes the intersection of the active cursor and the trace level.

Trace Overview Window

The Trace Overview window, located in the lower left corner of the Trace graph, shows a thumbnail view of the current trace. This is helpful in determining the location of an expanded section on the main view. The black rectangle inside the Trace Overview window indicates the section of the trace that is currently displayed in the Trace graph when the trace has been expanded horizontally, vertically.

Trace Overview must be set to On in the Preferences tab for the window to be displayed. See “Trace Overview” on page 5-7 for details.

Cursor Distance Information

The Cursor Distance information (see item 3 in Figure 5-11 on page 5-22) displays the following:

- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor A
- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor B
- Distance between Cursor A and Cursor B

As you move the cursors, the Cursor Distance information updates simultaneously.

Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance

The Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 5-11 on page 5-22) displays the following:

- The current loss mode, listed in the top section
- The current loss reading in dB, in the center section
- A reflectance value reading for reflective events in the bottom section

Fiber Test Parameters

The Fiber Test Parameters area (see item 5 in Figure 5-11 on page 5-22) displays the Wavelength (WL), Distance Range (DR), Pulsewidth (PW), Index of Refraction (IOR), Resolution (RES), and Averaging mode (AVG) set for the current test. The **Test Progress** bar indicates the current averaging status. See item 5 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29.

Note

The Fiber Test Parameters area is replaced by the Event Summary area when the Event Summary selection is set to “On” on the Preferences screen (see Figure 5-3 on page 5-4). The Event Summary area displays the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

Softkeys – Fiber Visualizer Mode





Fiber Visualizer screen and Trace screen has six softkeys accessed via the f1- f6 keys on the right side of the LCD screen and four softkeys accessed via the F1-F4 keys on the lower side of the LCD Screen (see Figure 2-1 on page 2-1).

Softkey text indicates the softkey functions and may change with each keypress.

Softkey Levels - Fiber Visualizer screen

Fiber Visualizer screen has only Level One softkeys.

Softkey text indicates the softkey functions and may change with each keypress. If the softkey text is dimmed, the function is not available.

- Press **f1** to advance the test from the Connection Check.
- 
- ▶ **Note**
The softkey is displayed only when Connection Check is being executed.
- Press **f6** to cancel the current data collection.
- 
- ▶ **Note**
The softkey is displayed only when Connection Check is being executed.
- Press **f1** to switch Auto, Manual or FTTA of Average measurement mode. FTTA stands for Fiber to the antenna. The red legend on the softkey displays the current Test Mode setting.
- 
- Press **f2** to switch the mode. The red legend on the softkey displays the current Marker setting or Event Edit mode.
- 
- When “A” or “B” is displayed, press the **Enter** key to specify the marker position. The distance and loss between A and B are displayed in the trace events.
- When “Event Edit” is displayed, press the **Enter** key to show the Event Edit window.

Wavelength
1550

Press **f3** to toggle through the available source wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey displays the current wavelength setting.

Note

Pressing the Wavelength softkey on single wavelength units sounds an error tone.

The macro bending is detected before tests when Wavelength 1310/1550 (Macro Bend) or 1310/1625 (Macro Bend) is selected.

Note

Macro Bend detection requires a unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

Test Parameters
0.5 km /
3 ns [HR]

Press **f4** to display the Test Parameter screen. See “Setting the Range, Resolution, Pulse Width, Average Time, and Splitter Setup” on page 5-56 for details.

When Test Mode is set to FTTA, Test Parameters are fixed values.

IOR/BSC
1.468200 /
-81.50

Press **f5** to set the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) used for the current test. The red legends display the current settings.

Swap Overlay

Press **f6** to swap the event icons between 1310 nm and 1550 (or 1625) nm.

Softkey Levels - Trace screen

Trace screen has Level Three softkeys. Softkey text indicates the softkey functions and may change with each keypress. If the softkey text is dimmed, the function is not available.

Level One Softkeys



Press **f1** to switch Auto, Manual or FT TA of Average measurement mode. The red legend on the softkey displays the current Test Mode setting.



Press **f2** to start a Real Time test. The red legend on the Real Time softkey changes to "On" while the test is running.



Press **f3** to toggle through the available wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey displays the current wavelength setting.

In addition, dual, tri and quad wavelength units also feature a "Wavelength All" setting. See "Setting the Range, Resolution, Pulse Width, Average Time, and Splitter Setup" on page 5-56 for details.

Note

Pressing the Wavelength softkey on single wavelength units sounds an error tone



When Test Mode is set to FT TA, Test Parameters are fixed values.



Press **f5** to set the Display From mode for viewing the trace graph. The red legend on the softkey displays the current display mode.



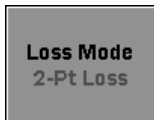
Press **f6** to advance to the Level Two softkeys.

Level Two Softkeys



Note

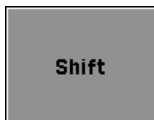
Press **f2** to set the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) used for the current test. The red legends display the current settings.



Press **f3** to select the desired loss mode for the current test. The red legend displays the currently selected loss mode.



Press **f4** to access the Cursor softkeys. See “Cursor Softkeys” on page 5-33 for details.

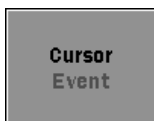


Press **f5** to access the Shift mode softkeys. See “Shift Mode Softkeys” on page 5-34 for details.

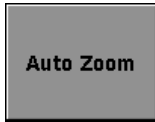


Press **f6** to advance to the Level Three softkeys.

Level Three Softkeys



Press **f2** to toggle the status of the active cursor. When the red legend reads “Event”, turning the **Rotary knob** causes the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace. When the red legend reads “Free” you can position the cursors anywhere on the trace grid.



Place Cursor A near an event and then press **f3** to automatically zoom in on the event.



Press **f4** to display the ORL value in the Loss Mode area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

Note

This softkey is only active when the loss mode is set to ORL.



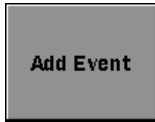
Press **f5** to toggle the Analysis function “On” and “Off”. The Event Table for the current trace is displayed when the red legend on the softkey reads “**On**” and the table is hidden when the legend reads “**Off**”.



Press **f6** to return to the Level One softkeys.

Level Four Softkeys

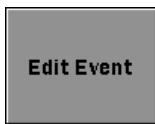
The Level Four softkeys provide trace editing functions and are only available when the current trace displays an Event Table.



Press **f1** to add a new event to the current event table.
See “Adding an Event” on page 4-42

▶ **Note**

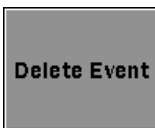
The Add Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode.



Press **f2** to edit an event in the current event table.
See “Editing an Event” on page 4-44

▶ **Note**

The Edit Event softkey is only active in Splice Loss mode.



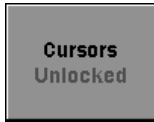
Press **f3** to delete an event from the current event table.
See “Deleting an Event” on page 4-48



Press **f6** to return to the Level One softkeys.

Cursor Softkeys

The Cursor softkeys are accessed from the Level Three softkeys by pressing **Cursors (f4)**.



Toggle **f1** so that the red legend on the softkey reads "Locked". The distance between Cursor A and Cursor B will remain fixed when Cursor B is moved. See "Locking and Unlocking Cursors" on page 5-35 for details.



Press **f2** to toggle the state of the LSA loss intervals. When the red legend on the softkey reads "On" you can adjust the length of the LSA loss intervals.

▶ Note

The Move LSA softkey is only active in the following loss modes: Splice Loss, 2pt LSA, and dB/km LSA.



Press **f3** to return the LSA loss intervals to their default settings.

▶ Note

The Default LSA softkey is only active when in the following loss modes: Splice Loss, 2Pt LSA, and dB/km LSA.



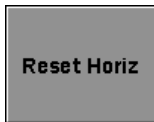
Press **f6** to close the Cursor softkeys and return to the Level Three softkeys.

Shift Mode Softkeys

The Shift Mode softkeys are accessed from the Level Three softkeys by pressing **Shift (f5)**.



Toggle **f1** to set the Shift Mode: Horizontal or Vertical.



Press **f2** to reset the horizontal shift to 0 (zero).



Press **f3** to reset the vertical shift to 0 (zero).



Press **f6** to close the Shift Mode softkeys and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Extension Softkeys



Press **F1** to display the Fiber Visualizer screen.



Press **F2** to display the Trace screen.



Press **F3** to display the Threshold screen.



Press **F4** to display the OTDR Report Settings screen.

Selecting and Positioning Cursors

The active cursor is displayed as a red vertical line in the Trace graph.

Setting the Active Cursor

To toggle the active cursor:

- Press the **Rotary knob** (or the **Enter** key) to select the desired cursor.

Precise Positioning of the Active Cursor

To precisely position the cursor:

1. Select the desired cursor (see “Setting the Active Cursor” above).
2. Press **Display From (f5)** and select the desired display from setting (**Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on which cursor is currently selected as the active cursor).
3. Use the **Left, Right, Up** and **Down Arrow** keys to zoom up the desired amount. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 5-36 for details.
4. Turn the **Rotary knob** to position the active cursor until the desired cursor distance is displayed in the Cursor Distance Information area (see item 3 in Figure 5-11 on page 5-22).

Locking and Unlocking Cursors

To lock the cursors:

1. Set Cursor B as the active cursor.
2. Press **Cursors (f4)**, the Cursor softkeys appear.
3. Toggle **Cursors (f1)** until the red legend on the softkey reads “**Locked**”.

When the cursors are locked, the distance between the cursors remains fixed.

To unlock the cursors:

1. Press **Cursors (f4)**, the Cursor softkeys appear.
2. Press **Cursors Locked (f1)**, the red legend on the softkey changes to “**Unlocked**”.
3. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Cursor softkeys and return to the Level Two softkeys.

Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract

Use the Horizontal/Vertical expand to expand a section of the trace when:

- Positioning the cursors for a test
- Adjusting the LSA intervals

To expand an area:

1. Position the desired cursor (A or B) to the approximate position.
2. Toggle **Display From (f5)** to the desired mode, **Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on the cursor selected in step 1.
3. Press the **Up Arrow** key. Each press decreases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.
Press the **Right Arrow** key. Each press decreases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

To contract an area:

- Press the **Down Arrow** key. Each press increases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.
- Press the **Left Arrow** key. Each press increases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

Note

An error tone sounds when you reach the full expand/contract value for either axis.

Thresholds

Press **Thresholds (F3)** on the Fiber Visualizer screen or the Trace screen to access the Thresholds screen.

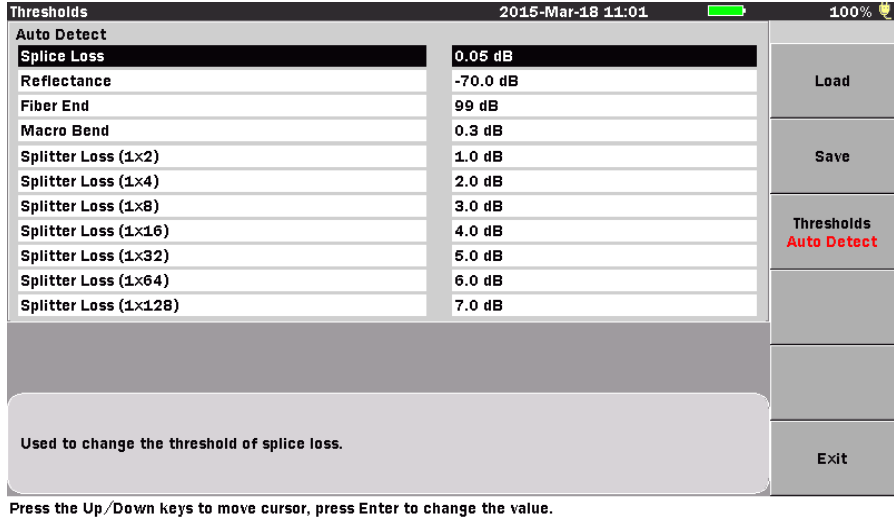


Figure 5-13: Thresholds Screen

Thresholds settings can be saved and loaded.

To Load a Threshold file:

1. Press **Load (f1)** to display the Load Threshold screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight Threshold file(.INI) to read.
3. Press **Load (f1)**.

To Save a Threshold file

1. Press **Save (f2)** to display the Save Threshold screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **File Name** and then press the **Enter** key.
3. Enter the file name for Threshold file and then press **OK (f6)**.
4. Select the desired storage medium by highlighting the **Medium** field, if not already highlighted, and then press the **Enter** key to toggle the

selection to either **Internal Memory** (which is the default setting) or **USB Memory**.

5. Press **Save (f1)**.

Auto Detect Parameters

Press **Threshold (f3)** to display Auto Detect to the red legend.

Events that exceed the Auto Detect parameter settings are reported in the Event Analysis table.

- The Auto Detect parameters include:
 - Splice Loss
 - Reflectance
 - Fiber End
 - Macro Bend
 - Splitter Loss

Splice Loss

Determines the Splice Loss value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Splice Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splice Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splice Loss dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splice loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splice Loss threshold is set.

Reflectance

Determines the lowest Reflectance value that will be reported by analysis. Any event with a reflectance equal to or greater than the value in this parameter will be reported in Event analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is -70.0 dB to -20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the reflectance threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Reflectance threshold is set.

Fiber End

Determines the Fiber End value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 dB to 99 dB in 1 dB increments.

To set the Fiber End threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber End**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber End dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the fiber end threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Fiber End threshold is set.

Macro Bend

Determines the Macro Bend detect value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

 **Note**

Macro Bend detection requires a unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.3 dB to 2 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Macro Bend threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Macro Bend**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Macro Bend dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the fiber end threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Macro Bend threshold is set.

Splitter Loss

Determines the Splitter Loss value equal to or above which will be reported as Splitter event in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1.0 dB to 30.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splitter loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splitter Loss threshold is set.

Pass/Fail Thresholds Parameters

Press **Threshold (f3)** to display Pass/Fail to the red legend.

Events that exceed the Pass/Fail Threshold parameters are highlighted in red in the Event Analysis table.

- The Pass/Fail Thresholds parameters include:
 - Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)
 - Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)
 - Reflectance
 - Fiber Loss (dB/km)
 - Total Loss
 - Splitter Loss
 - ORL

Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)

This parameter highlights non-reflective event losses, such as fusion splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Non-Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Non-Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Non-Reflective Event Loss to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)

This parameter highlights reflective event losses, such as connectors and mechanical splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Reflectance

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table that exceed the set Reflectance value. The reflectance of Fiber End is not checked when End event for ORL calculation is OMIT.

The range of settings for this parameter is -50.0 dB to -10.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Reflectance to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

Fiber Loss (dB/km)

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the dB/km loss exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber Loss (dB/km)**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Total Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the Total loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 60.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Total Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Total Loss dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Splitter Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the splitter loss exceeds the Auto Detect threshold plus value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
When Test Mode is FTTA, Splitter Loss cannot be selected.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter** key again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

ORL

This parameter highlights ORL value in the ORL of Test results field that exceed the set ORL value. The Fiber End event is not included when End event for ORL calculation is OMIT.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.0 dB to 60.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the ORL threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **ORL**.
2. Press **Enter key**. The ORL dialog box appears. The dialog box displays the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Report Settings

In Fiber Visualizer mode, the measurement result is output to PDF by report format. Press **Report (F4)** on Fiber Visualizer screen or Trace screen to access the OTDR Report Settings screen.

The screenshot shows the 'OTDR Report Settings (General)' screen. At the top, it displays the date and time '2015-Mar-18 11:03' and a battery level of '100%'. The main area is divided into several sections:

- Customer:** A text field with a black background.
- Location:** A text field.
- Operator:** A text field.
- Notes:** A text field.
- Include Report Header:**
- Include File Header:**
- Include Fiber Pass/Fail:**
- Include Logo:** (Path: INTMEM/anritsu.PNG)
- Include Vip Result:**
- Include Graphic Event:**
- Include Event Table:**
- Include Trace:**
- Result Source:**
 - Current Results Only
 - Results in Folder (Path: INTMEM/)

 On the right side, there is a vertical sidebar with the following buttons: 'Create PDF', 'Report Type Full', 'Settings General', 'Output Combine', 'PDF Viewer', and 'Exit'.

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 5-14: OTDR Report Settings (General) Screen

To view a PDF file, press **PDF Viewer (F5)** on Report Settings screen. For PDF Viewer, refer to “Viewing a Report” on page 5-80.

Header

The following items can be output as a header on report cover.

- Customer
- Location
- Operator
- Notes

To edit Headers

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field and then press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialog box appears.
2. Correct the selected field.

3. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to return to the Report Settings screen.
4. Repeat Step 1 through 3.

Selecting Data to Output

The following items can be output in the report.

- Report Header
- File Header
- Fiber Pass/Fail
- Graphical Events
- Events Table
- Trace
- Logo
- VIP result

To select output data

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys(or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field and then press the **Enter key**.
2. By pressing **Report Type (f2)**, Report Type can be selected to "Simple" or "Full". If selecting "Simple", the report does not contain Headers.
3. To output logo, select the logo file field and press the **Enter key**.
4. Select the desired image, and press **CreatePDF(f1)**.

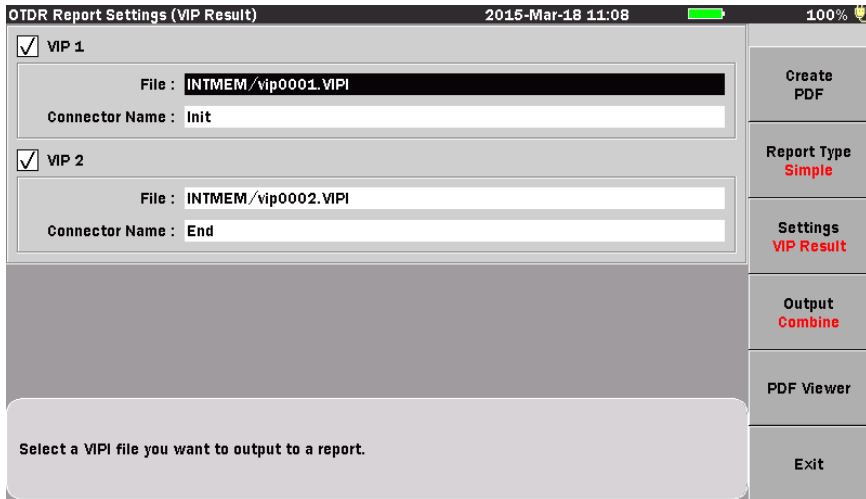
Note

Only image files in JPEG and PNG can be output as Logo.

To select VIP result files (Report Type: Simple)

1. Press **Setting (f3)** to display VIP Result screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the desired check box and then press the **Enter key**.
3. Select the file field and press the **Enter key**.
4. Select the desired File, and press **Select (f1)**.
5. Select the Connector Name field and press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialog box appears.

- When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to return to the VIP Result screen.
- Press **Setting (f3)** to return to the General screen.



OTDR Report Settings (VIP Result) 2015-Mar-18 11:08 100%

VIP 1
File : INTMEM/vip0001.VIPI
Connector Name : Init

VIP 2
File : INTMEM/vip0002.VIPI
Connector Name : End

Select a VIPI file you want to output to a report.

Create PDF
Report Type Simple
Settings VIP Result
Output Combine
PDF Viewer
Exit

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 5-15: OTDR Report Settings (VIP Result) Screen Report Type: Simple

To select VIP result files (Report Type: Full)

- Press **Setting (f3)** to display the VIP Result screen.
- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to select File Location field and then press the **Enter key**.
- Select the desired files (max. 6 files), and press **Select (f1)**. The selected files are displayed on the VIP Result screen.

Note

When no file is selected or more than six files are selected, pressing the **Select (f1)** soft key sounds an error tone.

- Press **Setting (f3)** to return the General screen.

Result Source

This option button switches setting which analysis result to be included in a report. Select either of the followings:

Chapter 5: Fiber Visualizer Mode

- Current Results Only –
Creates only the PDF files of the current trace.
- Results in Folder –
Creates PDF files of up to 100 SOR files in the folder.
Press **Output (f4)** to select the output type.
 - Combine: Results are output to one PDF file.
 - Separate: Results are output to separate PDF files.

Note

When Results in Folder is selected, Include Vip Results check box will be disabled.

If the folder has no SOR files or has more than 100 SOR files, PDF files will not be output.

Fault Locate Testing

Running a Fault Locate Test

Fiber Visualizer provides an easy method to determine the end/fault location of a fiber.

To run a Fault Locate test:

1. Power up the MT9083 Series (if necessary).
2. Highlight **Fiber Visualizer** on the Top Menu screen and then press the **Enter** key.



Figure 5-16: Initial Fiber Visualizer Mode screen

3. Connect the fiber under test to the desired test measurement port. See Figure 2-3 on page 2-10 for the location of the test measurement ports.

Note

Depending on the configuration of your MT9083 Series, the unit may have one or two test measurement ports.

4. If the Connection Check is “On” on the setups Preferences screen (see Figure 5-3 on page 5-4), a connection check is automatically preformed. When the best optimized connection is achieved (the closer the

connection check gauge is to “HIGH” the better the optimization of the connection) press the **Start key** to perform the test.

If the Connection Check is set to “Off”, continue at step 5.

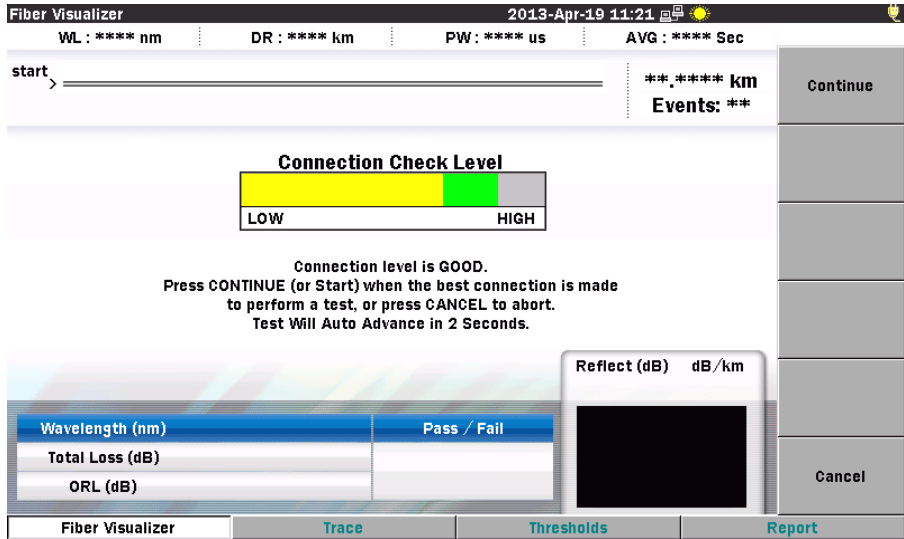


Figure 5-17: Connection Check screen

5. The Selecting Test Parameters screen is displayed briefly, followed by the Test In Progress screen.
6. When Fault Locate test has finished, the test results are displayed in Fiber Visualizer Main screen.

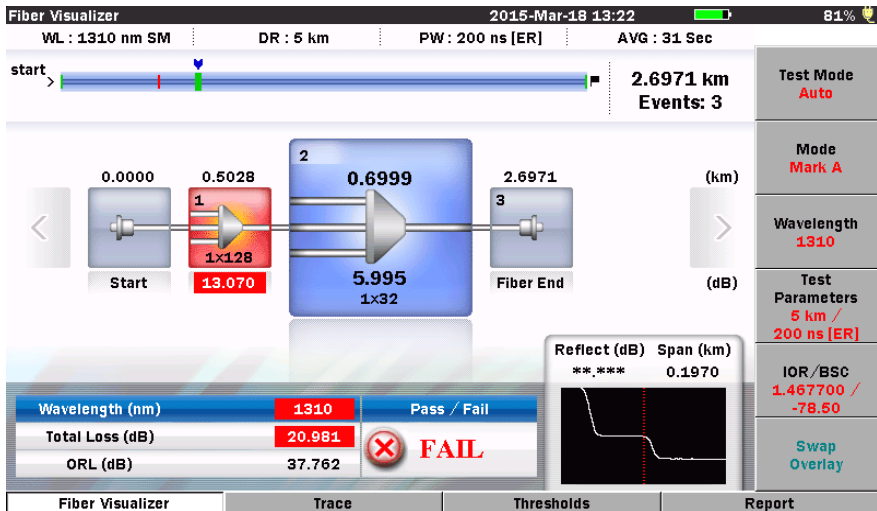


Figure 5-18: Fiber Visualizer Main screen

7. If detected event is not appropriate, press **Mode (f2)** to display Event Edit to the red legend.
Press **Enter key** to display the Event edit window, use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the event icon.
8. Press **Trace (F2)** to view the trace and further analyze the results, if desired. See Chapter 7, “OTDR Mode Measurements” for detail on further analyzing a trace.
9. Connect the next fiber to be tested and then press the **Start key** to continue.

Connection Check

When the Connection Check is set to “On” on the setups Preferences screen, a connection check is automatically performed at the beginning of each fault locate test. The Connection Check screen consist of a simple gauge which provides a graphical representation of the connection quality along with instructions detailing how to proceed when the connection is “GOOD” and how to correct a “BAD” connection.

GOOD connection –

The gauge is green and yellow when connection is good. The closer the bar in the connection gauge extends to “HIGH” end, the better the connection is.

If the gauge is yellow and red, the fiber needs cleaning.

Press **Continue** (f1) or **Start key** to start the measurement immediately.

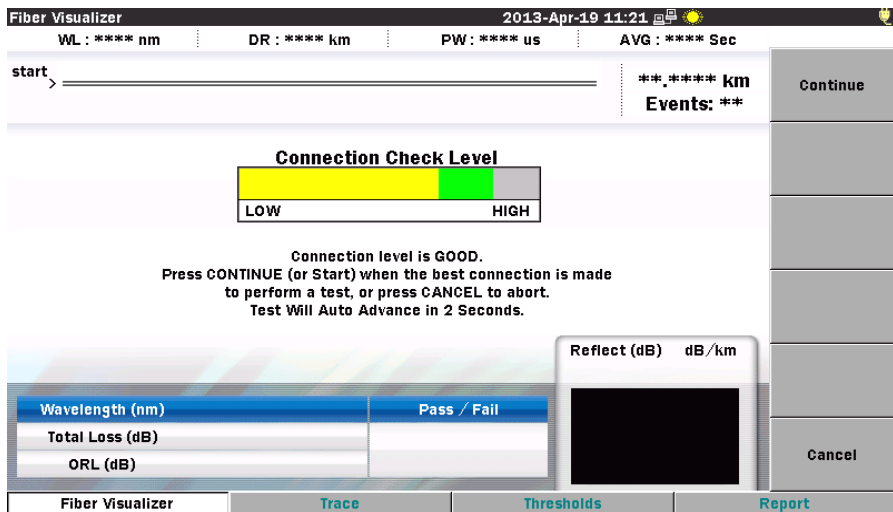


Figure 5-19: Connection Check – Good Connection

BAD connection –

When the connection check level is low, the bar in the connection gauge is red and only extends a short distance from the “LOW” end of the gauge.

If the connection state is not improved even if the fiber is cleaned, the fiber needs to be replaced.

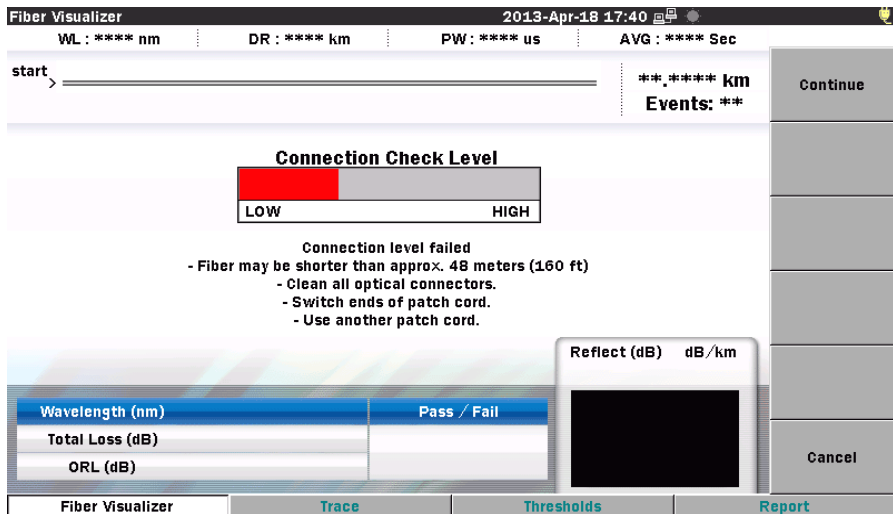


Figure 5-20: Connection Check – Bad Connection

To correct a low connection:

1. Press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)** to abort the current test.
2. Clean all of the optical connectors.
3. Press the **Start key** to re-start the test.
4. If the Connection Check is still low, press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)**.
5. Switch the ends of the patch cord and press the **Start key** again.
6. If the Connection Check is still low, press the **ESC key** or **Cancel (f6)** and then replace the patch cord.
7. Press the **Start key** to re-start the test.

Note

Fibers shorter than approximately 48 meters (160 ft.) will generally result in a low connection.

Chapter 5: Fiber Visualizer Mode

If the Connection Check remains LOW after following the steps in the preceding procedure, contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center at:

Phone: 1-800-ANRITSU or 1-800-267-4878

(Canada, U.S., Latin and South America)

Fax: +1 972-671-1877

e-mail: us-sales@anritsu.com

Web: www.anritsu.com

Event Editing

After Fault Locate Test has finished, Events icons appear on the screen. If detected event type is not appropriate, the event icon can be changed.

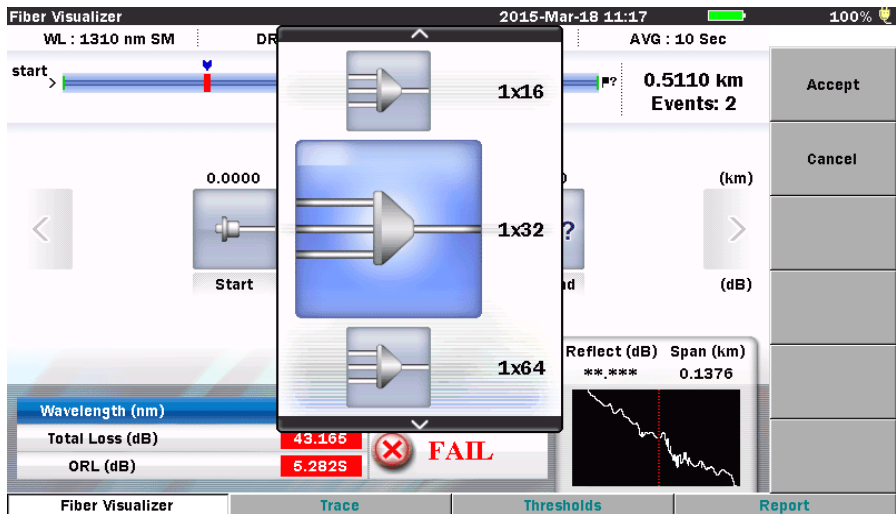


Figure 5-21: Event edit window

1. Press **Fiber Visualizer (F1)** to display the Trace screen.
2. Press **Mode (f2)** to display “Event Edit” on the softkey.
3. Press **Enter Key** to display the Event edit window.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the event icon.
5. Press **Accept (f1)** to change the event.
6. Confirmation message appears. Press **Yes (f1)** to close the Event edit window.

Note

Changeable icons are as following:

Current Event	Available Event
Non-Reflective	PON Event, Far End Event
Reflective	PON Event, Far End Event*
Group	PON Event, Far End Event*
PON	Non-Reflective Event, Reflective Event if PON Event is changed from Non-Reflective Event or Reflective Event
	Far End Event*
Questionable	Far End Event

*: Changeable if loss is larger than Far End threshold or reflection is lower than -20.0 dB.

Real Time Testing

Real Time test mode provides a quick 'real-time' view of the initial trace information. In this mode, trace data is not continually averaged, but is stopped and restarted after each screen update. Real Time mode enables optimization of fiber connections at or near the OTDR connector, as the trace display shows the affect of making changes to the connections.

To start a Real Time test:

1. Press **Trace (F2)** to display the Trace screen.
2. Press **Real Time (f2)** to start a real time test. The red legend on the softkey changes to "On" and the test begins.

Note

To attenuate a saturated event when in Real Time test mode, move the active cursor within the event, until the unit auto-attenuates the event (pulling the event out of saturation).

To stop a Real Time test:

- Press **Real Time (f2)** to stop the current real time test. The red legend on the softkey changes to "Off" and the real time test ends.

Fiber Visualizer Mode Measurement Parameters

Setting the Source Wavelength

To set the source wavelength:

- Press **Wavelength (f3)** to toggle through the source wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey changes with each key press. Depending on the configuration of the MT9083 Series in use, up to four wavelengths are available.

 **Note**

Pressing the Wavelength softkey on single wavelength units causes an error tone to sound.

The wavelength may be changed while a Real Time or Averaging cycle is running. The test will restart using the new wavelength.

Setting the Range, Resolution, Pulse Width, Average Time, and Splitter Setup

The Range, Resolution Pulse Width, and Average Time settings determine the trace data distance range and resolution value (data point spacing) as well as the pulse width used for the test cycle.

To set the Range, Resolution Pulse Width, and Average Time:

1. Press **Test Parameters (f4)**, the Distance Range, Resolution, Pulse width, Average Time dialog and Splitter Setup box appears (see Figure 5-22 on page 5-57).

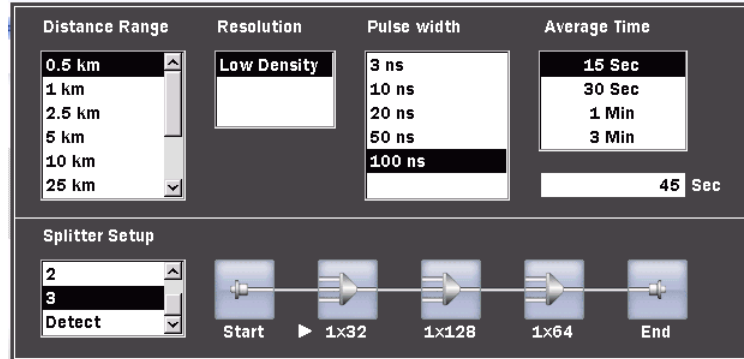


Figure 5-22: Range/Resolution/Pulse Width/Average Time/Splitter Setup Dialog box

2. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow** keys to move the white arrow to the desired list or the splitter icon.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the selected list. On Splitter icon, **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) change the splits. 1 to 3600 seconds can be input directly only for Average Time.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 until all the desired settings are highlighted.
5. Press the **Enter** key (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the Range/Pulse Width softkey displays the newly selected Distance Range and Pulse Width.

If distance range, resolution, pulse width, or average time is changed during a Real Time test, the test re-starts in the newly-set conditions.

Selecting the Dead-zone Mode

The MT9083A2/B2/C2 have a Dead-zone mode selection function. The two modes available via this mode selection function are Standard mode and Enhanced Range mode.

The features of the two modes are described below.

Standard mode:

- Standard mode allows short dead-zone measurements to be performed

Enhanced Range mode:

- Allows high dynamic range measurements.
- Allows fast measurements.
- Can be used to test the path over each optical fiber split by the splitter included in the PON system.

Setting the Standard Mode

To Set the Standard Mode:

1. Pressing Test Parameters (f4) brings up **Dead-zone (f1)**. (See figure below.)
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set “Standard (HR)”.

Note

- The Enhanced Range mode is only available if an SM unit is fitted. The **Dead-zone (f1) key** becomes unavailable if an MM unit is fitted.
- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

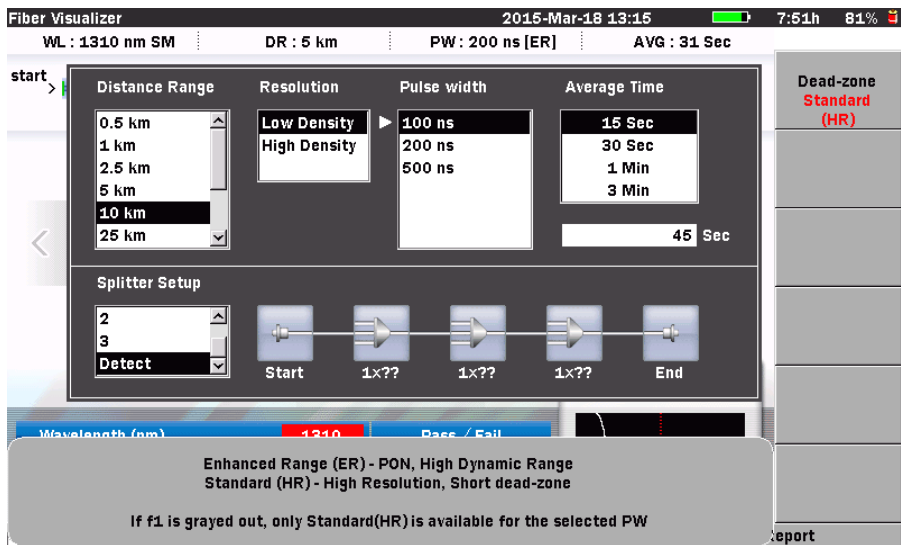


Figure 5-23: Dead-zone Mode Selecting screen

Setting the Enhanced Range Mode

To Set the Enhanced Range Mode:

1. Pressing **Test Parameters(f4)** brings up **Dead-zone (f1)**.
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set “**Enhanced Range (ER)**”.
3. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the red legend on the Range / Pulse Width softkey displays the newly selected Dead-zone mode.
 - HR: Standard mode
 - ER: Enhanced Range mode

 **Note**

- The Enhanced Range mode is only available if an SM unit is fitted. The **Dead-zone (f1) key** becomes unavailable if an MM unit is fitted.
- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

Setting the IOR and BSC

Use the IOR/BSC dialog box to select one of the pre-set Fiber Types, which automatically sets the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) for the selected fiber type, or select “Other” and then use the Numeric keypad to enter the desired IOR and BSC settings.

To set the IOR and BSC values:

1. Press **IOR/BSC (f5)**. The IOR/BSC dialog box appears.

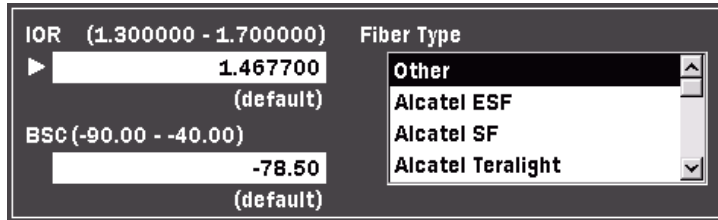


Figure 5-24: IOR/BSC Dialog box

2. Press **Wavelength (f1)** to select the wavelength changing IOR/BSC.
3. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** to move the white arrow to the **Fiber Type** field, if necessary, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired fiber type.

When the desired fiber type is highlighted, press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**).

Or –

If the fiber type is not listed, select **Other** and then move the white arrow to the **IOR** and **BSC fields**. Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired values.

When the IOR and BSC values are entered, press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value.

4. The dialog box closes and the new settings are displayed in the red legend on the softkey.

Swap Overlay

When the wavelength is set to 1310/1550 (Macro Bend) or 1310/1625 (Macro Bend) , the event icons of these can be swapped on display.

To swap overlay:

1. Press **Swap Overlay (f6)**.
2. The event icons are swapped between 1310nm and the other wavelength.

Working with OTDR Trace Files

Displaying Trace Files

You can display up to four traces, at one time, on the Trace grid. Traces can either be recalled from mass storage (e.g.: internal memory or USB memory stick) or displayed while testing.

To load a trace from Mass Storage:

1. Press the **File** key. The Load screen appears.

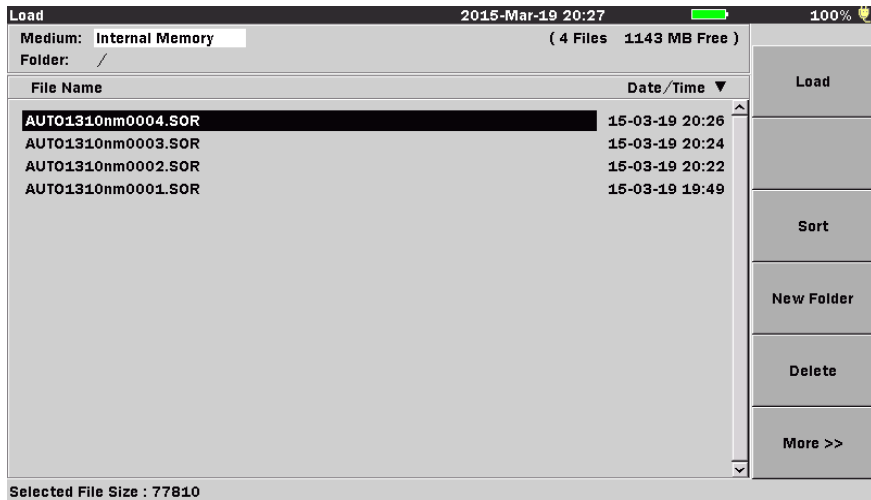


Figure 5-25: Load screen

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Select **Load (f1)**, the Load Primary dialog box appears. See Figure 5-26 on page 5-63.

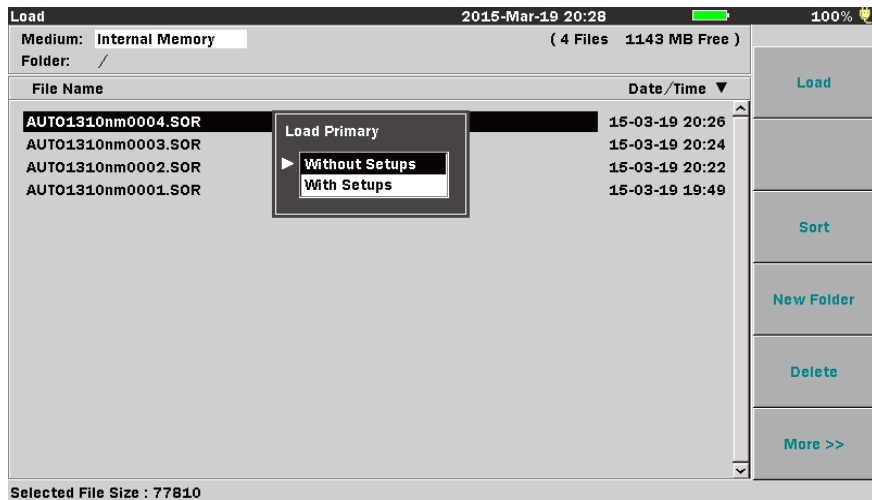


Figure 5-26: Load Primary Dialog box

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired Load mode:
 - **Without Setups** – Loads the trace for display only.
 - **With Setups** – Loads the trace for display and forces the instrument test parameters to those used when the selected trace was collected.
5. Press the **Enter key**, the Load screen closes and the selected trace is displayed in the Trace grid in the a trace position.
The loaded file name appears at top of the screen.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the unit's internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.

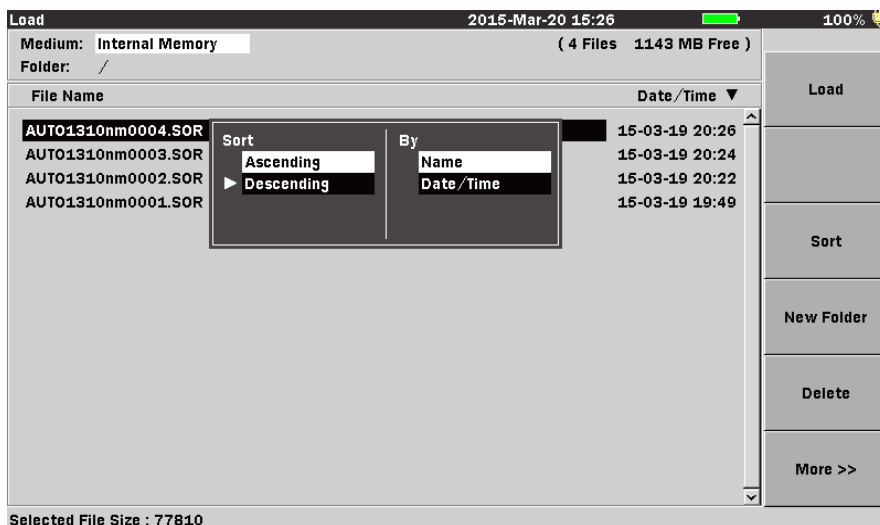


Figure 5-27: Sort/By Dialog box

3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

New Folder

Use the following procedure to create a new folder

1. Press the **File key**, the Load screen appears (see Figure 5-25 on page 5-62).
2. Select the desired medium in which the new folder will be located by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter key** to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

Note

The USB Memory selection is only available when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **New Folder (f4)**, the New Folder screen appears. See Figure 3-26 on page 3-45. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 4. to enter the name using the front panel keys.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to save the new folder to the selected medium or press the **ESC key** to cancel the New Folder process.

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the New Folder name field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the New Folder name field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the New Folder name field.

5. Use the **f1 – f5 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
 - Press **Backspace (f5)** to delete a character.
6. With the desired character highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the New Folder name field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in New Folder name field.
7. When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to save the new folder to the selected medium or press **ESC** to cancel the New Folder process.

Deleting Files

Use either the Load screen (see Figure 5-25 on page 5-62) or the Save screen (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72) to delete any data files stored in the internal memory

or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. A message box appears with the following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.
5. Repeat steps 2 through 4 for any additional file deletions.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
6. Press **More >> (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Enter key** to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

► **Note**

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use the Save screen (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72) to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Press **More >> (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.
6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copying 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.
A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press the **Enter key** and highlight the first file in the selected directory/folder, if not already highlighted.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The

message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Saving Files with AutoSave

AutoSave automatically saves trace data at the completion of data collection.

► Note

The MT9083 Series maintains the path of the last directory to which a manual file-save has occurred. The auto-save directory may in fact be a different directory. The MT9083 Series therefore maintains 2 file-save pathnames: manual save and auto-save.

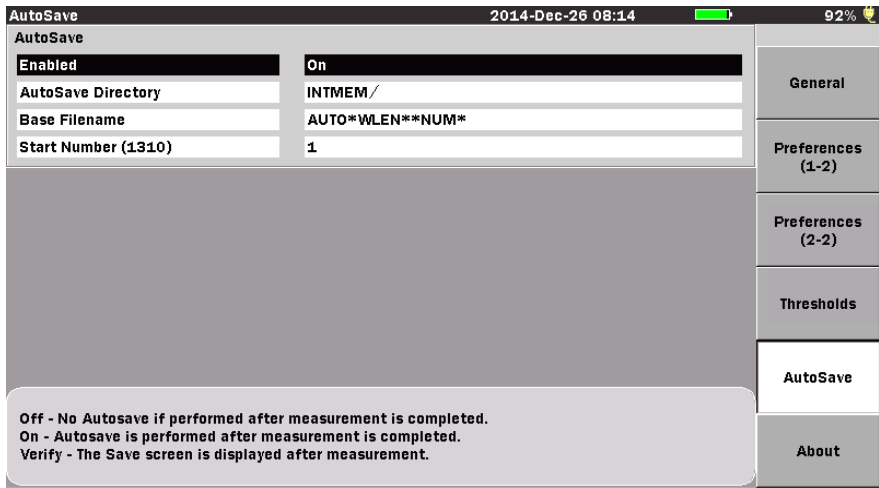
Depending on the settings made on the AutoSave screen in Setups, AutoSave behaves in one of the following way:

- **On** – AutoSave is performed automatically, without displaying the Save screen.
- **Verify** – AutoSave displays the Save screen at the end of each data collection so you can verify the save details.
- **Off** – AutoSave is not performed. You need to perform a manual save to save the current test data, if desired.

Automatic File Save

To set up AutoSave for a full, automatic save:

1. Enter the Fiber Visualizer setups, see page 5-2 for details.
2. Press **AutoSave (f5)**. The AutoSave setups screen appears (see Figure 5-28 on page 5-70).



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 5-28: AutoSave Setups Screen

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter key**. The Enabled dialog box appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **On**.
5. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set to “On”. All data collections will be automatically saved.

Note

Setting the AutoSave Enabled status to “On” automatically sets and locks the Auto-Filename Enabled status at the “On” setting.

Verifying the AutoSave

Use the following procedure to set the AutoSave status to “Verify”, which displays the Save screen at the end of each data collection.

To set the AutoSave status to Verify:

1. Enter the Fiber Visualizer setups, see page 5-2 for details.
2. Press **AutoSave (f5)**. The AutoSave setup screen appears (see Figure 5-28).

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Enabled** in the AutoSave field and then press the **Enter key**. The Enabled dialog box appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Verify**.
5. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the AutoSave Enabled status is set to “Verify”.

To AutoSave with verification:

1. Set the AutoSave status to “Verify” as detailed in the procedure above.
2. Perform the desired Fault Locate test. When the data collection is complete the Save screen (Figure 5-29 on page 5-72) is displayed with the File Name field highlighted.
3. Choose any or all of the following functions, if desired, or continue at step 4:
 - Press the **Enter key** to edit the File Name, if desired, and follow the on-screen instructions for editing the file name.
 - Highlight the **Medium** field and then press **Enter** to toggle through the available selections.
 - Press **Header (f2)** to enter Header information. See “Headers” on page 5-74 for details.
 - Press **New Folder (f4)** to create a new folder for the file save. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
 - Select a different folder for the file save by highlighting the desired folder name (folder names are displayed in parentheses above the list of filenames) and then pressing **Enter**.
4. Press **Save Trace (f1)** to complete the verified AutoSave.

Saving Files Manually

You can perform a manual file save when the AutoSave status is set to “Off”. See “To select the AutoSave Enabled status:” on page 5-16 for details.

Note

The MT9083 Series maintains the path of the last directory to which a manual file-save has occurred. The auto-save directory may in fact be a different directory. The MT9083 Series therefore maintains 2 file-save pathnames: manual save and auto-save.

To manually save files:

1. At the completion of a test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen (see Figure 5-29) appears with the File Name field highlighted.



Figure 5-29: Save Screen

Edit the filename, if desired, or continue at step 6 to use the current filename.

To edit the filename, press the **Enter key**. The FileName dialog box appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, Refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input the file name.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the

Enter key to return to the Save screen. Press the **F1 key** to complete the manual save. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the File Name field, which is located directly above the character matrix. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **File Name** field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **File Name** field.

 **Note**

When Wavelength is set to 1310/1550 (Macro Bend) or 1310/1625 (Macro Bend), the dialog box appears to confirm saving result of another wavelength. Press **f1 key** to save both. Press **f2 key** to save result of displayed wavelength only.

In Fiber Visualizer Mode, the item below is displayed for MACRO.

Table 5-1: MACRO Buttons

Name	Word string to insert
Number	4-digit serial number starting with a number in the Number field
yy-mm-dd	Digits to represent Year-Month-Day
hh-mm-ss	Digits to represent Hour-Minute-Second
Wavelength	Wave length used for measurement

Headers

Headers hold valuable information about the trace files which may save a considerable amount of time when recalling traces for comparison. The header does not require repopulating each time a new trace is collected. Information entered on the Header screen is retained until such a time as the header requires editing.

Note

Headers do not change if selecting “Without Setups” when loading a trace file. (see Figure 5-26 on page 5-63) If selecting “With Setups” when loading a trace file, Headers will be overwritten to those in the loaded file.

To access and edit the Header:

1. At the completion of a test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears (see Figure 5-29 on page 5-72).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired file name, if necessary.
3. Press **Header (f2)**, the Header screen appears (see Figure 5-30 on page 5-74).
 - To edit or enter header information continue at step 4.
 - To close the Header continue at step 10.

The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "Header" with a status bar at the top displaying "2016-Jun-24 18:24", a battery icon, "11:33h", and "82%". The main area is divided into two sections: "Unit Header" and "File Header".

Unit Header

Owner	
Customer	

File Header

Data Flag	OT
Cable ID	
Fiber ID	
Sequence Number	2
Cable Code	
Start Location	
Terminal Location	
Direction	A->B
Operator	
Comment	

At the bottom of the screen, there is a text box containing the instruction: "Used to input the owner name or company name. Number of characters must be less than 30." To the right of this text box is an "Exit" button.

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 5-30: Header Screen

Note

When Auto-Filename is enabled on the AutoSave screen (see Figure 5-6 on page 5-15) the Fiber ID field of the Header screen is auto-populated, starting with the number set in the Start Number field.

Sequence Number in the Header screen is the same as Start Number in Figure 5-6: AutoSave Screen. After an SOR file is loaded, the start number of the loaded file is set to the Sequence Number field.

- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field and then press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialog box appears (see Figure 5-31). If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 5. to enter the name using the front panel keys. If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to return to the Header screen.

Repeat steps 4 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited. Press the **f6 key** to close the Header and return to the Save screen.

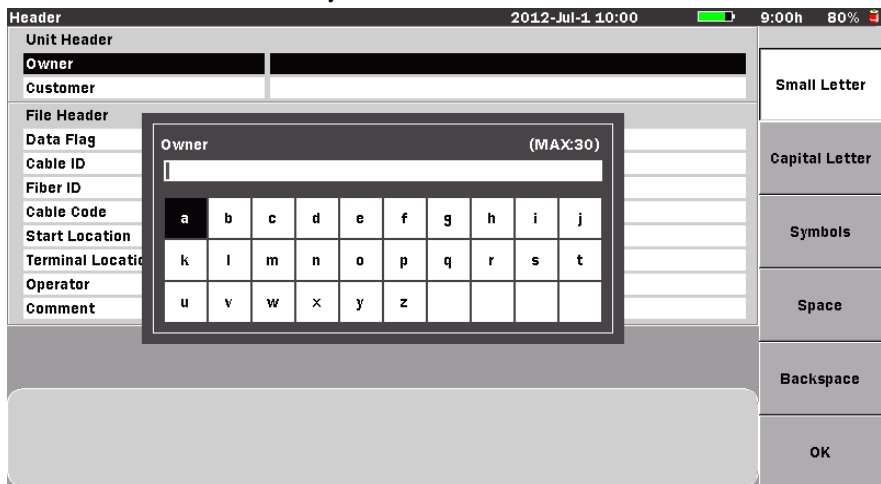


Figure 5-31: Text Entry dialog box

- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the current text entry field, which is located directly above the character matrix. (The current title of the text entry field matches the currently selected Header screen field.) Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow**

keys to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **text entry** field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **text entry** field.

6. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name
7. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the text entry field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the text entry field.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS key** to delete characters entered in the text entry field.
8. When all of the desired characters are entered in the text entry field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Header screen.
9. Repeat steps 4 through 8 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited.
10. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the Header and return to the Save screen.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series' internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. At the completion of a Fault Locate test, press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.

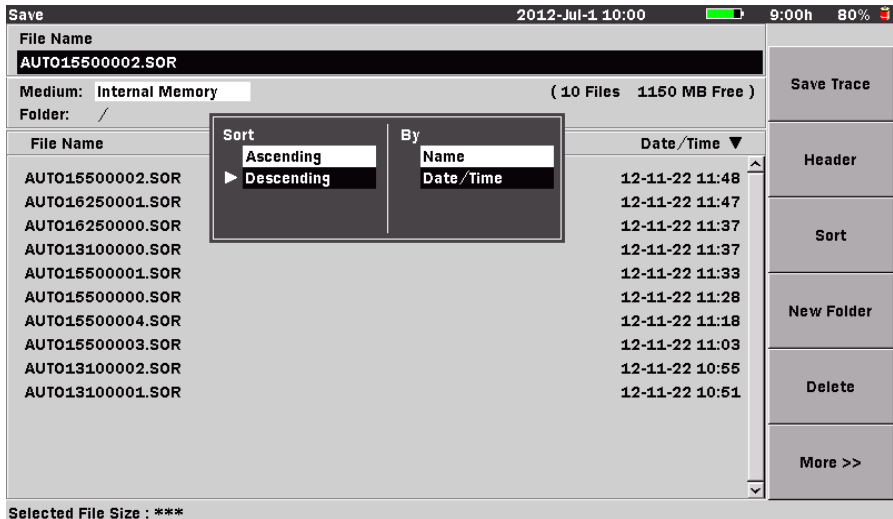


Figure 5-32: Sort/By Dialog box

3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

Printing Fault Locate Data Files

Fault Locate data files can be printed via the optional BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers.

Note

The printed output from the MT9083 Series consists of a screen shot. Only the details currently displayed on the LCD, less the softkeys, are printed. Make sure that the desired details are displayed before printing.

Connecting the Printer

Connect the MT9083 Series to the BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers using a USB printer conversion cable as shown in the figure below:

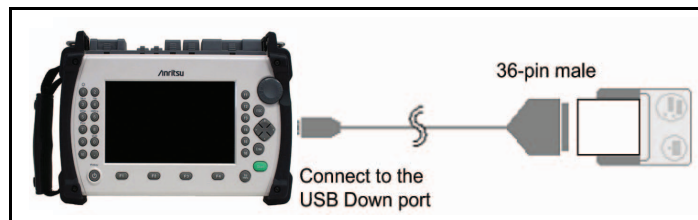


Figure 5-33: Connecting the BL-80R11 Printer

Printing a Fault Locate Trace File

Make sure that the Printer setup parameters are set as desired on the setups General screen. See “Printer” and “Paper Feed” on pages 3-9 – 3-10 for details.

To print trace files:

1. Connect the BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers to the MT9083 Series as shown in Figure 5-33, and then power up the printer.
2. Perform a Fault Locate test.
3. At the conclusion of the test:
 - To print the Summary screen, continue at step 4.
 - or
 - To print the Trace, press **View Trace (f6)** and then continue at step 4.
4. Press the **Print key**. The following message is displayed:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

5. Press **Printer (f1)**. The message changes to “Please wait. Printing...”. The MT9083 Series returns to the Trace grid when the printout is completed.

Saving Fault Locate Data as an Image File

You can save the image on test result screens and most setup screens.

To save a Screen Image to a file:

1. Perform a Fault Locate test.
2. At the conclusion of the test:
 - To save a screen image of the Summary screen, continue at step 3.
 - or
 - To save a screen image of the Trace, press **View Trace (f6)** and then continue at step 3.
3. Press the **Print key**, the following message appears:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

4. Press **File (f2)**. The Save screenshot screen appears (see Figure 5-34).



Figure 5-34: Save Screenshot Screen

5. With the File Name highlighted, press the **Enter key** to rename the file, if desired. See “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 for details.
6. Select the desired Medium to save the file to by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter key** to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

► **Note**

The USB Memory selection is only available when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

7. Press **New Folder (f4)** if you desire to setup a new folder in which to save the image file. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
8. Press **File Type (f2)** to toggle through the file type.
9. Press **Save Image (f1)** to save the image file, or press **ESC** to cancel the file save.

Viewing a Report

Loading files

1. Press the **Load key**.
2. Select the desired file.
3. Press the **Enter key** to open the selected file. PDF Viewer appears.

► **Note**

PDF Viewer cannot open the files including unsupported fonts.

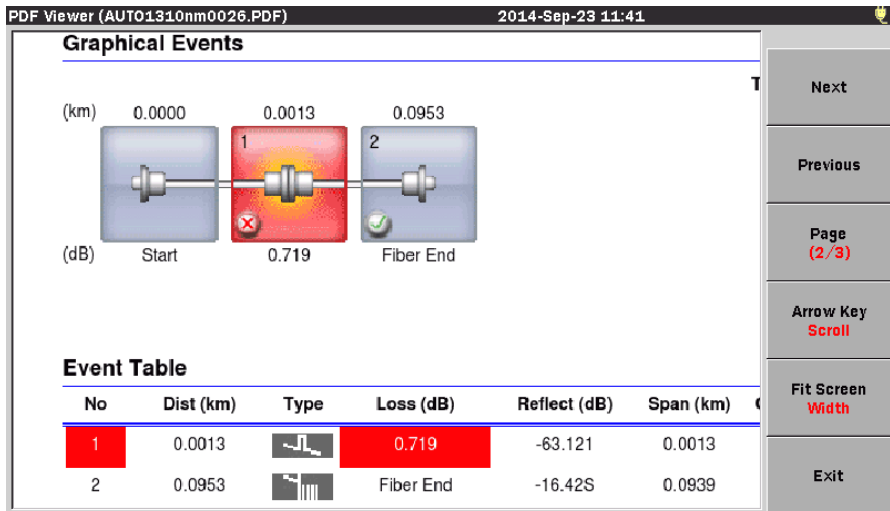


Figure 5-35: PDF Viewer Screen

Scrolling

1. Press **Next (f1)** to move to the next page.
2. Press **Previous (f2)** to go back to the previous page.
3. Press **Arrow Key (f4)** to change the button label to “Scroll”, then use the **Arrow keys** to scroll the page.

Zooming

1. Press **Arrow Key (f4)** to change the button label to “Zoom”, then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to zoom in or zoom out.
2. Press **Fit Screen (f5)** to fit page to “Width” or “Height” of the screen.

Chapter 5: Fiber Visualizer Mode

Chapter 6: OTDR (Construction) Mode

Overview

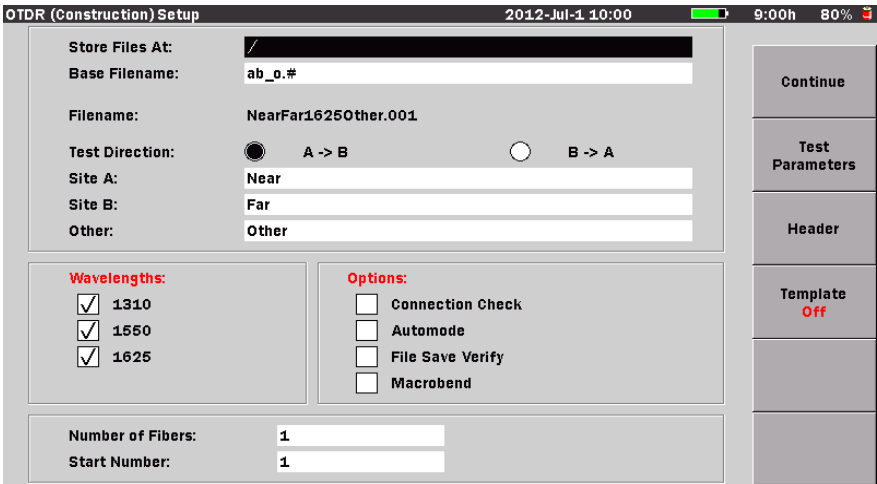
Construction mode simplifies and automates the testing required when installing fiber. Construction mode is used when many fibers in a cable need to be tested and documented before deployment.

Starting OTDR (Construction) Mode

To start the OTDR function in Construction mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu** key.
2. Highlight **OTDR (Construction)**, then press the **Enter** key.

The OTDR (Construction) Setup screen appears, see Figure 6-1, below.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-1: OTDR (Construction) Setup Screen

Setups – OTDR (Construction) Mode

Setups for the OTDR (Construction) mode are accessed via the Setup key. This section allows you to customize the preferences and parameters for a given data collection or a series of collections.

Entering OTDR (Construction) Setups

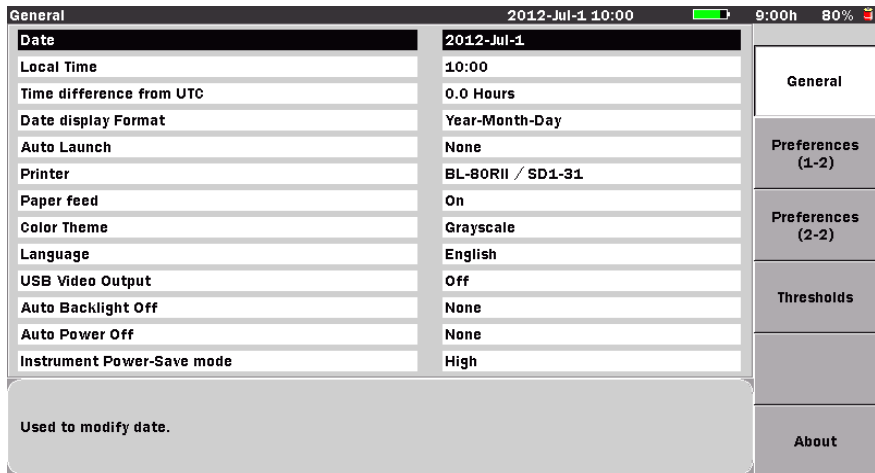
1. Start OTDR (Construction) mode. The OTDR (Construction) Setup screen appears.
2. Press the **Setup key**. The following Setup screens are available:
 - General (f1)
 - Preferences (1-2) (f2)
 - Preferences (2-2) (f3)
 - Thresholds (f4)

Press the softkey (f1 – f4) that corresponds to the desired settings category.

General Setups

Press **General (f1)** to access the General setups screen, if not already displayed.

The General setups pertain to general setting for the MT9083 Series and are detailed in “General Screen Settings” on pages 3-7 – 3-15.



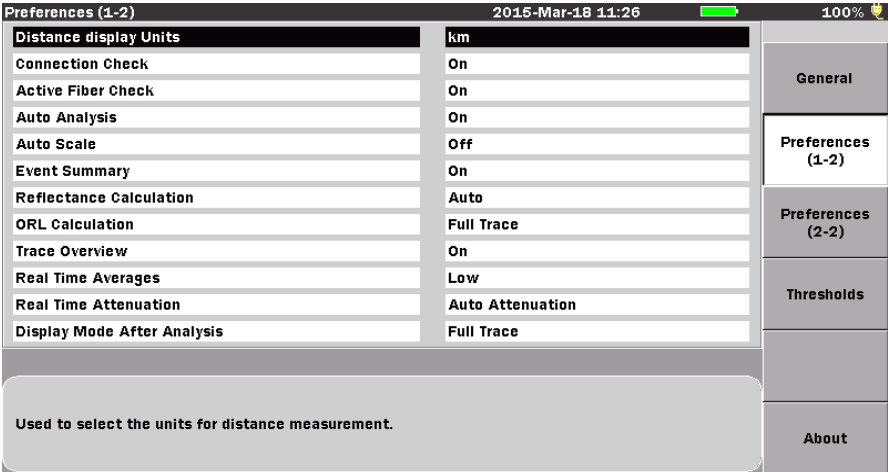
Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-2: General Setups Screen – OTDR (Construction) Mode

Preferences (1-2)

Press **Preferences (1-2) (F2)** to access the Preferences (1-2) screen (Figure 6-3 on page 6-3) and set the status for the following:

- Distance display Units
- Connection Check
- Active Fiber Check
- Auto Analysis [not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode]
- Auto Scale
- Event Summary
- Reflectance Calculation
- ORL Calculation [not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode]
- Trace Overview
- Real Time Averages [not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode]
- Real Time Attenuation [not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode]
- Display Mode After Analysis



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-3: Preferences (1-2) Screen

Distance Display Units

Select the unit of measurement used to display distance on the horizontal axis of the Trace graph. This affects Range and Resolution readings and analysis events incorporating distance.

To set the Distance Display units:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Distance display Units**.
2. Press **Enter** and select the desired unit from the Distance display Units menu.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selected unit is set.

Connection Check

The Connection Check function confirms whether or not the fiber is connected correctly to the OTDR measurement port.

To set the Connection Check:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Connection Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

 **Note**

The Connection Check function on the Preferences screen also controls the Connection Check in the Options area of the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-1 on page 6-1). Changing the enabled/disabled status on either screen is tracked on both.

Active Fiber Check

The Active Fiber Check performs a “live fiber” check on the currently attached fiber under test to detect whether the fiber is carrying traffic before firing any OTDR laser sources.

- If no traffic is detected the test proceeds normally.
- If traffic is detected a warning message appears on the screen and the test is aborted.

To set the Active Fiber Check

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Active Fiber Check**.
2. Press **Enter** and then select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the selection is set.

 **Note**

The Active Fiber Check feature does not apply for the following options – Opt 063 (0.85/1.3 μm MMF only).

Auto Analysis

This preference setting does not apply to OTDR (Construction) mode.

Auto Scale

When set to “On”, Auto Scale provides a trace display that utilizes the maximum amount of horizontal scale for optimum trace viewing.

To activate Auto Scale:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Scale**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Event Summary

When the Event Summary selection is set to “On” the Fiber Test Parameters area (see item 5 in Figure 6-20 on page 6-51) of the Test Results screen is replaced by the Event Summary area, listing the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

 **Note**

The OTDR (Construction) Test Results screen appears at the end of each test, providing that **Preview (f3)** is set to “On” on the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).

To set the Event Summary status:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Event Summary**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Reflectance Calculation

Reflectance is the ratio of reflected power to incident power displayed in dB (see “Reflectance Measurements” on page 7-17 for details). The MT9083 Series has three settings for Reflectance Calculations: Off, Auto, and Manual.

- **Off** –
Reflectance will not be calculated.
- **Auto** –
The reflectance of any event is reported based on the position of cursor A. The Auto setting is most useful for reflective events that are not close together or close-in to the OTDR.
- **Manual** –
When set to Manual, the reported reflectance is based on the positions of both cursors (A and B). The Manual setting is most useful for reflective events that are close together or close-in to the OTDR.

To set the Reflectance Calculation type:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance Calculation**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance Calculation dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired Reflectance Calculation setting: **Off**, **Auto**, or **Manual**.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Reflectance Calculation field.

ORL Calculation

ORL testing is not available in OTDR (Construction) mode.

Trace Overview

When set to “On”, a small overview of the trace is displayed in the lower left portion of the Trace graph.

To activate the Trace Overview:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Trace Overview**.
2. Press **Enter** and select either **On** or **Off** from the dialog box.
3. Press **Enter** again. The menu closes and the selection is set.

Real Time Averages

Real Time Averages is not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode.

Real Time Attenuation

Real Time Attenuation is not applicable to OTDR (Construction) mode.

Display Mode After Analysis

The Display Mode After Analysis setting is used to set the post-analysis display mode.

To set the Display Mode After Analysis:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Display Mode After Analysis**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Display Mode After Analysis dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - **End/Break** – The display mode focuses on the end/break event.
 - **Full Trace** – The full trace is displayed in Display from Origin mode.
 - **Current** – The display mode and cursor positions remain unchanged.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Display Mode After Analysis field.

Preferences (2-2)

Press **Preferences (2-2) (f3)** to access the Preferences (2-2) screen and set the status for the following:

- Auto Patch-cord Removal
- Grid Display
- Force Total Loss
- End event for ORL calculation

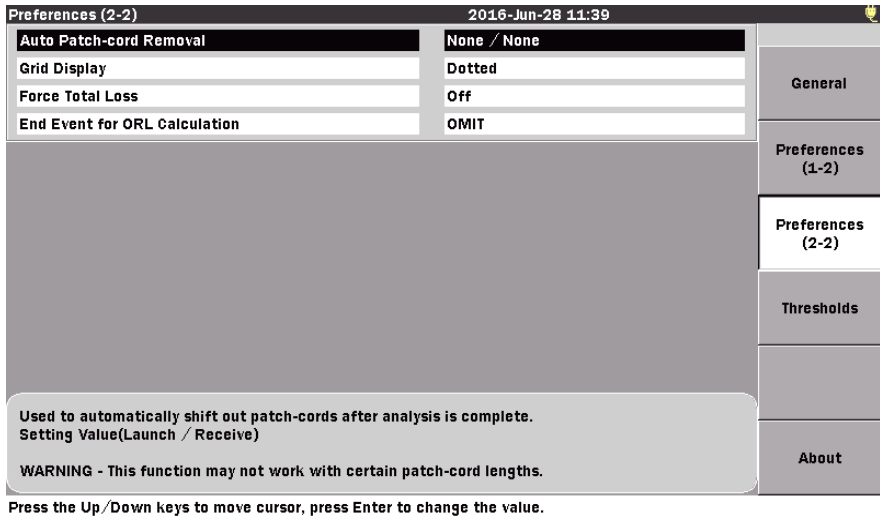


Figure 6-4: Preferences (2-2) Screen

Auto Patch-cord Removal

Specify the event number to treat as dummy fiber.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 to 9 in 1 increments.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal:

1. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Auto Patch-cord Removal**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no Auto Patch-cord Removal currently set, or display the current setting for the Auto Patch-cord Removal.

3. If the Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up or Down Arrow key** to change it to the event number setting mode.
4. Use the **Left and Right Arrow keys** to select “Launch” or “Receive”. Select “Launch” to remove the patch cord connected to the MT9083 Series.
Select “Receive” to remove the patch cord connected to the opposite side.

Note

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only when the number of detected events is greater than the sum of “Launch” and “Receive”.

5. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired event number setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
6. Press **Enter** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting. The event tables shows the distance information of dummy fiber.

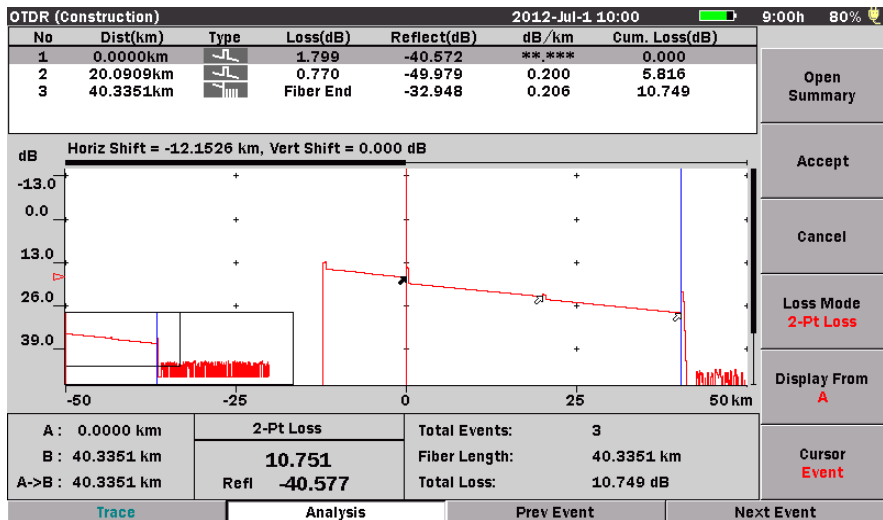


Figure 6-5: Auto Patch Screen

Use the following procedure to set Auto Patch-cord Removal to “None” when it is currently set in event number.

To set the Auto Patch-cord Removal to None:

1. Highlight **Auto patch cord** and then press **Enter**. The Auto Patch-cord Removal dialog box appears, displaying the current event number setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

 **Note**

The Auto Patch-cord Removal feature works only with patch-cords that are at least 40 m (120 ft) and 40 data points longer than the pulse width.

Grid Display

Select the format for the grid lines on the trace screen.

To set the Grid Display:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Grid Display**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Grid Display dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - Dotted - A dotted line grid is used for trace display.
 - Solid - A solid line grid is used for trace display.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Grid Display field.

Force Total Loss

Select the display settings for Total Loss (Cum.Loss(dB)).

To set the Force Total Loss:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Force Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Force Total Loss dialog box appears.
3. Highlight the desired setting:
 - ON - Always displays Total Loss (Cum.Loss).
 - OFF - Depending on conditions, "***.***" is displayed for the Total Loss (Cum.Loss) slot.

 **Note**

Total Loss (Cum.Loss) cannot be displayed when:

- An event appeared before backscatter could be found after the launch reflection.
 - An event exists 1.1 pulse widths after the launch backscatter.
 - Fiber end cannot be detected.
4. Press **Enter**. The dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the Force Total Loss field.

End Event for ORL Calculation

This setting function applies only to Fiber Visualizer.

Thresholds

Press **Thresholds (f4)** to access the Thresholds screen. This screen provides access to the various Auto Detect and Pass/Fail Thresholds setting.

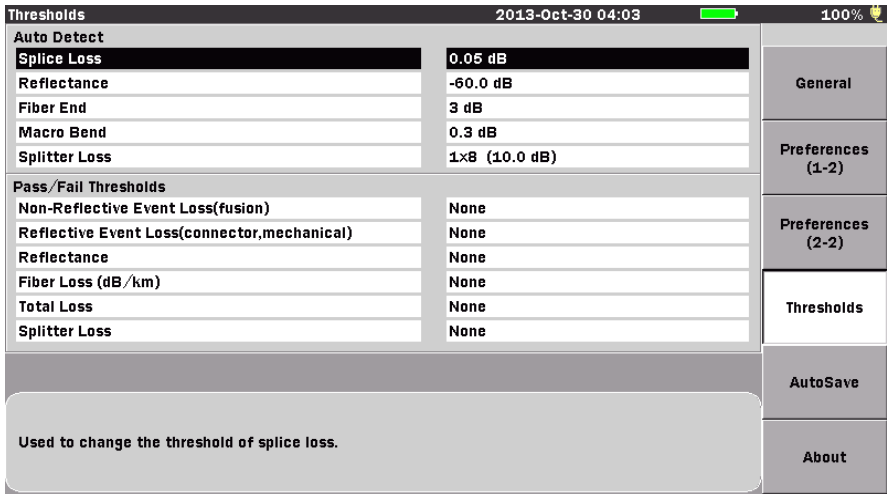


Figure 6-6: Thresholds Screen

Auto Detect Parameters

Events that exceed the Auto Detect parameter settings are reported in the Event Analysis table.

- The Auto Detect parameters include:
 - Splice Loss
 - Reflectance

- Fiber End
- Macro Bend
- Splitter Loss

Splice Loss

Determines the Splice Loss value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Splice Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splice Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splice Loss dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splice loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splice Loss threshold is set.

Reflectance

Determines the lowest Reflectance value that will be reported by analysis. Any event with a reflectance equal to or greater than the value in this parameter will be reported in Event analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is -70.0 dB to -20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflectance dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the reflectance threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Reflectance threshold is set.

Fiber End

Determines the Fiber End value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1 dB to 99 dB in 1 dB increments.

To set the Fiber End threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber End**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber End dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the fiber end threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Fiber End threshold is set.

Macro Bend

Determines the Macro Bend detect value equal to or above which will be reported in the Events analysis.

► Note

Macro Bend detection requires a unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.3 dB to 2 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Macro Bend threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Macro Bend**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Macro Bend dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the Macro Bend threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
4. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Macro Bend threshold is set.

Splitter Loss

Determines the Splitter Loss value equal to or above which will be reported as Splitter event in the Events analysis.

The range of settings for this parameter is 1.0 dB to 30.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears.
3. Go to Step 4 if the splitter loss is already at hand.
Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select **Branch**, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the number of branches.
4. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to select **Splitter Loss**, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment/decrement the splitter loss threshold setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press **Enter** again. The dialog box closes and the new Splitter Loss threshold is set.

Pass/Fail Thresholds Parameters

Events that exceed the Pass/Fail Threshold parameters are highlighted in red in the Event Analysis table.

- The Pass/Fail Thresholds parameters include:
 - Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)
 - Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)
 - Reflectance
 - Fiber Loss (dB/km)
 - Total Loss
 - Splitter Loss

Non-Reflective Event Loss (fusion)

This parameter highlights non-reflective event losses, such as fusion splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Non-Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Non-Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Non-Reflective Event Loss to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Non-Reflective Event Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Non-Reflective Event Loss** and then press the **Enter key**. The Non-Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Reflective Event Loss (connector, mechanical)

This parameter highlights reflective event losses, such as connectors and mechanical splices, in the Events Analysis table.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.10 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Reflective Event Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflective Event Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Reflective Event Loss dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Reflective Event Loss to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Reflective Event Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Reflective Event Loss** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reflective Event Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Reflectance

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table that exceed the set Reflectance value.

The range of settings for this parameter is -50.0 dB to -10.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Reflectance threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Reflectance**.
2. Press **Enter**. The **Reflectance** dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that

there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.

3. If the Reflectance dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set Reflectance to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set Reflectance threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Reflectance** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reflectance dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Fiber Loss (dB/km)

This parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the dB/km loss exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.01 dB to 9.99 dB in 0.01 dB increments.

To set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Fiber Loss (dB/km)**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.

5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold to “None” when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Fiber Loss (dB/km) threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Fiber Loss (dB/km)** and then press the **Enter key**. The Fiber Loss (dB/km) dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to “None”.

Total Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the Total loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) exceeds the value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 60.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Total Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Total Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Total Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state "None", indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Total Loss dialog box displays "None", press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Total Loss threshold to "None" when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Total Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Total Loss** and then press the **Enter key**. The Total Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.

2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to "None".
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to "None".

Splitter Loss

This Parameter highlights events in the Event Analysis table when the splitter loss exceeds the Auto Detect threshold plus value set.

The range of settings for this parameter is 0.1 dB to 20.0 dB in 0.1 dB increments.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Splitter Loss**.
2. Press **Enter**. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears. Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state "None", indicating that there is no threshold currently set, or display the current setting for the threshold in dBs.
3. If the Splitter Loss dialog box displays "None", press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the current setting.

Use the following procedure to set the Splitter Loss threshold to "None" when it is currently set in dBs.

To set the Splitter Loss threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Splitter Loss** and then press the **Enter** key. The Splitter Loss dialog box appears, displaying the current dB setting.
2. Press **None (f1)**, the dialog box changes to "None".
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the parameter is set to "None".

About Screen

See "Password Settings" on page 3-15 for details.

OTDR (Construction) Setup Screen

The OTDR (Construction) Setup screen appears when you start a Construction mode test.

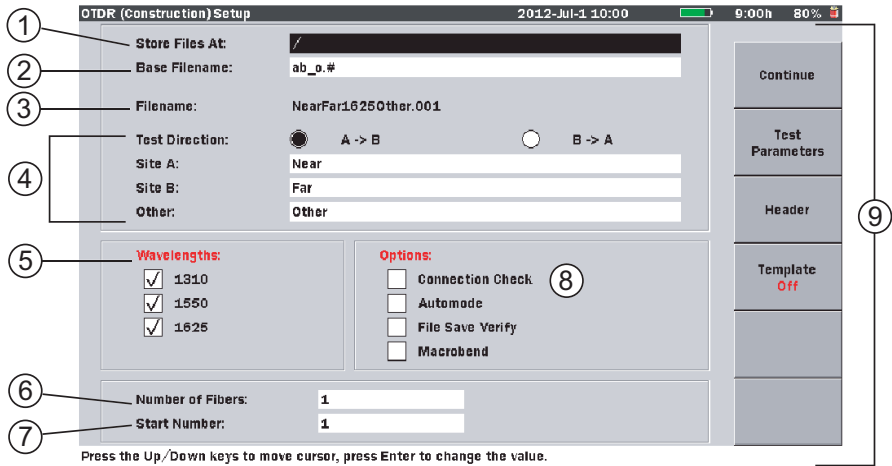


Figure 6-7: Initial Construction Mode screen – OTDR (Construction) Setup screen

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Store Files At 2 Base Filename 3 Filename 4 Base Filename Elements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Test Direction • Site A: • Site B: • Other: 5 Wavelengths | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 6 Number of Fibers 7 Start Number 8 Options <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connection Check • Automode • File Save Verify • Macro Bend 9 Softkeys |
|--|---|

Store Files At

The Store Files At setting allows you to select a directory/folder for trace file storage of Construction mode test data.

To select a file storage location:

1. Highlight the **Store Files At** field and then press the **Enter key**. The Select Directory screen appears.
2. With the **Medium** field highlighted, press the **Enter key** to toggle the selection between “Internal Memory” and “USB Memory”.

Note

The USB Memory selection is available only when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

3. Choose either or both of the following functions, if desired, or continue at step 4:
 - Press **New Folder (f4)** to create a new folder for the file save. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
 - Select a different folder for the file save by highlighting the desired folder name (folder names are displayed in parentheses above the list of filenames) and then pressing **Enter**.
4. Press **Select (f1)**. The Select Directory screen closes and the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen reappears.

Base Filename

The Base Filename field displays the filename template, which includes placeholder characters for Site A, Site B, Wavelength, and Fiber Number. See the following table for details.

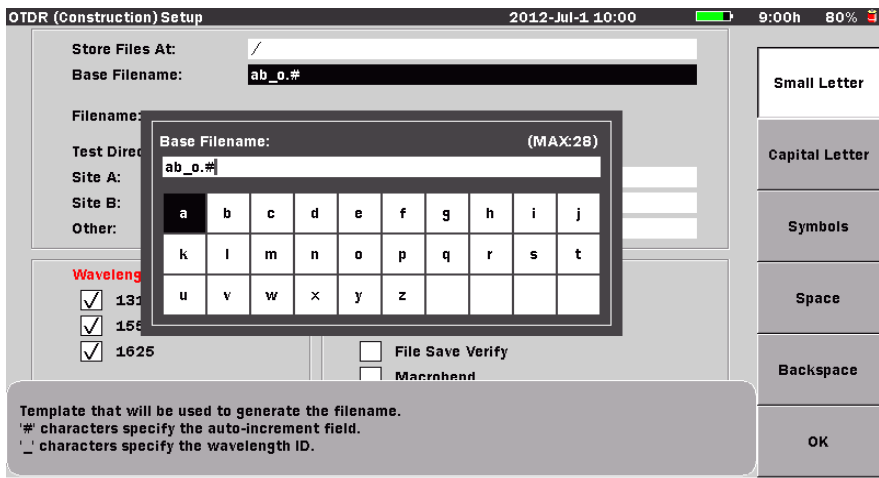
Placeholder Characters	Filename Elements
a	Site A
b	Site B
–	Wavelength
o	Other
#	Fiber Number

CAUTION

You may edit the order of the base filename placeholders and add additional text to the base filename (not to exceed 28 characters). **DO NOT** delete or change any of the placeholder characters. Doing so will break the link to their base filename element.

To edit the Base Filename:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Base Filename** field and then press the **Enter key**. The Base Filename screen appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 2. to enter the name using the front panel keys. If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to use the new base file name or press the **ESC key** to close the Text Entry dialog box without changing the base file name.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-8: Base Filename screen

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the **Base Filename** field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **Base Filename** field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **Base Filename** field.

3. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.

- Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
4. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the file name.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the Base Filename.
 5. When you have finished editing the base filename, press **OK (f6)** to close the Base Filename screen and return to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen. The edited base filename is now displayed in the Base Filename field.

Filename

The Filename field reflects results of the replacement of the placeholder characters with the text entered in the Filename Element fields (Site A, Site B, and Other) as well the test wavelength and current fiber number.

Filename Elements

The filename elements consist of the following:

- Test Direction
- Site A
- Site B
- Other

Test Direction

Specify the direction in which the test is performed; “A → B” or “B ← A”. The a and b placeholders in the Base Filename, as well as the Site A and Site B filename elements reflect the chosen test direction.

To specify the Test Direction:

1. Highlight **A → B** the **Test Direction** field.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** to select the desire direction.

Site A/Site B

The Site A field is the text field which contains the literal string (filename element) for Site A. This is typically the location where the MT9083 Series is located (such as a City, Central Office, Patch Panel, etc.) The characters in the Site A field replace the “a” placeholder characters in the filename.

The Site B field is the text field which contains the literal string (filename element) for Site B. This is typically the end point location of the current fiber under test (such as a City, Central Office, Patch Panel, etc.) The characters in the Site B field replace the “b” placeholder characters in the filename.

Other

The Other field is commonly used to add any descriptive text into the base filename, such as the Cable ID. Text entered into this field replaces the “o” placeholder character in the filename.

To edit the Site A, Site B and/or Other fields:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field (**Site A**, **Site B**, or **Other**) and then press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialog box appears (see Figure 6-9, below). If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 2. to enter the name using the front panel keys.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to use the new name or press the **ESC key** to close the Text Entry dialog box without changing the name.

Repeat this step until all desired fields are edited.

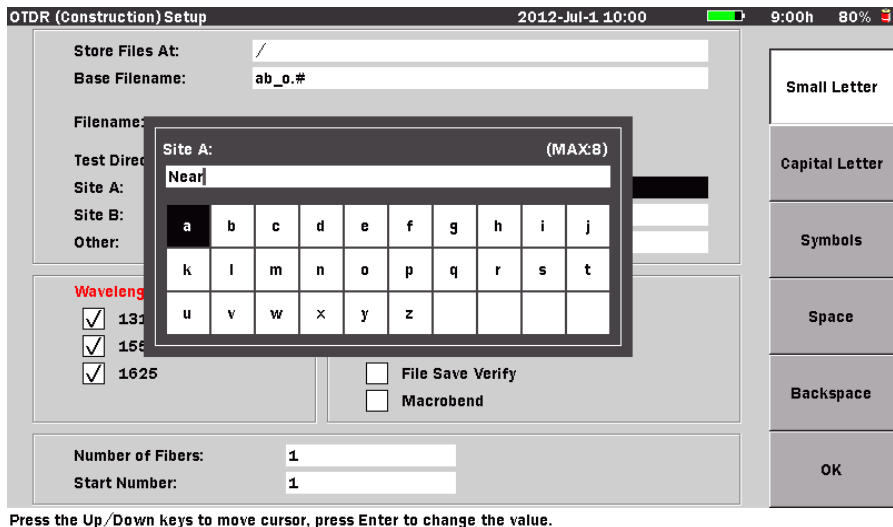


Figure 6-9: OTDR (Construction) Setup – Text Entry dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the current text entry field, which is located directly above the character matrix. (The current title of the text entry field matches the currently selected Header screen field.) Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **text entry** field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **text entry** field.

3. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.

4. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the text entry field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the filename.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS key** to delete characters entered in the text entry field.
5. Repeat steps 1-4 until all desired fields are edited.

Wavelengths

The Wavelengths field displays all of the test wavelengths available for the current MT9083 Series. Depending on the configuration of the unit, this field will display 1 to 4 wavelengths. In addition, the selected wavelength, per test, replaces the “_” placeholder character in the filename.

To select the desired test wavelength(s):

1. Highlight the desired wavelength.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** to select or clear the check box for the highlighted wavelength (depending on the current status of the check box).
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the desired wavelength settings are made.

Number of Fibers

Enter the maximum number of fibers for the current test in this field. The number entered in this field sets the number of digits (up to 4 digits) used by the autonumber section of the base filename, which is represented by the “#” placeholder character.

To set the number of fibers to be tested:

1. Highlight the **Number of Fibers** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Number of Fibers dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** or the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired number of fibers, up to 9999.
4. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the number set is displayed in the Number of Fibers field and the autonumber section of the filename is set to the number of digits used.

Start Number

Enter the number of the first fiber to be tested in the Start Number field. The number entered is also displayed in the autonumber section of Filename field.

To set the Start Number:

1. Highlight the Start Number field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Start Number dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** or the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired start number. Leading 0 (zeros) will be automatically added for numbers of less than 4 digits.
4. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the number set is displayed in both the Start Number field and the autonumber section of the filename.

Options

The Options field consists of check boxes use to activate the following features:

- Connection Check
- Automode
- File Save Verify
- Macro Bend

Connection Check

Select the **Connection Check** check box to have Construction mode perform a Connection Check each time a new fiber is connected for testing. See “Connection Check” on page 6-67 for complete details.

Note

Selecting the Connection Check in the Options area also controls The Connection Check function on the Preferences screen. Changing the enabled/disabled status on either screen is tracked on both.

Automode

Select the **Automode** check box to have Construction mode automatically select the test parameters for the current fiber under test. If you do not select Automode, see “Setting the OTDR (Construction) Test Parameters” on pages 6-31 through 6-36 for details on how to manually set the test parameters.

File Save Verify

Select the **File Save Verify** check box to display the Save screen (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64) when each test trace about to be saved. This allow you to review the file save details, such as the filename and save location.

Macro Bend

Select the **Macro Bend** check box to activate the Macro Bend detection feature. Macro Bends are indicated in the Event Table when a Loss value is followed by the **M** indicator.

▶ Note

Macro Bend detection requires an MT9083 Series unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

▶ Note

Select one or more Wavelength check boxes. If starting OTDR (Construction) application from Top menu after all Wavelength check boxes are cleared, Macro Bend does not appear.

To select/clear the Options:

1. Highlight the desired Option: **Connection Check**, **Automode**, **File Save Verify**, or **Macro Bend**.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** to select or clear the check box for the highlighted option (depending on the current status of the check box).
3. Repeat steps 1 and 2 until the desired option settings are made.

OTDR (Construction) Setup Screen Softkeys

The OTDR (Construction) Setup screen contains the following three softkeys:



Press **Continue (f1)** to advance to the OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen (see Figure 6-18 on page 6-47).



Press **Test Parameters (f2)** to advance to the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen (see Figure 6-10 on page 6-30).

 **Note**

This softkey is dimmed when **Automode** is selected in the **Options** area of the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20).



Press **Header (f3)** to open the Header screen. See “Headers” on page 6-37 for details.



Press **Template (f4)** to open the Template Settings screen. See “Template” on page 6-39 for details.

OTDR (Construction) Parameters Screen

The OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen is divided into four panes, with each pane representing the basic test parameters set per wavelength for the MT9083 Series unit in use.

To access the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen:

- Press **Test Parameters (F2)** on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen. The OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen appears.

Note

The OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen can not be accessed when **Automode** is selected in the **Options** area of the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20).

Wavelength	Range	PW	Num Avgs	IOR/BSC
1310	0.5 km	3 ns [HR]	15 Sec	1.467700 / -78.50
1550	100 km	4000 ns [HR]	30 Sec	1.468200 / -81.50
1625	0.5 km	3 ns [HR]	15 Sec	1.468500 / -81.50
N/A				

Buttons: Set Defaults, Cancel, Exit

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-10: OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen

Setting the OTDR (Construction) Test Parameters

Each pane in the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen provides access to the basic test parameters per wavelengths available on the unit:

- Range/Resolution/Pulse Width
- Dead-zone
- Number of Averages (Averaging Time)
- IOR (Index of Refraction) / BSC (Backscatter Coefficient)

In addition, each pane has an option button which, when selected sets the basic test parameters to the same setting for all available wavelengths.

Setting the Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width

The Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width settings determine the trace data distance range and resolution value (data point spacing) as well as the pulse width used for the test cycle.

To set the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen displayed, highlight the **Range field or PW** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse width dialog box appears (see Figure 6-11).

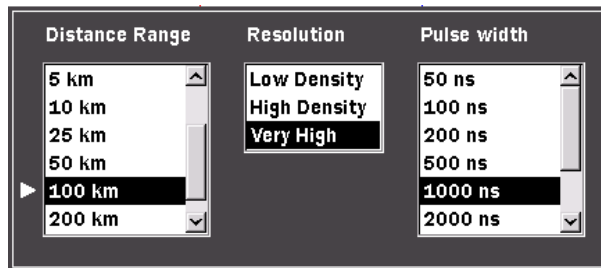


Figure 6-11: Range/Resolution/Pulse Width Dialog box

3. Use the **Right and Left Arrow keys** to move the white arrow to the desired list.
4. Use the **Up and Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the selected list.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until all the desired settings are highlighted.

6. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the **Range** field and **PW** field displays the newly selected Distance Range and Pulse Width.

The distance range/resolution/pulse width settings may be changed while a Real Time or Averaging cycle is running. The test will restart using the new settings. The distance range/resolution/pulse width settings vary depending on what model of MT9083 Series product you are using.

Selecting the Dead-zone Mode

The MT9083A2/B2/C2 have a Dead-zone mode selection function. The two modes available via this mode selection function are Standard mode and Enhanced Range mode

The features of the two modes are described below.

Standard mode:

- Standard mode allows short dead-zone measurements to be performed

Enhanced Range mode:

- Allows high dynamic range measurements.
- Allows fast measurements.
- Can be used to test the path over each optical fiber split by the splitter included in the PON system.

To select the Dead-zone mode in Wavelength All mode:

1. With the OTDR Parameters screen displayed, use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Range** field or **PW** field for the for the first desired wavelength and then press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The Distance Range, Resolution, and Pulse width dialog box appears (see Figure 6-12 on page 6-33).
2. Press **Dead-zone (f1)** and set the desired mode.
3. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the newly selected Dead-zone mode displays on the PW field.

Note

- The Enhanced Range mode is only available if an SM unit is fitted. The **Dead-zone (f1) key** becomes unavailable if an MM unit is fitted.

- If the range of the selected pulse width does not fall between 50 ns to 2000 ns, the (f1) key is grayed out and set to Standard (HR).

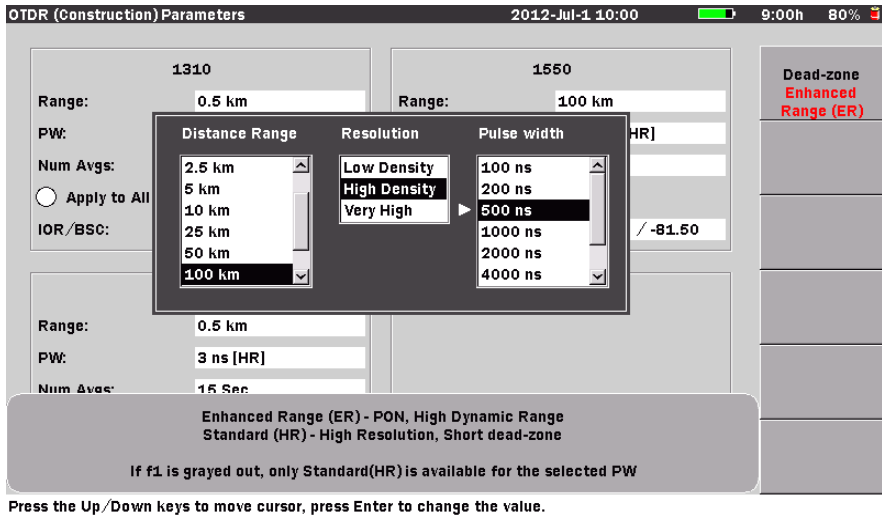


Figure 6-12: Dead-zone Mode Selecting screen

Setting the Average Time/Average Count

Specify the Average Time/Average Count by either selecting one of the four pre-set values or by entering the desired value in the field at the bottom of the dialog box (see Figure 6-13 on page 6-34).

Note

Average Count can only be accessed when the language for the MT9083 Series is set to “Chinese”. See “Language” on page 3-10 for details on changing the current language selection. Actual average time may be longer than the set average time depending on the resolution and distance range setting.

To set the Average Time:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen displayed, highlight the **Num Avgs** field.
2. Press the **Enter** key. The Average Time dialog box appears (see Figure 6-13).

► **Note**

When the language is set to “Chinese” this dialog box is titled “Averaging”.



Figure 6-13: Average Time Dialog box

3. If the language is currently set to Chinese, use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to toggle the Averaging mode from “**Time**” to “**Count**” depending on the desired mode.
For any language other than Chinese, skip step 3 and continue at step 4.

► **Note**

The “Time” and “Count” selections are only available when the language is set to Chinese and are not show in Figure 6-13.

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired pre-set value, or to move the white arrow down to the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 3).
 - If you highlighted one of the pre-set values continue at step 6.
 - If you are entering an amount in the **Sec** field (or **Times** field if the language is set to Chinese and **Count** is selected in step 2) continue at step 5.
5. Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value, from 1 to 3600 in the field
6. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and the new value is displayed in the Num Avgs field.

Setting the IOR and BSC

Use the IOR/BSC dialog box to select one of the pre-set Fiber Types, which automatically sets the IOR (Index of Refraction) and BSC (Backscatter Coefficient) for the selected fiber type, or select “Other” and then use the Numeric keypad to enter the desired IOR and BSC settings.

To set the IOR and BSC values:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen displayed, highlight the **IOR/BSC** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The IOR/BSC dialog box appears (see Figure 6-14).

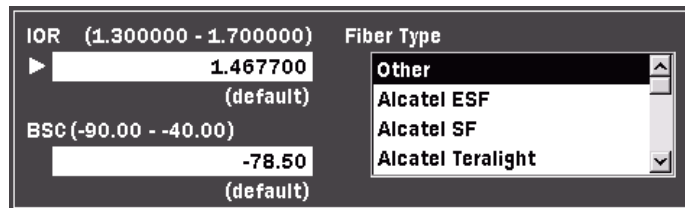


Figure 6-14: IOR/BSC Dialog box

3. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** to move the white arrow to the **Fiber Type** field, if necessary, and then use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired fiber type.

When the desired fiber type is highlighted, press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**).

Or –

If the fiber type is not listed, select **Other** and then move the white arrow to the **IOR** and **BSC fields**. Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired values.

When the IOR and BSC values are entered, press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired value.

4. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**) to close the dialog box. The new settings are displayed in the IOR/BSC field.

Apply to All Wavelengths setting

Use the Apply to All Wavelengths setting to automatically set the same basic test parameters for all test wavelengths available on the MT9083 Series in use.

To apply the same parameter settings for all wavelengths:

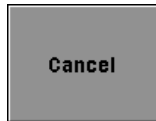
1. With the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen displayed, highlight the **Apply to All Wavelengths field**.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The setting established for the current wavelength will be applied to all available wavelengths.

OTDR (Construction) Parameters Screen Softkeys

The following three softkeys are available on the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen:



Press **Set Defaults (f1)** to return the settings on the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen to their default settings.



Press **Cancel (f5)** to close the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen without saving any changes made, returning to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.



Press **Exit (f6)** to save any changes made on the OTDR (Construction) Parameters screen and return to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.

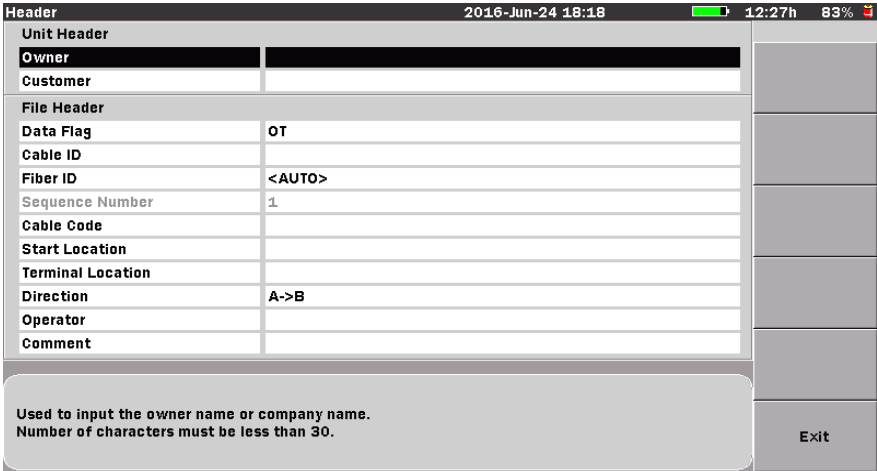
Headers

Headers hold valuable information about the trace files which may save a considerable amount of time when recalling traces for comparison. The header does not require repopulating each time a new trace is collected. Information entered on the Header screen is retained until such a time as the header requires editing.

Use the following procedure to access and edit the header when in Construction mode.

To access and edit the Header:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20) displayed press **Header (f3)**. The Header screen appears.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-15: Header screen

Note

When the <AUTO> designator is displayed (see Figure 6-15), the Fiber ID field is auto-populated, starting with the number set in the Start Number field on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20),

If you replace the <AUTO> designator with a specific number, that number will be used in all subsequent headers until OTDR (Construction) mode is re-entered from the Top Menu.

Sequence Number in the Header screen is the same as Start Number in Figure 6-7: Initial Construction Mode screen – OTDR (Construction) Setup screen. After an SOR file is loaded, the start number of the loaded file is set to the Sequence Number field.

- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired field and then press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialog box appears (see Figure). If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 3. to enter the name using the front panel keys. If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to return to the Header screen.

Repeat steps 2 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited. Press the **f6 key** to close the Header and return to the Save screen.

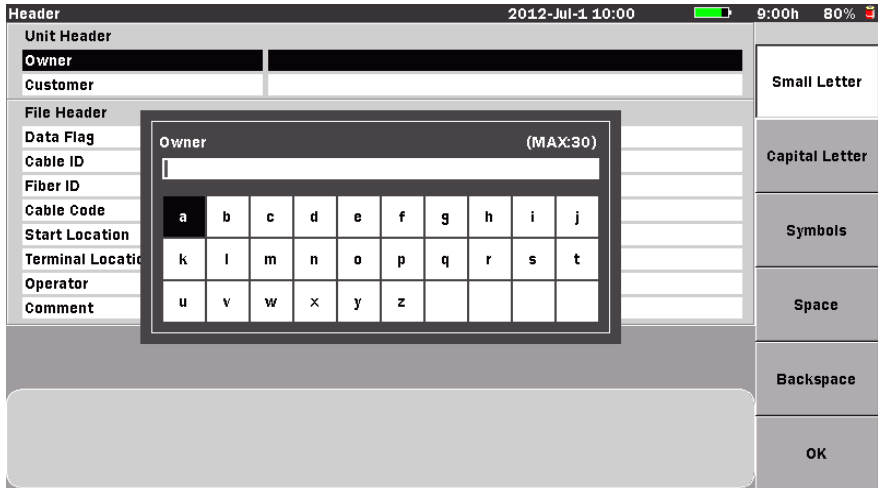


Figure 6-16: Text Entry dialog box

- Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the current text entry field, which is located directly above the character matrix. (The current title of the text entry field matches the currently selected Header screen field.) Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **text entry** field when the field is highlighted.
Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **text entry** field.

4. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
5. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the text entry field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the Base Filename.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS key** to delete characters entered in the text entry field.
6. When all of the desired characters are entered in the text entry field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Header screen.
7. Repeat steps 2 through 6 until all desired text entry fields on the Header screen are edited.

Template

Template mode is a function to display event information by generating a predefined event table and mapping the collected trace onto the event conditions in this event table.

Use the following procedure to access and set the Template Settings when in Construction mode.

To access and set the Template Settings:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (See Figure 6-17 on page 6-40) displayed press **Template (f4)**. The Template Settings screen appears.



Figure 6-17: Template Setting

Template Settings screen contains access for the following file selecting and parameter settings:

- Template File
- Event Determination
- Trace Priority
- Distance
- Absolute Distance
- Distance Helix Factor Adjustment

The following softkeys are available in the Template Setting screen.

- Clear Template (f1)

Selecting Template File

Only one template trace can be loaded at a time. Template trace can either be recalled from mass storage (e.g.: internal memory or USB memory stick)

To load the Template Trace

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Template File** field and then press the **Enter key**. The Load screen appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Select **Load Template** with **Setup** (f1), the Load screen closes.
4. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.

Event Determination

The setting made in the Event Determination control how the Template trace event are applied to the selected target trace.

To Set the Event Determination:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Template** on the Event Determination field.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the desire mode (Template or Merge).
3. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.
 - If Template is selected, all events are copied directly from the template trace and onto the collected trace.
 - If Merge is selected, the events in the template trace and the collected trace are correlated and merged.

Trace Priority

The Trace Priority check box gives the target trace event location priority over correlated events from the template when Merge is selected.

If cleared, non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, correlated template events replace the correlating target trace events, and all other target trace events are left unchanged.

To Set the Trace Priority

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Trace Priority** field.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** to select or clear the check box for the trace priority.

3. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.
 - If the Trace Priority check box is cleared, non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, correlated template events replace the correlating target trace events, and all other target trace events are left unchanged.
 - If the Trace Priority check box is selected, only non-correlated template events are inserted into the target trace, all other events are left unchanged.

 **Note**

Correlation of events is determined by the correlation window which is based on the Distance and Absolute Distance settings. If more than one target trace Event falls within the correlation window of a template event, the closest event is considered correlated.

For each template non-end event that is propagated to the target trace, the target trace event's loss value is computed using the adjusted template event distance and LSA cursors.

“Table 6-1: Resultant Target Trace Events” shows examples of resultant target trace events for the three merge/priority states: Template On/Merge Off, Merge On/Trace Priority Off, Merge On/Trace Priority On.

Table 6-1: Resultant Target Trace Events

Template Trace Event Location	Target Trace Event Location	result		
		Template=On	Merge=On Trace Priority=Off	Merge=On Trace Priority=On
10.0	NONE	10.0	10.0	10.0
20.0	20.1	20.0	20.0	20.1
NONE	30.1	NONE	30.1	30.1
40.0	40.1	40.0	40.0	40.1 (end event)

Distance and Absolute Distance

The Percent Distance and Absolute Distance define the size of the correlation window which determines how close together events must be to correlate.

The size of the window is defined to be:

*MINIMUM (Percent * Template Event Distance, Absolute Distance).*

To set Distance

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Distance** field.
2. Use the Numeric keypad to directly enter the desired value, from 0 to 100.0 in the field.
3. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.

To set Absolute Distance

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Absolute Distance** field.

When the distance display units are set to km

2. Use the Numeric keypad to directly enter the desired value, from 0.000 to 250.000km in the field.
3. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.

Distance Helix Factor

Events in the template trace and the target trace may not align perfectly due to the differences in length of the fibers within a single cable. Distance Helix Factor Adjust options compensate for the difference in length and also obtain improved splice location and loss estimation.

There are three option buttons in the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment area:

- None - The template and target trace event locations will be used as is, without Distance Helix Factor Adjustment.
- Snap to Template End - All template event locations will be converted to proportional (relative to target end) target event locations prior to correlation. For example, if a template event is located at a distance which is 43.21% from the template end event location, then the location will be temporarily converted to a distance 43.21% from the target trace end event. After correlation, all events will be converted to proportional template end locations and stored in the target trace.

- Snap to Trace End - All template event locations will be converted to proportional (relative to target end) target event locations prior to correlation and left as is after correlation.

To Set the Distance Helix Factor

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired option (**None**, **Snap to Template End** or **Snap to Trace End**) on the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment field.
2. Toggle the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**) to select the desired option.
3. Press **Exit** (f6) to close the Template Setting screen.

Note

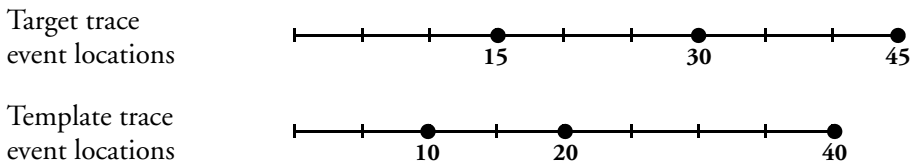
The “Snap to” options should only be used if all traces have correct fiber end events.

Detailed explanation of the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment function

The following explanation assumes the Template Settings screen settings other than the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment options are as follows.

- Event Determination: Merge
- Trace Priority: OFF
- Distance: 30%
- Absolute Distance: 1 km

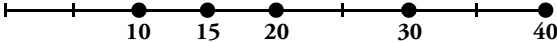
Next, assuming the Template trace and Target trace event locations are as follows:



The following describes the corrections performed when each option is selected for the example shown above.

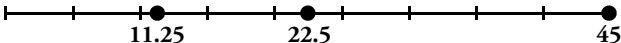
- If **None** is selected
1. The event locations for the Target trace and Template trace events remain unchanged and correlation is performed without using the Distance Helix Factor Adjustment function.

Target trace
event locations
after correlation



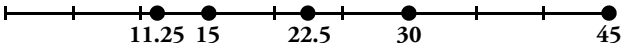
- If **Snap to Template End** is selected
 1. Each Template trace event is converted proportionately relative to the Target trace end event location.

Adjusted Template trace
event locations
after conversion



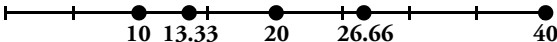
2. Next, correlation is performed using the Target trace events and converted temporary Template trace events.

Temporary Target trace
event locations
after correlation



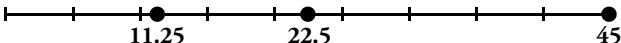
3. Finally, the correlated temporary Template trace events are converted proportionately relative to the end event location for the Template trace events.

Final Target trace
event locations

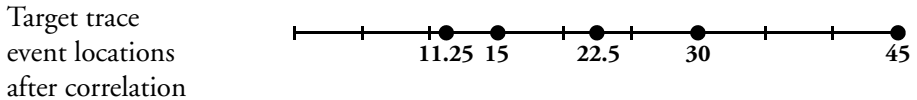


- If **Snap to Trace End** is selected
 1. Each Template trace event is converted proportionately relative to the Target trace end event location.

Adjusted Template trace
event locations
after conversion



- Next, correlation is performed using the Target trace events and converted temporary Template trace events.



“Table 6-2: Resultant Target Trace Events” shows examples of resultant target trace events for the three Distance Helix Factor Adjustment options: None, Snap to Template End, Snap to Trace End.

Table 6-2: Resultant Target Trace Events

Template Trace Event Location	Target Trace Event Location	result		
		Distance Helix Factor Adjustment:		
		None	Snap to Template End	Snap to Trace End
10	15	10, 15	10, 13.33	11.25, 15
20	30	20, 30	20, 26.66	22.5, 30
40	45	40	40.0	45

Template Settings Screen softkey

The following two softkeys are available on the Template Settings screen:



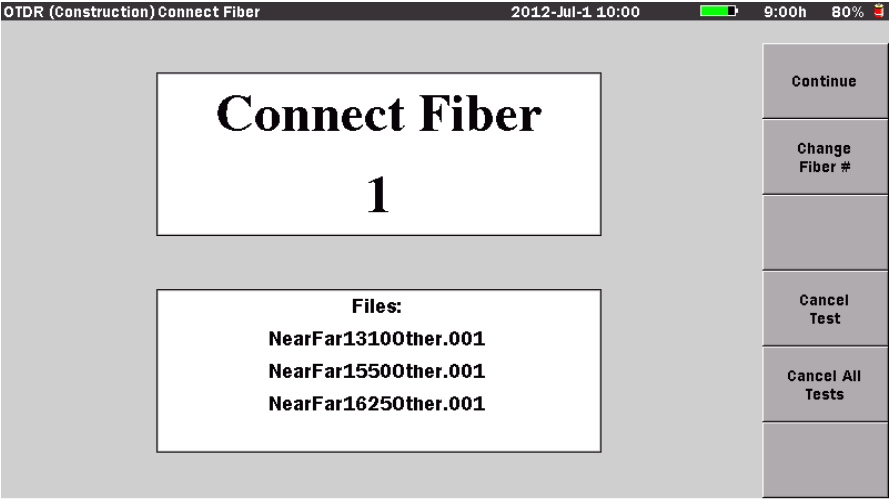
Click the currently selected template trace and then click **Clear Template** (f1) to turn template mode off.



Press **Exit** (f6) to save any changes made on the Template Settings screen and return to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.

OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber Screen

The OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen contains two panes. The top pane is the Connect Fiber prompt which prompts you to connect the fiber that corresponds to the number displayed. The lower pane displays a list of filenames based on the base filename as established on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20).



Connect test fiber and press Continue to start test.

Figure 6-18: OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen

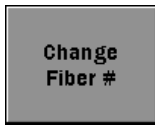
OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber Screen Softkeys

The following four softkeys are available on the OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen:

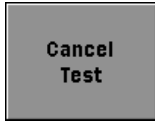


Press **Continue (f1)** to advance to the Connection Check screen, if **Connection Check** is selected in the Options section of the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.

If **Connection Check** is cleared in the Options section of the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen, pressing **Continue (f1)** advances to the OTDR (Construction) Trace screen and starts the test of the currently connected fiber.



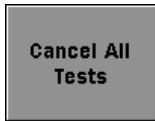
Press **Change Fiber # (f2)** to change the current Connect Fiber number. See “Changing the Connect Fiber Number” below for details.



Cancel Test (f4) cancels the pending test and advances both the Connect Fiber number and the filename auto-increment number by one each time **Cancel Test** is pressed.

Note

If the **Number of Fibers** field (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20) is set to “1”, pressing **Cancel Test** returns you to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.



Press **Cancel All Tests (f5)** to cancel all test and return to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.

Changing the Connect Fiber Number

Use the following procedure to change the Connect Fiber number from the OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen.

To change the Fiber Connect number:

1. With the OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen displayed, press **Change Fiber # (f2)**. The Current Fiber dialog box appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** or the **Numeric keypad** to enter the desired new current fiber number (up to 999).
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the number set is displayed in the Connect Fiber pane.

Test In Progress Screen

When a test has been started, Construction mode enters Analysis mode, displaying the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19).

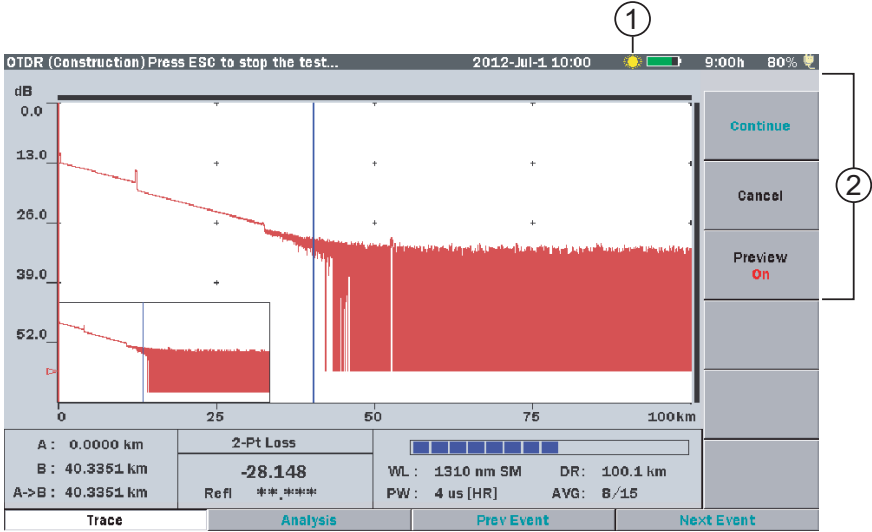


Figure 6-19: Test in Progress screen – OTDR (Construction) mode

- 1 Laser On icon
- 2 Softkeys

Laser On Icon

The flashing Laser On icon (item 1 in Figure 6-19) appears whenever a laser is firing. In OTDR (Construction) mode, the Laser On icon appears on the Test in Progress screen only.

Test in Progress Softkeys

The following two softkeys are active on the Test in Progress screen:



Cancel (f2) cancels the pending test and advances both the Connect Fiber number and the filename auto-increment number by one each time **Cancel** is pressed.

▶ **Note**

If the **Number of Fibers** field (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20) is set to “1”, pressing **Cancel** returns you to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.



Press **Preview (f3)** to set the Preview mode to “On” or “Off”.

- When the Preview is set to “**On**”, once a test is completed, the Trace screen remains static, permitting review of the Trace and Event Table.
- When the Preview is set to “**Off**”, Construction mode does not display the Event Table. Instead it automatically saves the test data and starts the next test.

Test Results Screen – OTDR (Construction)

The OTDR (Construction) Test Results screen appears at the end of each test, providing that **Preview (F3)** is set to “On” on the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).

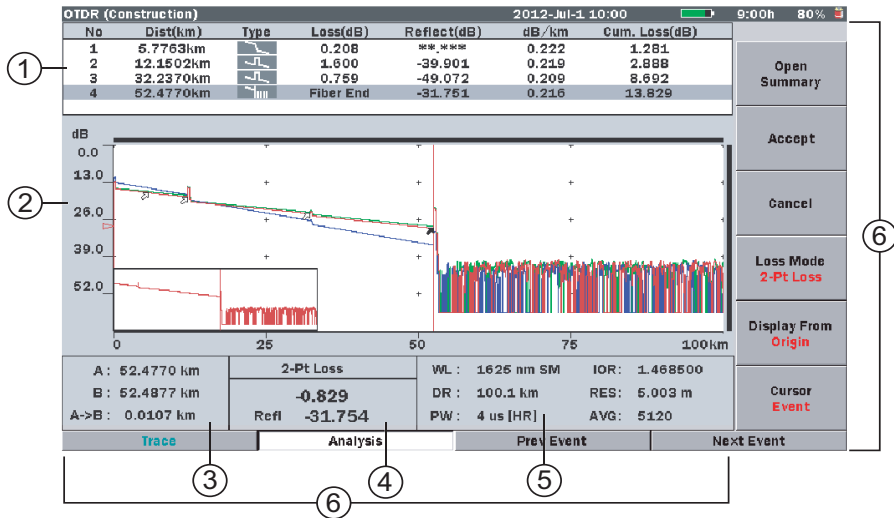


Figure 6-20: Test Results screen with Summary Closed

- 1 Event table
- 2 Trace graph
- 3 Cursor distance information
- 4 Loss mode, Measurement, and Reflection
- 5 Fiber test parameters
- 6 Softkeys

Event Table

In fiber analysis, an “event” is considered to be a distinct deviation from normal fiber attenuation that may be introduced by a lossy connection (microbend, connector, or splice), a reflective connection (connector or fiber break) or the end of the fiber. Only events that meet one or more of the pre-set threshold criteria will be reported in the Event table (see “Thresholds” on pages 6-11 – 6-13).

Events whose loss equals or exceeds the Pass/Fail Thresholds (see pages 6-14 – 6-18) are highlighted in red in the Event Table.





No	Dist(km)	Type	Loss(dB)	Reflect(dB)	dB/km	Cum. Loss(dB)
1	5.7763km		0.208	**.***	0.222	1.281
2	12.1502km		1.600	-39.901	0.219	2.888
3	32.2370km		0.759	-49.072	0.209	8.692
4	52.4770km		Fiber End	-31.751	0.216	13.829

Figure 6-21: Event Table

The Event Table displays the following:

- Event number
- Distance to the event
- Type of event
- dB loss for the event
- Reflectance (if the event is a reflective event)
- dB/km
- Cumulative loss (dB)

If the measured value cannot be obtained, for example, because a fault point is being approximated, this is displayed as “**.***”.

Distance to Event

The Distance field [Dist(km)] on the Event Table represents the distance from the start of the trace to the start of the feature. This value is reported in the Distance Display Units selected on the setups Preferences screen, for example “km”.

Types of Events Reported

Reflective Event

Reflection from an splice point, such as a Fresnel reflection caused by a mechanical splice or connector.

Non-Reflective Event

Non-reflective events include such low loss events as fusion splices and macro bends.

Grouped Event 

Events spaced too close to each other for Analysis to distinguish them as separate events are reported as Grouped events.

Far End Event 

Any event with a loss equal to or greater than the Fiber End threshold is reported as the Far End event.

Questionable End Event 


A Questionable End event is reported, instead of a Far End event, when an Out of Range or Out of Distance condition is encountered.

PON Event 

All events other than far end events with losses greater than the far end threshold are displayed as PON events.

Loss (dB)

The Loss calculated for the event is displayed in decibels (dB).

A Loss value followed by an  indicates detection of a Macro Bend.

Note

Macro Bend detection requires an MT9083 Series unit with at least two single mode operating wavelengths; one at 1310 nm and a second at either 1550 nm or 1625 nm.

Reflectance

A reflectance value is displayed for all reflective events, while “**.***” is displayed in the Reflectance field [Reflect(dB)] for non-reflective events.

In addition to the reflectance value, two other indicators may be present: S.

- An “S” following the numeric value indicates that the reflective event being measured is very close to the top limit of the OTDR’s data set, and that it is considered “saturated” (hitting the high limit of the measurement ability). An “S” (saturated indicator) will be present any time that the peak of the event being measured is within 1 dB of the top of the OTDR Trace graph.

dB/km

This field displays the dB/km between the selected event and the prior event.

Cumulative Loss (dB)

This field displays the total loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) up to the selected event, expressed in dB.

Note

The Total Loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) display differs depending on the Force Total Loss setting. (See “Preferences (2-2)” on page 6-8)

If set ON, the result is displayed for all waveforms. If set OFF, “**.***” is displayed if the measured waveform is abnormal.

Pass/Fail Thresholds

Events whose loss exceeds the Pass/Fail Thresholds are highlighted in red in the Event Table. If within the Pass/Fail Thresholds, only Total Loss (Cum.Loss (dB)) is highlighted in green in the Event Table.

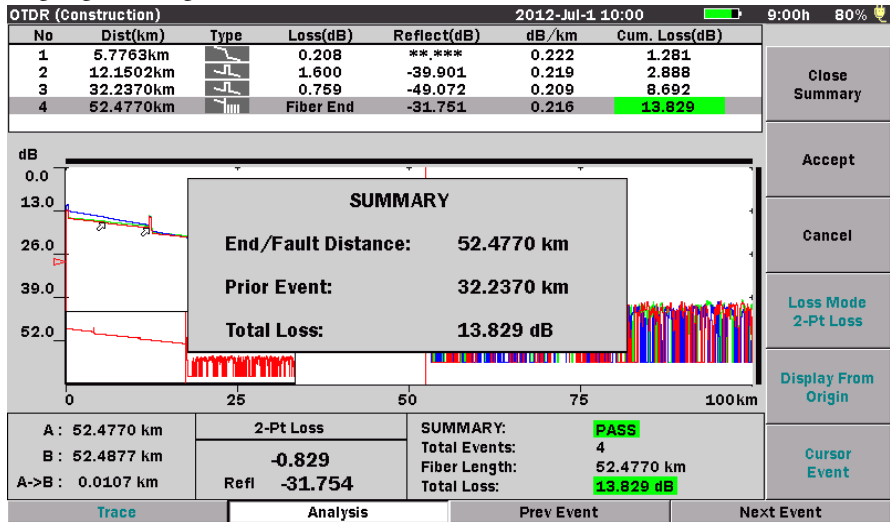


Figure 6-22: OTDR (Standard) Analysis Screen – Event Summary "ON" and open summary

 **Note**

To disable Pass/Fail display, set all of the Pass/Fail Thresholds in Thresholds (f4) to **NONE**. (See “Thresholds” on page 6-11 - 6-18).

PASS is displayed in Event Summary when all of the Pass/Fail Thresholds pass.

Trace Graph – OTDR (Construction) Mode

The Trace graph displays the trace data in graph form. Power loss is measured in dB along the vertical axis and distance is measured along the horizontal axis. Use the Distance Display Units setting on the Preferences screen to set the horizontal axis units. The downward slope of the trace indicates power loss (attenuation) over the distance of the fiber.

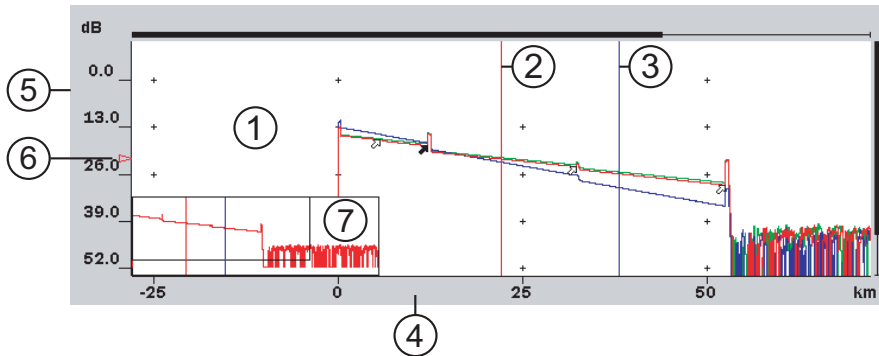


Figure 6-23: Trace Graph – OTDR (Construction) Mode

- 1 Trace waveform(s)
- 2 Cursor A
- 3 Cursor B
- 4 Horizontal Axis scale
- 5 Vertical Axis scale
- 6 dB level indicator
- 7 Trace Overview window

Trace Waveform

The Trace Waveform (or Trace) is the downward sloping line going from left to right that connects the data points collected during a test. See item 1 in Figure 6-23.

Up to four traces can be displayed simultaneously in Construction mode, depending on how many test wavelengths are currently being used and how many wavelengths are available on the MT9083 Series in use.

This area also contains scroll bars, located at the top and left side of the trace graph, which define the display range of the waveform.

Cursors

The cursors (see items 2 and 3 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56) are the two vertical lines that extend from the top to the bottom of the trace graph. The cursors allow you to extract power and distance information from the trace graph. The active cursor is displayed in red and the inactive cursor is displayed in blue.

See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor use.

Scale

The vertical axis scale (see item 5 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56) is located on the left side of the trace graph and is expressed in dBs, while the horizontal axis scale (see item 4 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56) is located at the bottom of the trace graph and is expressed in the distance unit as set on the Preferences screen. See “Distance Display Units” on page 6-3 for details.

dB Level Indicator

The dB level indicator (see item 6 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56) denotes the intersection of the active cursor and the trace level.

Trace Overview Window

The Trace Overview window (see item 7 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56), located in the lower left corner of the Trace graph, shows a thumbnail view of the current trace. This is helpful in determining the location of an expanded section on the main view. The black rectangle inside the Trace Overview window indicates the section of the trace that is currently displayed in the Trace graph when the trace has been expanded horizontally, vertically.

Trace Overview must be set to On in the Preferences tab for the window to be displayed. See “Trace Overview” on page 6-6 for details.

Cursor Distance Information

The Cursor Distance information (see item 3 in Figure 6-20 on page 6-51) displays the following:

- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor A
- Distance from the origin of the trace to Cursor B
- Distance between Cursor A and Cursor B

As you move the cursors, the Cursor Distance information updates simultaneously.

Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance

The Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 6-20 on page 6-51) displays the following:

- The current loss mode, listed in the top section
- The current loss reading in dB, in the center section
- A reflectance value reading for reflective events in the bottom section

Fiber Test Parameters

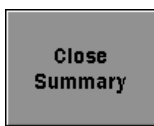
The Fiber Test Parameters area (see item 5 in Figure 6-20 on page 6-51) displays the Wavelength (WL), Distance Range (DR), Pulsewidth (PW), Index of Refraction (IOR), Resolution (RES), and Averaging mode (AVG) set for the current test.

Note

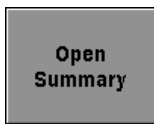
The Fiber Test Parameters area is replaced by the Event Summary area when the Event Summary selection is set to “On” on the Preferences screen (see Figure 6-3 on page 6-3). The Event Summary area displays the Total Events, Fiber Length, and Total Loss of the current fiber under test.

Test Results Screen Softkeys

The following softkeys are available on the OTDR (Construction) Test Results screen:



OR



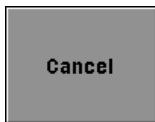
At the end of a test, a Summary box containing the End/Fault Distance, Prior Event location, and Total Loss value for the current test is superimposed over the Trace Grid.

- To view the Trace Grid, press **Close Summary (f1)**. The Summary box closes, allowing the full Trace Grid to be viewed.
- To recall the Summary box, press **f1** when the legend on the softkey reads “**Open Summary**”.



Press **Accept (f2)** to accept the current test results. The following actions occur:

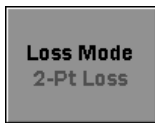
- The Summary window closes (if opened).
- The current test results data is saved to Mass Storage. If **File Save Verify** is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20), the Save screen is displayed, requiring the user to press **Save Trace (f1)** before continuing to the next test.
- Construction mode advances to the next test.



Pressing **Cancel (f3)** cancels the current test without saving the trace data and returns to the Connect Fiber screen (see Figure 6-18 on page 6-47).

► **Note**

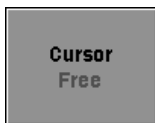
If the **Number of Fibers** field (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20) is set to "1", pressing **Cancel** returns you to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.



Press **f4** to select the desired loss mode for the current test. The red legend displays the currently selected loss mode.



Press **f5** to set the Display From mode for viewing the trace graph. The red legend on the softkey displays the current display mode.



Press **f6** to toggle the status of the active cursor. When the red legend reads "Event", turning the **Rotary knob** causes the active cursor to snap to the events on the trace. When the red legend reads "Free" you can position the cursors anywhere on the trace grid.

► **Note**

The Loss Mode, Display From, and Cursor softkeys (f4 – f6) are only active when the legend on **f1** reads "**Open Summary**".

Chapter 6: OTDR (Construction) Mode

Trace	Pressing F1 displays only the waveform on the screen when the Analysis screen is displayed .
Analysis	Pressing F2 selects the event just before the selected one when only the waveform is displayed on the screen .
Prev Event	Pressing F3 selects the event just after the selected event when the Analysis screen is displayed.
Next Event	Pressing F4 selects the event just after the selected event when the Analysis screen is displayed.

Note

When the Analysis screen is not displayed or the event does not exist, this button is invalid (displayed in gray).

OTDR (Construction) Mode Testing

The following section details how to run an OTDR (Construction) mode test.

Running an OTDR (Construction) Test

Construction mode simplifies and automates the testing required when installing fiber. Construction mode is used when many fibers in a cable need to be tested and documented before deployment.

To run a Construction mode test:

1. Power up the MT9083 Series (if necessary).
2. Highlight **OTDR (Construction)** on the Top Menu screen and then press the **Enter** key. The OTDR (Construction) Setup screen appears.

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 6-24: OTDR (Construction) Setup screen

3. Make the desired settings on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen. See “OTDR (Construction) Setup Screen” on pages 6-20 through 6-36 for details.
4. Fill in the header details, if desired. Press **Header (f3)**, the Header screen appears. See “Headers” on page 6-37 for details.
5. If you want to set a template, press **Template (f4)** to open the Template Settings screen. See “Template” on page 6-39 for details.

6. Press **Continue (f1)**. The OTDR (Construction) Connect Fiber screen appears (see Figure 6-18 on page 6-47).
7. Connect the first fiber to be tested to the desired test measurement port. See Figure 2-3 on page 2-10 for the location of the test measurement ports.

 **Note**

Depending on the configuration of your MT9083 Series, the unit may have one or two test measurement ports.

8. Press **Continue (f1)**. Depending on the “**Connection Check**” setting on the previous screen one of the following will happen:
 - If you selected “Connection Check” on the Setup screen, the Connection Check screen appears. When the best optimized connection is achieved (see “Connection Check” on page 6-67 for details) press the **Start key (f3)** or **Continue (f1)** to perform the test.
 - If you cleared the “Connection Check” check box, pressing Continue (f1) begins the Construction mode test and advances to the Test in Progress Trace screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).
9. If you want to review the Trace data and Event Table at the conclusion of the current test, toggle **Preview (f3)** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**On**” and continue at step 9.

If you do not want to review the Trace and Event Table, toggle **Preview (f3)** so that the red legend on the softkey reads “**Off**” and continue at step 11.

10. At the conclusion of the data collection and analysis, the OTDR (Construction) Summary screen appears (see Figure 6-25 on page 6-63).

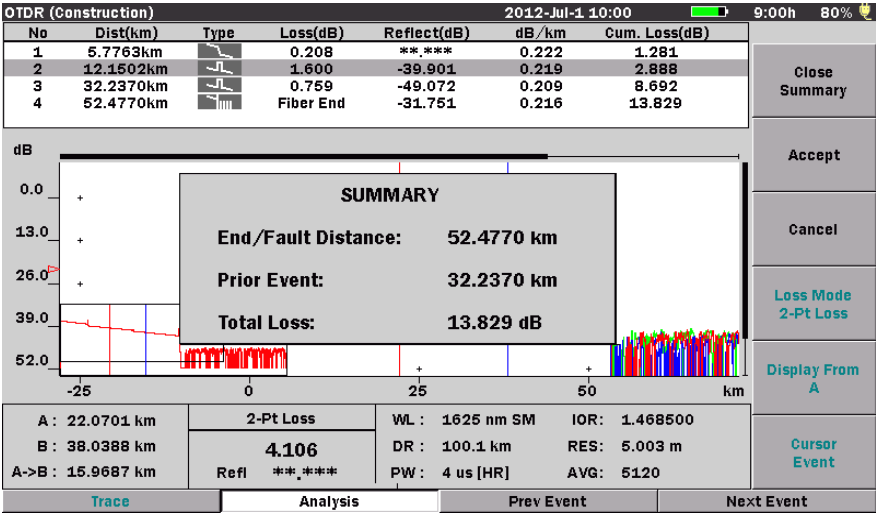


Figure 6-25: OTDR (Construction) Summary screen

Press **Close Summary (f1)** to view the Trace graph.

- 11. Press **Accept (f2)** to save the trace and advance to the next test.
- 12. If **File Save Verify** is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61) the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64). Review the file name and edit if desired, then press **Save Trace (f1)**. The Save screen closes and Construction mode advances to the next test.

For how to edit a file name, refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37.

If you did not select **File Save Verify**, continue at step 12.

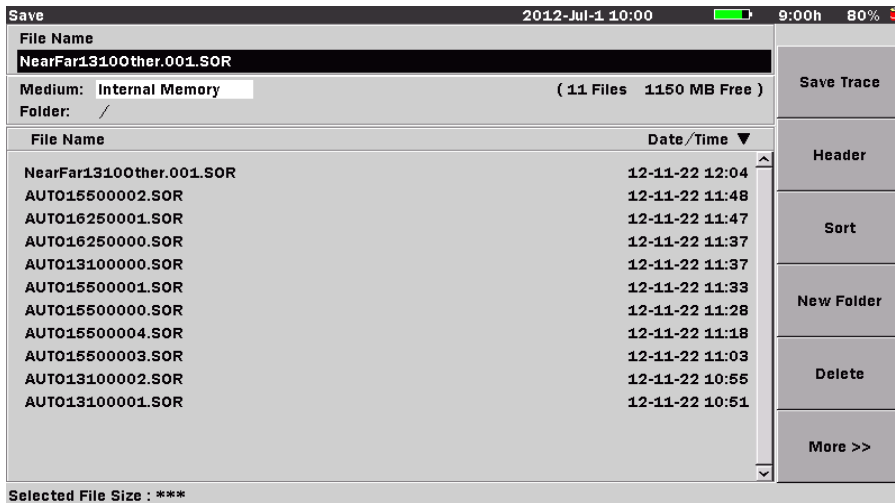


Figure 6-26: Save screen

13. Continue until the connected fiber is tested at all the wavelengths selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.
14. Connect the next fiber to be tested.

Selecting and Positioning Cursors

The active cursor is displayed as a red vertical line in the Trace graph.

Setting the Active Cursor

To toggle the active cursor:

- Press the **Rotary knob** (or the **Enter key**) to select the desired cursor.

Precise Positioning of the Active Cursor

To precisely position the cursor:

1. Select the desired cursor (see “Setting the Active Cursor” above).
2. Press **Display From (f5)** and select the desired display from setting (**Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on which cursor is currently selected as the active cursor).
3. Use the **Left, Right, Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to zoom up the desired amount. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 6-65 for details.

4. Turn the **Rotary knob** to position the active cursor until the desired cursor distance is displayed in the Cursor Distance Information area (see item 3 in Figure 6-23 on page 6-56).

Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract

Use the Horizontal/Vertical expand to expand a section of the trace when:

- Positioning the cursors for a test
- Adjusting the LSA intervals

To expand an area:

1. Position the desired cursor (A or B) to the approximate position.
2. Toggle **Display From (f5)** to the desired mode, **Display From A** or **Display From B**, depending on the cursor selected in step 1.
3. Press the **Up Arrow key**. Each press decreases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.
Press the **Right Arrow key**. Each press decreases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

To contract an area:

- Press the **Down Arrow key**. Each press increases the dB/division value of the vertical grid scale by a factor of two.
- Press the **Left Arrow key**. Each press increases the distance/division value on the horizontal grid scale by a factor of two.

An error tone sounds when you reach the full expand/contract value for either axis.

Display From

Three Display From modes are available for viewing the trace graph: Display From A, Display From B, and Display From Origin.

- Press **Display From (f5)** to toggle through the three modes. The legend on the softkey changes to the current Display From mode.



Display From Origin

Keeps the origin (0 distance and 0 dB) in the upper left corner of the trace graph.



Display From A

Displays the A cursor intercept with the trace data in the center of the trace graph view.



Display From B

Displays the B cursor intercept with the trace data in the center of the trace graph view.

Note

The Display From softkey (f5) is active only when the legend on f1 reads “Open Summary”.

Setting the Loss Mode

You can change the Loss Mode in the OTDR (Construction) application at the end of a test, providing the Preview is set to “On” on the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).

To set the Loss Mode:

1. Press **Loss Mode** (f4). The Loss Mode dialog box appears.

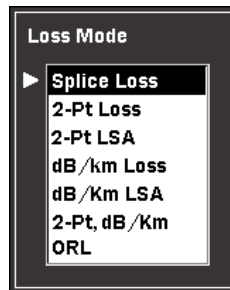


Figure 6-27: Loss Mode Dialog box

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired loss mode. For details on the various loss modes see Chapter 7, “OTDR Mode Measurements”.

Note

Not all of the procedures described in Chapter 7, “OTDR Mode Measurements” apply to OTDR (Construction) mode.

- 3. Press the **Enter key** (or the **Rotary knob**). The dialog box closes and red legend on the softkey changes to the selected loss mode.

Note

The Loss Mode softkey (f4) is only active when the legend on **f1** reads “Open Summary”.

Connection Check

When the Connection Check is set to “On” on the setups Preferences screen, a connection check is automatically performed at the beginning of each fault locate test. The Connection Check screen consist of a simple gauge which provides a graphical representation of the connection quality along with instructions detailing how to proceed when the connection is “GOOD” and how to correct a “BAD” connection.

GOOD connection –

The gauge is green and yellow when connection is good. The closer the bar in the connection gauge extends to “HIGH” end, the better the connection is.

If the gauge is yellow and red, the fiber needs cleaning.

Press **Continue (f1)** or **Start key** to start the measurement immediately.

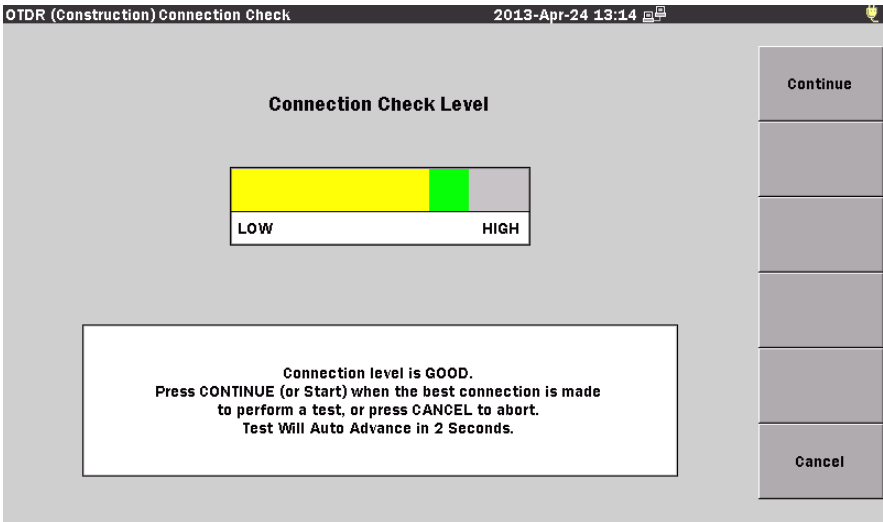


Figure 6-28: Connection Check – Medium

BAD connection –

When the connection check level is low, the bar in the connection gauge is red and only extends a short distance from the “LOW” end of the gauge.

If the connection state is not improved even if the fiber is cleaned, the fiber needs to be replaced.

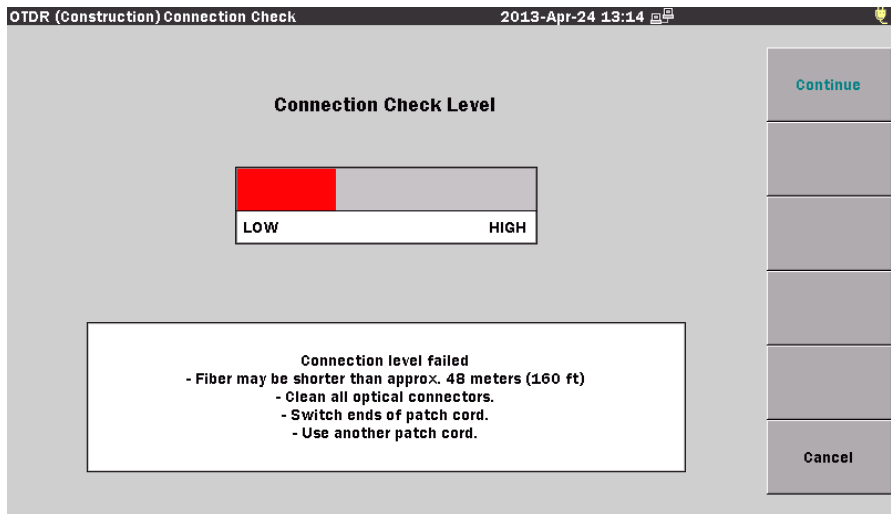


Figure 6-29: Connection Check – Low

To correct a low connection:

1. Press **Cancel (f6)** to abort the current test. The Connect Fiber screen appears (see Figure 6-18 on page 6-47).

► Note

If the **Number of Fibers** field (see Figure 6-7 on page 6-20) is set to “1”, pressing **Cancel (f6)** returns you to the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen.

2. Clean all of the optical connectors.
3. Press the **Continue (f1)** once or twice, depending on the setup conditions described in step 1, to re-enter the Connect Check screen.
4. If the Connection Check is still low, press **Cancel (f6)**.
5. Switch the ends of the patch cord and press **Continue (f1)** once or twice again.

6. If the Connection Check is still low, press **Cancel (f6)** and then replace the patch cord.
7. Press **Continue (f1)** once or twice again to re-enter the Connect Check screen.

 **Note**

Fibers shorter than approximately 48 meters (160 ft.) will generally result in a low connection.

If the Connection Check remains LOW after following the steps in the preceding procedure, contact the Anritsu Technical Support Center at:

Phone: 1-800-ANRITSU or 1-800-267-4878

(Canada, U.S., Latin and South America)

Fax: +1 972-671-1877

e-mail: us-sales@anritsu.com

Web: www.anritsu.com

Working with OTDR (Construction) Trace Files

Deleting Files

Use the Save screen (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64) to delete any data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

► Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.
5. Repeat steps 2 through 4 for any additional file deletions.
6. Press the **ESC Key** to return to the test application.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

► Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

► Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Enter key** to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

► Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use the Save screen (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64) to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.
6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copying 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.

5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

► Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press **More (f6)**.
4. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

► Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

5. Press the **Down Arrow key** and highlight the first file in the selected folder/directory.
6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series' internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. At the completion of a Construction mode test, the Save screen appears (see Figure 6-26 on page 6-64).

► Note

You can only access the Save screen in OTDR (Construction) mode when “File Save Verify” is selected on the OTDR (Construction) Setup screen (see Figure 6-24 on page 6-61).

2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.

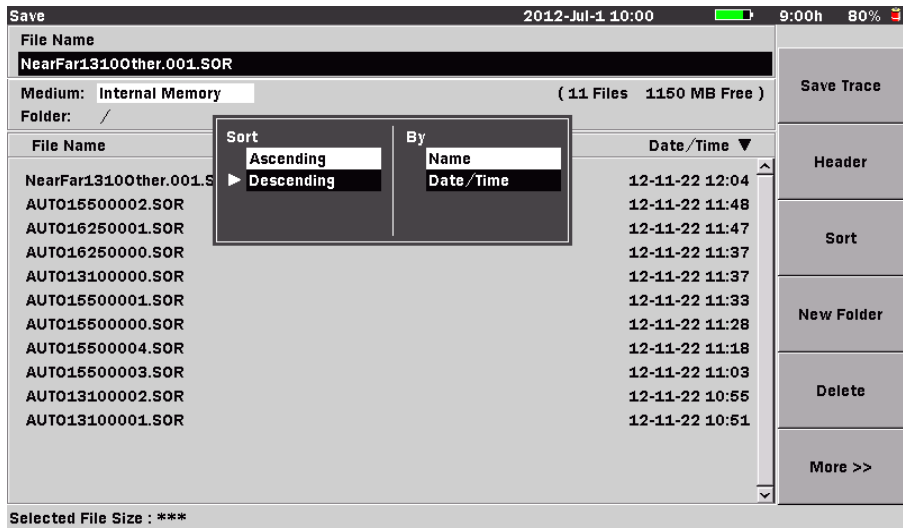


Figure 6-30: Sort/By Dialog box

3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).

4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

Printing Trace Files

Trace files can be printed via the optional BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers.

Note

The printed output from the MT9083 Series consists of a screen shot. Only the details currently displayed on the LCD, less the softkeys, are printed. Make sure that the desired details are displayed before printing.

Connecting the Printer

Connect the MT9083 Series to the BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers using a USB printer conversion cable as shown in the figure below:

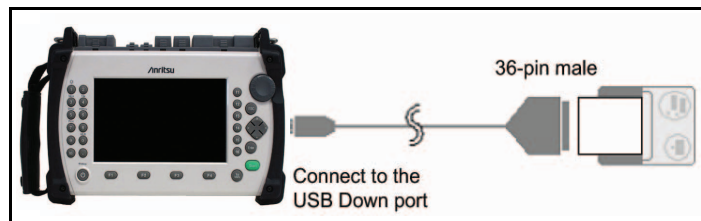


Figure 6-31: Connecting the BL-80R11 Printer

Printing a Trace File

Make sure that the Printer setup parameters are set as desired on the setups General screen. See “Printer” and “Paper Feed” on page 3-9 for details.

Note

In order to print an OTDR (Construction) Test Results screen, **Preview (f3)** must be set to “On” on the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).

To print trace files:

1. Connect the BL-80R11 or SD1-31 printers to the MT9083 Series as shown in Figure 6-31, and then power up the printer.

2. Perform the test.
3. Press **Close Summary (f1)** to display the trace graph without the Summary box, if desired.
4. Press the **Print key**. The following message appears:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

5. Press **Printer (f1)**. The message changes to “Please wait. Printing...”. The MT9083 Series returns to the Trace grid when the printout is completed.

Saving a Trace File as an Image File

See “Saving a Screen Image to a File” on page 3-36 for details.

► Note

In order to save the OTDR (Construction) Test Results screen as an image file, **Preview (f3)** must be set to “**On**” on the Test in Progress screen (see Figure 6-19 on page 6-49).

Chapter 7: OTDR Mode Measurements

Distance Measurement

When a primary trace is displayed, the fiber distance is automatically measured from the origin of the trace to each of the two cursors and between the cursors. The values are displayed in the Cursor Distance area. Proper cursor placement is crucial for accurate measurements.

► **Note**

Improper distance readings may be reported if the Index of Refraction (IOR) is set inaccurately. See “Setting the IOR and BSC” on page 4-72 for details on changing the IOR setting.

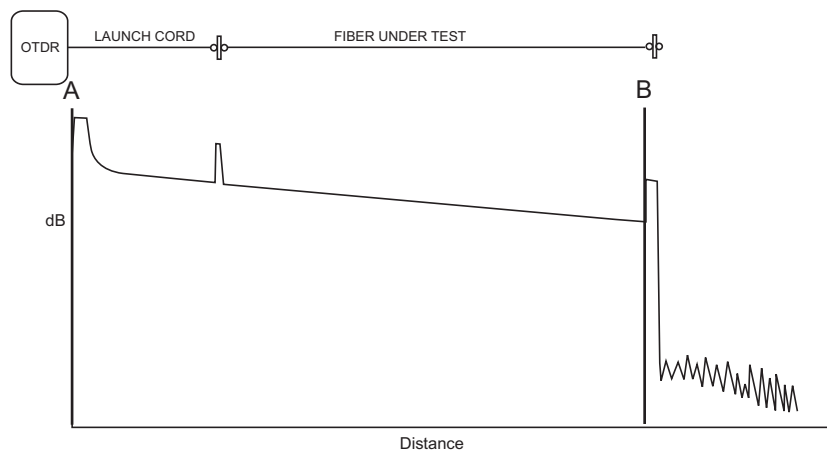
Two of the most common distance measurements are:

- Fiber Length (the total distance of a fiber)
- Distance to a Break (the distance from a known point to a break in the fiber)

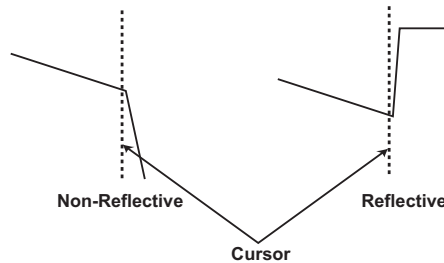
Fiber Length Measurement

To measure the total length of a fiber:

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor A at the end of the test fiber box (pulse suppressor), if one is used, or at 0.0000 km, as shown in the following figure.



3. Select **Display From A**.
4. Use the **Right** and **Up Arrow keys** to expand the screen horizontally and vertically around Cursor A for more accurate cursor placement.
5. Use the **Rotary knob** to place Cursor A on linear backscatter just prior (to the left side) of the reflective or non-reflective event, as shown in the following figure.



6. Place Cursor B at the end of the fiber (see figure in step 2).
7. Select **Display From B**.
8. Use the **Right** and **Up Arrow keys** to expand the screen horizontally and vertically around Cursor B for more accurate cursor placement.
9. Use the **Rotary knob** to place Cursor B on linear backscatter just prior (to the left side) of the reflective or non-reflective event (see figure in step 5).
10. Read the fiber length as the A->B distance in the Cursor Distance information area (see item 3 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

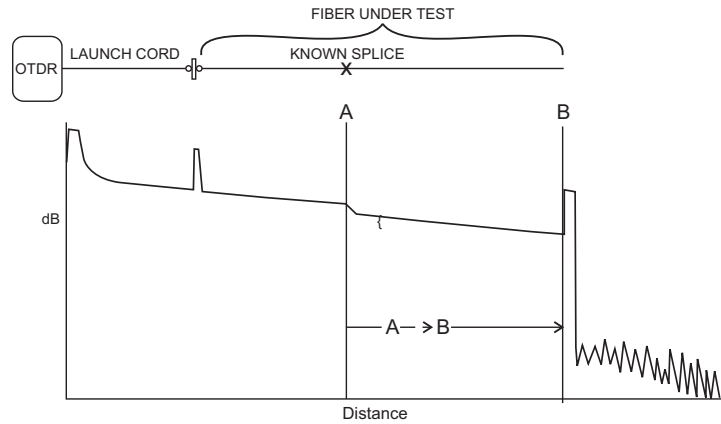
Note

If Cursor A was set to 0.0000 km, then the A-B distance will be the same as the Cursor B distance.

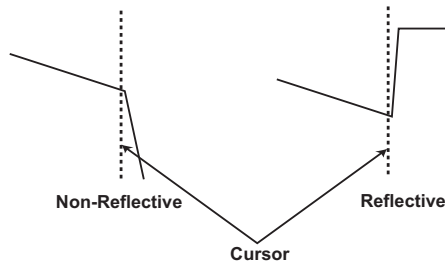
Distance to a Break Measurement

The following procedure demonstrates a method of locating a break relative to a known point on the fiber.

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor B at the break in the fiber, as shown in the following figure.



3. Select **Display From B**.
4. Use the **Right** and **Up Arrow** keys to expand the screen horizontally and vertically around Cursor B for more accurate cursor placement.
5. Use the **Rotary knob** to place Cursor B on linear backscatter just prior (to the left side) of the break in the fiber (see the following figure).



6. Select **Display From Origin**.
7. Place Cursor A at a known point on the fiber (see figure in step 2).
8. Select **Display From A**.
9. Use the **Right** and **Up Arrow** keys to expand the screen horizontally and vertically around Cursor A for more accurate cursor placement.
10. Use the **Rotary knob** to place Cursor A on linear backscatter just prior to (the left side) of the beginning of the known point (see figure in step 5).
11. Read the distance from the known point to the break as the A-B distance in the Cursor Distance information area (see item 3 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

Loss Measurements

Loss Modes

When a primary trace is displayed, there are several different types of measurements available through the **Loss Mode (f3)** softkey:

- 2-Pt Loss
- dB/km Loss
- Splice Loss
- 2-Pt LSA
- dB/km LSA
- ORL (Optical Return Loss)
- 2-Pt & dB/km Loss

See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details on how to set a loss mode.

Event Examples

Figure 7-1: Event Examples shows examples of events on a fiber that are referred to in the various Loss Mode procedures that follow this section. Use the figure as an aid to understanding some to the terminology used to describe measurement procedures.

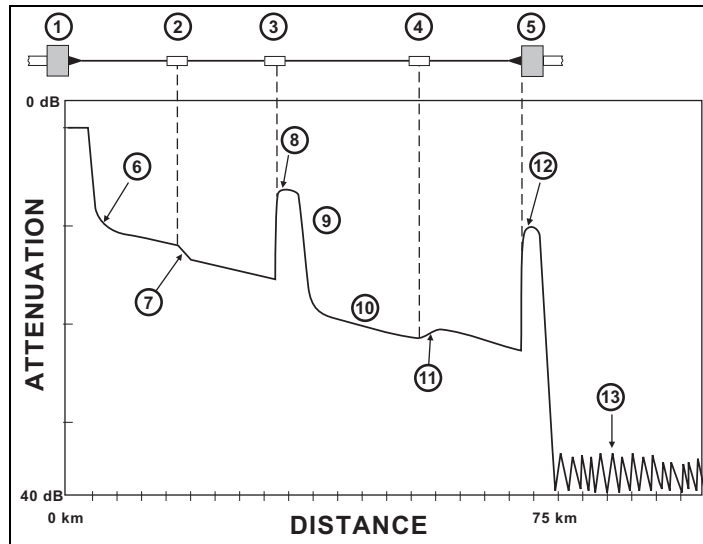


Figure 7-1: Event Examples

- | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|
| 1 | OTDR input | 8 | Reflective splice connector |
| 2 | Fusion splice | 9 | Fresnel reflection |
| 3 | Mechanical splice connector | 10 | Rayleigh backscatter |
| 4 | Fusion splice | 11 | Non-reflective gainer |
| 5 | End of cable | 12 | Reflective end |
| 6 | Diffusion tail | 13 | Noise floor |
| 7 | Non-reflective loser | | |

2-Point Loss

The 2-Point Loss Measurement uses a data point at Cursor A and a data point at Cursor B to calculate the change in dB between the two points. Normally the Cursor A (Y-Axis) data is greater than the Cursor B (Y-Axis) data and a positive loss measurement is displayed. Otherwise, the loss value is reported as a negative quantity called a “gainer.”

To perform a 2-Point Loss measurement:

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor B at the end of the fiber. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details.
3. Select **Display From B**.
4. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57 for details.
5. Place Cursor B at the beginning of the reflective end of the fiber and read the total fiber length from the highlighted Cursor B location in the Cursor Distance area.
6. Select **Display From Origin**.
7. Place Cursor A just to the right of the diffusion tail, if one exists, after the beginning of the fiber.
8. Select **Display From A**.
9. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement.
10. Move Cursor A to the end of the diffusion tail.
11. Set the Loss Mode to **2-Pt Loss**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details.

12. The 2-Pt Loss reading appears the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

dB/km Loss

The dB/km Loss measurement uses a data point at Cursor A and a data point at Cursor B to calculate the change in dB (Y-Axis) between the two points. This is divided by the distance between the two Cursors to calculate the Loss/Distance measurement. When Cursor A (Y-Axis) data is greater than Cursor B (Y-Axis) data, a positive loss measurement is displayed.

$$\text{Loss/Distance (dB/km)} = \frac{\text{2-Point Loss}}{\text{Distance Between Cursor A and Cursor B}}$$

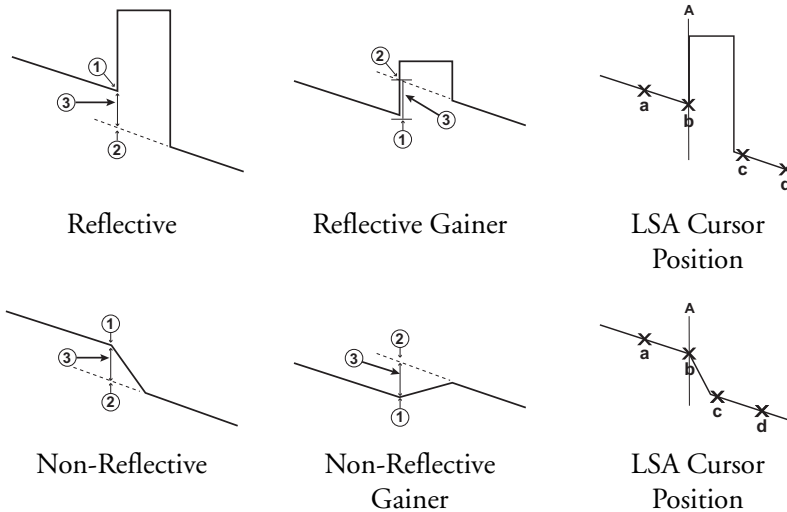
To perform a dB/km Loss measurement:

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor B at the end of the fiber. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details.
3. Select **Display From B**.
4. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57 for details.
5. Place Cursor B at the beginning of the reflective end of the fiber and read the total fiber length from the highlighted Cursor B location in the Cursor Distance area.
6. Select **Display From Origin**.
7. Place Cursor A just to the right of the diffusion tail, if one exists, after the beginning of the fiber.
8. Select **Display From A**.
9. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement.
10. Move Cursor A to the end of the diffusion tail.
11. Set the Loss Mode to **dB/km Loss**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details.
12. The dB/km loss reading appears the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

Splice Loss

Use Splice Loss mode to measure the optical power loss caused by connectors, splices, and couplers on a fiber optic cable.

Use the following figure in conjunction with the splice loss procedure to measure splice loss:



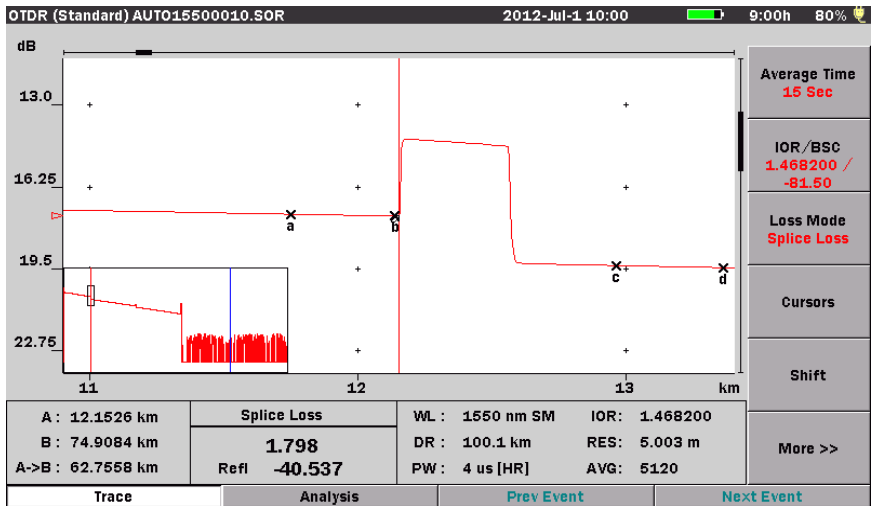
- ① Start of Splice
- ② Y-Intercept
- ③ Splice Loss (The Splice Loss is equal to the Y-axis position at ① less the Y-axis position at ②.)

Cursor A should be placed at the start of the splice. The Y-Axis position (①) at the start of the splice will be determined by an LSA calculation using the interval set up to the left of Cursor A. The Y-Intercept point (②) is determined by an LSA calculation using the current data interval setup to the right of Cursor A, and calculating the intercept back to Cursor A.

To perform a splice loss measurement:

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor A near the beginning of the splice where loss is to be measured. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details.

3. Select **Display From A**.
4. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically (see “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57) for more accurate cursor placement and place Cursor A at the beginning of the splice to be measured.
5. Set the Loss Mode to **Splice Loss**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details.
6. If the LSA intervals are set properly they should appear similar to those in the following figure. If so, go to Step 8.



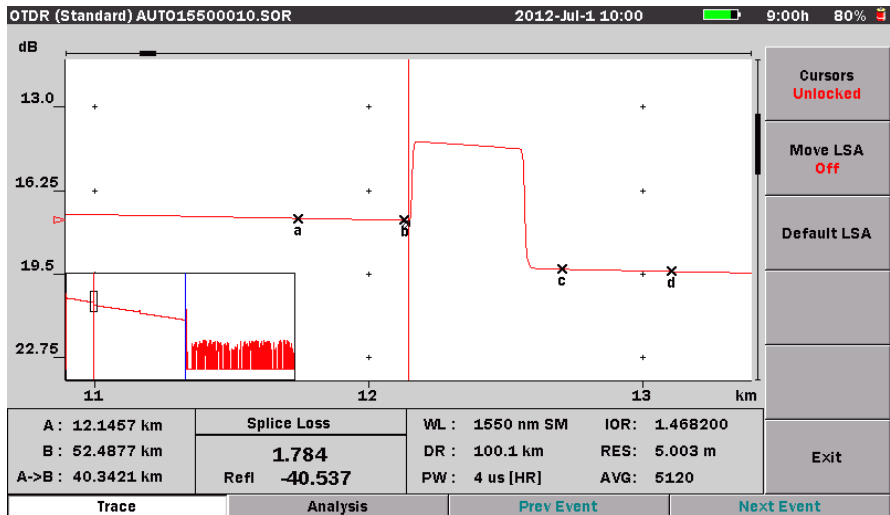
7. Adjust the LSA intervals so that they are on linear backscatter. See “Adjusting the LSA Intervals for Splice Loss Mode” on page 7-9 for details.
8. The Splice Loss reading appears in the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area, as shown in the figure above.

Adjusting the LSA Intervals for Splice Loss Mode

On some events you may need to adjust the LSA intervals (fuzzy cursors) to obtain a better estimate of an event splice loss, especially if either of the intervals fall within the actual loss interval or “knee” (see the following figure).

Note

This function is not available for the OTDR (Construction) application at the current software release.



To modify the loss intervals:

1. Set the Loss Mode to **Splice Loss**.
2. Move Cursor A to the start of the desired event (see the figure above).
3. Toggle **Display From (f5)** to **Display from A**.
4. Expand the trace around Cursor A using the **Right** and **Up Arrow keys**.
5. Use the **Rotary knob** to place Cursor A at the beginning of the splice.
6. Press **More>> (f6)** and then press **Cursors (f5)**. The Cursor softkeys appear.
7. Press **Move LSA Off (f2)**. The softkey legend changes to Move LSA On and the “a” marker on the left LSA interval changes from “X” to “✱” (a larger “X” with a diamond superimposed on it).

► **Note**

Adjust the left LSA interval (**b**) only if part of it falls within the preceding event.

8. Press the **Rotary knob** twice to change the left marker (**c**) on the right LSA interval from “**X**” to “**✖**”, and then rotate the **Rotary knob** clockwise until the “**✖**” is centered on linear backscatter to the right of the event.
9. Press the **Rotary knob** once to select the right marker (**d**) on the right LSA interval.
10. Turn the **Rotary knob** clockwise until the Splice Loss reading stabilizes.
11. Press **Exit (f6)**, the Cursor softkeys close and the Level Two softkeys return.

Setting LSA Defaults

To reset the LSA cursors to the factory default setting:

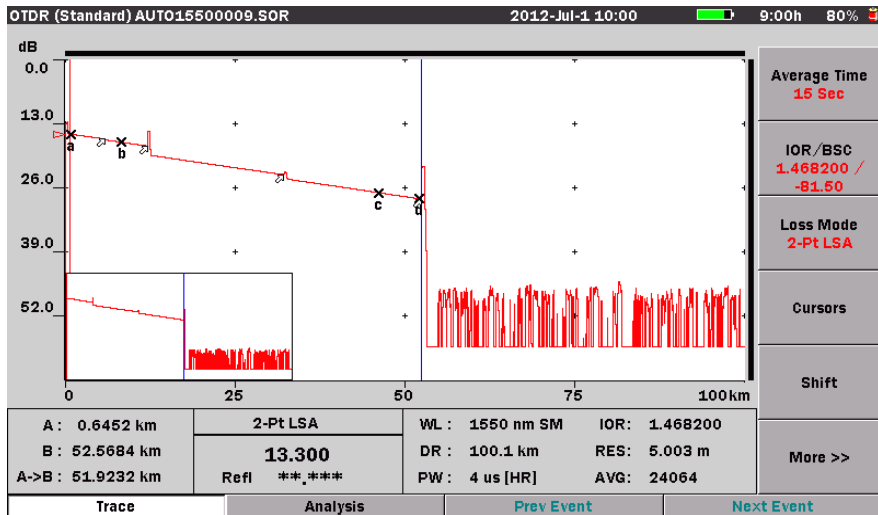
1. With the Cursor softkeys displayed, press **Default LSA (f3)**.
2. Press **Exit (f6)**, the Cursor softkeys close and the Level Two softkeys return.

► **Note**

This function is not available for the OTDR (Construction) application at the current software release.

2-Point LSA

The Least Squares Approximation (LSA) 2-Point Loss measurement uses an LSA technique to calculate the best Y-intercept values based on the current cursor positions. Intervals directly to the right of Cursor A and left of Cursor B will be used to calculate the intercept values. The length of the LSA intervals is user selectable. The default value is approximately 400 meters. The ends of the intervals are displayed as “**X**” marks, as shown in the following figure.



The LSA 2-Point Loss is the change in dB (Y-Axis) calculated between the two points. When the Cursor A, Y-Axis position is greater than the Cursor B, Y-Axis position, a positive loss measurement is displayed.

LSA (Least Squares Approximation) technique is useful when the trace is excessively noisy.

The left interval is associated with Cursor A and the right interval with Cursor B. The default location for the left interval is immediately to the right of Cursor A. The default location for the right interval is immediately to the left of the B Cursor.

To perform a 2-point LSA loss measurement:

1. Place the cursors as for an end-to-end loss measurement. See “Fiber Length Measurement” on page 7-1 for details.
2. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
3. Press **More>>** (f6) to access the Level Two softkeys.
4. Press **Loss Mode** (f3) and set the loss mode to **2-Pt LSA**.
5. Display from each cursor and expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement if necessary (see “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57).
6. Check that the LSA intervals are located on areas of linear backscatter and do not touch a splice or other feature. If necessary, adjust the LSA

intervals. See “Adjusting the Left and Right LSA Intervals” on page 7-12 for details.

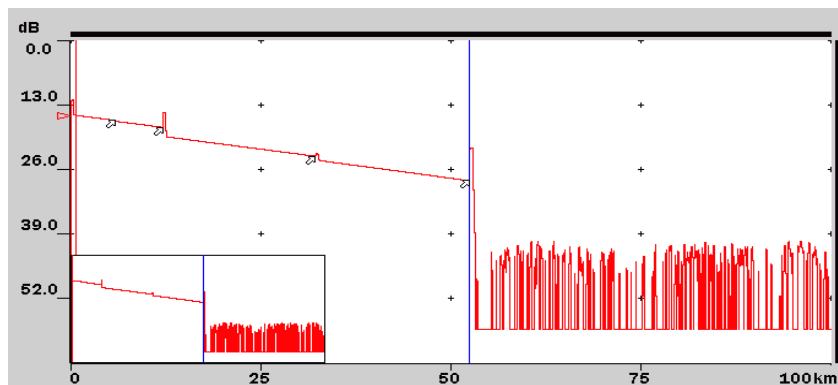
7. The 2-Point LSA loss reading appears the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area.

Adjusting the Left and Right LSA Intervals

The left interval is associated with Cursor A and the right interval with Cursor B. The default location for the left interval is immediately to the right of Cursor A. The default location for the right interval is immediately to the left of the B Cursor.

Note

This function is not available for the OTDR (Construction) application at the current software release.



In some cases, such as a very noisy trace or a trace with closely spaced event, you may need to adjust the LSA intervals (fuzzy cursors) to obtain more accurate 2-Point LSA and dB/km LSA loss measurements.

To modify the LSA interval:

1. Set the Loss Mode to either **2-Pt LSA** or **dB/km LSA**.
2. Select the desired cursor (A or B).
3. Press **More>>** (**f6**) to access the Level One softkeys.
4. Toggle **Display From** to display from the selected cursor (**Display From A** or **Display From B**).

5. Expand the trace around the cursor. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57 for details.
6. If necessary, use the **Rotary knob** to position the cursor closer to the event.
7. Press **More>>** (f6) to access the Level Two softkeys.
8. Press **Cursors** (f4) to access the Cursor softkeys.
9. Press **Move LSA Off** (f2). The softkey legend changes to Move LSA On and the “a” marker on the left LSA interval changes from “X” to “✱” (a larger “X” with a diamond superimposed on it).
10. Press the **Rotary knob** (or the **Enter key**) until the desired LSA interval icon changes from “X” to “✱” and then turn the **Rotary knob** until the “✱” is centered on linear backscatter. Make sure that the LSA interval icon is clear of any near by event.
11. Repeat step 10, selecting the other marker, if necessary.
12. Repeat steps 2 through 10 to adjust the other LSA interval, if necessary.
13. Press **Exit** (f6). The Cursor softkeys close and the Level Two softkeys appear.

dB/km LSA

The dB/km LSA Loss measurement finds the LSA 2-Point Loss (see “2-Point LSA” on page 7-10 for details) and divides it by the distance between the two cursors.

$$\text{Loss/Distance (dB/km)} = \frac{\text{LSA 2-Point Loss}}{\text{Distance Between Cursor A and Cursor B}}$$

To perform a dB/km LSA loss measurement:

1. Position the cursors at the desired locations on the trace.
2. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
3. Press **More>>** (f6) to access the Level Two softkeys.
4. Press **Loss Mode** (f3) and set the loss mode to **dB/km LSA**.
5. Display from each cursor and expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement, if necessary (see “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57).
6. Check that the LSA intervals are located on areas of linear backscatter and do not touch a preceding feature. If necessary, adjust the LSA intervals. See “Adjusting the Left and Right LSA Intervals” on page 7-12 for details.

Chapter 7: OTDR Mode Measurements

7. The dB/km LSA loss reading appears the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area.

ORL (Optical Return Loss)

The MT9083 provides the ability to calculate Optical Return Loss (ORL), the ratio of reflected energy to input energy for a fiber optic link.

ORL can be calculated for a section of the fiber optic link or for the entire link.

Note

The ORL function is not available for the OTDR (Construction) application at the current software release.

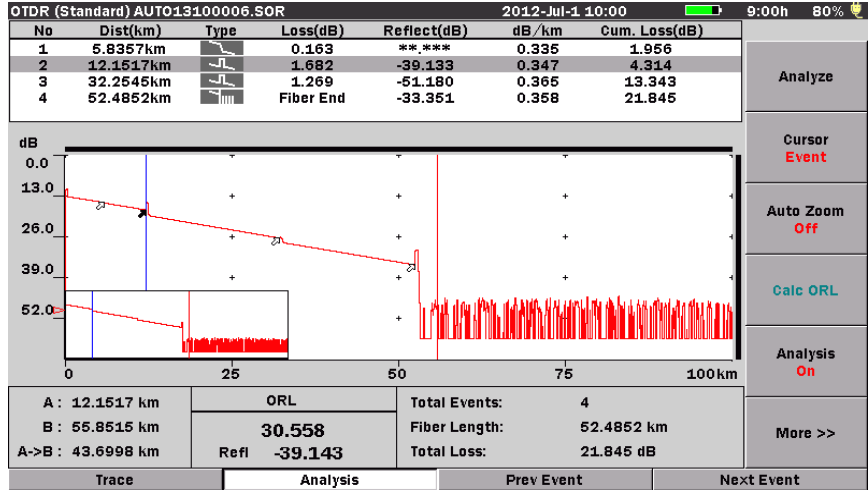
To perform an ORL measurement:

1. Select the desired ORL Calculation on the Preferences screen in setups. See “ORL Calculation” on page 4-7 for details.
2. Press **Range/Pulse Width (f4)**, the Distance Range, Pulse width, and Resolution dialog box appears. Set the following:
 - Set the **Distance Range**, selecting the shortest possible range, following the fiber length plus 25% rule.
 - Set the **Pulse width**. 1000ns is a good typical setting. This setting generally provides a combination of good range and good resolution.
 - Set the **Resolution** to **High Density**.

See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67 for details on making the setting for step 2.

3. Press **More>> (f6)** to access the Level Two softkeys.
4. Press **Average Time (f1)** and set the averaging to 1 minute, to provide good data acquisition. See “Setting the Average Time/Average Count” on page 4-70 for details.
5. Press **Loss Mode (f3)** and set the loss mode to **ORL**.
6. Press **More>> (f6)** to return to the Level One softkeys.
7. Press **ManualTest (f1)** to test the fiber.
8. Place Cursor B in the noise floor at the end of the trace. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor placement.
9. Place Cursor A at the desired measurement point along the vertical backscatter, after the initial reflection.
10. Press **More>> (f6)** twice to display the Level Three softkeys.
11. Press **Calc ORL (f4)** The ORL value appears in the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area as shown in the following figure.

Depending on the ORL Calculation type selected on the Preferences setup screen, the ORL value will follow by either an [A] if set for “A Cursor” or an [O] if set for “Origin. If there is no indicator displayed after the ORL value, the ORL Calculation was set to “Full Trace”.



An ORL value with a “<” before the reading and an “S” following the reading indicates that saturation was encountered for the selected area of the trace. This implies that the actual ORL value is, at most, the displayed value, but is probably less.

An ORL value with a “<”, but without an “S”, indicates that there were insufficient points per pulsewidth to obtain an accurate ORL value.

2-Point & dB/km Loss

The combined 2-Point & dB/km loss mode displays both loss values at the same time. The loss values, separated by a “,” are displayed in the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29).

See “2-Point Loss” on page 7-5 and “dB/km Loss” on page 7-6 for details on the individual loss modes.

To perform a 2-Pt & dB/km loss measurement:

1. Select **Display From Origin** (see “Display From” on page 4-70).
2. Place Cursor B at the end of the fiber. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details.

3. Select **Display From B**.
4. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement. See “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57 for details.
5. Place Cursor B at the beginning of the reflective end of the fiber and read the total fiber length from the highlighted Cursor B location in the Cursor Distance area.
6. Select **Display From Origin**.
7. Place Cursor A just to the right of the diffusion tail, if one exists, after the beginning of the fiber.
8. Select **Display From A**.
9. Expand the screen horizontally and vertically for more accurate cursor placement.
10. Move Cursor A to the end of the diffusion tail.
11. Set the Loss Mode to **2pt, dB/km**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73 for details.
12. The 2-Pt & dB/km loss values, separated by a “,” are displayed in the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area. The first value is the 2-point loss and the second value is the dB/km loss.

Reflectance Measurements

Overview

Reflectance is the ratio of reflected power to incident power displayed in dB. A reflectance measurement is affected by the Pulsethickness and the Backscatter Coefficient.

A reflectance value for reflective events is displayed in the lower section of the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29) when either **Auto** or **Manual** is selected on the Preferences screen in Setups. The reflectance reading may also contain an “S” indicator (see “Reflectance” on page 4-40 for details on the “S” indicators). The reflectance measurement is made relative to Cursor A when set to Auto and relative to Cursors A and B when set to Manual.

Auto Reflectance Mode

Auto Reflectance mode requires placement of Cursor A only and automatically makes the measurement based upon the cursor placement. There are restrictions on the placement of Cursor A detailed in the following procedure.

► Note

The following procedure applies to the OTDR (Standard) and Fiber Visualizer applications only.

To perform auto reflectance measurements:

1. Press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **Preferences (f2)**.
3. Set the Reflectance Calculation to **Auto**. See “Reflectance” on page 4-15 for details.
4. Press **Range/Pulse Width (f4)**, the Distance Range, Pulse width, and Resolution dialog box appears. Set the following:
 - Set the **Distance Range**, selecting the shortest possible range, following the fiber length plus 25% rule.
 - Set the **Pulse width**. 1000ns is a good typical setting. This setting generally provides a combination of good range and good resolution.
 - Set the **Resolution** to **High Density**.

See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67 for details on making the setting for step 4.

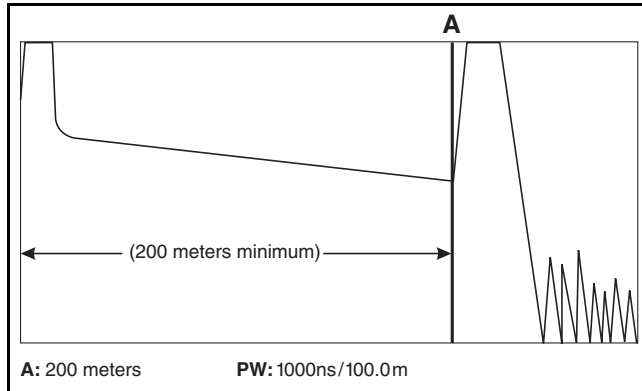
5. Press **Average Time (f1)** and set the averaging to 60 seconds, to provide good data acquisition. See “Setting the Average Time/Average Count” on page 4-70 for details.
6. Press **Manual Test(f1)** to test the fiber.

After the test is complete, the reflectance reading is displayed in the lower section of the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29). Moving Cursor A will change the reflectance value.

► Note

The Reflectance value may be preceded by an “S”. See “Reflectance” on page 4-40 for details.

7. Place Cursor A on backscatter just prior (to the left side) of the reflective event in order to achieve an accurate reflectance measurement. See “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor placement.



8. Select Display From A (see “Display From” on page 4-70) and then use the **Right** and **Up Arrow keys** to zoom in on the trace (see “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57) to place Cursor A as close as possible to the rising edge of the reflection. Cursor A must be placed on a linear section of the waveform backscatter and NOT the rising edge of the reflection. (See the figure in step 7 which uses a 1000 ns pulsewidth and yields a 200 meter minimum distance between origin and Cursor A placement.)

Cursor A may be placed to within two pulsewidths from the origin or start of the OTDR trace (OTDR bulkhead).

Manual Reflectance Mode

Both Cursors (A and B) are used for this measurement.

► Note

The following procedure applies to the OTDR (Standard) and Fiber Visualizer applications only.

To perform manual reflectance measurements:

1. Press the **Setup** key.
2. Press **Preferences (f2)**.
3. Set the Reflectance Calculation to **Manual**. See “Reflectance” on page 4-15 for details.
4. Press **Range/Pulse Width (f4)**, the Distance Range, Pulse width, and Resolution dialog box appears. Set the following:
 - Set the **Distance Range**, selecting the shortest possible range, following the fiber length plus 25% rule.
 - Set the **Pulse width**. 1000 ns is a good typical setting. This setting generally provides a combination of good range and good resolution.
 - Set the **Resolution** to **High Density**.

See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67 for details on making the setting for step 4.

5. Press **Average Time (f1)** and set the averaging to 60 seconds, to provide good data acquisition. See “Setting the Average Time/Average Count” on page 4-70 for details.
6. Press **ManualTest (f1)** to test the fiber.

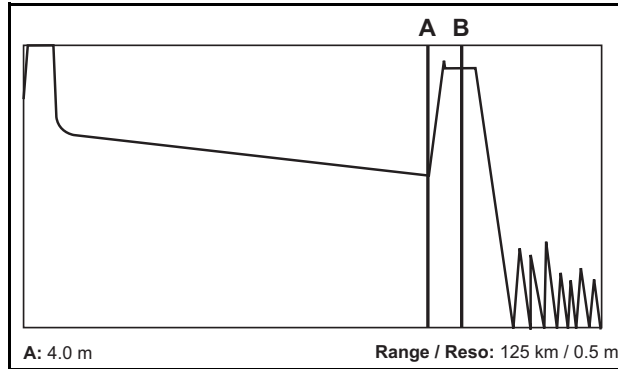
After the test is complete, the reflectance reading is displayed in the lower section of the Loss Mode, Measurement, and Reflectance area (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29). Moving Cursor A will change the reflectance value.

► Note

The Reflectance value may be preceded by an “S”. See “Reflectance” on page 4-40 for details.

7. Place Cursor A on backscatter just prior (to the left side) of the reflective event in order to achieve an accurate reflectance measurement. See

“Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56 for details on cursor placement.



8. Select Display From A (see “Display From” on page 4-70) and then use the **Right** and **Up Arrow keys** to zoom in on the trace (see “Horizontal and Vertical Expand and Contract” on page 4-57) to place Cursor A as close as possible to the rising edge of the reflection. Cursor A must be placed on a linear section of the waveform backscatter and NOT the rising edge of the reflection (see the figure above).
9. Place Cursor B on the center of the reflectance pulse (see the figure above).

► **Note**

Occasionally a small, narrow peak may be present (as shown in the figure above). Do not place Cursor B on top of the first narrow peak, if a narrow peak is present, as this will result in an inaccurate reflectance measurement.

Real Time Testing

Real Time test mode provides a quick 'real-time' view of the initial trace information. In this mode, trace data is not continually averaged, but is stopped and restarted after each screen update. Real Time mode enables optimization of fiber connections at or near the OTDR connector, as the trace display shows the effect of the making changes to the connections.

To start a Real Time test:

- Press **Real Time Off (f2)** to start a real time test. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On” and the test begins.

Note

To attenuate a saturated event when in Real Time test mode, move the active cursor within the event, until the unit auto-attenuates the event (pulling the event out of saturation).

To stop a Real Time test:

- Press **Real Time On (f2)** to stop the current real time test. The red legend on the softkey changes to “Off” and the real time test ends.

Chapter 8: Loss Test Set Mode

Overview

Loss Test Set mode is made available by equipping a MT9083 Series with one of the optional Power Meters (options 004/005/007). This provides the ability to perform power meter/light source tests.

The optical power measurement range varies depending on the specific optional power meter with which the MT9083 Series is equipped. See “MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common” on page A-8 for details.

Starting Loss Test Set Mode

To start Loss Test Set mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu** key.
2. Highlight **Loss Test Set**, then press the **Enter** key.

Note

Units not equipped with the power meter option will not display the Loss Test Set selection.

3. The unit displays the initial Loss Test Set screen (see Figure 8-1).

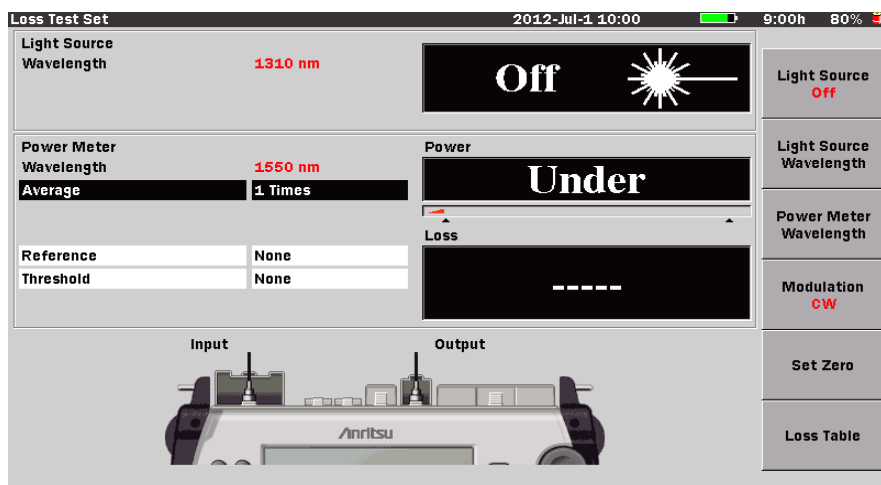


Figure 8-1: Initial Loss Test Set screen

Setups – Loss Test Set mode

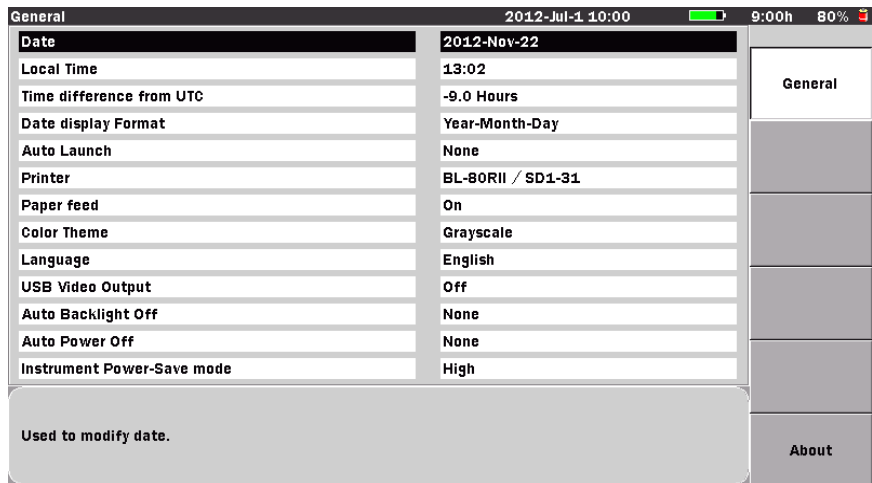
Press the Setup key to display the setup information for Loss Test Set mode (See “Starting Loss Test Set Mode” on page 8-1 for details).

Entering Loss Test Set Setups

1. Start Loss Test Set mode. The initial Loss Test Set screen appears (see Figure 8-1 on page 8-1).
2. Press the **Setup** key. The General Setups screen appears. The General and About screens are the only setup screens available when in Loss Test Set mode.

General Setups

The General setups pertain to general setting for the MT9083 Series and are detailed in “General Screen Settings” on pages 3-7 – 3-15.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 8-2: General Setups Screen

About Screen

See “Password Settings” on page 3-15 for details.

Loss Test Set Screen

The initial Loss Test Set screen consists of four main areas, as flagged in the following figure:

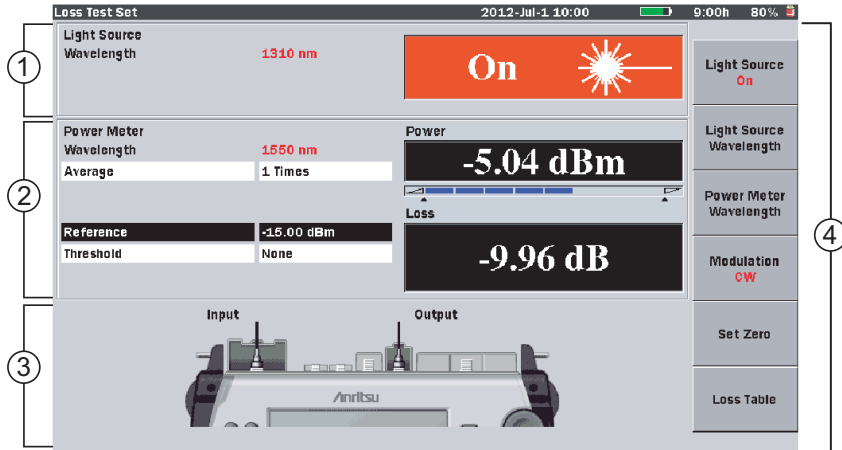


Figure 8-3: Loss Test Set Screen Elements

- 1 Light Source area
- 2 Power Meter area
- 3 Port connection indicator
- 4 Softkeys

Light Source Area

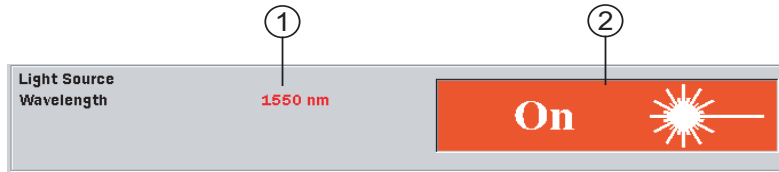


Figure 8-4: Light Source Area

- 1 Light Source Wavelength indicator
- 2 Light Source On/Off indicator

Light Source Wavelength Indicator

Displays the current test wavelength, as set via the **Light Source Wavelength (f2)** softkey.

Light Source On/Off Indicator

Displays the current status of the Light Source laser.

Power Meter Area

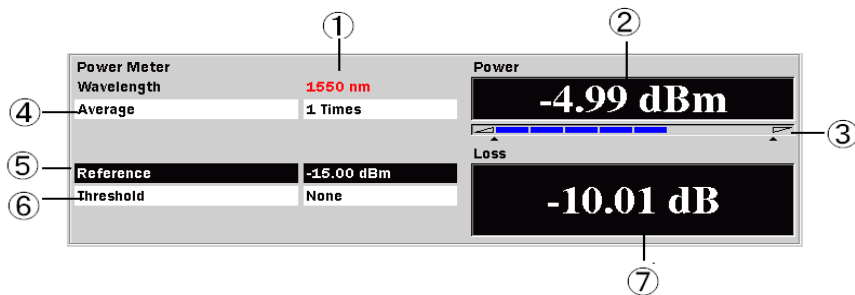


Figure 8-5: Power Meter Area

- 1 Power Meter Wavelength indicator
- 2 Absolute Power reading
- 3 Range indicator

- 4 Average field
- 5 Reference field
- 6 Threshold field
- 7 Loss reading

Power Meter Wavelength Indicator

Displays the current test wavelength, as set via the **Power Meter Wavelength (f3)** softkey.

Absolute Power Reading

Displays the current value measured by the Optical Power Meter.

The optical power measurement range varies depending on the specific optional power meter with which the MT9083 Series is equipped. See “MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common” on page A-8 for details.

When an optical power level under the measurement range (including light shielding) is measured, it is regarded as “under range” and “Under” is displayed in the Power reading area.

When an optical power level over the measurement range is measured, it is regarded as “over range” and “Over” is displayed in the Power reading area.

Correct measurements cannot be performed in the under range or over range status.

⚠ CAUTION

The light receiving part of the MT9083 Series may be damaged if light exceeding +10 dBm is injected.

In addition, when the reference value (as set in the Reference Field, item 5 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4) is set to “None”, the background color of the Absolute Power reading changes according to the Pass/Fail status established by the value in the Threshold field (see item 6 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4). Readings that “pass” have a black background, while readings that “fail” have a red background.

Range Indicator

The Range Indicator provides a graphic representation of the optical power level being measured. The greater the optical power level measured, the further the Range Indicator is filled in.

Average Field

Displays the number of times that the current test data is averaged before the Power reading (item 2 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4) is refreshed. The higher the number of averages, the more stable the Power reading.

Reference Field

Displays the currently set reference value which is used to calculate the Loss reading (item 5 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4). Reference values can be entered for each of the power meter's calibrated wavelengths.

Threshold Field

Displays the currently set threshold value which is used to determine the Pass/Fail status of the Loss reading, as displayed in the Loss Table (see Figure 8-7 on page 8-9). Threshold values can be entered for each of the power meter's calibrated wavelengths.

Loss Reading

The Loss reading (item 7 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4) displays the optical power loss value.

When the reference value is set to "None", "----" is displayed, as a Loss reading requires that a reference value is set.

When a reference value is set, the optical power loss is obtained as follows:

$$\text{Optical power loss} = \text{Reference} - \text{Optical power measurement}$$

In addition, when a reference value other than "None", is set in the Reference Field (item 5 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4), the background color of the Loss reading changes according to the Pass/Fail status established by the value in the Threshold field (see item 6 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4). Readings that "pass" have a black background, while readings that "fail" have a red background.

Port Connection Indicator

The lower third of the Loss Test Set screen contains the Port Connection Indicator. The **Input** port, as shown in the following figure, is the connection for the optional Power Meter, while the **Output** port is the Optical Light Source.

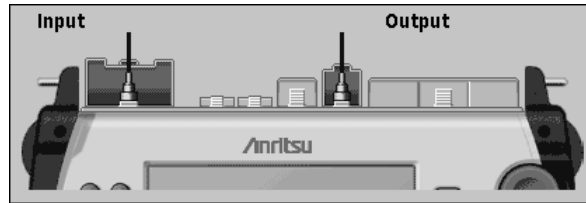


Figure 8-6: Port Connection Indicator – Loss Test Set mode

Note

The measurement port indicated as the Output port varies according to the optical wavelength of the light to be emitted.

Softkeys (Loss Test Set screen)

The following softkeys are available on the Loss Test Set screen:



Light Source Off/On (f1)

Press the Light Source Off softkey to start the optical light source. The red legend on the softkey as well as the legend in the Light Source Wavelength indicator (see item 2 in Figure 8-4 on page 8-4) change to “On”. In addition, the background of the Light Source Wavelength indicator changes from black to red.

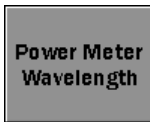


Light Source Wavelength (f2)

Press the Light Source Wavelength softkey to scroll through the available wavelengths for the MT9083 Series Optical Light Source. Check the Light Source Wavelength indicator (see item 1 in Figure 8-4 on page 8-4) for the currently selected wavelength.

Note

This softkey also toggles the Power Meter Wavelength selection field, when the selected Light Source wavelength matches one of the calibrated Power Meter wavelengths.



Power Meter Wavelength (f3)

Press the Power Meter Wavelength softkey to scroll through the calibrated wavelengths for the optional Power Meter.



Modulation (f4)

Press the Modulation softkey to scroll through the modulation rates for Loss Test Set. The red legend on the softkey displays the current modulation rate.

The four modulation rates are as follow:

- CW (Continuous Wave)
- 270 Hz
- 1 kHz
- 2 kHz



Set Zero (f5)

Press the Set Zero softkey to adjust the optical power meter offset.



Loss Table (f6)

Press the Loss Table softkey to advance to the Loss Table screen.

Loss Table Screen

The Loss Table screen consists of four main areas, as flagged in the following figure.

Press **Loss Table (f6)** on the Loss Test Set screen (see Figure 8-3 on page 8-3) to display the Loss Table screen.

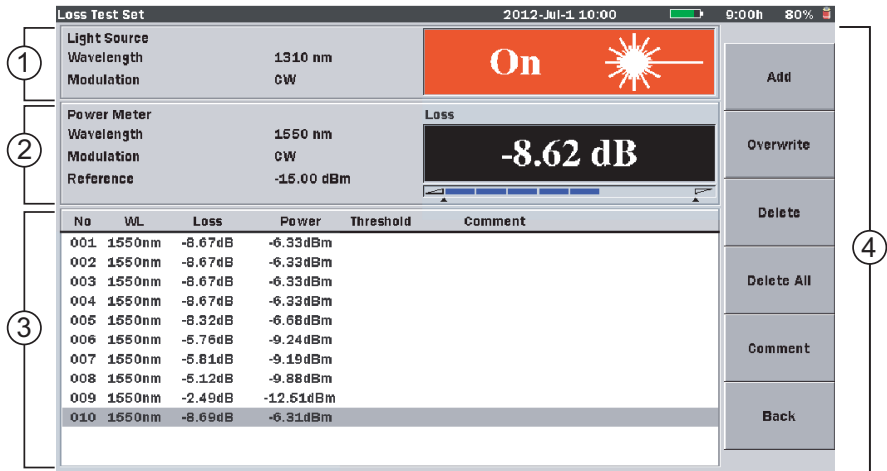


Figure 8-7: Loss Test Set – Loss Table screen

- 1 Light Source settings area
- 2 Power Meter settings area
- 3 Loss table
- 4 Softkeys

Light Source Settings Area

The Light Source Settings area displays the wavelength and modulation settings made on the Loss Test Set screen (see Figure 8-3 on page 8-3), as well as the current operating status of the Light Source (“On” or “Off”).

Power Meter Settings Area

The Power Meter Settings area displays the wavelength selection, modulation setting, and Reference value established on the Loss Test Set screen (see Figure 8-3 on page 8-3), as well as the current optical Loss reading. If the Reference value is set to “None”, the screen displays the Power reading instead of the Loss reading.

Loss Table

The Loss Table occupies the lower half of the Loss Test Set – Loss Table screen. The table is scrollable, by using either the **Rotary knob** or the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys**.

Each row in the table represents a tested fiber. A Loss Table can contain up to a maximum of 999 rows and presents the following details:

- **No** – Number of the fiber tested
- **WL** – Wavelength set for the Power Meter
- **Loss** – Current loss value
- **Power** – Current optical power measurement value
- **Threshold** – Pass/Fail status as determined by the current Threshold value
- **Comment** – Comments entered by the operator.

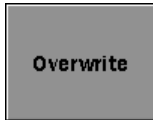
Loss Table Softkeys

The following softkeys are available on the Loss Table screen.



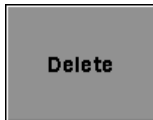
Add (f1)

Press the Add softkey to add the current test results to the Loss Table.



Overwrite (f2)

Press the Overwrite softkey to overwrite the highlighted row in the Loss Table with the results from the current test.



Delete (f3)

Press the Delete softkey to delete the test results of currently highlight row.



Delete All (f4)

Press the Delete All softkey to clear all test results from the Loss Table.



Comment (f5)

Press the Comment softkey to open the Text Entry dialog box.



Back (f6)

Press the Back softkey to return to the Loss Test Set screen.

Setting Loss Test Set Measurement Parameters

Setting the Light Source Wavelength

Note

This procedure only applies when using the MT9083 Series light source.

To set the Light Source wavelength:

- Press **Light Source Wavelength (f2)**. Each key press toggles to the next light source wavelength.
The current wavelength is indicated by the Light Source Wavelength indicator (see item 1 in Figure 8-4 on page 8-4).
 - This softkey also toggles the Power Meter Wavelength selection field, when the selected Light Source wavelength matches one of the calibrated Power Meter wavelengths. See item 1 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4 for the location of the indicator.
 - Single wavelength units will sound an error tone when Light Source Wavelength (f2) is pressed.

Setting the Power Meter Wavelength

The MT9083 Series optional Power Meter is calibrated at the following wavelengths:

- | | |
|------------|-----------|
| • 850 nm* | • 1490 nm |
| • 1300 nm* | • 1550 nm |
| • 1310 nm | • 1625 nm |
| • 1383 nm | • 1650 nm |

* These wavelengths only available on units equipped with Option 007.

To set the Power Meter wavelength:

- Press **Power Meter Wavelength (f3)**. Each key press toggles to the next power meter wavelength.
The current wavelength is indicated by the Power Meter Wavelength indicator. See item 1 in Figure 8-5 on page 8-4 for the location of the indicator.

Setting the Modulation Mode

The MT9083 Series has four modulation settings in Loss Test Set mode:

- CW (Continuous Wave)
- 270 Hz
- 1 kHz
- 2 kHz

Note

The following procedure applies to both the Light Source and the Power Meter when performing Loss tests with a single MT9083 Series. It applies to the Power Meter only when testing with an external light source.

To set the Modulation mode:

- Press **Modulation** (f4). Each key press toggles to the next modulation rate.

The red legend on the Modulation softkey displays the current modulation rate.

Setting the Average Time

The following procedure details how to set the number of times the test data is averaged. The higher the number of averages, the more stable the Power reading.

To set the number of times data is averaged:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Average** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Average dialog box appears.



Figure 8-8: Average Times dialog box

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to enter the desired number of times).
OR –
Use the **Numeric keypad** to directly enter the desired number of times.
4. Press the **Enter key** to close the dialog box. The new setting is displayed in the Average field.

Setting the Power Meter Reference

Set a reference value for each power meter wavelength required by the current test conditions. The reference can either be entered directly, or you can use the current power meter reading by pasting it into the reference.

To direct enter a Power Meter reference value:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Reference** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Reference dialog box appears and the legends on softkeys f1 – f3 change as follows:
 - Change +- (f1)
 - None (f2)
 - Paste (f3)

Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no reference currently set, or display the current reference setting in dBm.

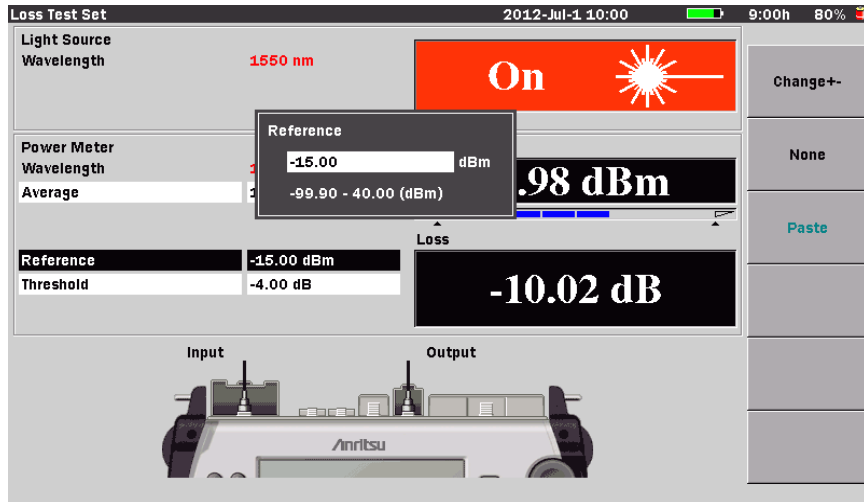


Figure 8-9: Reference screen

3. If the Reference dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** (or turn the **Rotary knob**) to change it to the dBm setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dBm setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. If necessary, change the reference from “-” to “+” by pressing **Change +/- (f1)**.
6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:

1. Connect a patch cord from the Power Meter port (Input) to the Light Source port (Output).
2. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to activate the light source.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Reference** field.

4. Press the **Enter key**. The Reference screen appears.
5. Press **Paste (f3)**. The reference value is replaced with the current Power Meter reading.
6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To set Reference to None:

1. Highlight **Reference** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reference dialog box appears, displaying the current setting.
2. Press **None (f2)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the reference is set to “None”.

Setting the Threshold value

Use the following procedure to set threshold value used to determine the Pass/Fail status of the Loss reading, as displayed in the Loss Table (see Figure 8-7 on page 8-9). Threshold values can be entered for each of the power meter's calibrated wavelengths.

To set the Threshold value:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Threshold** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Threshold screen appears.

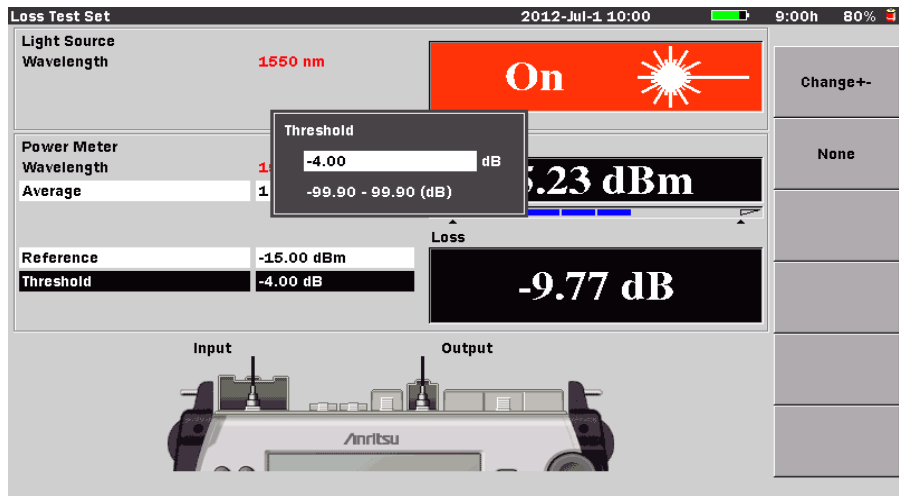


Figure 8-10: Threshold screen

Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no reference currently set, or display the current reference setting in dB.

3. If the Threshold dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** (or turn the **Rotary knob**) to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. If necessary, change the threshold from “-” to “+” by pressing **Change +/- (f1)**.
6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To set Threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Threshold** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reference screen appears, displaying the current setting.
2. Press **None (f2)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the threshold is set to “None”.

Optical Power Meter Zero Offset

To zero the optical power meter offset:

1. With the unit set to Loss Test Set mode, press **Set Zero (f5)**. The Zero Offset screen appears.



Figure 8-11: Zero Offset Start Screen

2. Disconnect the fiber from the Power Meter (Input) port, if connected, and close the protective cover to shield the port from incident light.
3. Press **Start (f1)**. The message “Zeroing power meter...” appears briefly and the unit returns to the Loss Test Set screen with a Power reading of “Under”.

Note

The following message, “Zero set failed, please check protective cover is fully closed and try again.”, may be displayed when executing zero offset without light shielding. Press any key to clear the message from the screen, make sure that the measurement port is closed, and then execute zero offset again.

Loss Test Set Measurement Procedures

There are three methods of performing Loss Test Set measurements with the MT9083 Series (when equipped with one of the optional Power Meters; 004/005/007):

- Single MT9083 Series method
- Single MT9083 Series with an external light source
- Dual MT9083 Series method

Note

Before performing any measurements, verify all reference patch cords in all directions.

Verifying Patch Cords

Verify all reference patch cords, in both directions, before performing any tests.

To verify patch cords:

1. Connect a short patch cord, with the same fiber and connector type as the system to be tested, between the Light Source port and the Power Meter port.
2. Power up the MT9083 Series and enter Loss Test Set mode. The unit performs a Zero Offset.
3. If there is a value in the Reference field, clear the current reference value by setting it to “None”. See “To set Reference to None:” on page 8-15 for details.
4. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to turn on the light source.
5. Press **Light Source Wavelength (f2)** to set the Light Source and the Power Meter to the same wavelength.
6. Press the **Enter key**. The Reference screen appears.
7. Press **Paste (f3)**. The Reference dialog box now displays the current Power reading.
8. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the new reference value is displayed in the Reference field.
9. Press **Light Source On (f1)** to power down the Light Source.
10. Reverse the Power Meter and Light Source connections.

11. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to turn on the Light Source.
 - If the Loss reading displayed is <0.5 dB, the patch cord is good and will provide a valid test.
 - If the Loss reading is >0.5 dB, clean the connections and repeat steps 9 and 11.

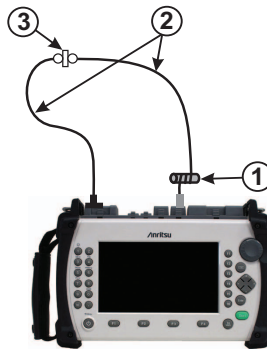
If the Loss reading is still >0.5 dB, after cleaning the connectors, replace the patch cord and repeat steps 5 through 11.
12. Repeat as required for all wavelengths to be tested.

Single MT9083 Series Method

This procedure details how to use a single MT9083 Series (equipped with an optional Power Meter - options 004/005/007) in Loss Test Set mode. This procedure requires that the Input and Output for the fiber to be tested are at the same location. The Single MT9083 Series method consist of two parts; a reference procedure and then the test procedure.

Reference Procedure:

1. Power up the MT9083 Series and enter Loss Test Set mode.
2. Connect the optional Power Meter to the Optical Light Source port using either a single patch cord, or two patch cords and an inline connector.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ In-line connector

► **Note**

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **Light Source Wavelength (f2)** to set the Light Source and Power Meter to the same wavelength, if necessary.
4. Make sure that the modulation mode is set to **CW** by checking the red legend on the **Modulation (f4)** softkey. Toggle the softkey until the red legend reads “**CW**”, if necessary.
5. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to activate the unit’s light source.
6. Highlight the **Reference** field and **paste** the current Power reading as the reference. See “To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:” on page 8-14 for details.
The Loss reading indicates 0.00 dB and the Reference field displays the reference value for the current wavelength.
7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 for any additional wavelengths to be tested.

► **Note**

The Reference value(s) just stored are retained on power down of the MT9083 Series.

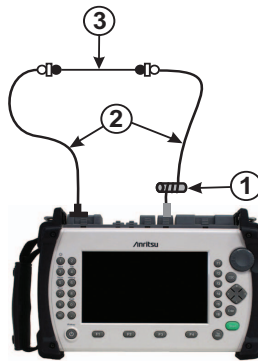
Test Procedure

1. Highlight the **Threshold** field to set a “Pass/Fail” threshold for the current wavelength, if desired. See “To set the Threshold value:” on page 8-15 for details.
2. If using the two patch cord method, disconnect the patch cords at the inline connector.
If using the one patch cord method, disconnect the patch cord from the optional Power Meter port.

⚠ CAUTION

Regardless of the method used (one or two patch cord) **do not disconnect the patch cord from the Optical Light Source port.** The coupled level of the light source may change when the patch cord is reconnected.

- Attach the free end of the patch cord connected to the Optical Light Source port to one end of the fiber to be tested.
- Using a second patch cord, connect the optional Power Meter to the other end of the fiber to be tested.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ Fiber under test (FUT)

► Note

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

- Make sure that the Power Meter and Light Source are set to the same wavelength.
- Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to activate the light source (the red legend on the softkey changes to “On”).

6. Press **Loss Table (f6)**. The Loss Table screen appears (see Figure 8-7 on page 8-9).
7. Press **Add (f1)** to add the current test data to the Loss Table.
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 until all fibers for the current Loss Table are tested.

Note

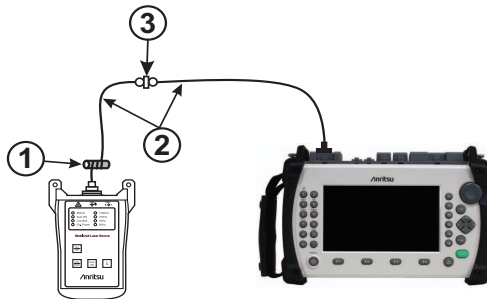
It is a good practice to save the Loss Table periodically (for example, every ten fibers) as you store the loss readings to prevent loss of data in the event of a power failure. You can replace the loss readings in a file, if you need to retest a fiber at a later date. See “Editing the Loss Table” on page 8-30 for details.

Single MT9083 Series with an External Light Source

This method is used when the start and end of the fiber to be tested are at two different locations. This procedure method consists of two parts; a reference procedure and then the test procedure.

Reference Procedure:

1. Power up the MT9083 Series and enter Loss Test Set mode.
2. Connect the optional Power Meter to the external light source using either a single patch cord, or two patch cords and an inline connector.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ In-line connector

► **Note**

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

3. Make sure that the optional Power Meter and the external light source are set to the same wavelength.
 - On the MT9083 Series, press **Power Meter Wavelength (f3)** until the desired wavelength is displayed in the Power Meter Wavelength field.
 - Power up the external light source. Follow the instructions for the given external light source to set it to the desired wavelength. Allow 5 minutes for the light source to stabilize.
4. Make sure that the modulation mode for the MT9083 Series optional Power Meter and the external light source are set to **CW**.
 - On the MT9083 Series, check the red legend on the **Modulation (f4)** softkey. Toggle the softkey until the red legend reads “**CW**”, if necessary.
 - Follow the instructions for the given external light source to set it to CW (Continuous Wave) mode.
5. Start the transmit mode for the external light source.
6. Highlight the **Reference** field and **paste** the current Power reading as the reference. See “To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:” on page 8-14 for details.

The Loss reading indicates 0.00 dB and the Reference field displays the reference value for the current wavelength.
7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 for any additional wavelengths to be tested.

► **Note**

The Reference value(s) just stored are retained on power down of the MT9083 Series.

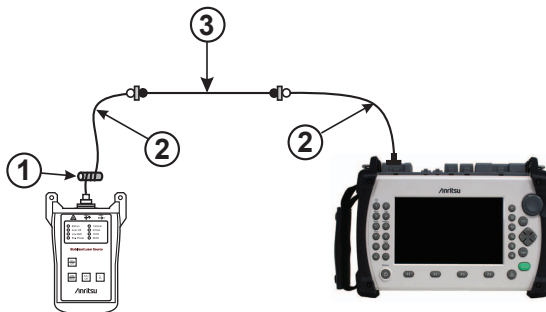
Test Procedure

1. On the MT9083 Series, highlight the **Threshold** field to set a “Pass/Fail” threshold for the current wavelength, if desired. See “To set the Threshold value:” on page 8-15 for details.
2. If using the two patch cord method, disconnect the patch cords at the inline connector.
If using the one patch cord method, disconnect the patch cord from the optional Power Meter port.

⚠ CAUTION

Regardless of the method used (one or two patch cord) **do not disconnect the patch cord from the external light source**. The coupled level of the light source may change when the patch cord is reconnected.

3. Attach the free end of the patch cord connected to the external light source to one end of the fiber to be tested.
Using a second patch cord, connect the MT9083 Series optional Power Meter to the other end of the fiber to be tested.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ Fiber under test (FUT)

► **Note**

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

4. Make sure that the Power Meter and external light source are set to the same wavelength.
5. Start the transmit mode for the external light source. (Allow 5 minutes for the light source to stabilize.)
6. On the MT9083 Series, press **Loss Table (f6)**. The Loss Table screen appears (see Figure 8-7 on page 8-9).
7. Press **Add (f1)** to add the current test data to the Loss Table.
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 until all fibers for the current Loss Table are tested.

► **Note**

It is a good practice to save the Loss Table periodically (for example, every ten fibers) as you store the loss readings to prevent loss of data in the event of a power failure. You can replace the loss readings in a file, if you need to retest a fiber at a later date. See “Editing the Loss Table” on page 8-30 for details.

Dual MT9083 Series method

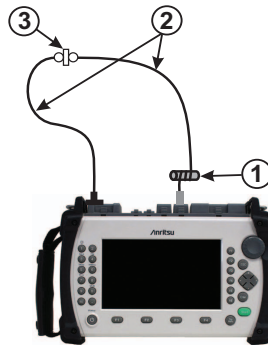
This procedure details how to operate the Loss Test Set mode for two MT9083 Series (designated Unit-A and Unit-B) that have not been physically connected together to establish their Reference settings.

There are three parts to this test method; a reference procedure, a modification procedure, and then a test procedure.

Reference Procedure:

Perform the following procedure on both Unit-A and Unit-B:

1. Power up the MT9083 Series and enter Loss Test Set mode.
2. Connect the optional Power Meter to the Optical Light Source port using two patch cords and an inline connector.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ In-line connector

► **Note**

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **Light Source Wavelength (f2)** to set the Light Source and Power Meter to the same wavelength, if necessary.
4. Make sure that the modulation mode is set to **CW** by checking the red legend on the **Modulation (f4)** softkey. Toggle the softkey until the red legend reads “**CW**”, if necessary.
5. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to activate the unit’s light source.
6. Highlight the **Reference** field and **paste** the current Power reading as the reference. See “To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:” on page 8-14 for details.

The Loss reading indicates 0.00 dB and the Reference field displays the reference value for the current wavelength. Make note of the reading in the Reference field. The reference values are manually entered into the MT9083 Series unit at the opposite end in the next procedure (see “Modifying the Stored Reference” for details).

- Repeat steps 3 through 6 for any additional wavelengths to be tested.

 **Note**

The Reference value(s) just stored are retained on power down of the MT9083 Series.

Modifying the Stored Reference

The stored reference values in Unit-A need to be input into Unit-B and the stored reference values in Unit-B need to be input into Unit-A.

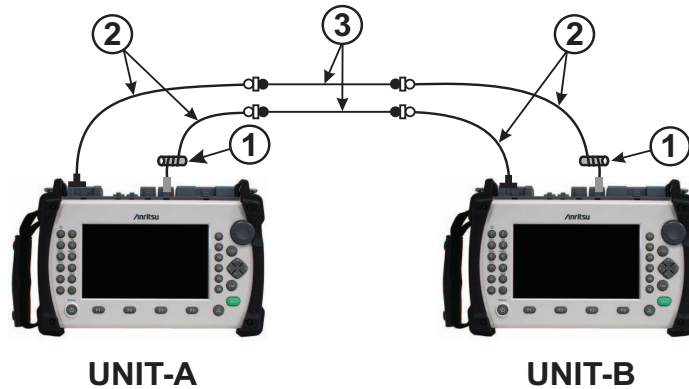
- To input the Reference Value(s) noted on the opposite MT9083 Series unit, press **Light Source Wavelength (f2)** and select the wavelength to modify.
- Enter the reference from the opposite MT9083 Series by following the steps outlined in “To direct enter a Power Meter reference value:” on page 8-13.
- Repeat steps 1 and 2 to input the reference values noted for the current MT9083 Series unit into the MT9083 Series unit at the opposite end.

Test Procedure

- On the MT9083 Series, designated as Unit-A, highlight the **Threshold** field to set a “Pass/Fail” threshold for the current wavelength, if desired. See “To set the Threshold value:” on page 8-15 for details.
- Disconnect the patch cords at the inline connector.
If using the one patch cord method, disconnect the patch cord from the optional Power Meter port.

 **CAUTION**

Do not disconnect the patch cord from the Optical Light Source port. The coupled level of the light source may change when the patch cord is reconnected.



- ① EMS or M/F (see the following note)
- ② Patch cords
- ③ Fiber under test (FUT)

► **Note**

EMS - Equilibrium Mode Simulator (multimode fiber)

M/F - Mode Filter (singlemode fiber)

Use of either an EMS or M/F, while not necessary in most cases, is however recommended by the TIA (Telecommunications Industry Association). EMS and M/F are not included with the MT9083 Series.

3. Attach the free end of the patch cord connected to the Optical Light Source port on Unit-A to one end of the fiber to be tested. Using a second patch cord, connect the optional Power Meter port of the MT9083 Series designated as Unit-B to the opposite end of the fiber to be tested.
4. Make sure that the Optical Light Source (on Unit-A) and optional Power Meter (on Unit B) are set to the same wavelength.
5. Press Light Source Off (f1) on Unit-A. The red legend on the softkey changes to "On".
6. On the MT9083 Series, designated as Unit-B, press **Loss Table (f6)**. The Loss Table screen appears (see Figure 8-7 on page 8-9).
7. Press **Add (f1)** to add the current test data to the Loss Table.

8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 until all fibers are tested in the current direction: Unit-A transmitting, Unit-B receiving.
9. Repeat steps 1 through 8, reversing the roles of the Unit-A and Unit-B, making Unit-B the transmitter (Optical Light Source) and Unit-A the receiver (optional Power Meter).

 **Note**

It is a good practice to save the Loss Table periodically (for example, every ten fibers) as you store the loss readings to prevent loss of data in the event of a power failure. You can replace the loss readings in a file, if you need to retest a fiber at a later date. See “Editing the Loss Table” on page 8-30 for details.

Editing the Loss Table

Each row in the table represents a tested fiber. A Loss Table can contain up to a maximum of 999 rows.

The following edits can be made to a Loss Table:

- Adding test data to an existing Loss Table
- Overwriting test data in an existing Loss Table
- Deleting test data from a Loss Table
- Deleting all test data from a Loss Table
- Adding comments to a Loss Table

Adding Test Data to an Existing Loss Table

To add Test Data to an existing Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), press **Add (f1)**. The current test data will be added at the end of the Loss Table.

 **Note**

Make sure that the Light Source is active for the current trace. If the Light Source is not “On”, a Loss value of “**.*dB along with a Power reading of “Under” is recorded for the current fiber test data number. In addition, if a Threshold value was set, it will be recorded as “Fail”.

2. Continue testing to populate the table with the additional fiber test data required.

 **Note**

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Test Set Files” on page 8-34 for details.

Overwriting Test Data in an Existing Loss Table

To overwrite Test Data in an existing Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired row in the Loss Table.
2. Press **Overwrite (f2)**. The new test data information appears in the highlighted row.

► **Note**

Make sure that the Light Source is active for the current trace. If the Light Source is not “On”, a Loss value of “**.*dB along with a Power reading of “Under” is recorded for the current fiber test data number. In addition, if a Threshold value was set, it will be recorded as “Fail”.

3. Repeat steps 1 and 2, as needed.

► **Note**

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Test Set Files” on page 8-34 for details.

Deleting Test Data from a Loss Table

To delete Test Data from a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the last row in the Loss Table.

► **Note**

The Delete (f3) softkey is only available when the last row in a Loss Table is highlighted.

2. Press **Delete (f3)**. The test data is deleted.

► **Note**

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Test Set Files” on page 8-34 for details.

Deleting All Test Data from a Loss Table

When you start a new Loss Test Set test, the Loss Table is populated with the data from the previous test (either current or recalled). Use the following procedure to delete all data from the Loss Table.

To delete all Test Data from a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), press **Delete All (f4)**.

2. A dialog box with the following question appears:
“Are you sure you want to clear the table?”.
3. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all test data from the table. The dialog box closes and the Loss Table screen is displayed with a blank Loss Table. In addition, the only softkeys available are Add (f1) and Back (f6).

Adding Comments to a Loss Table

Use the following procedure to add comments to any row in a Loss Table.

To add Comments to a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired row in the Loss Table.
2. Press **Comment (f5)**. The Text Entry dialogbox appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 3. to enter the name using the front panel keys.

If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the **Enter key** to use the new comment or press the **ESC key** to close the Text Entry dialogbox without changing the comment.

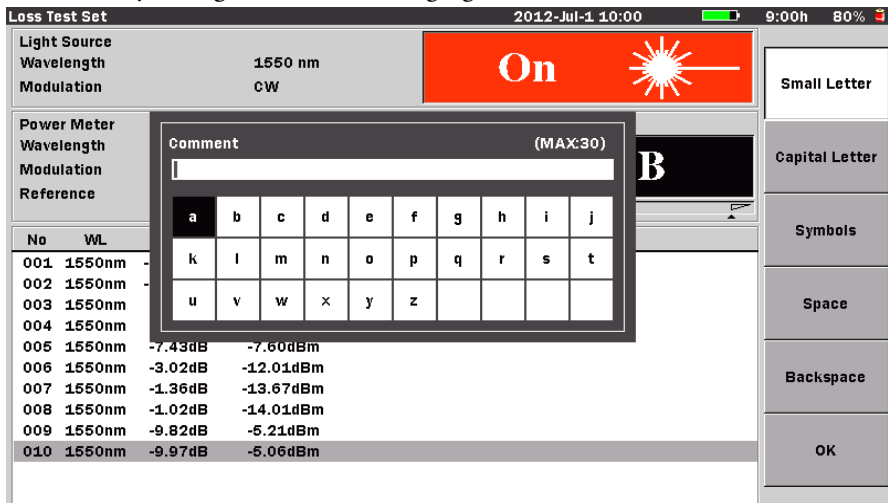


Figure 8-12: Text Entry dialog box- Loss Test Set mode

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the Comment field, which is located directly above the character matrix. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **Comment** field when the field is highlighted.
Or –
Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **Comment** field.
4. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
5. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the Comment field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the Comment.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS key** to delete characters entered in the Comment field.
6. When all of the desired characters are entered in the Comment field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Loss Table screen. The Loss Table screen appears with the comment added to the Comment column of the selected row.

Working with Loss Test Set Files

Saving Loss Test Set Files

Loss Test Set test data (Loss Tables) can be saved to the unit's internal memory or to a USB memory stick.

To save a Loss Table:

1. Press the **Save** key. The Save screen appears with the File Name field highlighted (see Figure 8-13, below).



Figure 8-13: Save screen – Loss Test Set mode

2. Press the **Enter** key. The FileName dialog box appears. See “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 for details.
3. When you have finished editing the file name, the Save screen appears with the edited name highlighted in the **File Name** field.
4. Choose any or all of the following functions, if desired, or continue at step 5:
 - Highlight the **Medium** field and then press the **Enter** key to toggle through the available selections.
 - Press **Sort** (**f3**) and then select the method by which the file names are displayed. See “Sorting Files” on page 8-35 for details.

- Press **New Folder (f4)** to create a new folder for the file save. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
5. Press **Save Table (f1)**.

To overwrite the current Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either the current table, after having been saved, or a recalled table), press the **Save key**.
2. Press **Save Table (f1)**. The following message appears: “File exists already. Do you want to overwrite it?”
 - Press **Yes (f1)** if you want to overwrite the file.
 - Press **No (f2)** if you do not want to overwrite the file.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series’ internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

Deleting Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39) to delete any data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.
5. Press the **ESC key** to return to the test application.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
6. Press **More >> (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Use the following procedure to delete all of the files in a directory or folder.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

► Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39) to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Press **More >> (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.
6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copy 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy(f1)**
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

Use the following procedure to copy all of the files in a directory/folder.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 8-13 on page 8-34) or the Load screen (see Figure 8-14 on page 8-39).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** and highlight the first file in the selected directory/folder, if not already highlighted.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

 **Note**

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.

- Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Loading a Loss Table from Mass Storage

Use the following procedure to load a Loss Table from mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series' internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

- Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears (see Figure 8-14, below).

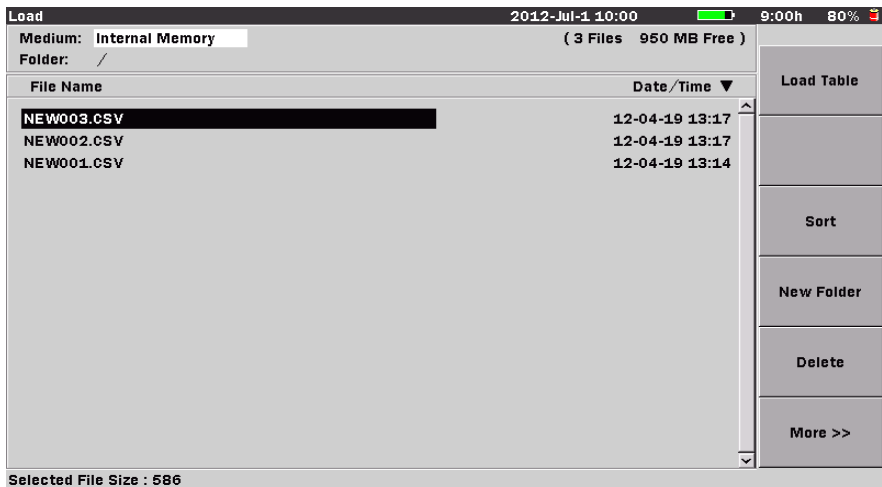


Figure 8-14: Load screen – Loss Test Set mode

- Highlight the desired File Name in the File Name table.
- Press **Load Table (f1)**. The Loss Table screen appears with the selected Loss Table displayed.

Printing Loss Tables

Loss Tables can be printed via the optional BL-80R11 printer.

Note

The printed output from the MT9083 Series consists of a screen shot. Only the details currently displayed on the LCD, less the softkeys, are printed. Make sure that the desired details are displayed before printing.

Connecting the Printer

Connect the MT9083 Series to the BL-80R11 printer using a USB printer conversion cable as shown below in Figure 8-15.

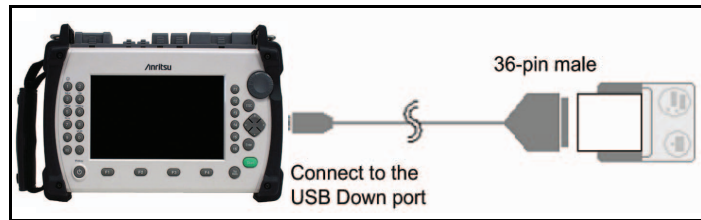


Figure 8-15: Connecting the BL-80R11 Printer

Printing a Loss Table

Make sure that the Printer setup parameters are set as desired on the setups General screen. See “Printer” and “Paper Feed” on page 3-9 for details.

To print a Loss Table:

1. Connect the BL-80R11 printer to the MT9083 Series as shown in Figure 8-15, and then power up the printer.
2. Perform the desired test or recall the desired Loss Table from mass storage.
3. Press the **Print key**. The following message is displayed:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

Press **Printer (f1)**. The message changes to “Please wait. Printing...”. The MT9083 Series returns to the Loss Table screen when the printout is completed.

Chapter 9: Optical Power Meter (OPM) & Optical Light Source (OLS)

In addition to its OTDR functions, the MT9083 Series also provides an optical power meter (OPM) function which allows checking of optical power levels, and an optical light source (OLS) function required for fiber identification measurement.

Optical Power Meter (OPM) Overview

The optical communications power level from a station can be measured using the optical power meter function.

Breakage, loss increases, and other optical fiber conditions can be checked by measuring the optical communications power level.

Accessing the Optical Power Meter

To start Power Meter mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu key**. The Top Menu screen appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Power Meter**, then press the **Enter key**. The Power Meter screen appears.

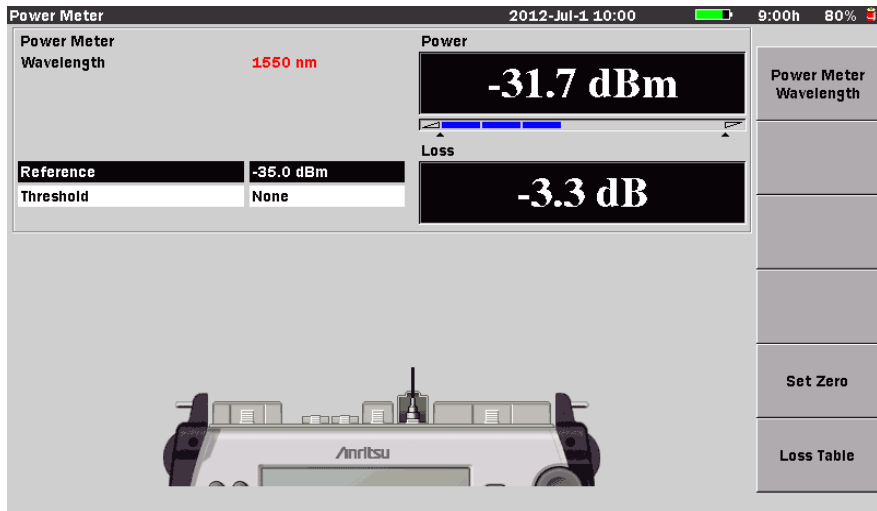


Figure 9-1: Power Meter Screen

Power Meter Screen

The Power Meter screen is comprised of the elements flagged in the following figure:

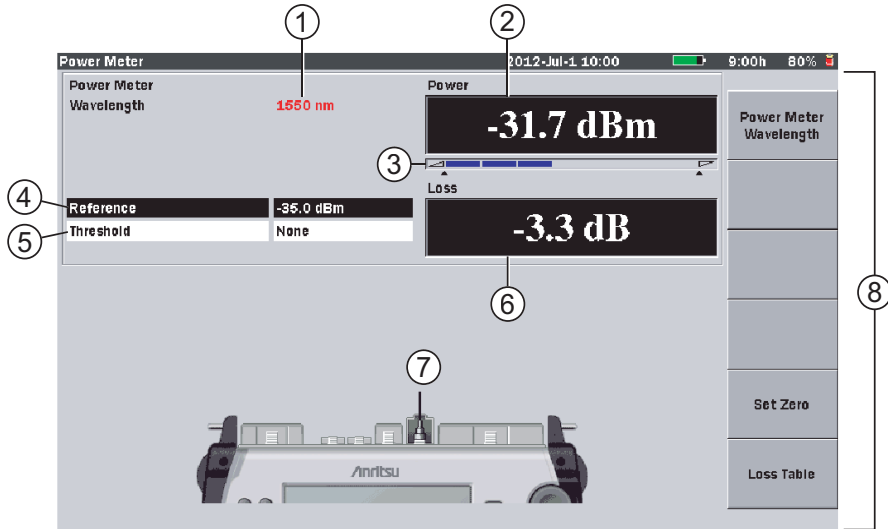


Figure 9-2: Power Meter Screen Elements

- 1 Wavelength indicator
- 2 Power reading
- 3 Range indicator
- 4 Reference field
- 5 Threshold field
- 6 Loss reading
- 7 Port connection indicator
- 8 Softkeys

Wavelength Indicator

Displays the current test wavelength, as set via the **Power Meter Wavelength (f1)** softkey.

Power Reading

Displays the current value measured by the Optical Power Meter.

The optical power meter measurement range is: -50 to -5 dBm.

When an optical power level under the measurement range (including light shielding) is measured, it is regarded as “under range” and “Under” is displayed in the Power reading area.

When an optical power level over the measurement range is measured, it is regarded as “over range” and “Over” is displayed in the Power reading area.

Correct measurements cannot be performed in the under range or over range status.

CAUTION

The light receiving part of the MT9083 Series may be damaged if light exceeding +10 dBm is injected.

In addition, when the reference value (as set in the Reference Field, item 4 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2) is set to “None”, the background color of the Absolute Power reading changes according to the Pass/Fail status established by the value in the Threshold field (see item 5 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2). Readings that “pass” have a black background, while readings that “fail” have a red background.

Range Indicator

The Range Indicator (see item 3 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2) provides a graphic representation of the optical power level being measured. The greater the optical power level measured, the further the Range Indicator is filled in.

Reference Field

Displays the currently set reference value which is used to calculate the Loss reading (item 4 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2). Reference values can be entered for each of the power meter’s calibrated wavelengths.

Threshold Field

Displays the currently set threshold value which is used to determine the Pass/Fail status of the Loss reading, as displayed in the Loss Table (see item 5 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2). Threshold values can be entered for each of the power meter’s calibrated wavelengths.

Loss Reading

The Loss reading (item 6 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2) displays the optical power loss value.

When the reference value is set to “None”, “----” is displayed, as a Loss reading requires that a reference value is set.

When a reference value is set, the optical power loss is obtained as follows:

$$\text{Optical power loss} = \text{Reference} - \text{Optical power measurement}$$

In addition, when a reference value other than “None”, is set in the Reference Field (item 4 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2), the background color of the Loss reading changes according to the Pass/Fail status established by the value in the Threshold field (see item 5 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2). Readings that “pass” have a black background, while readings that “fail” have a red background.

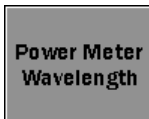
Port Connection Indicator

The measurement port varies according to the optical wavelength of the light to be injected. Item 7 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2, the Port Connection indicator, displays the port to be used when testing.

► Note

If the optional power meter is present, the access port is changed and the standard power meter can not be used.

Softkeys



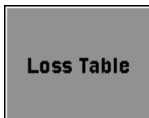
Power Meter Wavelength (f1)

Toggle the Power Meter Wavelength softkey to scroll through the available test wavelengths.



Set Zero (f5)

Press the Set Zero softkey to adjust the optical power meter offset.



Loss Table (f6)

Press the Loss Table softkey to advance to the Loss Table screen.

Loss Table Screen – Power Meter Mode

The Loss Table screen consists of three main areas, as flagged in the following figure.

Press **Loss Table (f6)** on the Power Meter screen (see Figure 9-2 on page 9-2) to display the Loss Table screen.

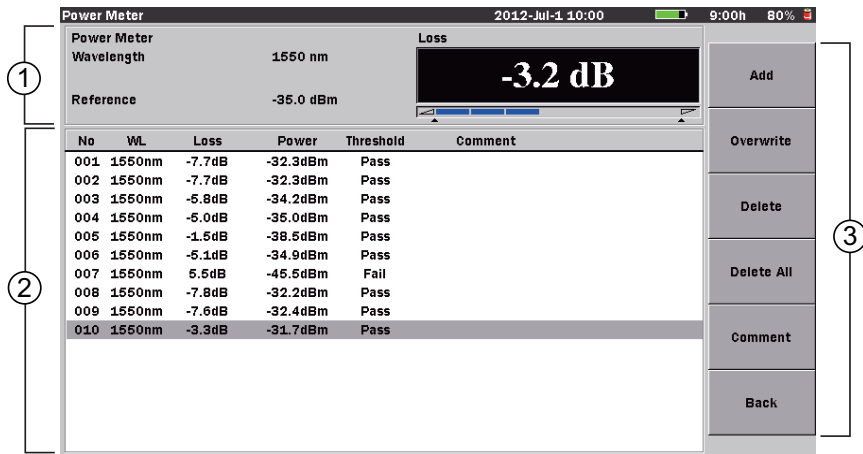


Figure 9-3: Power Meter mode – Loss Table screen

- 1 Power Meter settings area
- 2 Loss table
- 3 Softkeys

Power Meter Settings Area

The Power Meter Settings area displays the Wavelength selection and Reference value established on the Power Meter screen (see Figure 9-2 on page 9-2), as well as the current Loss reading.

Loss Table

The Loss Table occupies the lower half of the Power Meter mode – Loss Table screen. The table is scrollable, by using either the **Rotary knob** or the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys.

Each row in the table represents a tested fiber. A Loss Table can contain up to a maximum of 999 rows and presents the following details:

- **No** – Number of the fiber tested
- **WL** – Wavelength set for the Power Meter
- **Loss** – Current loss value
- **Power** – Current optical power measurement value
- **Threshold** – Pass/Fail status as determined by the current Threshold value
- **Comment** – Comments entered by the operator.

Loss Table Softkeys

The following softkeys are available on the Power Meter mode – Loss Table screen.



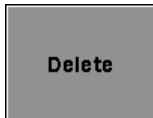
Add (f1)

Press the Add softkey to add the current test results to the Loss Table.



Overwrite (f2)

Press the Overwrite softkey to overwrite the highlighted row in the Loss Table with the results from the current test.



Delete (f3)

Press the Delete softkey to delete the test results of currently highlight row.



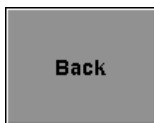
Delete All (f4)

Press the Delete All softkey to clear all test results from the Loss Table.



Comment (f5)

Press the Comment softkey to open the Text Entry dialog box.



Back (f6)

Press the Back softkey to return to the Loss Test Set screen.

Optical Power Meter Zero Offset

To zero the power meter offset:

1. With the unit set to Optical Power Meter mode, press **Set Zero (f5)**. The Set Zero screen appears.

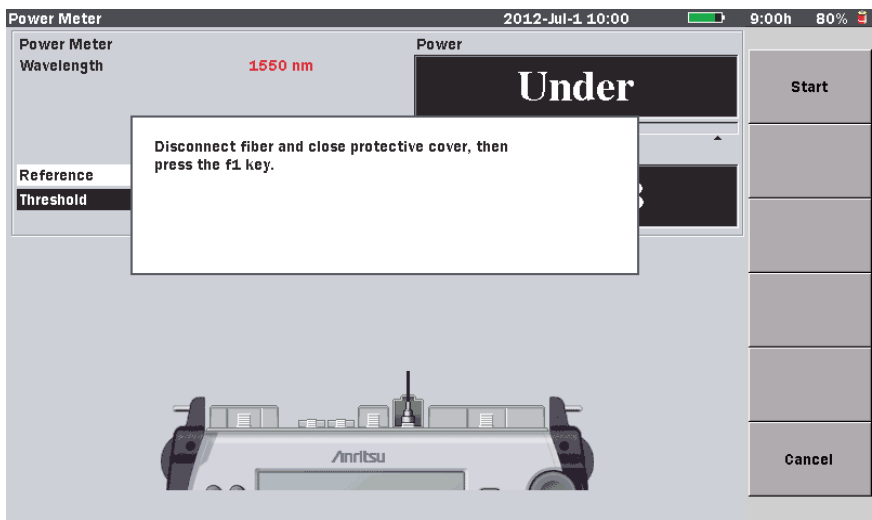


Figure 9-4: Set Zero screen

2. Disconnect the fiber (if connected) and close the measurement port cover to shield the port from incident light.
3. Press **Start (f1)**. The message “Zeroing Power Meter...” appears briefly and the unit returns to the Power Meter screen with a Power reading of “Under”.

 **Note**

The following message, “Zero set failed, please check protective cover is fully closed, and try again.”, may be displayed when executing zero offset without light shielding. Press any key to clear the message from the screen, make sure that the measurement port is closed, and then execute zero offset again.

Setting Power Meter Measurement Parameters

To set the Power Meter wavelength:

- Press **Power Meter Wavelength (f1)**. Each key press toggles to the next power meter wavelength.

The current wavelength is indicated by the Power Meter Wavelength indicator. See item 1 in Figure 9-2 on page 9-2 for the location of the indicator.

Note

Pressing Power Meter Wavelength (f1) on single wavelength MT9083 Series units will sound an error tone.

Setting the Power Meter Reference

Set a reference value for each power meter wavelength required by the current test conditions. The reference can either be entered directly, or you can use the current power meter reading by pasting it into the reference.

To direct enter a Power Meter reference value:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Reference** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Reference dialog box appears and the legends on softkeys f1 – f3 change as follows:
 - Change +- (f1)
 - None (f2)
 - Paste (f3)

Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no reference currently set, or display the current reference setting in dBm.

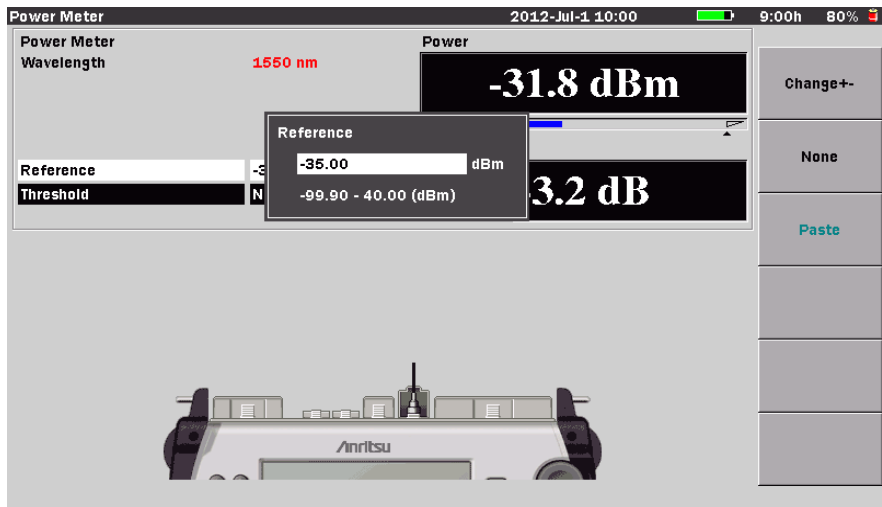


Figure 9-5: Reference screen

3. If the **Reference** dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** (or turn the **Rotary knob**) to change it to the dBm setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dBm setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. If necessary, change the reference from “-” to “+” by pressing **Change +- (f1)**.
6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:

1. Connect a patch cord from the Optical Power Meter port on the MT9083 Series to the output port of an external light source.
2. Activate the external light source.
3. On the MT9083 Series, use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Reference** field.
4. Press the **Enter key**. The Reference screen appears.
5. Press **Paste (f3)**. The reference value is replaced with the current Power Meter reading.

6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To set Reference to None:

1. Highlight **Reference** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reference dialog box appears, displaying the current setting.
2. Press **None (f2)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.
3. Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the reference is set to “None”.

Setting the Threshold value

Use the following procedure to set threshold value used to determine the Pass/Fail status of the Loss reading, as displayed in the Loss Table (see Figure 9-3 on page 9-5). Threshold values can be entered for each of the power meter’s calibrated wavelengths.

To set the Threshold value:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the **Threshold** field.
2. Press the **Enter key**. The Threshold screen appears.

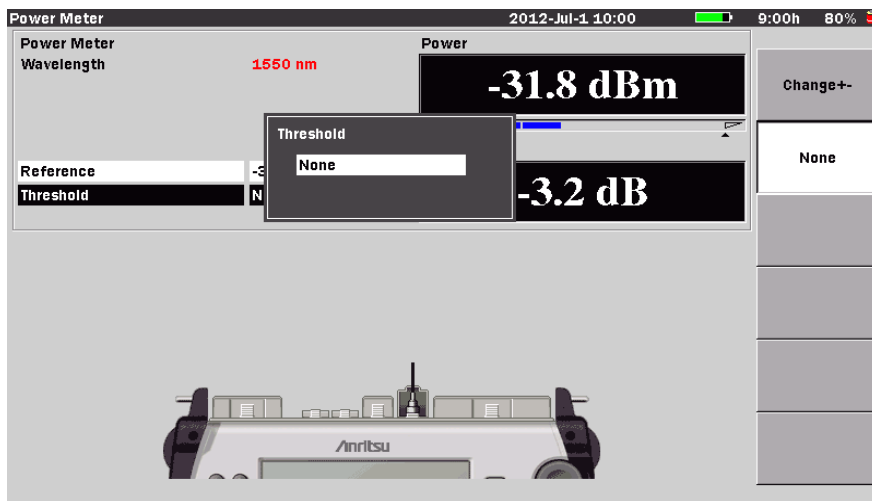


Figure 9-6: Threshold screen

Depending on the current setting, the dialog box will either state “None”, indicating that there is no reference currently set, or display the current reference setting in dB.

3. If the Threshold dialog box displays “None”, press the **Up** or **Down Arrow key** (or turn the **Rotary knob**) to change it to the dB setting mode.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to increment or decrement the desired dB setting. Or enter it directly with the **Numeric keypad**.
5. If necessary, change the threshold from “-” to “+” by pressing **Change +/- (f1)**.
6. Press the **Enter key** again to close the dialog box and save the new setting.
7. Repeat steps 1 through 6 for each wavelength to be tested.

To set Threshold to None:

1. Highlight **Threshold** and then press the **Enter key**. The Reference screen appears, displaying the current setting.
2. Press **None (f2)**, the dialog box changes to “None”.

Press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the threshold is set to “None”.

Optical Power Measurements

Optical Power Level Measurement

The following procedure outlines how to measure the optical power level.

Note

The Optical Power Meter only supports single mode fibers.

To measure optical power levels:

1. Set the MT9083 Series to Power Meter mode. See “Accessing the Optical Power Meter” on page 9-1 for details.
2. Close the measurement port connector cover to shield the port from incident light and then execute zero offset for the optical power meter. See “Optical Power Meter Zero Offset” on page 9-7 for details.
3. Toggle **Power Meter Wavelength (f1)** until the desired wavelength is displayed.

4. Connect the fiber under test to the desired measurement port on the MT9083 Series.
The optical power level of the fiber under test is displayed in the Power reading area (see item 2 in Figure 9-2).

► **Note**

Correct measurement may not be obtained until zero offset is executed. Be sure to perform light shielding and execute zero offset before measurement.

Optical Power Loss Measurements

The following procedure outlines how to measure optical power loss. This procedure method consist of two parts; a reference procedure and then the test procedure.

Reference Procedure

1. Power up the MT9083 Series and enter Power Meter mode.
2. Connect the Optical Power Meter to the external light source using either a single patch cord, or two patch cords and an inline connector.
3. Power up the external light source.
4. Make sure that the Optical Power Meter and the external light source are set to the same wavelength.
 - On the MT9083 Series, press **Power Meter Wavelength (f1)** until the Power Meter Wavelength indicator displays the desired wavelength.

► **Note**

Pressing Power Meter Wavelength (f1) on single wavelength MT9083 Series units will sound an error tone.

- Follow the instructions for the given external light source set it to the desired wavelength.
5. Start the transmit mode for the external light source.
 6. Highlight the **Reference** field and **paste** the current Power reading as the reference. See “To paste the current Power Meter reading as a reference:” on page 9-10 for details.

The Loss reading indicates 0.0 dB and the Reference field displays the reference value for the current wavelength.

7. Repeat steps 3 through 6 for any additional wavelengths to be tested.

Note

The Reference value(s) just stored are retained on power down of the MT9083 Series.

Test Procedure

1. On the MT9083 Series, highlight the **Threshold** field to set a “Pass/Fail” threshold for the current wavelength, if desired. See “To set the Threshold value:” on page 9-11 for details.
2. If using the two patch cord method, disconnect the patch cords at the inline connector.
If using the one patch cord method, disconnect the patch cord from the Optical Power Meter port.

CAUTION

Regardless of the method used (one or two patch cord) **do not disconnect the patch cord from the external light source**. The coupled level of the light source may change when the patch cord is reconnected.

3. Attach the free end of the patch cord connected to the external light source to one end of the fiber to be tested.
Using a second patch cord, connect the MT9083 Series Optical Power Meter to the other end of the fiber to be tested.
4. Make sure that the Power Meter and external light source are set to the same wavelength.
5. Start the transmit mode for the external light source.
6. On the MT9083 Series, press **Loss Table (f6)**. The Loss Table screen appears (see Figure 9-3 on page 9-5).
7. Press **Add (f1)** to add the current test data to the Loss Table.
8. Repeat steps 3 through 7 until all fibers for the current Loss Table are tested.

Note

It is a good practice to save the Loss Table periodically (for example, every ten fiber) as you store the loss readings to prevent loss of data in the event of a power failure. You can replace the loss readings in a file, if you need to retest a fiber at a later date. See “Editing the Loss Table” on page 9-15 for details.

Editing the Loss Table

Each row in the table represents a tested fiber. A Loss Table can contain up to a maximum of 999 rows.

The following edits can be made to a Loss Table:

- Adding test data to an existing Loss Table
- Overwriting test data in an existing Loss Table
- Deleting test data from a Loss Table
- Deleting all test data from a Loss Table
- Adding comments to a Loss Table

Adding Test Data to an Existing Loss Table

To add Test Data to an existing Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), press **Add (f1)**. The current test data will be added at the end of the Loss Table.

► Note

Make sure that the external light source is active for the current trace. If the external light source is not active (ON), a Loss value of “**.*dB along with a Power reading of “Under” is recorded for the current fiber test data number. In addition, if a Threshold value was set, it will be recorded as “Fail”.

2. Continue testing to populate the table with the additional fiber test data required.

► Note

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Table Data” on page 9-20 for details.

Overwriting Test Data in an Existing Loss Table

To overwrite Test Data in an existing Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired row in the Loss Table.

2. Press **Overwrite (f2)**. The new test data information appears in the highlighted row.

► **Note**

Make sure that the external light source is active for the current trace. If the external light source is not active (ON), a Loss value of “**.**.dB along with a Power reading of “Under” is recorded for the current fiber test data number. In addition, if a Threshold value was set, it will be recorded as “Fail”.

3. Repeat steps 1 and 2, as needed.

► **Note**

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Table Data” on page 9-20 for details.

Deleting Test Data from a Loss Table

To delete Test Data from a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the last row in the Loss Table.

► **Note**

The Delete (f3) softkey is only available when the last row in a Loss Table is highlighted.

2. Press **Delete (f3)**. The test data is deleted.

► **Note**

When working with a recalled Loss Table, always rename the file before saving it. This assures that the original data is still available. See “Saving Loss Table Data” on page 9-20 for details.

Deleting All Test Data from a Loss Table

When you start a new Loss Test Set test, the Loss Table is populated with the data from the previous test (either current or recalled). Use the following procedure to delete all data from the Loss Table.

To delete all Test Data from a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), press **Delete All (f4)**.
2. A dialog box with the following question appears:
“Are you sure you want to clear the table?”.
3. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all test data from the table. The dialog box closes and the Loss Table screen is displayed with a blank Loss Table. In addition, the only softkeys available are Add (f1) and Back (f6).

Adding Comments to a Loss Table

Use the following procedure to add comments to any row in a Loss Table.

To add Comments to a Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either current or recalled), use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired row in the Loss Table.
2. Press **Comment (f5)**. The Text Entry dialogbox appears. If no USB keyboard is connected, follow the instructions from step 3. to enter the name using the front panel keys.
If a USB keyboard is connected, you can modify the name directly from the keyboard. When all of the desired characters are entered, press the

Enter key to use the new comment or press the **ESC** key to close the Text Entry dialogbox without changing the comment.

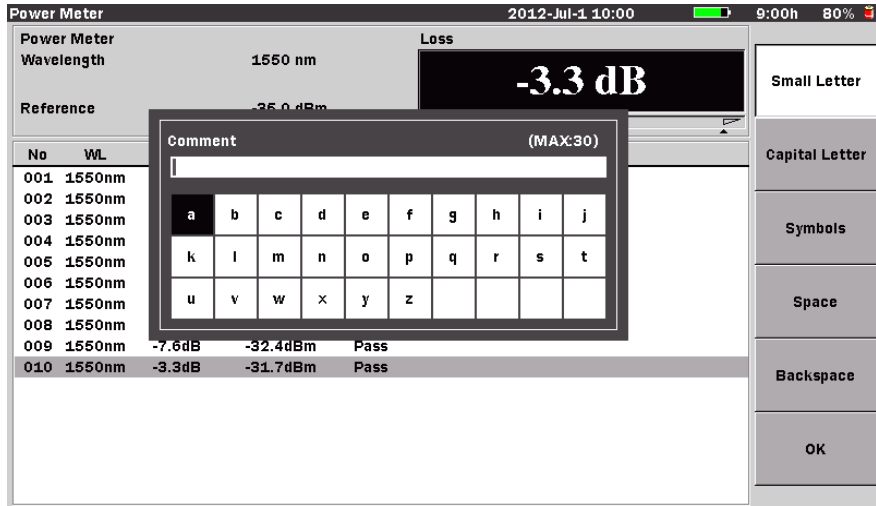


Figure 9-7: Text Entry dialogbox- Loss Test Set mode

3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the Comment field, which is located directly above the character matrix. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the **Comment** field when the field is highlighted.
Or –
Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the **Comment** field.
4. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.

5. With the desired character is highlighted in the character matrix press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the Comment field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in the Comment.
Use **Backspace (f5)** or the **BS key** to delete characters entered in the Comment field.
6. When all of the desired characters are entered in the Comment field, press **OK (f6)** to return to the Loss Table screen. The Loss Table screen appears with the comment added to the Comment column of the selected row.

Working with the Loss Table

Saving Loss Table Data

Loss Table test data can be saved to the unit's internal memory or to a USB memory stick.

To save a Loss Table:

1. Press the **Save key**. The Save screen appears with the File Name field highlighted (see Figure 9-8, below).



Figure 9-8: Save screen – Power Meter mode

2. Press the **Enter key**. The Text Entry dialogbox appears. See “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 for details.
3. When you have finished editing the file name, the Save screen appears with the edited name highlighted in the **File Name** field.
4. Choose any or all of the following functions, if desired, or continue at step 5:
 - Highlight the **Medium** field and then press the **Enter key** to toggle through the available selections.
 - Press **Sort (f3)** and then select the method by which the file names are displayed. See “Sorting Files” on page 9-21 for details.

- Press **New Folder (f4)** to create a new folder for the file save. See “New Folder” on page 3-44 for details.
5. Press **Save Table (f1)**.

To overwrite the current Loss Table:

1. With a Loss Table displayed (either the current table, after having been saved, or a recalled table), press the **Save key**.
2. Press **Save Table (f1)**. The following message appears: “File exists already. Do you want to overwrite it?”
 - Press **Yes (f1)** if you want to overwrite the file.
 - Press **No (f2)** if you do not want to overwrite the file.

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series’ internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

Deleting Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25) to delete any data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.
5. Press the **ESC Key** to return to the test application.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
6. Press **More >> (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Use the following procedure to delete all of the files in a directory or folder.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?
--

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25) to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Press **More >> (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.
6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copy 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy(f1)**
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

Use the following procedure to copy all of the files in a directory/folder.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen (see Figure 9-8 on page 9-20) or the Load screen (see Figure 9-9 on page 9-25).
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** and highlight the first file in the selected directory/folder, if not already highlighted.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

 **Note**

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.

8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Loading a Loss Table from Mass Storage

Use the following procedure to load a Loss Table from mass storage (files saved to the MT9083 Series' internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

1. Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears.

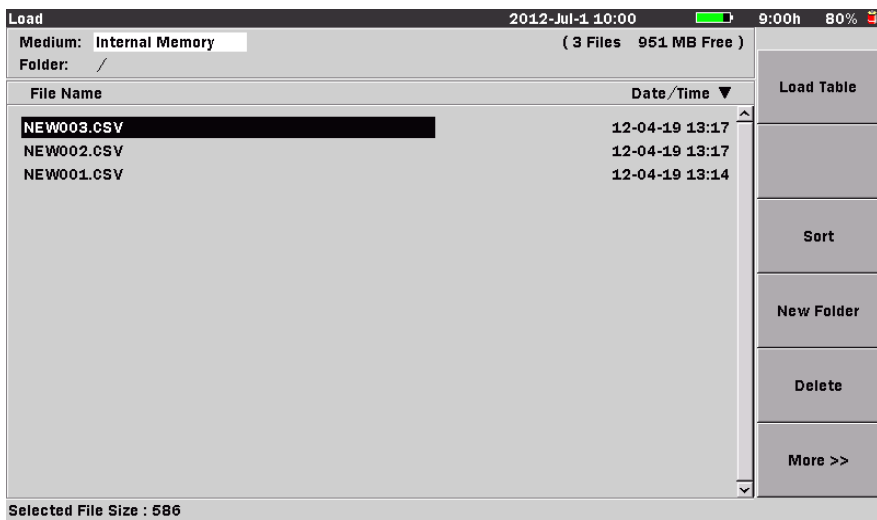


Figure 9-9: Load screen – Loss Test Set mode

2. Highlight the desired File Name in the File Name table.
3. Press **Load Table (f1)**. The Loss Table screen appears with the selected Loss Table displayed.

Printing Loss Tables

Loss Tables can be printed via the optional BL-80R11 printer.

► **Note**

The printed output from the MT9083 Series consists of a screen shot. Only the details currently displayed on the LCD, less the softkeys, are printed. Make sure that the desired details are displayed before printing.

Connecting the Printer

Connect the MT9083 Series to the BL-80R11 printer using a USB printer conversion cable as shown in the figure below:

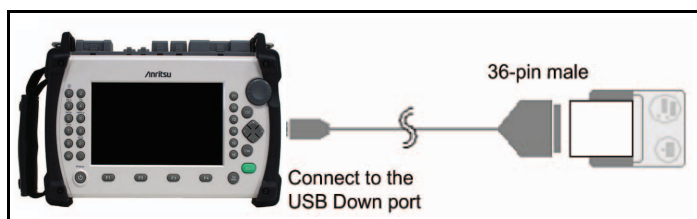


Figure 9-10: Connecting the BL-80R11 Printer

Printing a Loss Table

Make sure that the Printer setup parameters are set as desired on the setups General screen. See “Printer” and “Paper Feed” on page 3-9 for details.

To print a Loss Table:

1. Connect the BL-80R11 printer to the MT9083 Series as shown in Figure 9-10, and then power up the printer.
2. Perform the desired test or recall the desired Loss Table from mass storage.
3. Press the **Print key**. The following message is displayed:

Output screen image to a printer or as an image file.
Please select output type using the function keys.

- Press **Printer (f1)**. The message changes to “Please wait. Printing...”. The MT9083 Series returns to the Loss Table screen when the printout is completed.

Optical Light Source (OLS) Overview

The MT9083 Series includes an optical light source for fiber identification measurements as standard equipment.

Fiber identification measurement provides a comparatively simple method to approximate the location of a break point in an optical fiber.

Using the unit's optical light source to inject light at a specific wavelength and modulation into the fiber under test, you can then use a fiber identifier to locate the break by finding the section of fiber where the signal drops off.

Accessing Optical Light Source Mode

To start Light Source mode:

1. Press the **Top Menu key**. The Top Menu screen appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Light Source**, then press the **Enter key**. The Optical Light Source screen appears.

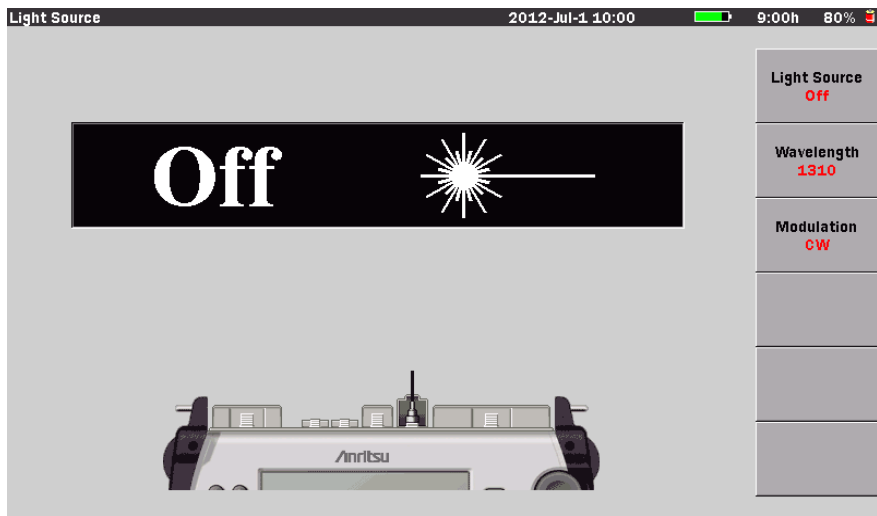


Figure 9-11: Optical Light Source Screen

Optical Light Source Screen Elements

The Optical Light Source screen is comprised of the elements flagged in the following figure:

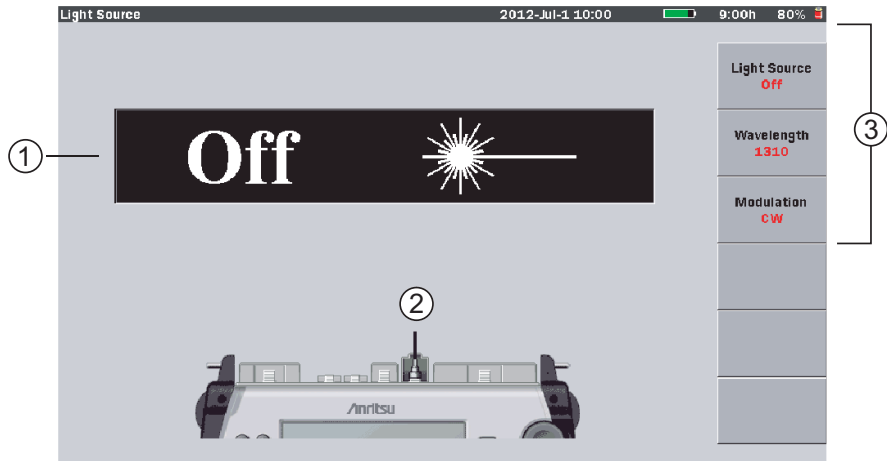


Figure 9-12: Optical Light Source Screen Elements

- 1 Light Source On/Off indicator
- 2 Port connection indicator
- 3 Softkeys

Light Source On/Off Indicator

Displays the current status of the Optical Light Source laser:

- The indicator reads “On”, and the background is red, when the laser is on.
- The indicator reads “Off”, and the background is black, when the laser is off.

Port Connection Indicator

The measurement port indicated varies according to the optical wavelength of the light to be emitted. Item 2 in Figure 9-12, the Port Connection indicator, displays the port to be used when testing.

Softkeys



Light Source Off/On (f1)

Press the Light Source Off softkey to start the optical light source. The red legend on the softkey as well as the legend in the Light Source Wavelength indicator (see item 1 in Figure 9-12 on page 9-28) change to “On”. In addition, the background of the Light Source Wavelength indicator changes from black to red.



Wavelength (f2)

Toggle the Wavelength softkey to scroll through the available light source wavelengths. The red legend on the softkey displays the current wavelength.



Modulation (f3)

Toggle the Change Modulation softkey to scroll through the modulation modes: CW (continuous wave), 270 Hz, 1 kHz, and 2 kHz. The red legend on the softkey displays the current modulation mode.

Turning the Light Source On/Off

To turn the Light Source On/Off:

1. Set the MT9083 Series to Light Source mode. See “Accessing Optical Light Source Mode” on page 9-27 for details.
2. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to turn on the light source. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”. In addition, the Light Source On/Off indicator (see item 1 in Figure 9-12 on page 9-28) changes to read “On” and its background changes from black to red.
3. Press **Light Source On (f1)** to turn off the light source. The red legend on the softkey changes to “Off”. The Light Source On/Off indicator changes to read “Off” and its background changes to black.

► Note

Indication of warm-up operation and out of operating temperature ranges status:

- Certain units may require a warm-up. If **Light Source Off (f1)** is pressed during a warm-up the following message is displayed: “Laser Diode warm-up. Please re-select after a short while.”. Close the Light Source screen by pressing any key, wait a short while, and then re-start the light source.
- If **Light Source Off (f1)** is pressed at a temperature that is out of the operating temperature range, the following message appears: “Laser Diode out of the operating temperature range. Function in fail safe mode.” is displayed and the light source does not turn on.

WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series, If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

CAUTION

The MT9083 Series emits high output optical pulses. Disconnect communications devices, etc. from the target measurement optical fiber during measurement to prevent the optical sensors from being damaged.

Fiber Identification Measurement

The following is an example of how to use the Optical Light Source to perform a fiber identification measurement.

Note

The Optical Light Source only supports single mode fiber.

To perform a fiber identification measurement:

1. Set the MT9083 Series to Light Source mode, if necessary. See “Accessing Optical Light Source Mode” on page 9-27 for details.
2. Toggle **Wavelength (f2)** to select the desired wavelength.

Note

Single wavelength MT9083 Series units will sound an error tone if you press the Wavelength (f2) softkey.

3. Toggle **Modulation (f3)** to select the desired modulation frequency. The modulation frequency must match that of the fiber identification device (ID tester).

4. Connect the optical fiber to be measured to the measurement port of the Optical Light Source.
5. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to turn on the Optical Light Source.
6. Measure the target optical fiber with the fiber identification device (ID tester).
7. Press **Light Source On (f1)** when the measurement is completed.

 **Note**

1. The output from Optical Light Source may interrupt communications if the target measurement optical fiber is connected to the optical fiber currently operating. Disconnect the target measurement optical fiber from the operating line.
2. The MT9083 Series emits high output optical pulses. Disconnect communications devices, etc. from the target measurement optical fiber during measurement to prevent the optical sensors from being damaged.

Chapter 9: Optical Power Meter (OPM) & Optical Light Source (OLS)

Chapter 10: Visual Fault Locate (VFL) Mode

The Visual Fault Locate mode is available on MT9083 Series units equipped with the optional visible light (red) source. Since the light from this light source is visible, it is useful for locating fault points in the dead zone by visually checking the diffusing light. It is also useful for fiber identification of a multi-core optical fiber.

When visible light is injected into a non-coated optical fiber, diffused light can be visually checked by manually bending the fiber. It is possible to determine whether there is a break point on the optical fiber by checking the diffusing light.

The Visual Fault Locator enables checking for break points when no fiber identification device (ID tester) is available.

Note that the further the distance from the light source, the harder it is to check the visible light.

Accessing the Visual Fault Locator

To start the Visual Fault Locator:

1. Press the **Top Menu key**. The Top Menu screen appears.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Visual Fault Locate**, then press the **Enter key**. The Visual Fault Locate screen appears.



Figure 10-1: Visual Fault Locate Screen

Visual Fault Locate Screen Elements

The Visual Fault Locate screen is comprised of the elements flagged in the following figure:

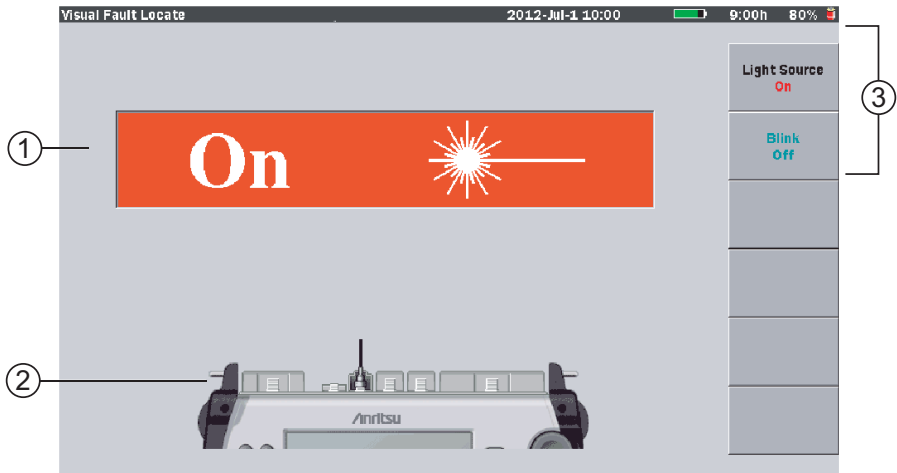


Figure 10-2: Visual Fault Locator On/Off indicator

- 1 Visual Fault Locator On/Off indicator
- 2 Port connection indicator
- 3 Softkeys

Visual Fault Locator On/Off Indicator

Displays the current status of the Visual Fault Locator laser:

- The indicator reads “On”, and the background is red, when the laser is on.
- The indicator reads “Off”, and the background is black, when the laser is off.
- The background of the indicator pulsates, changing from Red (On) to Black (Off) when blink mode is active.

Port Connection Indicator

The Port Connection Indicator shows which port to use for the Visual Fault Locator.

Softkeys



Light Source Off/On (f1)

Press the Light Source Off softkey to start the Visual Fault Locator. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On” and the Visual Fault Locator’s laser starts firing (as indicated by the Visual Fault Locator On/Off indicator (see item 1 in Figure 10-2 on page 10-2).

Press the softkey again to turn off the laser. The red legend changes to “Off” and the Visual Fault Locator On/Off indicator shows that the laser is not firing.



Blink On/Off (f2)

Press the Blink Off softkey to set the Visual Fault Locator to a 1 Hz modulated mode. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On” and the background of the Visual Fault Locator On/Off indicator pulsates, changing from Red (On) to Black (Off) when blink mode is active.

Press the softkey again to turn off the blink mode.

Note

Take care not to press too hard when inserting the APC connector as this may scratch the sides of the ferrule.

WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series, If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

Visible Fault Location

The following is an example of how to use the Visual Fault Locate option to perform visible fault locations.

To perform a visible fault location:

1. Set the MT9083 Series to Visual Fault Locate mode, if necessary. See “Accessing the Visual Fault Locator” on page 10-1 for details.
2. Connect the optical fiber to be measured to the VLD port, as shown by the Port Connection indicator (see item 2 in Figure 10-2 on page 10-2).
3. Press **Light Source Off (f1)**, or **Blink Off (f2)**, to turn on the Visual Fault Locator.
4. Visually examine the fiber under test, locating the fault (bend or break) by finding the red glow.
5. Press **Light Source On (f1)**, or **Blink On (f2)**, depending on which softkey was selected in step 2, to turn off the Visual Fault Locator when you have finished examining the fiber under test.

► Note

Loss measurement and event-point detection cannot be performed in the Visual Fault Locate mode.

Chapter 11: Video Inspection Probe (VIP) Option

The Video Inspection Probe (VIP) option is used to inspect fiber optic terminations. Use the VIP to inspect installed connectors located inside hardware devices or on the “backside” of patch panels, eliminating the need to either disassemble hardware devices prior to inspection or access the backside of patch panels.

MT9083 Series can use following VIP.

OPTION-545 VIP	Magnification 200/400
G0293A	Magnification 400
G0306A	Magnification 400

This section explains the operation of OPTION-545 VIP.

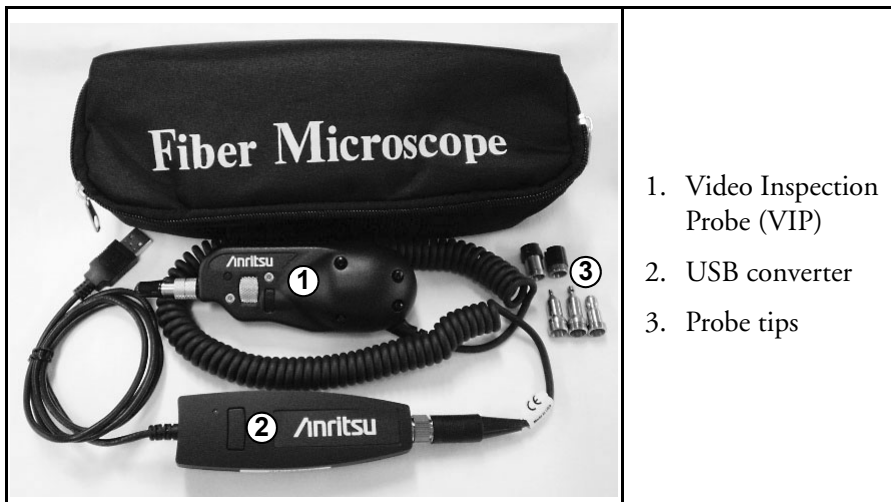


Figure 11-1: Video Inspection Probe (OPTION-545VIP)

The VIP option consists of the following:

- Video Inspection Probe (VIP)
- 5 probe tips
(one each: SC, ST, FC, Universal 1.25 mm, and Universal 2.5 mm)
- USB converter
- Software CD

 **Note**

The Software CD contains the VIP Analysis software which is for PC use only. See the software's help set for details on its use.

Video Inspection Probe (VIP)

This small, lightweight probe measures 139.7 mm in length. It contains a long-life coaxial LED source and 8.46 mm CCD video camera.

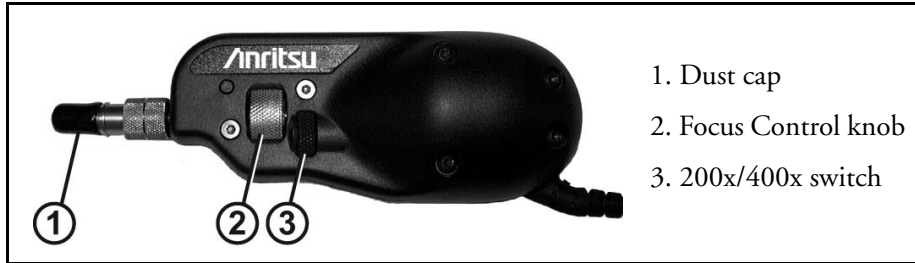


Figure 11-2: Video Inspection Probe

Probe Tips

The VIP includes five interchangeable probe tips; three standard tips (FC, ST, and SC) and two universal tips (1.25 mm and 2.5 mm).

Standard Tips

There are specific tips for each of the common types of bulkhead adapters. These tips allow inspection of the fiber surface on the opposite side of the bulkhead (i.e. inside hardware devices or on the back side of patch panels).



FBPT-FC
FC tip



FBPT-ST
ST tip



FBPT-SC
SC tip

Universal Tips

The two universal tips are primarily used for inspecting patch cords. The 1.25 mm tip is compatible with 1.25 mm ferrules (as used in LC and MU type connector) while the 2.5 mm tip is compatible with 2.5 mm ferrules (as used in FC, ST, and SC style connectors). These tips allow the probe to work with either male connector ends, or inspect through female bulkhead adapters.



FBPT-U12M
Universal 1.25 mm tip



FBPT-U25M
Universal 2.5 mm tip

VIP Setup

The steps outlined in the following sections prepare the VIP for use:

- Attaching a Probe Tip
(or Attaching a Probe Tip with Optics)
- Connecting the Probe to the USB Converter
- Connecting the VIP to the MT9083 Series

Attaching a Probe Tip

Use the following procedure to attach a probe tip to the VIP.

To attach a Probe tip:

1. Remove the dust cap (see item 1 in Figure 11-2 on page 11-3).
Or –

If a probe tip is already attached, loosen the front retaining nut (see item 2 in Figure 11-3) until it slides freely on the Barrel assembly (see item 3 in Figure 11-3).

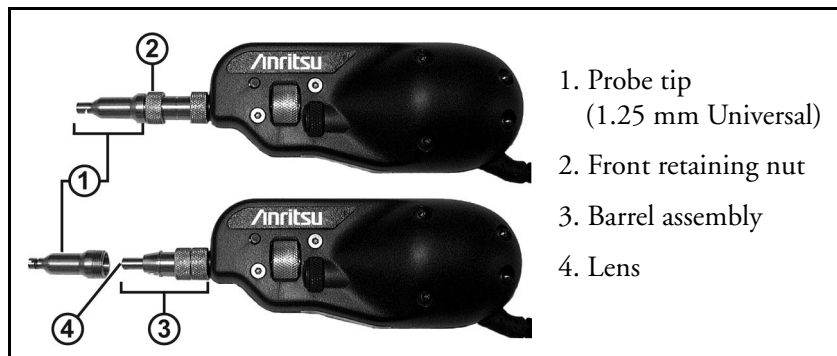


Figure 11-3: Video Inspection Probe with Universal 1.25 mm Tip

► **Note**

Do not touch the lens surface (see item 4 in Figure 11-3 on page 11-4).

2. Select the desired probe tip. Make sure that the key (small set screw on the inside of the threaded end of the probe tip) aligns with the key channel on the barrel assembly (see items 3 and 4 in Figure 11-4) and slide the probe tip into place.



Figure 11-4: Attaching a Probe Tip

► **Note**

Do not adjust the set screw. The 1.25 mm and 2.5 mm Universal probe tips do not have keys.

3. Secure the probe tip in place with the front retaining nut (see item 2 in Figure 11-4).

Probe Tips with Optics

Certain optional probe tips, such as the long reach probes (“L” series) and the angled tips (“A-6” series), contain their own optics. Use of these tips requires removal of the barrel assembly. Probe tips that require removing the barrel assembly are easily identified as they have a retaining nut (see Figure 11-5).



Figure 11-5: Long Reach Style Probe Tip (FBPT-ST-L)

To Attach a Probe tip with Optics:

1. Loosen the rear retaining nut on the barrel assembly (see item 2 in Figure 11-6).
2. Align the key channel on the probe tip with the key on the probe housing (see items 3 and 4 in Figure 11-6).
3. Secure the retaining nut on the probe tip to the probe housing.



Figure 11-6: Attaching a Probe Tip with Optics

Connecting the VIP to the USB Converter

For OPTION-545 VIP, use the following procedure to connect the Video Inspection Probe to the USB converter.

To connect the VIP to the USB converter:

1. Align the connector on the coiled cord of the VIP with the receptacle on the USB converter (see items 2 and 4 in Figure 11-7 on page 11-7). When properly aligned, the connector slides into the receptacle.
2. Use the retaining nut (see item 3 in Figure 11-7 on page 11-7) on the connector to secure it to the USB converter (see item 4 in Figure 11-7 on page 11-7).

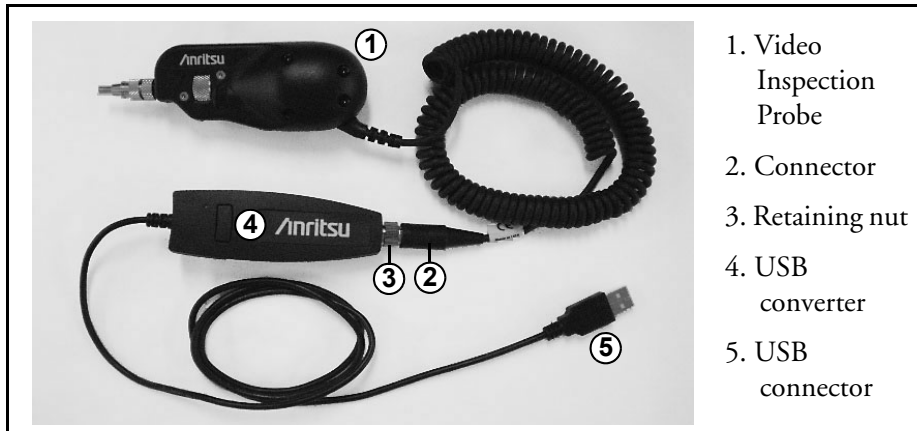


Figure 11-7: VIP Connected to USB Converter

Connecting the VIP to the MT9083 Series

Use the following procedure to connect the VIP to the MT9083 Series.

To connect the VIP to the MT9083 Series:

1. Open the cover for the USB ports on the MT9083 Series, if not already opened. See Figure 2-3 on page 2-10 for location.
2. Insert the USB connector (see item 5 in Figure 11-7) into the USB Down port.

Accessing VIP Mode

To start the VIP:

1. Assemble the VIP and attach it to the MT9083 Series as outlined in “VIP Setup” on pages 11-4 through 11-7.
2. Depending on the probe tip selected, connect the probe to the bulkhead or patch cord to be tested.
3. Press the **Top Menu key**. The Top Menu screen appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **VIP**, then press the **Enter key**. The VIP screen appears.

Note

Do not disconnect the fiber scope before displaying the fiber scope screen. Otherwise, the USB device may not be recognized.

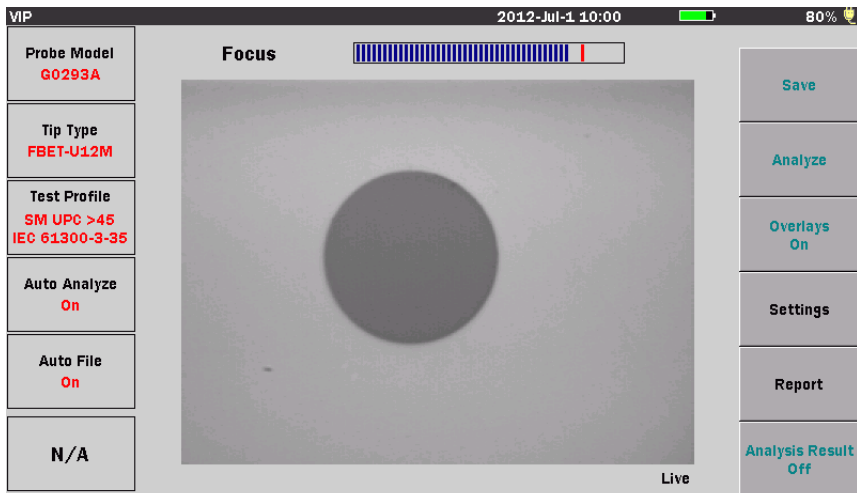


Figure 11-8: VIP Screen – Live Mode

5. Use the **200x/400x switch** (see item 3 in Figure 11-2 on page 11-3) to set the desired magnification rate. The example shown in Figure 11-8 has the magnification rate set to 400x.
6. Use the **Focus Control knob** (see item 2 in Figure 11-2 on page 11-3) to adjust the focus of the image, if the image is not in clear focus.
7. Press **Settings (f4)** to change the VIP Test Settings.

8. Press **Report** (f5) to change the VIP Report Settings.
9. Press the **Start** key to capture the current image and analyze.

VIP Test Settings

Images captured by the VIP can be analyzed on the MT9083 Series.

Set Probe Model, Tip Type, and Test Profile to analyze correctly.



Figure 11-9: VIP Test Settings Screen

To set the Probe Model:

1. Press **Settings** (f4) on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **Probe Model**.
3. Press the **Enter** key to display the Probe Model dialog box.
4. Highlight the desired Probe Model setting: 545VIP, G0293A or G0306A.
5. Press the **Enter** key, and the dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the **Probe Model** field.

To set the Tip Type:

1. Press **Settings (f4)** on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **Tip Type**.
3. Press the **Enter** key to display the Tip Type dialog box.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired Tip Type setting in the list.
5. Press the **Enter** key, and the dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the **Tip Type** field.

To set the Test Profile:

1. Press **Settings (f4)** on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **Test Profile**.
3. Press the **Enter** key to display the Test Profile dialog box.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired Test Profile setting in the list.
5. Press the **Enter** key, and the dialog box closes and the selected setting is displayed in the **Test Profile** field.

VIP Auto File Settings

VIP images and analysis results can be saved.

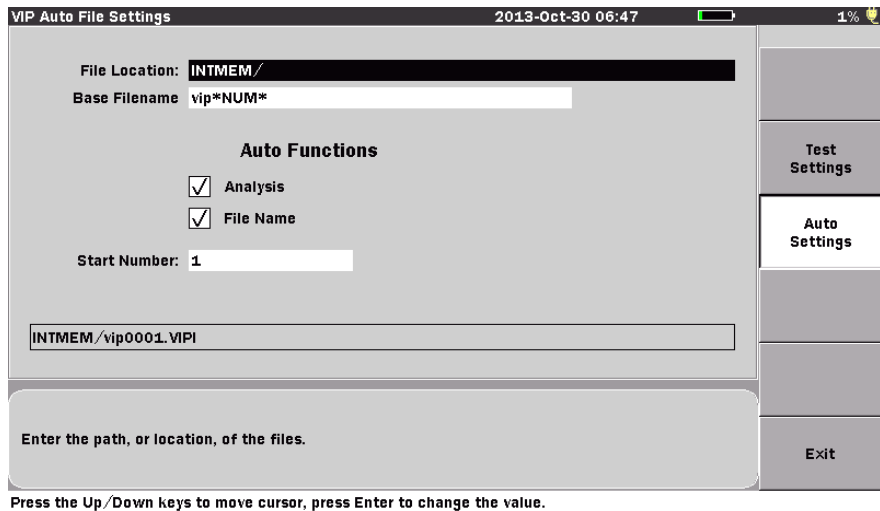


Figure 11-10: VIP Auto File Settings Screen

File Location

The **File Location** field allows you to select the directory in which you want to save VIP image files.

To set the File Location:

1. Press **Settings** (f4) on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Press **Auto Settings** (f3) to display the VIP Auto File Settings screen.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **File Location**.
4. Press the **Enter** key to display the Select Directory screen.
5. Select the desired storage medium by highlighting the **Medium** field, if not already highlighted, and then press the **Enter** key to toggle the selection to either **Internal Memory** (Default) or **USB Memory**.

Note

USB Memory is displayed in the **Medium** field when you connect the USB memory stick. USB HUB cannot be used. Disconnect the probe before using the USB memory stick.

6. To save to a specific folder in the selected Medium, highlight the name of the folder. Then, press the **Enter** key, and the name of the selected folder appears below the **Medium** field.
7. Press **Select (f1)**, and the Select Directory screen closes and the selected directory is displayed in the **File Location** field.

Base Filename

The **Base Filename** field provides a template for use when generating an auto-filename. You can enter a base filename of up to 26 characters with a four character file extension.

To set the Base Filename:

1. Press **Settings (f4)** on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Press **Auto Settings (f3)** to display the VIP Auto File Settings screen.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **Base Filename**.
4. Press the **Enter** key to display the Base Filename dialog box. Refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input the file name.
5. Press **OK (f6)** after making all desired entries and exit the Base Filename dialog box or press the **ESC** key to cancel. You can now use the new Base Filename.

Auto Functions - Analysis

This check box sets the status of the Auto Analysis function. Select either of the followings:

- Clear the check box – No Auto Analysis is performed after capturing an image.
- Select the check box – Auto Analysis is performed after capturing an image.

Auto Functions – File Name

This check box sets the status of the Auto File Name function. Select either of the followings:

- Clear the check box –
File name is not automatically generated.
- Select the check box –
File name is automatically generated.

Start Number

Use this field to establish a start number for the auto-increment section of the Auto-Filename. The setting range of the Start Number is from 1 to 9999, in increments of 1.

To set the Start Number:

1. Press **Settings** (f4) on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
2. Press **Auto Settings** (f3) to display the VIP Auto File Settings screen.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the **Start Number**.
4. Press the **Enter** key to display the Start Number dialog box.
5. Increment and decrement the Start number by using the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) or directly entering with the numeric keypad.
6. Press the **Enter** key, and the dialog box closes and the entered Start Number is displayed in the **Start Number** field.

Captured a VIP image

A captured image will look similar to the live image. If it is read from a file, a filename will be loaded and displayed on the image.

You can pan and zoom the captured image using the **Left**, **Right**, **Up**, and **Down** keys and the rotary knob.

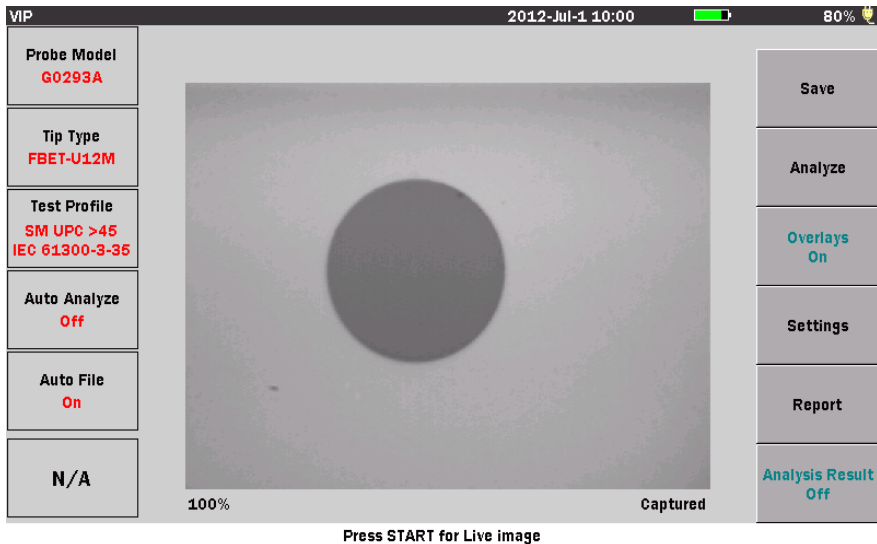


Figure 11-11: Captured a VIP image

To capture image:

1. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight **VIP** on the Top Menu screen. Then, press the **Enter** key to display the VIP screen.
2. Assemble the VIP and press **Settings** (**f4**) on the VIP screen to display the VIP Test Settings screen.
3. Edit the VIP Test Settings, and then press the **Start** key.
4. Use the rotary knob to zoom in (counterclockwise) or zoom out (clockwise).
The range of magnification percentage is from 100% to 200% and is displayed in the lower left of the image area.
If press the **ESC** key, then the magnification percentage will become 100%.
5. Use the **Left**, **Right**, **Up**, and **Down** keys to move the captured image.

Note

If the magnification percentage is 100%, the captured image cannot be moved.

Analyze a VIP image

Images captured by the VIP can be analyzed on the MT9083.

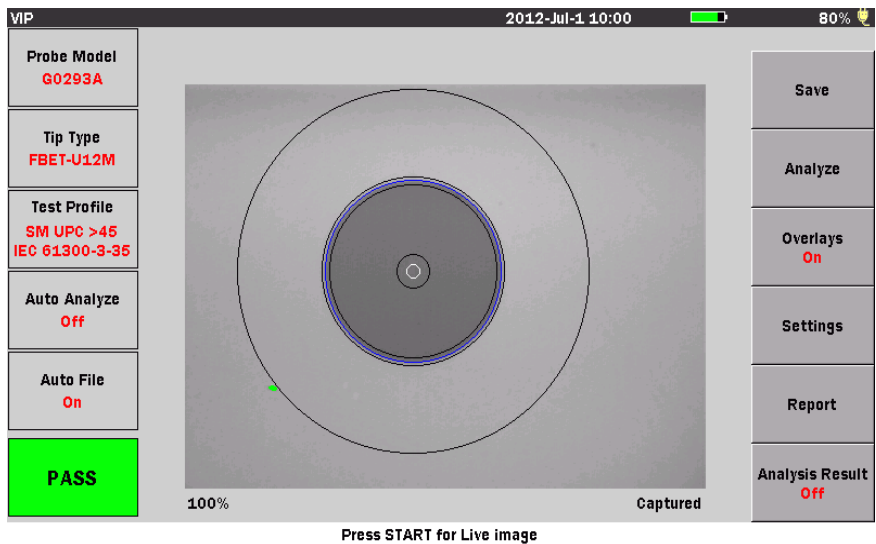
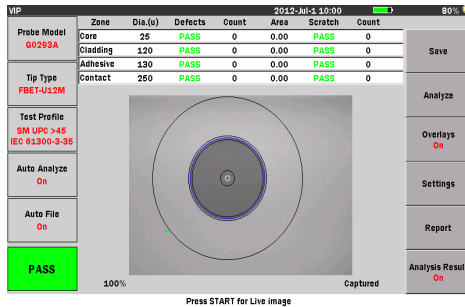


Figure 11-12: Analyze a VIP image

To analyze the image:

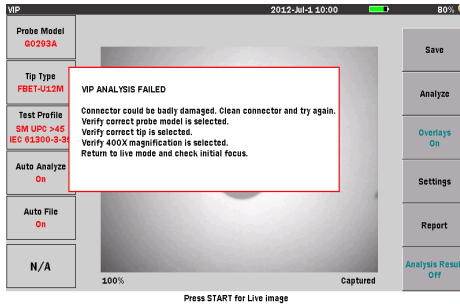
1. Capture the image or load VIP image.
2. If you would like to change the VIP Test Settings, press **Settings (f4)** and change the settings.
3. Press **Analyze (f2)** to start analysis of the VIP image. The progress bar is displayed during analysis.
4. Circle of analysis range on VIP image, and Pass/Fail indicator are displayed if analysis is normally completed.

- Press **Analysis Result (f6)** to show the table of analysis details.



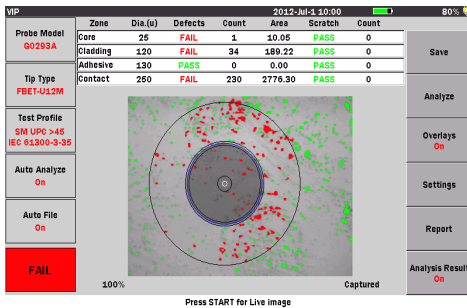
If there are defects, whose size is acceptable, found on the fiber, they are graphically displayed in green that means.

Figure 11-13: Passing Analysis



When major defects detected during analysis are flagged, a pop-up is displayed to instruct you to correct the problem.

Figure 11-14: Failed Analysis



If there are defects, whose size is not acceptable, found on the fiber, they are displayed in red that means Fail. The table shows the zone and area of each defect.

Figure 11-15: Damaged fiber

VIP Report Settings

Analysis results can be output as PDF file on the MT9083 Series.

VIP Report Settings 2014-Sep-23 11:17

Customer

Location

Operator

Notes

Include Analysis Results Include Analysis Details

Include Logo

Logo File INTMEM/anritsu.png

Result Source

Current Results Only

Results in Folder

Folder: INTMEM/

Create PDF

PDF Viewer

Exit

Enter customer name for report

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 11-16: VIP Report Settings Screen

Headers

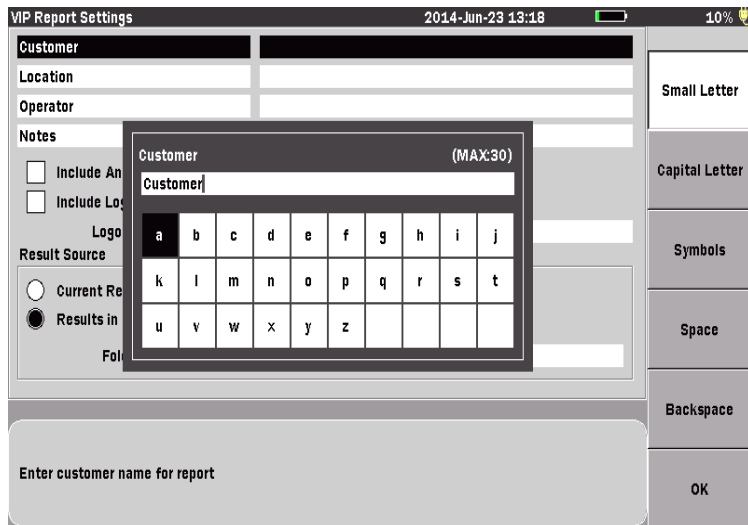
Headers hold valuable information about the VIP Report files. You don't need to fill the header each time a new VIP image is analyzed. Information entered on the VIP Report Settings screen is retained until such a time as the header requires editing. Header consists of the following fields:

- **Customer:** This field allows you to enter a customer name.
- **Location:** This field allows you to enter a location, such as an address or city.
- **Operator:** This field allows you to enter an operator name.
- **Notes:** This field allows you to enter any notes that may be desired concerning the specific job.

Use the following procedure to access and edit the header on the VIP Report Settings screen.

To access and edit the Header:

1. Press **Report (f5)** on the VIP screen to display the VIP Report Settings screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys (or the rotary knob) to highlight the desired field (**Customer/Location/Operator/Notes**). Then, press the **Enter** key to display the Text Entry dialog box (see Figure 2.1-5). When all the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** to return to the VIP Report Settings screen. Repeat Step 2 until all desired text entry fields on the VIP Report Settings screen are edited. Press **Exit (f6)** to close the VIP Report Settings screen and return to the VIP screen.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 11-17: Text Entry Screen

3. Use the **Up** and **Down** keys to move the highlighted selection from row to row, including the current text entry field. Use the **Left** and **Right** keys to move the highlighted selection within the selected row or to move the text cursor in the text entry field if the field is highlighted.
 Or –
 Use the rotary knob to highlight the string entered from the software keyboard. Then, press the **Enter** key, and you can copy and paste the highlighted string to the text entry field. Press **OK (f6)**, and the Text

Entry dialog box closes and the entered text is displayed in the current field.

4. Use the **f1** – **f4** softkeys for the following actions:
 - **Small Letter (f1)** to switch the software keyboard to lower case letters.
 - **Capital Letter (f2)** to switch the software keyboard to upper case letters.
 - **Symbols (f3)** to switch the software keyboard to display symbols.
 - **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the text entry field.
5. With the text cursor positioned at the desired location, press the **Enter** key to enter the character selected (highlighted) in the text entry field. Use the numeric keypad to enter numbers into the text entry field.
6. When all the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** if you want to use the new Header or press the **ESC** key if you want to cancel the new Header and close the Text Entry screen.
7. Repeat Steps 2 through 6 until all desired text entry fields on the VIP Report Settings screen are edited.

Include Analysis Results

This check box sets the status of the Include Analysis Results function. Select either of the followings:

- Clear the check box –
Analysis Results are not included in a report.
- Select the check box –
Analysis Results are included in a report.

Include Analysis Details

This check box sets the status of the Auto File Name function. Select either of the followings:

- Clear the check box –
Analysis Details are not included in a report.
- Select the check box –
Analysis Details are included in a report.

Include Logo File

This check box sets the status of the Logo File function.

1. To output logo, select the logo file field and press the Enter key.
2. Select the desired image, and press Select(f1).
3. Select either of the followings:
 - Clear the check box –
Log file is not included in a report.
 - Select the check box –
Logo file is included in a report.

Current Results Only / Results in Folder

This option button switches setting which analysis result to be included in a report. Select either of the followings:

- Current Results Only –
Include only the results of the current analysis in a report.

Note

If there is no captured or loaded image available, this button is disabled, and reports can only be made from previously saved test results.

- Results in Folder –
Include all the VIP results in the selected folder. When this button is selected, a default folder name will appear on the screen, and the Select Folder softkey will be enabled. Highlight the Folder file, press the **Enter** key, and the Select Directory screen that allows you to select a different file folder.

Create a PDF file

When all the desired settings are completed, press **Create PDF (f1)** to create a PDF file.

Or –

Press **Exit (f6)** or the **ESC** key to close the VIP Report Settings screen.

View a PDF file

To view a PDF file, press **PDF Viewer (f5)**. Refer to “Viewing a Report” on page 5-80.

Working with VIP Image Files

Saving VIP Images

Images captured by the VIP can be saved as VIPI files or PNG files which can be recalled for viewing on the MT9083 Series. Also, recalled file can be analyzed on MT9083 Series.

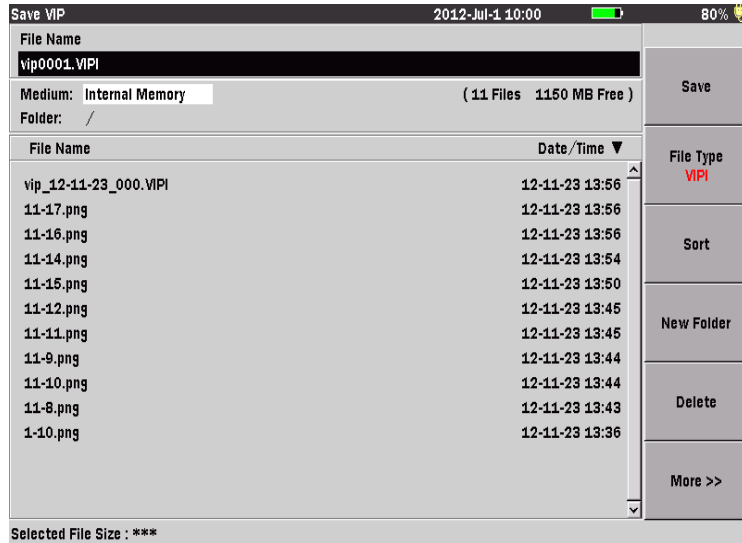


Figure 11-18: Saving VIP image

To save a VIP image:

1. Display the desired image on the VIP screen.
2. Auto File Name is ON: Press **Save (f1)**, and the VIP image is automatically saved as a VIPI file.

Note

If you press **Save (f1)** or the **Save** key again before capturing a VIP image, the Save VIP screen appears.

Or –

Auto File Name is OFF or VIP image is not captured:

Press **Save (f1)** to display the Save VIP screen.
Continue from Step 3.

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3. Edit the filename, if desired, or continue from Step 8 to use the current filename.
To edit the filename, press the **Enter** key to display the FileName dialog box Refer to “Renaming a File” on page 3-37 to input the file name.
4. When all the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** if you want to use the new File Name or press the **ESC** key if you want to cancel the new file name and close the Text Entry screen.
5. If you would like to save the format, toggle File Type (**f2**)
6. Press **Save (f1)** to save the current VIP image as a PNG file.

Loading a VIP Image

VIPI files or VIP PNG files can be loaded to the MT9083 Series from the mass storage. This provides a method of visually checking the condition of a fiber optic termination that has been saved as VIPI or PNG files.

To load a VIP image (VIPI or PNG):

1. Launch the VIP application from the Top Menu, if it is not already running.
2. Press **File** to display the Load screen appears.
3. Select the desired VIPI or PNG file.
4. Press **Load (f1)**, then the Load screen closes and the selected VIPI or PNG file is now displayed on the VIP screen.

► Note

The following items are not changed, even if either VIPI or PNG file is loaded:

- Probe Model
- Tip Type
- Test Profile

Sorting Files

The Sort function allows you to change the order in which files are listed in mass storage (files saved to the unit's internal memory or to a USB memory stick).

Files can be sorted by type (Name or Time/Date) in ascending or descending order.

To set the Sort type:

1. Press the **File key**. The Load screen appears.
2. Press **Sort (f3)**. The **Sort/By** dialog box appears.
3. Use the **Left** and **Right Arrow keys** to move the white arrow so that it is positioned to the left of the first selection in the desired pane of the dialog box (**Sort** or **By**).
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired setting within the pane.
5. With the desired settings highlighted in both panes, press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the files are listed in the selected order.

New Folder

Use the following procedure to create a new folder.

1. Press the **File key**, the Load screen appears.
2. Select the desired medium in which the new folder will be located by highlighting the **Medium field** and toggling the **Enter key** to choose from Internal Memory or USB Memory.

Note

The USB Memory selection is only available when a USB memory stick is connected to the MT9083 Series.

3. Press **New Folder (f4)**, the New Folder screen appears.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** to scroll the highlight from row to row, including the New Folder name field. Use the **Right** and **Left Arrow keys** to move the highlight within the selected row or, to move the text cursor in the New Folder name field when the field is highlighted.

Or –

Use the **Rotary knob** to navigate through each character in the character matrix as well as wrapping the highlight to the New Folder name field.

5. Use the **f1 – f4 softkeys** for the following:
 - Press **Small Letter (f1)** to change the character matrix to lower case letters.
 - Press **Capital Letter (f2)** to change the character matrix to upper case letters.
 - Press **Symbols (f3)** to change the character matrix to display the symbols available.
 - Press **Space (f4)** to insert a blank space in the file name.
6. With the desired character highlighted in the character matrix and the text cursor placed in the desired position, press the **Enter key** to enter the selected character in the New Folder name field.
Use the **Numeric keypad** to enter numbers in New Folder name field.
7. When all of the desired characters are entered, press **OK (f6)** save the new folder to the selected medium or press **ESC** to cancel the New Folder process.

Deleting Files

Use either the Save screen or the Load screen to delete any data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can delete a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To delete a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired file.
3. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

4. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected file, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the file.
5. Press the **ESC Key** to return to the test application.

Use the following procedure to delete multiple files in a directory.

To delete multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to "On".
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to delete and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to delete.
6. Press **More >> (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete the selected files, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Use the following procedure to delete all of the files in a directory or folder.

To delete all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the file to be deleted.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** to open the selected folder/directory.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

Note

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **More (f6)**.
7. Press **Delete (f5)**. The following message appears:

Are you sure you want to delete the current selection?

8. Press **Yes (f1)** to delete all files in the selected directory, or press **No (f2)** to cancel without deleting the files.

Copying Files

Use either the Save screen or the Load screen to copy data files stored in the internal memory or on a USB memory stick. You can copy a single file, multiple files or all of the files in the current directory.

To copy a file:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Press **More >> (f6)**.
3. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the desired trace file.
4. Press **Copy (f1)**.
5. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected file.
6. Press **Paste (f2)**. A message box stating “Copy 1/1” along with the name of the file appears briefly.

Use the following procedure to copy multiple files in a directory.

To copy multiple files:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Press **More (f6)**.
3. Press **Multi-Select Off (f3)**. The red legend on the softkey changes to “**On**”.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the first file to copy and then press the **Enter key**. A bullet appears before the selected file name and the total size of the selected files is shown on the bottom.
5. Repeat step 4 until you have selected all of the files you want to copy.
6. Press **Copy (f1)**
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the selected files are pasted to their new location.

Use the following procedure to copy all of the files in a directory/folder.

To copy all files in a directory or folder:

1. Press the **Save key**, or the **File key**, if not already displaying either the Save screen or the Load screen.
2. Select the desired folder/directory in which contains the files to be copied.
3. Press the **Down Arrow key** and highlight the first file in the selected directory/folder, if not already highlighted.
4. Press **More (f6)**.
5. Press **Select All (f4)**. A bullet appears before each filename.

 **Note**

If the Select All softkey (f4) is dimmed, toggle **f3** so that the legend on the softkey reads “**Multi-Select Off**”.

6. Press **Copy (f1)**.
7. Select the desired folder/directory in which to paste the selected files.
8. Press **Paste (f2)**.

A message box appears displaying the count for each copied file as it is being pasted to the new directory/folder, as well as its filename. The message box closes when all of the files from the selected directory/folder are pasted to their new location.

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

This chapter details how to check the performance of the MT9083 Series and calibrate measurement values.

Contact an Anritsu Service and Sales office when the specifications have been determined not to have been satisfied based on the performance test as described in this chapter. Contact information can be found on the last page of the printed version of this manual, and is available in a separate file on the CD version.

Make sure that you can provide the following details when requesting repairs.

- Device name and serial number. The serial number is located on the back panel of the unit (see item 2 in Figure 2-2 on page 2-8).
- Description of the Failure condition.
- Name and contact information for the supervisor who checked the failure condition and/or the name of the contact to inform when the repairs are completed.

WARNING

NEVER look directly into the cable connector on the MT9083 Series nor into the end of a cable connected to the MT9083 Series. If laser radiation enters the eye, there is a risk of injury.

There are risks from laser light when performing operations outside those noted in this manual.

Performance Test

The following eight items are tested to check the performance of the MT9083 Series (Item 6 is tested when Option 002 or 102 is installed).

- (1) Optical output and wavelength of the OTDR (Standard OTDR and Fault Locate testing)
- (2) Pulse width
- (3) Dynamic range (One-way back-scattered light dynamic range test)
- (4) Distance measurement accuracy
- (5) Loss measurement accuracy (linearity)

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- (6) Optical output and wavelength of the visible light source (VLD) (Option 002 or 102)
- (7) Optical output and wavelength of the optical light source (OLS) for fiber identification
- (8) Measurement accuracy of the optical power meter (OPM)

Clean the optical connector before testing. Test steps in this chapter are described based on conditions where the power is On and the MT9083 Series is activated.

Rated Values for Each Item

Unless otherwise specified, the following rated values are guaranteed at a temperature of 25 ±5°C.

Table 12-1: MT9083A2 specifications

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Wavelength	1310 ±25nm (Opt 050/055 to 059/063/073) 1550 ±25nm (Opt 051 to 059/063/068/073) 1645 to 1655nm (Opt 052/054/055)* ¹ 1625 ±25nm (Opt 057 to 059/061) 850 ±30nm (Opt 063 to 065) 1300 ±30nm (Opt 063/064)	Temperature: 25°C, Pulse width: 1µs 100ns for Opt 063: MMF
Pulse Width (ns)	3/10/20/50/100/200 500/1000/2000/4000/10000/20000	Opt055/057/073,063 : SMF
	3/10/20/50/100/200 500/1000/2000/4000	Opt 063: MMF, 850 nm: Does not support 1000, 2000, 4000

Table 12-1: MT9083A2 specifications (Cont'd)

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Dynamic Range (dB) (S/N = 1)*2		
Opt055	37.5/36/33.5 dB (1.31/1.55/1.65 μm)*3	25°C, Pulse width: 20 μs , Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 sec. *3
Opt057	36/34.5/31.5 dB (1.31/1.55/1.625 μm)	
Opt 063	28/27 dB (MMF 0.85/1.3 μm)*3 38/36.5 dB (SMF 1.31/1.55 μm)	
Opt073	38/36.5 dB (SMF 1.31/1.55 μm)	
Distance Measurement Accuracy	$\pm 1 \text{ m} \pm 3 \times \text{measurement distance} \times 10^{-5} \pm$ marker resolution (Note that this does not include optical fiber refraction index (IOR) based uncertainty.)	
Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)	$\pm 0.05 \text{ dB/dB}$ or $\pm 0.1 \text{ dB}$ (Whichever is greater)	

Table 12-1: MT9083A2 specifications (Cont'd)

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Fiber Identification Light Source		CW, 25°C, SM fiber length: 2 m
Light Source Output	-5 dBm ±1.5 dB	
Center Wavelength	1310 ±30nm (Opt 055/057/063/073)	
	1550 ±30nm (Opt 055/057/063/073)	
	1650 ±5nm (Opt 055)	
	1625 ±30nm (Opt 057)	
	850 ±30nm (Opt 063)	
	1300 ±30nm (Opt 063)	
Optical Power Meter*4	No function for Opt 063 : MMF	
Measurement Accuracy	±6.5%	1550nm, CW, -20 dBm, 23 ±2°C After executing zero offset*5

- *1 Wavelength range of less than 20 dB from peak value. Peak value (optical output): +15 dBm max.
- *2 S/N = 1 Dynamic range value applies +2.6 dB to the noise peak values.
- *3 Background light of 1550 nm and CW light of -19 dBm are added when wavelength is 1650 nm.
Pulse width is 500 ns and distance range is 25 km for MMF 850 nm.
Pulse width is 4 μs and distance range is 25 km for MMF 1300 nm.
- *4 Measurement range -50 to -5 dBm (Peak power), absolute maximum input rating at +10 dBm, wavelength at 1550 nm.
- *5 An SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and a master FC connector are used.

Table 12-2: MT9083B2 specifications

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Wavelength	1310 ±25 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/063) 1490 ±25 nm (Opt 056/058) 1550 ±25 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058) 1645 to 1655 nm (Opt 055) ^{*1} 1625 ±25 nm (Opt 057/058) 850 ± 30 nm (Opt 063) 1300 ± 30 nm (Opt 063)	Temperature: 25°C, Pulse width: 1µs 100 ns for Opt 063: MMF
Pulse Width (ns)	3/10/20/50/100/200 500/1000/2000/4000/10000/20000	Opt 053/055/056/ 057/058 Opt 063: SMF
	3/10/20/50/100/200/500/1000/2000/4000	Opt 063: MMF 850 nm: Does not support 1000, 2000, 4000
Dynamic Range (dB) (S/N = 1) ^{*2}		
Opt053	41/40dB (1.31/1.55µm)	25°C, Pulse width: 20 µs, Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 sec. ^{*3}
Opt055	41/40/34dB (1.31/1.55/1.65µm) ^{*3}	
Opt056	41/40/40dB (1.31/1.49/1.55µm)	
Opt057	39/38/37dB (1.31/1.55/1.625µm)	
Opt058	41/40/40/39dB (1.31/1.49/1.55/1.625µm)	
Opt063	28/27dB (0.85/1.3µm) ^{*3} 41/40dB (1.31/1.55µm)	
Distance Measurement Accuracy	±1 m ±3 measurement distance 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution (Note that this does not include optical fiber refraction index (IOR) based uncertainty.)	
Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)	±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)	

Table 12-2: MT9083B2 specifications (Cont'd)

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Fiber Identification Light Source		CW, 25°C SM fiber length: 2 m
Light Source Output	-5 dBm \pm 1.5 dB	
Center Wavelength	1310 \pm 30 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/063)	
	1490 \pm 30 nm (Opt 056/058)	
	1550 \pm 30 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/063)	
	1650 \pm 5 nm (Opt 055)	
	1625 \pm 30 nm (Opt 057/058)	
	850 \pm 30 nm (Opt 063)	
	1300 \pm 30 nm (Opt 063)	
Optical Power Meter ^{*4}	No function for Opt 063: MMF	
Measurement Accuracy	\pm 6.5%	1550nm, CW, -20 dBm, 23 \pm 2°C After executing zero offset ^{*5}

- *1 Wavelength range of less than 20 dB from peak value. Peak value (optical output): +15 dBm max.
- *2 S/N = 1 Dynamic range value applies +2.6 dB to the noise peak values.
- *3 Background light of 1550 nm and CW light of -19 dBm are added when wavelength is 1650 nm.
Pulse width is 500 ns and distance range is 25 km for MMF 850 nm.
Pulse width is 4 μ s and distance range is 25 km for MMF 1300 nm.
- *4 Measurement range -50 to -5 dBm (Peak power), absolute maximum input rating at +10 dBm, wavelength at 1550 nm.
- *5 An SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and a master FC connector are used.

Table 12-3: MT9083C2 specifications

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Wavelength	1310±25 nm (Opt053/057) 1550±25 nm (Opt053/057) 1625±25 nm (Opt057)	Temperature: 25°C Pulse width: 1µs
Pulse Width (ns)	3/10/20/50/100/200 500/1000/2000/4000/10000/20000	Opt053/057
Dynamic Range (dB) (S/N = 1) ^{*1}		25°C, Distance range: 100 km Average time: 180 sec.
Opt053	45/45 dB (1.31/1.55 µm @20 µs) 25/25 dB (1.31/1.55 µm @100 ns)	
Opt057	45/45/43 dB (1.31/1.55/1.625 µm @20 µs) 25/25/23 dB (1.31/1.55/1.625 µm @100 ns) ^{*2}	
Distance Measurement Accuracy	±1 m ±3 measurement distance 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution (Note that this does not include optical fiber refraction index (IOR) based uncertainty.)	
Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)	±0.05 dB/dB or 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)	
Fiber Identification Light Source		
Light Source Output	-5 dBm ±1.5 dB	
Center Wavelength	1310 ±30 nm (Opt053/057) 1550 ±30 nm (Opt053/057) 1625 ±30 nm (Opt 057)	
Optical Power Meter ^{*3}		
Measurement Accuracy	±6.5%	1550nm CW -20 dBm, 23 ±2°C After executing zero offset ^{*4}

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- *1 S/N=1 Dynamic range value applies +2.6 dB to the peak value.
- *2 Enhanced Range mode
- *3 Measurement range -50 to -5 dBm (peak power), absolute maximum input rating at +10 dBm, wavelength at 1550 nm
- *4 An SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and a master FC connector are used

Table 12-4: Visible light source (VLD; option 002 or 102) specifications

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Center Wavelength	650 nm \pm 15 nm	CW
Optical Output Power	0 \pm 3 dBm	

Table 12-5: Optical power meter (OPM; option 004/005/007) specifications

Item	Rated values	Remarks
Measurement Accuracy	Opt 007 \pm 5% (-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW) \pm 5% (-10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C)	After executing zero offset.
	Opt 004 \pm 5% (0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW)	Using a SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and a master FC connector (1310/1550 nm). Using a MM fiber (62.5/125 μ m) and a master FC connector (850 nm).
	Opt 005 \pm 5% (0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm CW, 25°C)	

Table 12-6: Measuring instrument (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for SMF unit)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	OTDR					(6)	(7)	(8)
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	Optical Output Wavelength	Optical Output Wavelength	Measurement accuracy
Optical Spectrum Analyzer: MS9740A Wavelength: 0.6 to 1.65 μm Level: -65 to +20 dBm Wavelength accuracy: ± 0.3 nm	✓						✓	✓
Variable Attenuator: 8163B + 81570A (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 1.1 to 1.65 μm Attenuation: 0 to 30 dB Insertion loss: 3 dB or less Resolution: 0.1 dB or less	✓	✓	✓					✓
Waveform Monitor: P6703B (Tektronix) Wavelength: 1.1 to 1.65 μm Rising/Falling: 500 ps max.		✓						
Oscilloscope DC to 1 GHz		✓						
SM Optical Fiber (60 km)			✓		✓			
SM Optical Fiber (20 km)			✓					
SM Optical Fiber (2 km)				✓				
SM Optical Fiber (2 m)	✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓
Optical Power Meter: OPM37LAN (Sanwa Electric Instrument co., ltd.) Wavelength: 0.65 μm Level: -65 to +10 dBm Accuracy: ± 0.3 dB						✓		

Table 12-6: Measuring instrument (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for SMF unit) (Cont'd)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	OTDR					(6)	(7)		(8)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	Optical Output	Wavelength	Optical Output	Wavelength	Measurement accuracy
Optical Power Meter: 8163B+81630B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.97 mm to 1.65 mm Level: -70 dBm to +28 dBm Accuracy: ±3.0 % (1255 to 1630 nm)	✓							✓		✓
Reference Light Source :81654A + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 1.31/1.55 mm Output: 0 dBm or more			✓							✓

Table 12-7: Measuring instruments (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for MMF unit)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	OTDR					(7)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	Optical Output	Wavelength
Optical Spectrum Analyzer: MS9740A Wavelength: 0.6 μm to 1.65 μm Level: -65 dBm to +20 dBm Wavelength accuracy: ±0.3 nm	✓						✓
Variable Attenuator: 81578A#062 + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.7μm to 1.4 μm Attenuation: 0 to 60 dB	✓	✓	✓				

Table 12-7: Measuring instruments (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for MMF unit) (Cont'd)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	OTDR					(7)	
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	Optical Output	Wavelength
Waveform Monitor: P6701B (Tektronix) Wavelength: 0.5 μm to 0.95 μm P6703B (Tektronix) Wavelength: 1.1 μm to 1.65 μm Rising/Falling: 500 ps max.		✓					
Oscilloscope DC to 1 GHz		✓					
GI Optical Fiber (62.5/125 μm) (8 km)			✓		✓		
GI Optical Fiber (62.5/125 μm) (2 km)			✓	✓			
GI Optical Fiber (62.5/125 μm) (2 m)	✓						
Optical Power Meter 81635A + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.80 μm to 1.65 μm Level: -80 dBm to +10 dBm Accuracy: $\pm 3.5\%$ (0.80 to 1.2 μm)						✓	

 **Note**

See “Conventions” below for items (1) through (8).

Conventions

- (1): Optical output and wavelength
- (2): Pulse width
- (3): Dynamic range
- (4): Distance measurement accuracy

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- (5): Loss measurement accuracy
- (6): Visible light source (VLD: Visible Laser Diode)
- (7): Optical light source for fiber identification (OLS: Optical Light Source)
- (8): Optical Power Meter (OPM)

Table 12-8: Measuring instruments (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for 004/005/007 Optical Power Meter options)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	Measurement accuracy	
	1310/1550nm	850nm
Optical Power Meter: 8163B + 81630B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.97 μm to 1.65 μm Level: -70 dBm to +28 dBm Accuracy: $\pm 3.0\%$ (1255 to 1630nm)	✓	
Reference Light Source: 81657A + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 1.31/1.55 μm Output: +13 dBm min.	✓	
Variable Attenuator: 8163B + 81570A (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 1.2 μm to 1.65 μm Attenuation: 0 to 30 dB Insertion loss: 3dB max. Resolution: 0.1dB max.	✓	
SM Optical Fiber (2 m)	✓	
Optical Power Meter: 81635A + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.80 μm to 1.65 μm Level: -80 dBm to +10 dBm Accuracy: $\pm 3.5\%$ (0.80 to 1.2 μm)		✓

Table 12-8: Measuring instruments (recommended) and optical fiber required for performance test (for 004/005/007 Optical Power Meter options) (Cont'd)

Test item Measuring instrument and cable	Measurement accuracy	
	1310/1550nm	850nm
Reference Light Source: MPS-8033/06 (ILX Lightwave) Wavelength: 0.85 μm Output: 0 dBm (CW)		✓
Variable Attenuator: 81578A#062 + 8163B (Agilent Technologies) Wavelength: 0.7 to 1.4 μm Attenuation: 0 to 60 dB		✓
GI Optical Fiber (62.5/125 μm) (2 m)		✓

Optical Output and Wavelength of OTDR

Check whether the optical output and center wavelength, equivalent to the peak pulse level of the OTDR, satisfy the specification.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

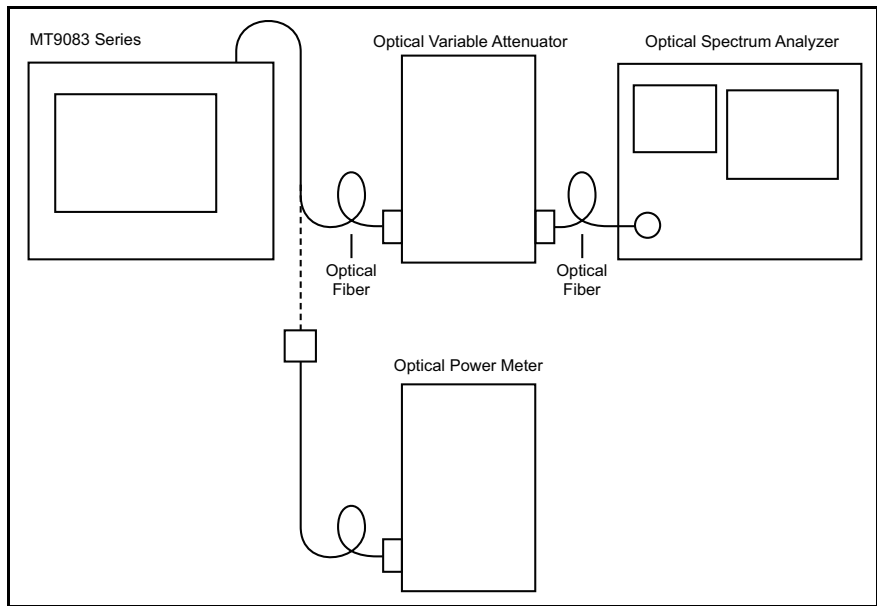


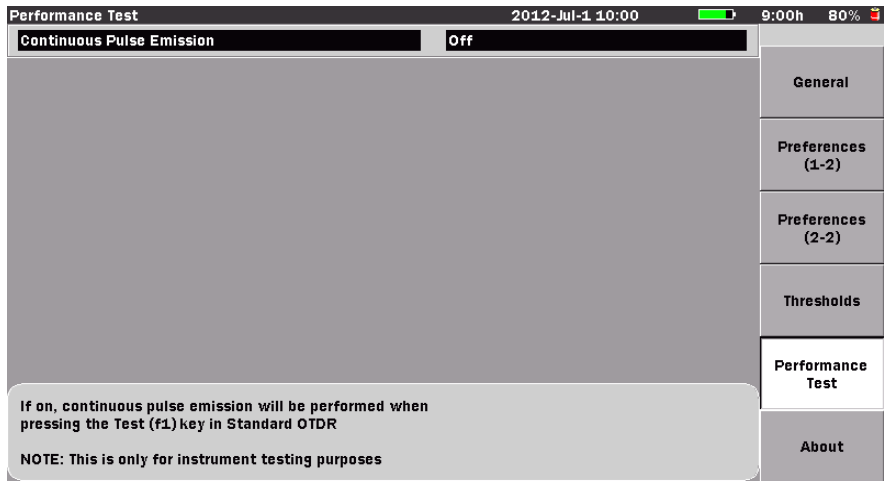
Figure 12-1: Optical Output and Wavelength of OTDR Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.
2. Press the **Setup key** and then press **Preferences (f2)**.
3. Enter the following number, using the Numeric keypad: 9083. The legend on softkey **f5** appears, reading “**Performance Test**”.
4. Press **Performance Test (f5)**. The Performance Test screen appears.

► Note

The Performance Test screen is only used during the Optical Output and Wavelength test and is only available in OTDR (Standard) mode.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 12-2: Performance Test screen

5. Press the **Enter key**, the Continuous Pulse Emission dialog box appears.
6. Press the **Up Arrow key** to highlight “**On**” in the dialog and then press the **Enter key**. The dialog box closes and the Continuous Pulse Emission field reads “**On**”.
7. Press the **ESC key**. The OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.
8. Set the following test parameters:
 - Wavelength (see “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67 for details).
 - Range and Pulse width (see “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67 for details).
9. Press **ManualTest (f1)**, the following message box is superimposed over the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen.

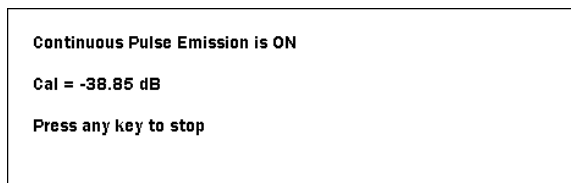


Figure 12-3: Calibration Value Message Box

10. Use the optical power meter to measure the optical output. Set the optical power meter wavelength and Calibration factor prior to measuring the optical output.
11. The laser beam is received by the optical spectrum analyzer when measuring wavelength to adjust the optical spectrum analyzer measurement level and wavelength resolution. Optical spectrum analyzer measurement varies according to the wavelength. Select RMS for 850/1300±30 nm, 1310/1490/1550/1625 ±25 nm, and select Threshold for 1645 to 1655 nm.
12. Check that the optical output and wavelength measured results are within the specifications.
13. When measuring another waveform continuously, repeat steps 8, 9 and 10.
14. When you have finished making all of the desired measurements, return to the Preferences screen and set **Continuous Pulse Emission** to “Off”.

Pulse Width

Check that the pulse width of the output light of the OTDR satisfies the specifications.

This test is performed for each wavelength.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

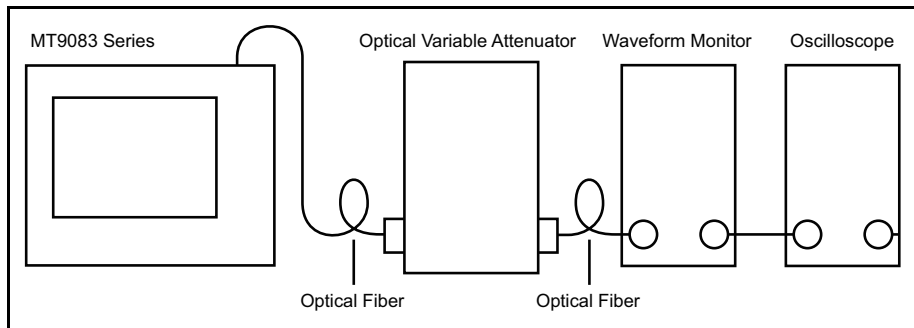


Figure 12-4: Pulse Width Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.

2. With the Level One softkeys displayed press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Wavelength (f3)** and set the desired wavelength. See “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67.
 - b. **Range/Pulse width (f4)** and set the desired distance range and pulse width. See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67.
3. Press **Real Time Off (f2)** to start real time mode. The red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
4. Adjust the oscilloscope amplitude and time base scale to display the waveform in the oscilloscope. Adjust the optical variable attenuator to prevent the waveform monitor from being saturated at this time.
5. Observe the oscilloscope waveform and measure the peak level half amplitude as shown in the following figure then check that measured results are with the specifications.

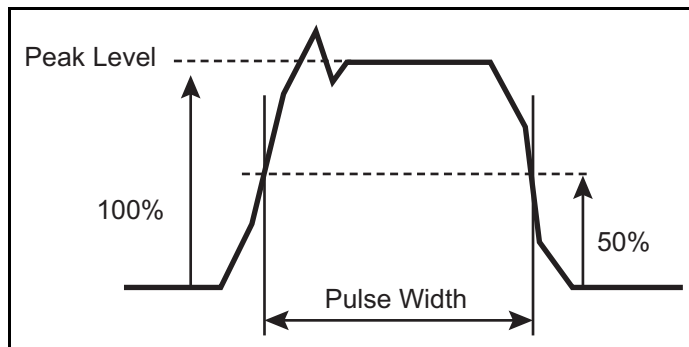


Figure 12-5: Example – Peak Level Half Amplitude measurement

6. When measuring another pulse width continuously, return to the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen and set the pulse width again, the repeat measurement from step 3 above in the same manner.

Dynamic Range (one-way back-scattered light dynamic range test)

Check that the dynamic range satisfies the specifications. This test is performed for each wavelength and pulse width. Background light should be injected for this measurement. For example, when the wavelength is 1650 nm and the pulse width is 20 μ s, the background light of -19 dBm, 1550 nm is injected. Background light is created using the reference light source and optical variable attenuator.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

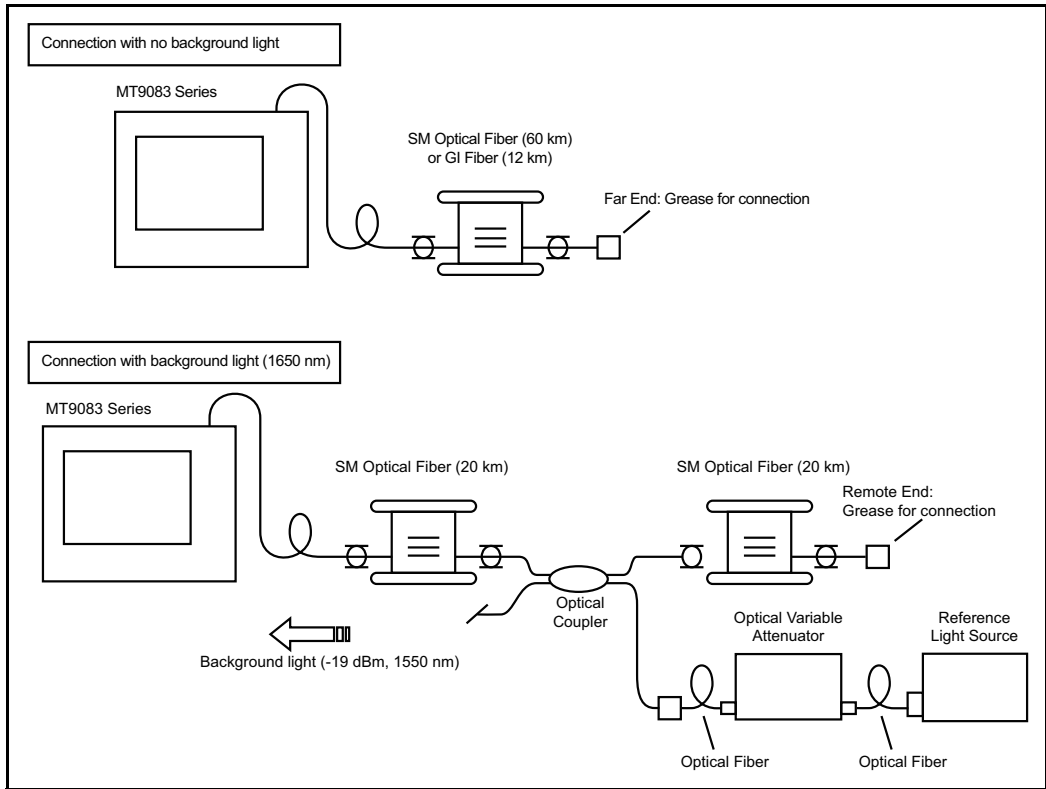


Figure 12-6: Dynamic Range Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.

2. With the Level One softkeys displayed press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Wavelength (f3)** and set the desired wavelength. See “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67.
 - b. **Range/Pulse width (f4)** and set the desired distance range and pulse width. See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67.
3. Press **More (f6)** to display the Level Two softkeys and then press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Average Time (f1)** to set the desired averaging time. See “Setting the Average Time/Average Count” on page 4-70.
 - b. **Loss Mode (f3)** and set the loss mode to **2-Pt Loss**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73.
4. Press **More (f6)** twice to return to the Level One softkeys and then press **Test (f1)** to start the measurement.
5. When the measurement is complete, read the following values from the measurement waveform:
 - Calculate the level of the gap between the MT9083 Series optical connector end level and the floor noise peak level, then add 2.6 dB to this value.
6. Check that this value satisfies the standard values prescribed for each wavelength.

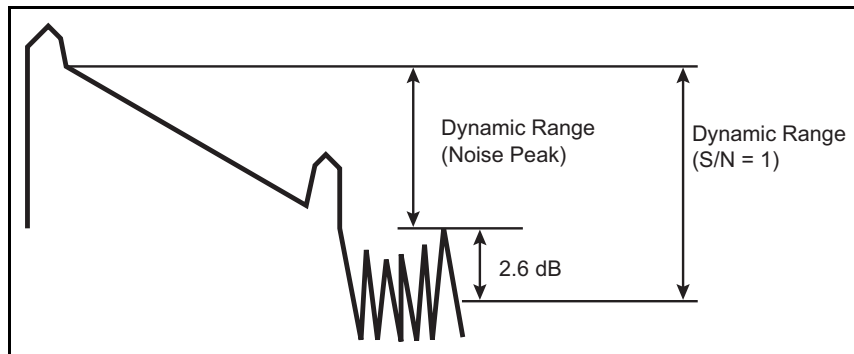


Figure 12-7: Dynamic Range ($S/N = 1$)

Distance Measurement Accuracy

Measure the optical fiber whose length and refraction index are known, then perform a horizontal axis (i.e., measurement distance) accuracy test. This is not required for other ranges when this test is performed at a certain distance range.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

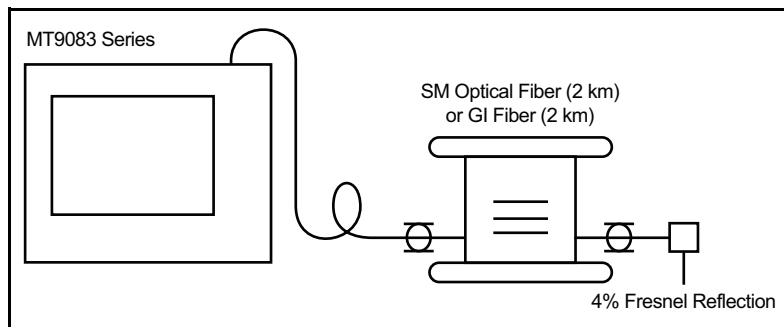


Figure 12-8: Distance Measurement Accuracy Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.
2. With the Level One softkeys displayed press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Wavelength (f3)** and set the desired wavelength. See “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67.
 - b. **Range/Pulse width (f4)** and set the Distance Range to 5 km and then select the desired Pulse Width. See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67.
3. Press **More (f6)** to display the Level Two softkeys and then press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Average Time (f1)** to set the desired averaging time. See “Setting the Average Time/Average Count” on page 4-70.
 - b. **IOR/BSC (f2)** to set the IOR (Index of Refraction) to the known IOR of the test fiber. See “Setting the IOR and BSC” on page 4-72.
4. Press **More (f6)** twice to return to the Level One softkeys and then press **Test (f1)** to start the measurement.

5. Align the active cursor with the rising point of the fiber far-end Fresnel return (see “Selecting and Positioning Cursors” on page 4-56), then press the **Right Arrow key** until the horizontal axis scale is set to 0.005 km/div.
6. Accurately align the active cursor with the Fresnel return rising point (see the following figure), then read the absolute distance. Check that this value satisfies the specifications.

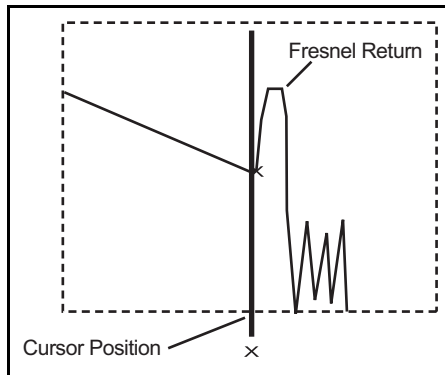


Figure 12-9: Cursor Placement for Distance Measurement Accuracy Test

Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)

Perform a vertical axis (i.e., level measurement) accuracy test.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

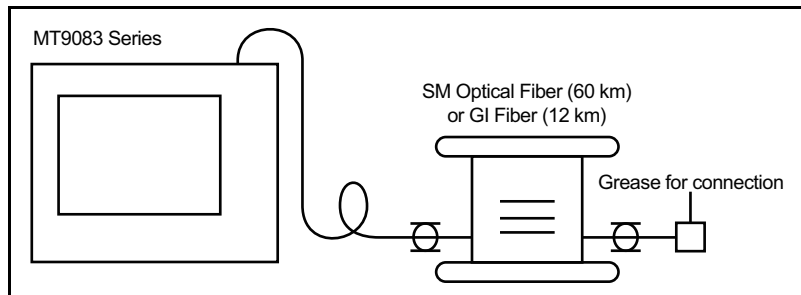


Figure 12-10: Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity) Test – Connection Diagram

Only one wavelength is tested even if the device has multiple wavelengths. This section shows the measurement procedure at 1310 nm.

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.
2. With the Level One softkeys displayed press the following softkeys:
 - a. **Wavelength (f3)** and set the wavelength to 1310 nm. See “Setting the Source Wavelength” on page 4-67.
 - b. **Range/Pulse width (f4)** and set the Pulse Width to 100 ns. See “Setting the Range, Resolution, and Pulse Width” on page 4-67.
3. Press **More (f6)** to display the Level Two softkeys, then press **Loss Mode (f3)** and set the loss mode to **2-Pt LSA**. See “Setting the Loss Mode” on page 4-73.
4. Press **More (f6)** twice to return to the Level One softkeys and then press **Test (f1)** to start the measurement.
5. Measure the loss (L_x) for each 3 km (at 1310 nm) up to approximately 30 km, then calculate the average loss (L_{ave_m}) for these. Perform for each fiber when there are fibers connected at this time.
6. Calculate the difference (L_{diff_n}) between loss (L_x) and average loss (L_{ave_m}).
7. Check that the difference (L_{diff_n}) is less than ± 0.1 dB.

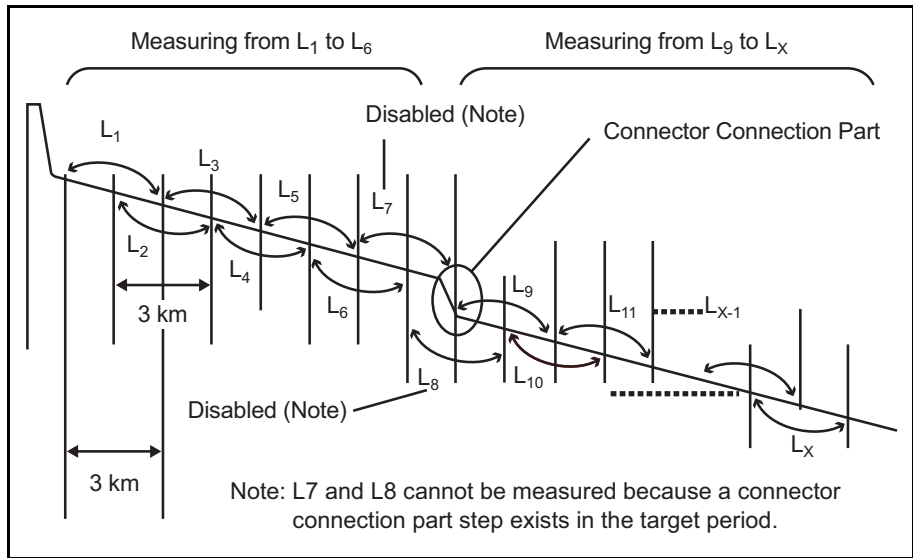


Figure 12-11: Example – When a Fiber (20 km × 2) is connected

Measuring L_1 to L_6

$$L_{ave_1} = (L_1 + L_2 + L_3 + L_4 + L_5 + L_6)/6$$

$$L_{diff_1} = (L_1 - L_{ave_1}), L_{diff_2} = (L_2 - L_{ave_1}), \dots, L_{diff_6} = (L_6 - L_{ave_1})$$

Measuring L_9 to L_x

$$L_{ave_2} = (L_9 + L_{10} + L_{11} + \dots + L_x)/(x - 9 + 1)$$

$$L_{diff_9} = (L_9 - L_{ave_2}), L_{diff_{10}} = (L_{10} - L_{ave_2}), \dots, L_{diff_x} = (L_x - L_{ave_2})$$

Check that the $L_{diff_n}\{L_{diff_1}, L_{diff_2}, \dots, L_{diff_6}, L_{diff_9}, \dots, L_{diff_x}\}$ is ± 0.1 or less.

Optical Output Level and Wavelength of Visual Fault Locator (VLD: option 002 or 102)

This test is performed on MT9083 Series units equipped with the optional Visual Fault Locator (VLD: Visual Laser Diode).

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

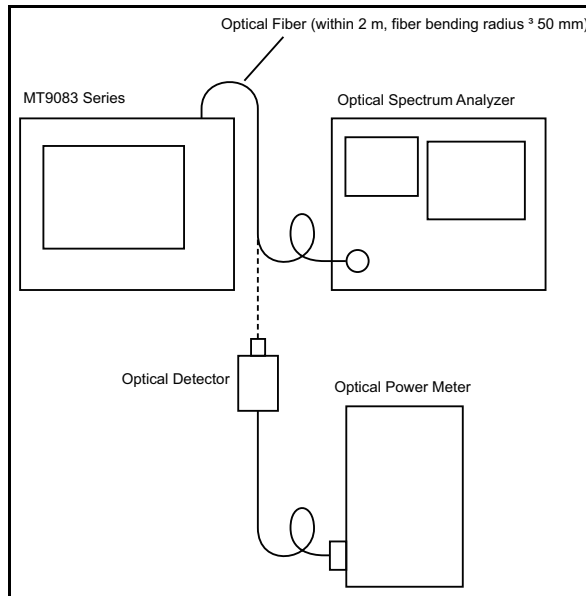


Figure 12-12: Optical Output Level and Wavelength of Visual Fault Locator Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **Visual Fault Locate** and then press the **Enter key**, the Visual Fault Locate screen appears.
2. Press **Light Source Off (f1)** to start the Visual Fault Locator (visible laser diode), the red legend on the softkey changes to “On”.
3. Measure the center wavelength using the optical spectrum analyzer and measure the optical output level using the optical power meter.

► Note

The wavelength and optical output performance test is performed with the Visual Fault Locator set to “On”. Do Not activate the Blink mode.

Optical Output and Wavelength of Optical Light Source for Fiber Identification

Measure the optical output and center wavelength of the optical light source (OLS) for fiber identification.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

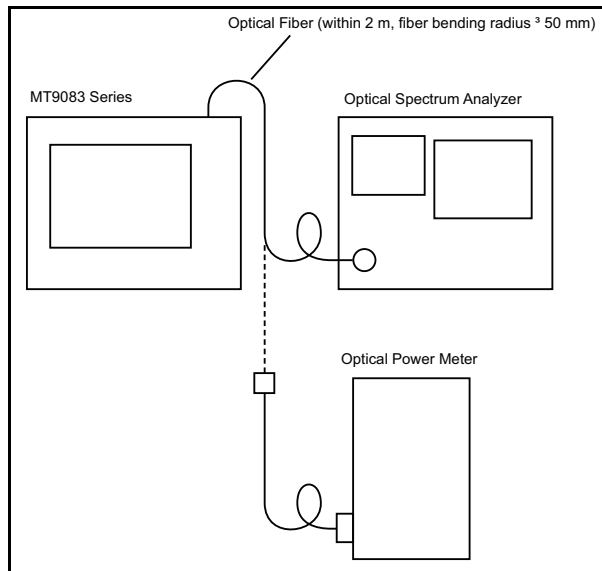


Figure 12-13: Optical Output and Wavelength of OLS Test– Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **Light Source** and then press the **Enter key**, the Light Source screen appears.
2. Press **Wavelength (f2)** until the red legend on the softkey displays the desired wavelength.
3. Press **Modulation (f3)** until the red legend on the softkey displays the desired modulation mode.
4. Press **Light Source (f1)** to start the test. The red legend on the softkey changes from “Off” to “On”.
5. Check that the center wavelength and spectrum width satisfy the specifications by using the optical spectrum analyzer.

6. When measurement is complete, press **Light Source (f1)** to turn off the light source.

Measurement Accuracy of the Optical Power Meter

Check that the measurement accuracy of the optical power meter satisfies the specifications.

Be sure to execute zero offset (see page 9-7) for the optical power meter before starting measurement.

Connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

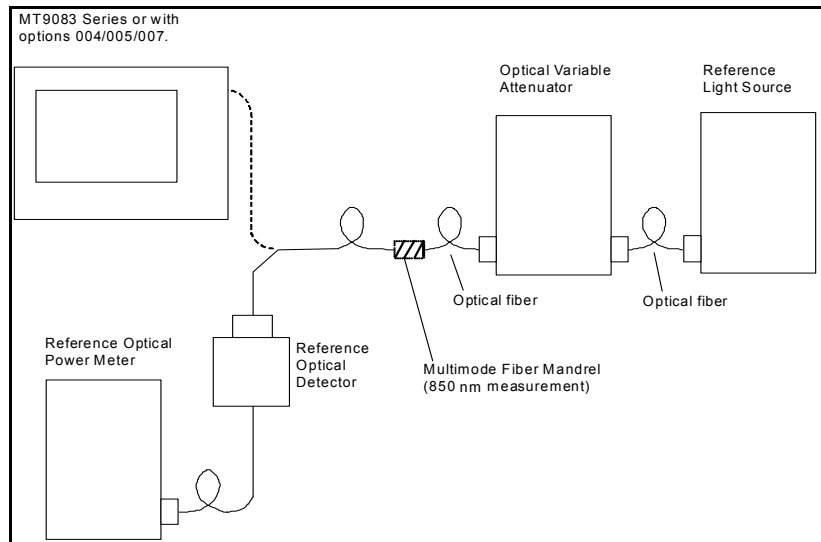


Figure 12-14: Optical Power Meter Measurement Accuracy Test – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

Measure the measurement accuracy for input level -20 dBm and measurement wavelength of 1550 nm. When Option 007 is installed, the measurement is performed for input level -10 dBm and measurement wavelength of 1310/1550/850 nm. When Option 004 or 005 is installed, the measurement is performed for input level 0 dBm and measurement wavelength of 1310/1550 nm.

1. Connect the reference optical power meter to the optical variable attenuator.

2. Adjust the optical variable attenuator so that the indication value of the reference optical power meter is -20.00 dBm (-10 dBm when Option 007 is installed, and 0 dBm when Option 004 or 005 is installed).
3. Connect the MT9083 Series to the optical variable attenuator.
4. Check that the indication value of the MT9083 Series is -20.0 ± 0.27 dBm (measurement accuracy $\pm 6.5\%$). Check that the indication value is -10 ± 0.21 dBm (measurement accuracy $\pm 5\%$) when Option 007 is installed, and -0 ± 0.21 dBm (measurement accuracy $\pm 5\%$) when Option 004 or 005 is installed.

 **Note**

Use a SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and master FC connector.

Calibration

The parameters that can be calibrated with the MT9083 Series are the Backscatter coefficient (BSC) level and the Optical Power Meter measurement accuracy. Of these, the Backscatter coefficient level is the only parameter that the user can calibrate.

Backscatter Coefficient Level Calibration

Prepare the optical connection where the return loss (R_0 dB) is known then connect the devices as shown in the following figure.

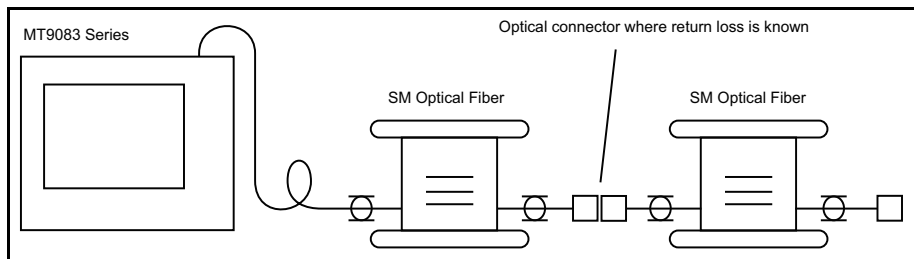


Figure 12-15: Backscatter Coefficient Level Calibration – Connection Diagram

Test Procedure:

1. At the Top Menu screen select **OTDR (Standard)** and then press the **Enter key**, the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen appears.
2. Press the **Setup key**.
3. Press **Preferences (f2)** and then set the **Reflectance Calculation** to **“Auto”**, if not already set. See “Reflectance Calculation” on page 4-6 for details.
4. Press the **ESC key** to close the Setups and return to the OTDR (Standard) Trace screen.
5. Press **More (f6)** until the black legend on **f2** reads **“IOR/BSC”**.
6. Press **IOR/BSC (f2)** and set the BSC to **-80.00dB**. See “Setting the IOR and BSC” on page 4-72 for details.
7. Press **More (f6)** twice.
8. Press **Test (f1)** to start the test.
9. Set cursor A just prior to known reflective event. Auto reflectance calculation will display the measured value.
10. Check that the return peak is not saturated.

11. Perform averaging until maximum noise reduction has occurred.
12. The Return Loss (reflectance) is displayed in the lower left section of the screen (see item 4 in Figure 4-10 on page 4-29). This value is assumed as R_1 dB.
13. Obtain the Difference between R_1 dB and R_0 dB.
14. Add (or subtract) the result from step 13 to the current BSC value so that the measured reflectance equals the known reflectance (R_0 dB).

Optical Power Meter Measurement Accuracy Calibration

Please contact Anritsu for calibration of the OPM measurement accuracy. To maintain the performance of this parameter, we recommend that the MT9083 Series is calibrated once a year.

Performance Test Result Sheet

Test site: _____

Report No.: _____

Date: _____

Test supervisor: _____

Equipment name: _____

Serial No.: _____

Ambient temperature: _____ °C

Relative humidity: _____ %

Note: _____

MT9083A2-Option 073

Test item		Specification		Results		Remarks	
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm				Pulse width: 1 μs	
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm					
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns				±35%	(Indicative values)
	20 ns	20 ns				±35%	
	50 ns	50 ns				±25%	
	100 ns	100 ns				±20%	
	200 ns	200 ns				±10%	
	500 ns	500 ns				±10%	
	1 μs	1 μs				±10%	
	2 μs	2 μs				±10%	
	4 μs	4 μs				±10%	
	10 μs	10 μs				±10%	
20 μs	20 μs				±10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.55	1.31	1.55	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds	
		38 dB	36.5 dB				
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution					
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)					
OLS	Light Source output	-5±1.5 dBm				CW	
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm				CW
1550 nm		1550 ±30 nm					
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%				1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm	
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%				-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	±5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	±5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C	
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm				When Option 002 installed	
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm					

Note:

OLS:Optical light source for fiber identification

OPM:Optical power meter

VLD:Visible laser diode

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083A2-Option 055

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks	
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm \pm 25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μ s	
	1550 nm	1550 nm \pm 25 nm							
	1650 nm	1645 to 1655 nm						Pulse width: 1 μ s Wavelength range of 20 dB less than peak value	
Peak value (Optical output)	1650 nm	+15 dBm or less							
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						\pm 35%	(Indicative values)
	20 ns	20 ns						\pm 35%	
	50 ns	50 ns						\pm 25%	
	100 ns	100 ns						\pm 20%	
	200 ns	200 ns						\pm 10%	
	500 ns	500 ns						\pm 10%	
	1 μ s	1 μ s						\pm 10%	
	2 μ s	2 μ s						\pm 10%	
	4 μ s	4 μ s						\pm 10%	
	10 μ s	10 μ s						\pm 10%	
	20 μ s	20 μ s						\pm 10%	
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μ m]	1.31	1.55	1.65	1.31	1.55	1.65	Pulse width: 20 μ s Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds	
		37.5 dB	36 dB	33.5 dB					
Distance measurement accuracy		\pm 1 m \pm 3 \times measurement distance $\times 10^{-5}$ \pm marker resolution							
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		\pm 0.05 dB/dB or \pm 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)							
OLS	Light Source output	-5 \pm 1.5 dBm						CW	
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 \pm 30 nm					CW	
		1550 nm	1550 \pm 30 nm						
	1650 nm	1650 \pm 5 nm							
OPM	Measurement accuracy	\pm 6.5%						1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm	
OPM (Option)	Option 007	\pm 5%						-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	\pm 5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	\pm 5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C	
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm \pm 15 nm						When Option 002 installed	
	Optical output power	0 \pm 3 dBm							

Notes:

- OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
OPM: Optical power meter
VLD: Visible laser diode
- Note that the measurement port varies according to the measurement wavelength.

MT9083A2-Option 057

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks	
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs	
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm							
	1625 nm	1625 nm ±25 nm							
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						±35%	(Indicative values)
	20 ns	20 ns						±35%	
	50 ns	50 ns						±25%	
	100 ns	100 ns						±20%	
	200 ns	200 ns						±10%	
	500 ns	500 ns						±10%	
	1 μs	1 μs						±10%	
	2 μs	2 μs						±10%	
	4 μs	4 μs						±10%	
	10 μs	10 μs						±10%	
20 μs	20 μs						±10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.55	1.625	1.31	1.55	1.625	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds	
		36 dB	34.5 dB	31.5 dB					
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻³ ± marker resolution							
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)							
OLS	Light Source output	-5 ±1.5 dBm						CW	
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm					CW	
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm						
		1625 nm	1625 ±30 nm						
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%						1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm	
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%						-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C	
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm						When Option 002 installed	
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm							

Note:

OLS:Optical light source
 OPM:Optical power meter
 VLD:Visible laser diode

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083A2-Option 063

Test item			Specification				Results				Remarks	
Wavelength	MMF	850 nm	850 nm \pm 30 nm								Pulse width: 100 ns	
		1300 nm	1300 nm \pm 30 nm									
	SMF	1310 nm	1310 nm \pm 25 nm								Pulse width: 1 μ s	
		1550 nm	1550 nm \pm 25 nm									
Pulse width											The selectable pulse width is 500 ns or less when the wavelength is MMF 850 nm, and 4 μ s or less when the wavelength is 1300 nm.	
		10 ns	10 ns								\pm 35%	(Indicative values)
		20 ns	20 ns								\pm 35%	
		50 ns	50 ns								\pm 25%	
		100 ns	100 ns								\pm 20%	
		200 ns	200 ns								\pm 10%	
		500 ns	500 ns								\pm 10%	
		1 μ s	1 μ s								\pm 10%	
		2 μ s	2 μ s								\pm 10%	
		4 μ s	4 μ s								\pm 10%	
		10 μ s	10 μ s								\pm 10%	
		20 μ s	20 μ s								\pm 10%	
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μ m]	0.85	1.3	1.31	1.55	0.85	1.3	1.31	1.55	Pulse width: 20 μ s Distance range: 100 km for SMF, 25 km for MMF, Average time: 180 seconds 500 ns when the wavelength is 850 nm, and 4 μ s when 1300 nm.		
		28 dB	27 dB	38 dB	36.5 dB							
Distance measurement accuracy		\pm 1 m \pm 3 \times measurement distance \times 10 ⁻⁵ \pm marker resolution										
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		\pm 0.05 dB/dB or \pm 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)										
OLS	Light Source output		-5 \pm 1.5 dBm								CW	
	Center wave-length	850 nm	850 \pm 30 nm								CW	
		1300 nm	1300 \pm 30 nm									
		1310 nm	1310 \pm 30 nm									
1550 nm		1550 \pm 30 nm										

Test item		Specification	Results	Remarks
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%		1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%		-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C
	Option 004	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW
	Option 005	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm		When Option 002 installed
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm		

Notes:

1. OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
 OPM: Optical power meter
 VLD: Visible laser diode
2. Note that the measurement port varies according to the measurement wavelength.

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083B2-Option 053

Test item		Specification		Results		Remarks	
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm \pm 25 nm				Pulse width: 1 μ s	
	1550 nm	1550 nm \pm 25 nm					
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns				\pm 35%	(Indicative values)
	20 ns	20 ns				\pm 35%	
	50 ns	50 ns				\pm 25%	
	100 ns	100 ns				\pm 20%	
	200 ns	200 ns				\pm 10%	
	500 ns	500 ns				\pm 10%	
	1 μ s	1 μ s				\pm 10%	
	2 μ s	2 μ s				\pm 10%	
	4 μ s	4 μ s				\pm 10%	
	10 μ s	10 μ s				\pm 10%	
20 μ s	20 μ s				\pm 10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μ m]	1.31	1.55	1.31	1.55	25°C Pulse width: 20 μ s Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds	
		41 dB	40 dB				
Distance measurement accuracy		\pm 1 m \pm 3 \times measurement distance $\times 10^{-5} \pm$ marker resolution					
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		\pm 0.05 dB/dB or \pm 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)					
OLS	Light Source output	-5 \pm 1.5 dBm				CW	
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 \pm 30 nm			CW	
		1550 nm	1550 \pm 30 nm				
OPM	Measurement accuracy	\pm 6.5%				1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm	
OPM (Option)	Option 007	\pm 5%				-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	\pm 5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	\pm 5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C	
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm \pm 15 nm				When Option 002 installed	
	Optical output power	0 \pm 3 dBm					

Note:

OLS:Optical light source for fiber identification
 OPM:Optical power meter
 VLD:Visible laser diode

MT9083B2-Option 055

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks		
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs		
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm								
	1650 nm	1645 to 1655 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs Wavelength range of 20 dB less than peak value		
Peak value (Optical output)	1650 nm	+15 dBm or less								
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						±35%	(Indicative values)	
	20 ns	20 ns						±35%		
	50 ns	50 ns						±25%		
	100 ns	100 ns						±20%		
	200 ns	200 ns						±10%		
	500 ns	500 ns						±10%		
	1 μs	1 μs						±10%		
	2 μs	2 μs						±10%		
	4 μs	4 μs						±10%		
	10 μs	10 μs						±10%		
	20 μs	20 μs						±10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.55	1.65	1.31	1.55	1.65	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds		
		41 dB	40 dB	34 dB						
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution								
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)								
OLS	Light Source output		-5 ±1.5 dBm						CW	
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm						CW	
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm							
		1650 nm	1650 ±5 nm							

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

Test item		Specification	Results	Remarks
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%		1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%		-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C
	Option 004	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW
	Option 005	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm		When Option 002 installed
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm		

Note:

- OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
 OPM: Optical power meter
 VLD: Visible laser diode
- Note that the measurement port varies according to the measurement wavelength.

MT9083B2-Option 056

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks		
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs		
	1490 nm	1490 nm ±25 nm								
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm								
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						±35%	(Indicative values)	
	20 ns	20 ns						±35%		
	50 ns	50 ns						±25%		
	100 ns	100 ns						±20%		
	200 ns	200 ns						±10%		
	500 ns	500 ns						±10%		
	1 μs	1 μs						±10%		
	2 μs	2 μs						±10%		
	4 μs	4 μs						±10%		
	20 μs	20 μs						±10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.49	1.55	1.31	1.49	1.55	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds		
		41 dB	40 dB	40 dB						
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻³ ± marker resolution								
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)								
OLS	Light Source output	-5 ±1.5 dBm						CW		
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm						CW	
		1490 nm	1490 ±30 nm							
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm							
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%						1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm		
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%						-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C		
	Option 004	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW		
	Option 005	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C		
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm						When Option 002 installed		
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm								

Note:

OLS:Optical light source for fiber identification
 OPM:Optical power meter
 VLD:Visible laser diode

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083B2-Option 057

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks		
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs		
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm								
	1625 nm	1625 nm ±25 nm								
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						±35%	(Indicative values)	
	20 ns	20 ns						±35%		
	50 ns	50 ns						±25%		
	100 ns	100 ns						±20%		
	200 ns	200 ns						±10%		
	500 ns	500 ns						±10%		
	1 μs	1 μs						±10%		
	2 μs	2 μs						±10%		
	4 μs	4 μs						±10%		
	20 μs	20 μs						±10%		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.55	1.625	1.31	1.55	1.625	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds		
		39 dB	38 dB	37 dB						
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻³ ± marker resolution								
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)								
OLS	Light Source output	-5 ±1.5 dBm						CW		
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm						CW	
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm							
		1625 nm	1625 ±30 nm							
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%						1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm		
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%						-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C		
	Option 004	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW		
	Option 005	±5%						0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C		
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm						When Option 002 installed		
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm								

Note:

OLS:Optical light source for fiber identification

OPM:Optical power meter

VLD:Visible laser diode

MT9083B2-Option 058

Test item		Specification				Results				Remarks		
Wavelength	1310 nm	1310 nm ±25 nm								Pulse width: 1 μs		
	1490 nm	1490 nm ±25 nm										
	1550 nm	1550 nm ±25 nm										
	1625 nm	1625 nm ±25 nm										
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns								±35%	(Indicative values)	
	20 ns	20 ns								±35%		
	50 ns	50 ns								±25%		
	100 ns	100 ns								±20%		
	200 ns	200 ns								±10%		
	500 ns	500 ns								±10%		
	1 μs	1 μs								±10%		
	2 μs	2 μs								±10%		
	4 μs	4 μs								±10%		
	10 μs	10 μs								±10%		
20 μs	20 μs								±10%			
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.49	1.55	1.625	1.31	1.49	1.55	1.625	Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km, Average time: 180 seconds		
		41 dB	40 dB	40 dB	39 dB							
Distance measurement accuracy		±1 m ±3 × measurement distance × 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution										
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)										
OLS	Light Source output	-5 ±1.5 dBm								CW		
	Center wave-length	1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm								CW	
		1490 nm	1490 ±30 nm									
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm									
	1625 nm	1625 ±30 nm										
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%								1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm		
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%								-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C		
	Option 004	±5%								0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW		
	Option 005	±5%								0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C		
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm								When Option 002 installed		
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm										

Note: OLS:Optical light source for fiber identification
OPM:Optical power meter, VLD:Visible laser diode

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083B2-Option 063

Test item			Specification				Results				Remarks		
Wavelength	MMF	850 nm	850 nm \pm 30 nm								Pulse width: 100 ns		
		1300 nm	1300 nm \pm 30 nm										
	SMF	1310 nm	1310 nm \pm 25 nm								Pulse width: 1 μ s		
		1550 nm	1550 nm \pm 25 nm										
Pulse width												The selectable pulse width is 500 ns or less when the wavelength is MMF 850 nm, and 4 μ s or less when the wavelength is 1300 nm.	
	10 ns	10 ns								\pm 35%	(Indicative values)		
	20 ns	20 ns								\pm 35%			
	50 ns	50 ns								\pm 25%			
	100 ns	100 ns								\pm 20%			
	200 ns	200 ns								\pm 10%			
	500 ns	500 ns								\pm 10%			
	1 μ s	1 μ s								\pm 10%			
	2 μ s	2 μ s								\pm 10%			
	4 μ s	4 μ s								\pm 10%			
	10 μ s	10 μ s								\pm 10%			
20 μ s	20 μ s								\pm 10%				
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Wavelength [μ m]	0.85	1.3	1.31	1.55	0.85	1.3	1.31	1.55	25°C Pulse width: 20 μ s Distance range: 25 km, Average time: 180 seconds, 500 nm when the wavelength is 850 nm, and 4 μ s when 1300 nm.			
		28 dB	27 dB	41 dB	40 dB								
Distance measurement accuracy			\pm 1 m \pm 3 \times measurement distance $\times 10^{-5}$ \pm marker resolution										
Loss measurement accuracy (Linearity)			\pm 0.05 dB/dB or \pm 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)										

Test item		Specification	Results	Remarks	
OLS	Light Source output	-5 ±1.5 dBm		CW	
	Center wave-length	850 nm	850 ±30 nm		CW
		1330 nm	1300 ±30 nm		
		1310 nm	1310 ±30 nm		
		1550 nm	1550 ±30 nm		
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%		1550 nm, CW, -20 dBm	
OPM (Option)	Option 007	±5%		-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C	
VLD	Center wavelength	650 nm ±15 nm		When Option 002 installed	
	Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm			

Note:

1. OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
OPM: Optical power meter
VLD: Visible laser diode
2. Note that the measurement port varies according to the measurement wavelength.

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083C2-Option053

Test item		Specification		Results		Remarks	
Wavelength	1310nm	1310±25 nm				Pulse width : 1 µs	
	1550 nm	1550±25 nm					
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns				(Indicative value)	
	20 ns	20 ns					
	50 ns	50 ns					
	100 ns	100 ns					
	200 ns	200 ns					
	500 ns	500 ns					
	1000 ns	1000 ns					
	1 µs	1 µs					
	2 µs	2 µs					
	4 µs	4 µs					
	10 µs	10 µs					
	20 µs	20 µs					
Dynamic Range (S/N=1)	Wavelength [µm]	1.31	1.55	1.31	1.55	25°C Pulse width : 20 µs Distance range : 100 km Average time : 180 sec	
		45 dB	45 dB				
		25 dB	25 dB			25°C Pulse width : 100 ns (Enhanced Range mode) Distance range : 100 km Average time : 180 sec	
Distance Measurement Accuracy		±1m±3 measurement distance 10 ⁻⁵ ±marker resolution					
Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)					
OLTS	Light Source Output	-5±1.5 dBm				CW	
	Center wavelength	1310 nm	1310±30 nm				CW
		1550 nm	1550±30 nm				
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%				1550 nm, CW -20 dBm	
OPM(option)	Option 007	±5%				-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C	
	Option 004	±5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW	
	Option 005	±5%				0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm,CW,25°C	

MT9083C2-Option053

VLD	Center wavelength	650±15 nm		When Option 002 installed
	Optical Output power	0±dBm		

Note:

- OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
- OPM: Optical power meter
- VLD: Visible laser diode

MT9083C2-Option057

Test item		Specification			Results			Remarks
Wavelength	1310nm	1310±25 nm						Pulse width: 1 μs
	1550 nm	1550±25 nm						
	1625 nm	1625±25 nm						
Pulse width	10 ns	10 ns						(Indicative value)
	20 ns	20 ns						
	50 ns	50 ns						
	100 ns	100 ns						
	200 ns	200 ns						
	500 ns	500 ns						
	1000 ns	1000 ns						
	1 μs	1 μs						
	2 μs	2 μs						
	4 μs	4 μs						
	10 μs	10 μs						
20 μs	20 μs							
Dynamic Range (S/N=1)	Wavelength [μm]	1.31	1.55	1.625	1.31	1.55	1.625	25°C Pulse width: 20 μs Distance range: 100 km Average time: 180 sec
		45 dB	45 dB	43 dB				
		25 dB	25 dB	23 dB				25°C Pulse width: 100 ns (Enhanced Range mode) Distance range: 100 km Average time: 180 sec
Distance Measurement Accuracy		±1m±3 measurement distance 10 ⁻⁵ ±marker resolution						
Loss Measurement Accuracy (Linearity)		±0.05 dB/dB or 0.1 dB (Whichever is greater)						

Chapter 12: Performance Test and Calibration

MT9083C2-Option057

OLTS	Light Source Output	-5±1.5 dBm		CW
	Center wavelength	1310 nm	1310±30 nm	CW
		1550 nm	1550±30 nm	
		1625 nm	1625±30 nm	
OPM	Measurement accuracy	±6.5%		1550 nm, CW -20 dBm
OPM(option)	Option 007	±5%		-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW -10 dBm, 850 nm, CW, 25°C
	Option 004	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW
	Option 005	±5%		0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW, 25°C
VLD	Center wavelength	650±15 nm		When Option 002 installed
	Optical Output power	0±dBm		

Note:

OLS: Optical light source for fiber identification
 OPM: Optical power meter
 VLD: Visible laser diode

Chapter 13: Maintenance

This chapter details cleaning, storage and transport of the MT9083 Series to help maintain performance.

Optical Connector/Optical Adapter Cleaning

Optical connectors and adapters need periodic cleaning. Although the following procedures use the FC connector and adapter as an example, use the same methods when cleaning other connector and adapter types.

Cleaning the MT9083 Series Connector Ferrule End Surface

Use an approved adapter cleaner to clean the ferrule inside of the MT9083 Series measurement port(s). The ferrule should be cleaned periodically.

To clean the Ferrule end surface:

1. Remove the currently connected adapter by raising the adapter lever (you will hear a “click” when the latch disengages) and then gently pull the adapter straight towards you.

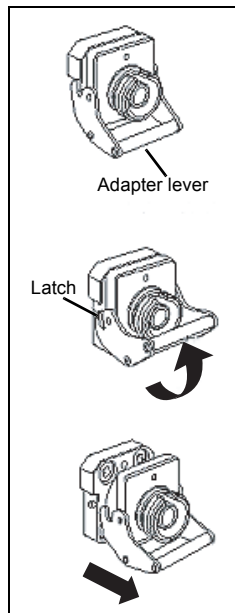


Figure 13-1: Removing the Optical Adapter

2. Saturate an adapter cleaner with isopropyl alcohol and then use it to clean the end surface and sides of the ferrule.

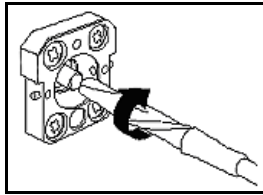
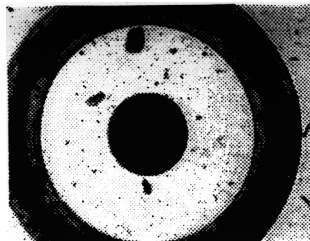
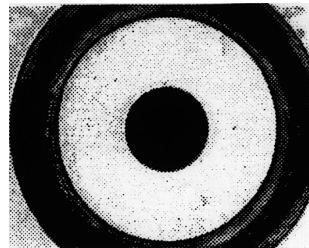


Figure 13-2: Cleaning the Ferrule End Surface

3. Press the tip of a new (dry) adapter cleaner into the ferrule end surface and then wipe in one direction 2 or 3 times to dry the surface. Dust and other contaminants in the isopropyl alcohol may remain on the ferrule end surface if cleaning is not properly finished.
4. Clean the connector adapter before reattaching it. See the following procedure “To clean an Optical Adapter:” for details.
5. Attach the adapter in the reverse order described in step 1. Be careful not to scratch the ferrule end surface.
6. OPTIONAL: With the MT9083 Series powered down, inspect the ferrule using a hand held microscope or magnifier. It should appear similar to the Clean Ferrule Tip below (see Figure 13-3).



Contaminated Ferrule End Surface



Clean Ferrule End Surface

Figure 13-3: Magnified Ferrule End Surface

Cleaning the Optical Adapter

Use an approved adapter cleaner to clean the optical fiber cable optical adapter.

To clean an Optical Adapter:

1. Remove the Optical adapter. See step 1 of “To clean the Ferrule end surface:” on page 13-1 for details.
2. Saturate an adapter cleaner with isopropyl alcohol and then insert it into the split sleeve of the adapter. Rotate the adapter cleaner in one direction while moving it back and forth.

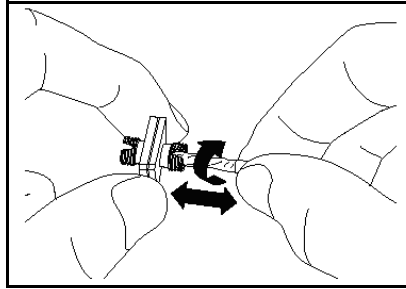


Figure 13-4: Cleaning an Optical Adapter

► Note

Check the ferrule diameter and use a cleaner only for the $\varnothing 1.25$ mm or $\varnothing 2.5$ mm adapter.

Cleaning the Optical Fiber Cable Ferrule End Surface

It is advised that you clean the ferrule end surface of the fiber to be tested with an approved ferrule cleaner prior to making any connections.

To clean the optical fiber Ferrule end surface:

1. Pull the ferrule cleaner lever to expose the cleaning surface.

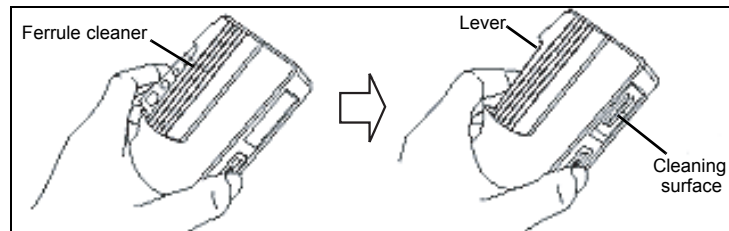


Figure 13-5: Ferrule Cleaner – details

2. Hold the lever in the opened position, press the optical connector ferrule end into the cleaning surface, and then rub in one direction as shown in the following figure.

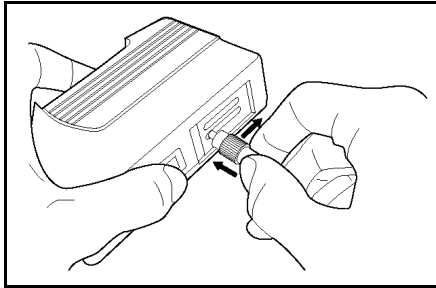


Figure 13-6: Cleaning the Optical Fiber Ferrule End Surface

General Notes on Cleaning

1. Do not clean with a used ferrule cleaner.
2. Do not finish cleaning with a swab as the swab fibers may adhere.
3. Cap the cleaned connector.

⚠ WARNING

Check that no light is being emitted when cleaning and checking the ferrule end surface.

⚠ CAUTION

The MT9083 Series may not satisfy performance when used with dirt or dust adhering to the ferrule end surface. In addition, the connected fiber and/or the MT9083 Series ferrule end surface may be burned if high output light is emitted in this state. Fully clean the fiber to be connected and the MT9083 Series ferrule end surface before measurement.

Notes On Storage

Note the following when storing for long periods.

1. Remove any dust or dirt adhering to the MT9083 Series before storage.
2. Avoid storing in locations with high temperatures above 60°C, low temperatures below -20°C, or in humidity above 85%.
3. Avoid storing in locations where there is direct sunlight or in dusty locations.

4. Avoid storing in locations where water droplets are adhering or where exposed to active gases.
5. Avoid storing in locations that may oxidize the MT9083 Series or in locations with severe vibrations.
6. Remove the battery pack from the MT9083 Series and store separately.

Recommended Storage Conditions

It is recommended to store the MT9083 Series in the following conditions, as well as to satisfy the general notes described above.

1. Temperature: 5 to 30°C
2. Humidity: 40 to 75%
3. Locations where there is little daily temperature or humidity changes.

Transporting

Use the original shipping materials, or an approved optional transit case, when repacking the MT9083 Series for transport. Repack according to the following procedure when the original shipping materials (or a transit case) are not available.

To repack the MT9083 Series for transport:

1. Clean the MT9083 Series with a soft, dry cloth.
2. Make sure that all port covers and fasteners are securely in place.
3. Place the MT9083 Series in a polyester bag. Make sure that the bag is large enough to seal to protect the unit.
4. Use a heavy, corrugated cardboard box several times larger than the MT9083 Series to provide ample space for the unit and for protective packing materials such as “bubble” wrap or “packing peanuts” to provide cushioning. Make sure that the MT9083 Series is nested within the packing material.
5. Seal the box with adhesive tape along the seams.

Chapter 14: Remote GUI Function

Outline

MT9083 supports remote control via PC. The screen simulates the operation panel and buttons of the unit, allowing you to operate with a mouse.

It is also possible to transfer and save the files stored in the MT9083 to your PC.

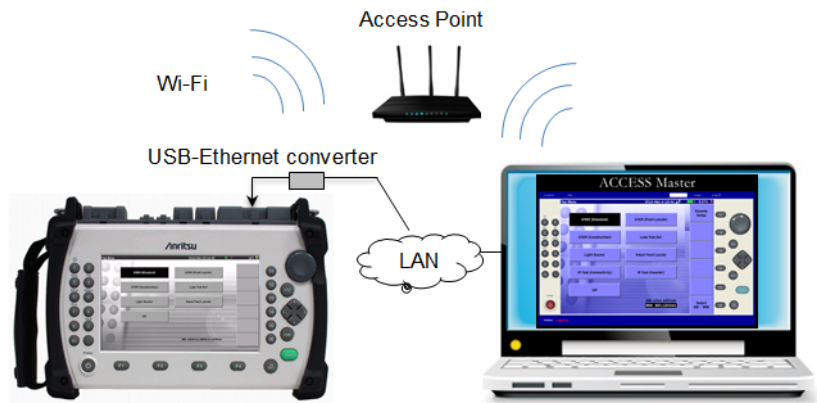


Figure 14-1: Remote GUI Overview

When this function is used, the main unit works as a web server. Therefore, the PC side is not required to have dedicated software. It is also possible to control the main unit via network.

One of following interfaces is available for PC connection.

- Ethernet cable
- Wi-Fi

The following is required to use the Remote GUI function.

Table 14-1: Required Equipment

Equipment	Performance
PC	OS: Windows XP Professional SP3 or Windows 7 CPU: Intel Pentium 4 3.0 GHz or more Memory: 1 GB or more Free hard disk space: 5 GB or more Interface: Ethernet (10/100BASE-T), Wi-Fi Display: 1280 × 1024 or more
Software	Microsoft Internet Explorer Ver 8.0 or later Adobe Flash Player 10.1 or later
USB Ethernet Converter	USB1.1/2.0 support, 10/100 BASE-T
USB Wi-Fi dongle	USB1.1/2.0 support
USB Hub ^{*1}	USB1.1/2.0 support, 2 ports or more

*1: Required for USB memory.

 **Note**

Anritsu does not guarantee the performance of USB-Ethernet converters, and USB Wi-Fi dongle that are not supplied by Anritsu.

Preparation

Ethernet Cable connection

Connect the Ethernet cable to the USB connector of the main unit, via USB-Ethernet converter.



Figure 14-2: Ethernet Cable Connection

Dongle connection

Connect the Wi-Fi dongle to the USB connector of the main unit.



Figure 14-3: Dongle Connection

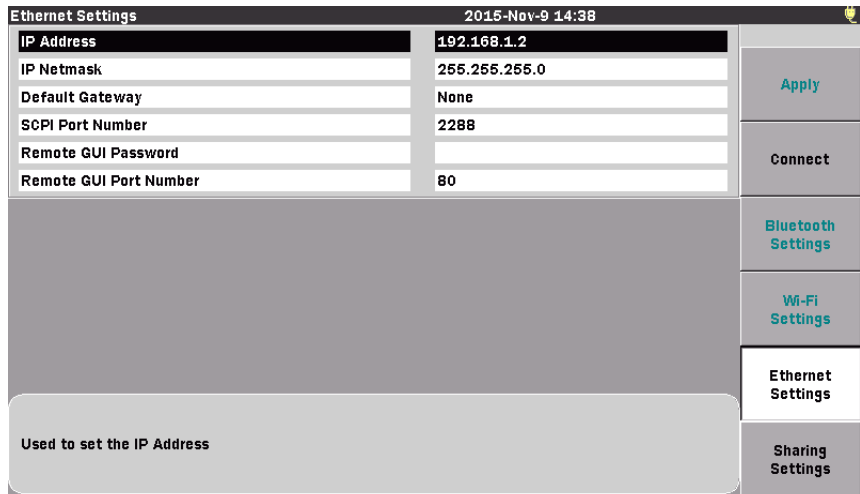
Ethernet Setup on Main Unit

To prepare the unit for connection to the network and remote control, it is necessary to establish a proper network address and password for the unit. When using Ethernet cable for PC connection, once the unit is powered on and the Top Menu is displayed, perform the following steps:

1. Connect the USB end of the USB to Ethernet adapter to the USB type A port of the MT9083. The EthernetSettings screen appears.

Note

If the Ethernet adapter is plugged and de-plugged too frequently, USB port may stop working. If this is the case, turn off the power of MT9083 once and turn back on.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 14-4: EthernetSettings Screen

To set the IP Address, IP Netmask, and Default Gateway:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight the field.
2. Press the **Enter** key. An editor appears.



Figure 14-5: Editor

3. Use the **Numeric keypad**, **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys, and **Rotary knob** to change the value.

Note

When editing **Default Gateway**, press **None (f1)** to indicate that no default gateway address is to be used.

To set the Remote GUI Password:

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Remote GUI Password**.
2. Press the **Enter** key.
3. The **Text Entry** dialog box appears. Up to 12 characters in length is acceptable. This password will be required to gain access to the unit from the remote client.

Note

The default password is blank.

To set the Remote GUI Port Number:



The Remote Control feature uses HTTP protocol for communications. The default port for HTTP protocol is 80. In some cases, due to network configuration rules, it may be necessary to change the default port for HTTP.

1. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys** (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Remote GUI Port Number**.
2. Press the **Enter** key. Use the editor to change the value. Acceptable values are 1 through 65535.

Note

If the default port number for HTTP is changed, the new port number must be specified in the URL that is entered into the Web browser to start the Remote Control client. See “Connection” on page 14-12 for details.

To accept changes made to Ethernet Settings parameters:

1. Once all fields have been entered, press the **Apply (f1)** key to record the new settings. The Ethernet Settings screen will close and the Top Menu will be shown.
2. A network icon  will appear at the top of the screen to indicate that remote control communication is active. To disable the network connection once the communication is established, press **Disable Remote (f2)** key. The network icon  will disappear.

Note

Upon pressing the **Apply (f1)** key, note that any existing network connection will be dropped so the network connection can be re-configured to use the new settings. If the Remote Client is used to change the network configuration on the Ethernet Settings screen, upon pressing the **Apply (f1)** key, its connection will be dropped and the Remote Client will no longer be able to communicate with the Remote Unit. In this case it is necessary to re-enter the URL in the Web browser using the new IP Address (and port if not 80) to obtain a new client connection.

Wi-Fi Setup

When using Wi-Fi for PC connection, once the unit is powered on and the Top Menu is displayed, perform the following steps:

1. Connect the USB Wi-Fi dongle to the USB type A port of the MT9083. The Wi-Fi Setting screen appears.

Wi-Fi setting		2015-Nov-9 14:40
Selected Network		
Password		
DHCP	On	Apply
IP Address		Connect
IP Netmask		Bluetooth Settings
Default Gateway	None	Wi-Fi Settings
SCPI Port Number	2288	Ethernet Settings
Remote GUI Password		Sharing Settings
Remote GUI Port Number	80	
Used to set the Selected Network		

Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 14-6: Wi-Fi Setting Screen

2. Use the Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow keys (or the Rotary knob) to highlight Selected Network.
3. Press the **Enter** key to display the Choose Network screen.
 - Press **Select (f1)** key to select the network.
 - Press **Refresh (f2)** key to search access points
 - If setting SSID manually, press **Other (f3)** key.



Figure 14-7: Choose Network Screen

4. Use the **Left/Right/Up/Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to highlight **Password**.
5. Press the **Enter** key to display the password dialog box.
6. Press **Apply (f1)** key to set the password.

For other items, refer to “To set the IP Address, IP Netmask, and Default Gateway:” on page 14-5.

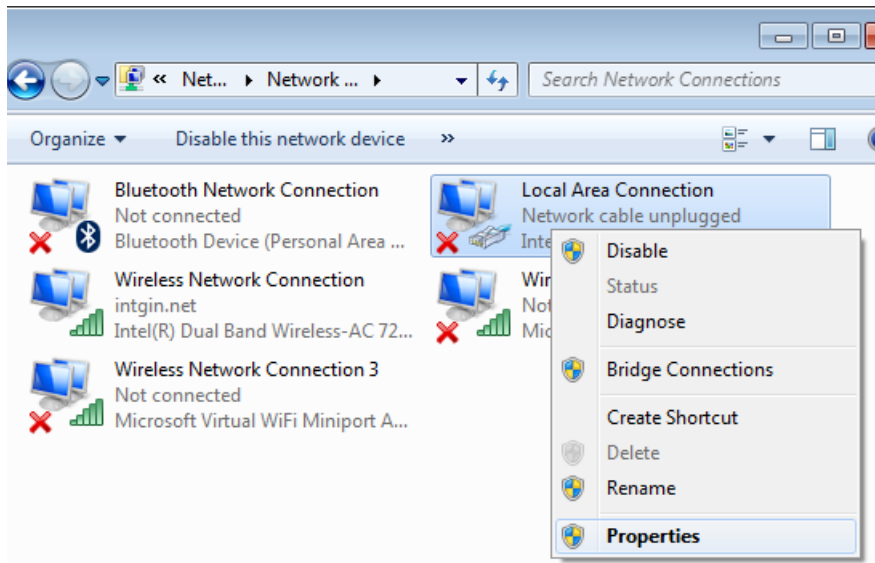
Note

If the USB Wi-Fi dongle is plugged and de-plugged too frequently, USB port may stop working. If this is the case, turn off the power of MT9083 once and turn back on.

Network Setup on PC

Usually, the IP address is assigned to PC automatically. If you need to designate IP address, perform the following steps.

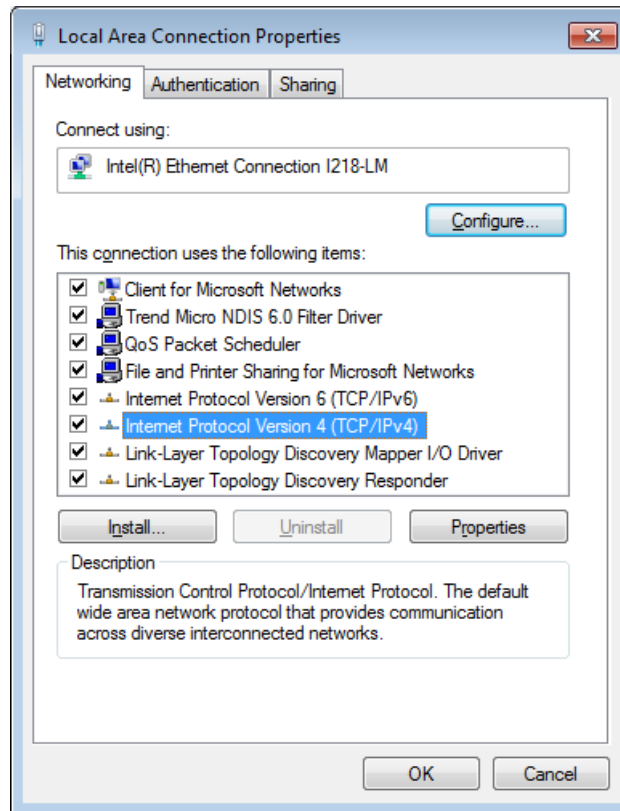
1. The example uses the Window 7 screens. Click **Start**, click **Control Panel**, and click **Network and Internet**.
2. Click **Network and Internet Center**, and click **Change adapter setting**.
3. Right-click **Local Area Connection**, when using the Ethernet adapter. And then click **Properties**.



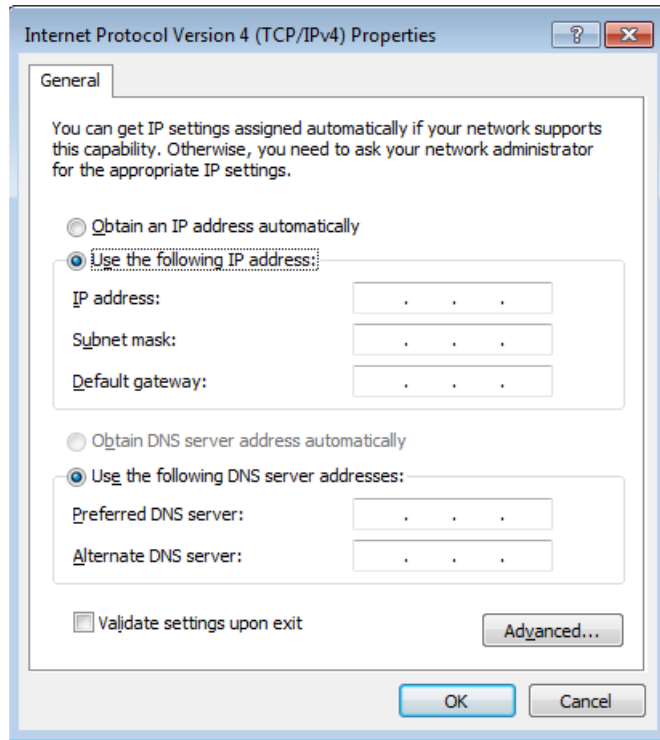
Note

Right-click **Wireless Network Connection**, when using Wi-Fi dongle.

4. The **Local Area Connection Properties** dialog box appears. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)**.



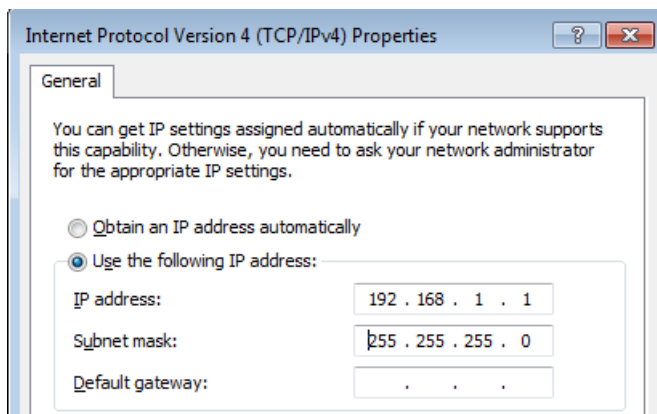
5. Click **Properties**. The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** dialog box appears. Select **Use the following IP address**.



6. For the IP address, assign the network address that is different from the one set for the main unit. In this document, we use the below address. When finished, click **OK**.

IP address: 192.168.1.1

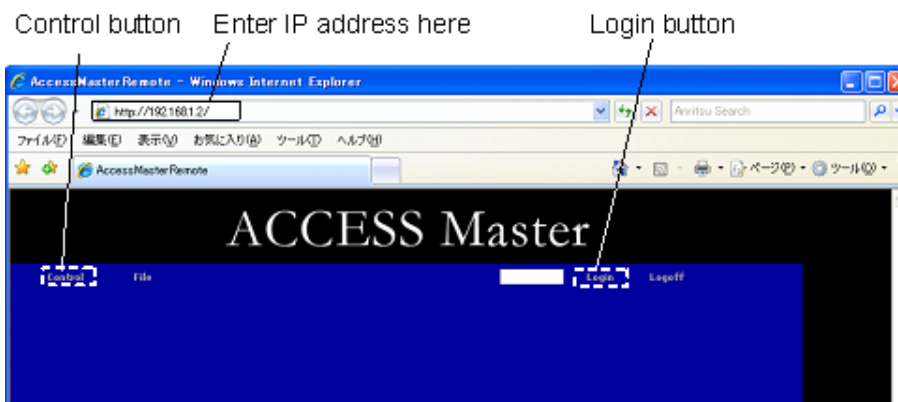
Subnet mask: 255.255.255.0



7. Click OK on the **Local Area Connection Properties** dialog box.


Connection

1. When connecting the Access Master via Wi-Fi, connect to the access point.
2. Open a web browser on your PC.
3. In the address bar, enter the IP address you set for the Access Master. In this example, enter “http://192.168.1.2”.
4. The following screen will appear when connection is established. When a message indicates no network is found, ensure that no problem exists for cable connection, network setting at PC and the main unit.



5. Enter the password set at the main unit, and then click **Login**.
6. Press **Control**, and the unit's panel screen displays.



7. A network icon  appears on the upper right of the screen, indicating that unit is now control via Remote GUI.

Operation

Panel operation

Just as you use the panel button on the actual main unit, you can click the buttons of Remote GUI on-screen.

Available keys for Remote GUI mode turns red when you move the cursor over it.



Figure 14-8: Available Hard Key Display

A click on the rotary knob moves the marker or cursor. The speed with which the cursor and marker moves is determined by the size of the red circle, as shown.

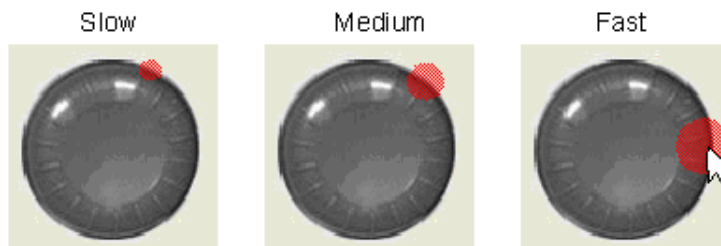


Figure 14-9: Rotary Knob Speed Display

You cannot rotate the rotary knob on the Remote GUI.

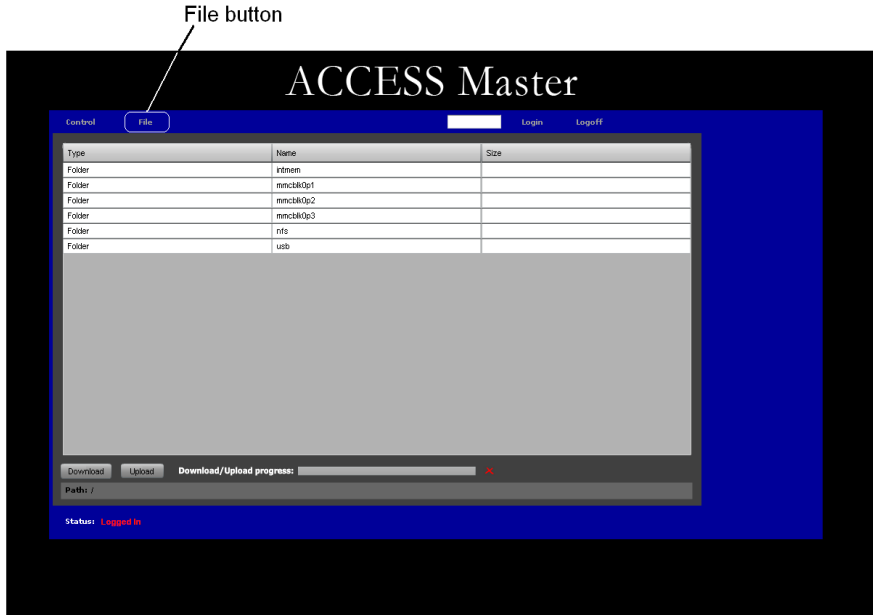
Also, you cannot move any by keep pressing the rotary knob on the Remote GUI.

⚠ CAUTION

If you change the remote control configuration (such as IP address) on the Remote GUI, you can no longer control the main unit.

File operation

Click File to display the file operation screen.



Click the **Name** column on the first line to switch the save destination.

Intmem: internal memory

usb: USB memory

No file name will display even if you select "usb", when no USB memory is connected.

File transfer from the main unit to PC

1. Click the file name to be transferred.
To select multiple files, click the mouse while pressing and holding **Shift** or **Ctrl** key. When multiple files are selected, it will be saved in a zip file.
2. Click **Download** on the bottom left. Save destination selection screen will display.
3. Choose the destination folder, and click **OK**.

File transfer from PC to the main unit

1. Click **Upload** on the bottom left. A file selection screen will display.
2. Click to select the file to be transferred.
To select multiple files, click the mouse while pressing and holding **Shift** or **Ctrl** key.
3. Click **OK**. Ensure that the PC has enough free disk space.

Note

1. If total of multiple transferred files exceeds 5 MB, an error message appears. In this case, the selected files will not be archived.
2. File transfer will also fail when any of the following is used for the file name: `\:*?"<>|#%+&`

No folder can be loaded on the file operation screen when any of the following is used for the folder name: `\:*?"<>|#%+&`

File transfer from the main unit to PC becomes possible if file/folder name is changed in **File Utility** via panel operation.

3. You cannot upload the file whose name includes multi-byte character.

Chapter 15: Folder Sharing

Outline

When connecting via Ethernet cable, Wi-Fi, or Bluetooth, the folder of MT9083 can be shared with remote PC.



Figure 15-1: Folder Sharing Overview

When this function is used, the MT9083 works as a network PC. Therefore, the shared internal memory appears as a shared folder in the Explorer on Windows PC. On the other hand, mounting the folder to MT9083 allows to access shared folder on network PC from MT9083.

One of the following interfaces is available for PC connection.

- Ethernet cable
- Wi-Fi
- Bluetooth

The following is required to use the Folder Sharing function.

Table 15-1: Required Equipment

Equipment	Performance
PC	OS: Windows XP Professional SP3 or Windows 7 Interface: Ethernet (10/100BASE-T), Wi-Fi, or Bluetooth
USB Ethernet Converter	USB1.1/2.0 support, 10/100 BASE-T
USB Wi-Fi dongle	USB1.1/2.0 support
USB Bluetooth dongle	USB1.1/2.0 support
USB Hub ^{*1}	USB1.1/2.0 support, 2 ports or more

*1: Required for USB memory.

Note

Anritsu does not guarantee the performance of USB-Ethernet converters, USB Wi-Fi dongle, and Bluetooth dongle that are not supplied by Anritsu.

Note

Do not connect a USB cable to USB type B connector when the folder is shared.

Note

MT9083 cannot handle double-byte characters. Do not use double-byte characters to a folder name in shared folder.

Preparation

Ethernet cable or Wi-Fi Setup

Refer to “Preparation” on page 14-3 for connection and IP address settings

Bluetooth Setup

When using Bluetooth for PC connection, once the unit is powered on and the Top Menu is displayed, perform the following steps if changing the settings:

1. Connect the USB Bluetooth dongle to the USB type A port of the MT9083. The Bluetooth setting screen appears.

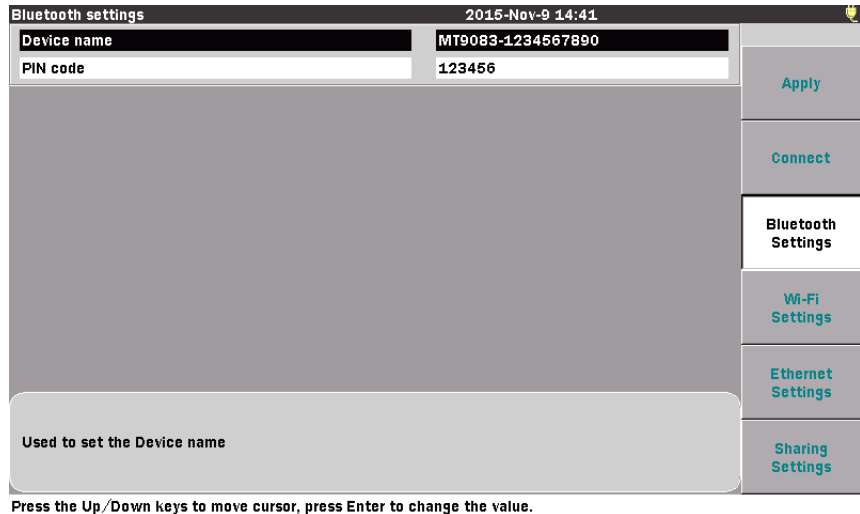


Figure 15-2: Bluetooth settings Screen

2. Use the **Up/Down Arrow** keys or the **Rotary knob** to highlight **Device name**. The default device name is “MT9083-(serial number)”.
3. If you need to change the Device name, press the **Enter** key. Use the editor to set the device name.
4. Use the **Up/Down Arrow** keys or the **Rotary knob** to highlight **PIN code**. The default PIN code is “1234”.
5. If you need to change the PIN code, press the **Enter** key. Use the editor to change the value.

To search Bluetooth devices

1. Use the **Up/Down Arrow** keys or the **Rotary knob** to highlight **Access point**.
2. Press the **Enter** key to display “Select Bluetooth Device” screen.
 - Press **Select (f1)** key to select the network.
 - Press **Refresh (f2)** key to search access points

 **Note**

If the USB Bluetooth dongle is plugged and de-plugged too frequently, USB port may stop working. If this is the case, turn off the power of MT9083 once and turn back on.

 **Note**

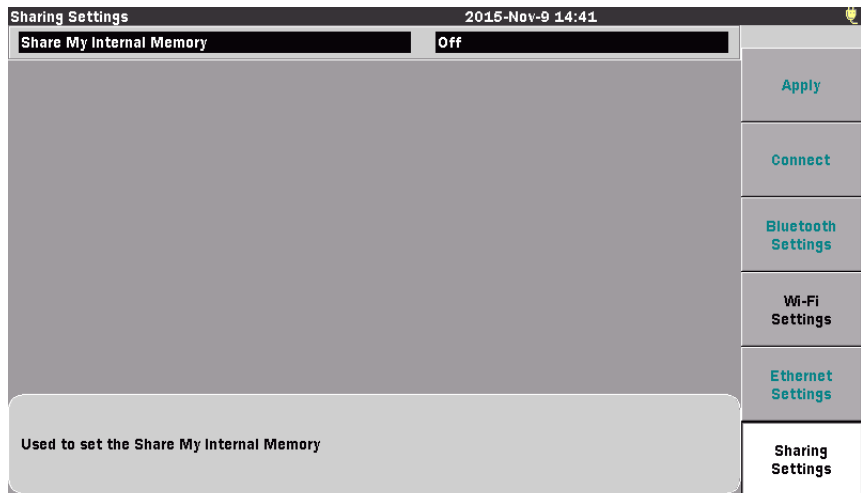
For details of the target network Bluetooth settings, refer to the operation manual or website for the device to be used.

FTP profile is required when sharing folders via Bluetooth. The Windows standard driver does not support USB Bluetooth dongle, so use the utility software and driver that come with your USB Bluetooth dongle.

Sharing Setting

To display Sharing Setting screen:

1. Press the **Top Menu** key.
2. Press **Remote Setup (f1)** key.
3. Press **Sharing Settings (f6)** key.
4. After setting parameters, press **Apply (f1)** key to save settings and apply them.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

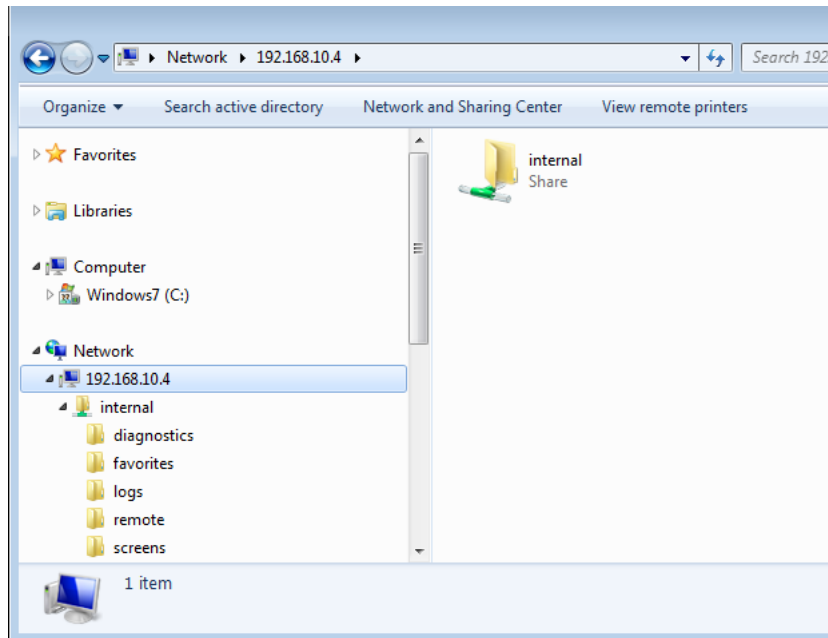
Figure 15-3: Sharing Settings Screen

The following settings are available on this screen.

- Share My Internal Memory— Set **On** when sharing MT9083 internal memory.Connection

To share the MT9083 folder with remote PC:

1. Start Explorer on your PC.
2. Enter the IP address of MT9083 into the address bar.
For example, enter \\192.168.10.4. The shared folder appears.
IP address of MT9083 can be set on Figure 14-4: EthernetSettings Screen.



When connecting via Bluetooth

For how to configure shared folders on the PC, refer to the instruction manual for your utility software.

Note

Read-only files cannot be overwritten from the MT9083 when connected via Bluetooth.

Read-only files cannot be deleted from the MT9083 when connected via Bluetooth.

Procedure

1. Press the **Top Menu** key. The Top Menu screen appears.

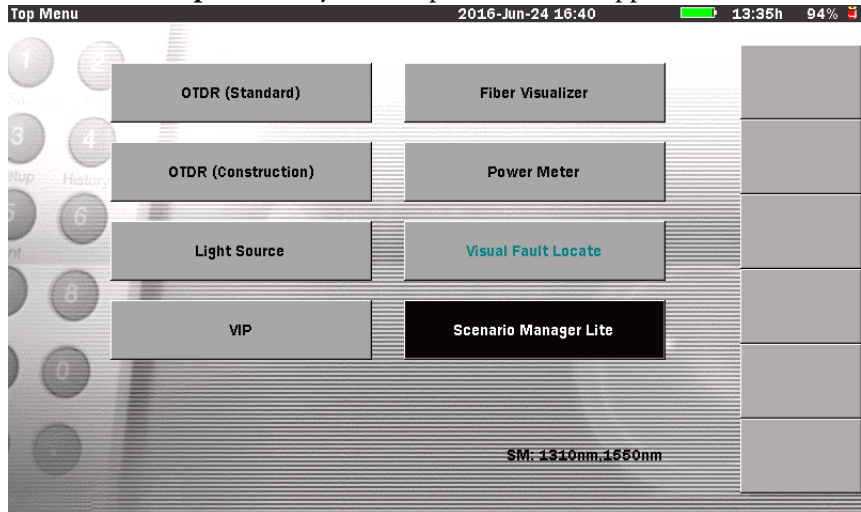


Figure 16-2: Top Menu Screen

- Press **Start (f1)** to run the scenario. The legend on the key changes to **Stop**. “Currently running SCPI command” box appears on the screen.

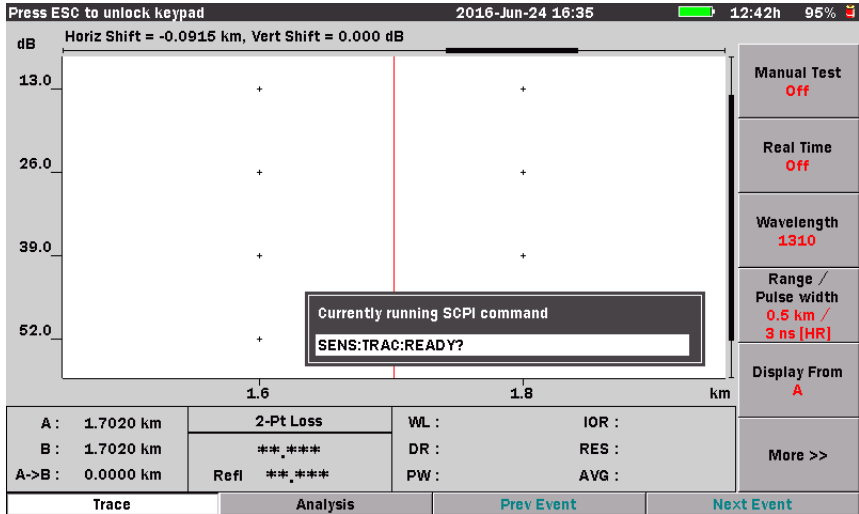


Figure 16-6: Screen Example When Scenario is Running

The operation of any keys other than the **ESC** key is locked while the scenario is running.

If you want to abort the scenario running, press the **ESC** key.

After the scenario is completed, “Scenario Example” on page 16-4 appears.

To edit the scenario settings :

1. If you wish to change variables, press **Settings (f3)**. The scenario settings are displayed in the table.



Press the Up/Down keys to move cursor, press Enter to change the value.

Figure 16-7: Edit Screen

2. Use the **Up/Down Arrow** keys or the **Rotary knob** to highlight the item to edit.
3. Press the **Enter** key to display the text entry dialog box.
4. Use the **Up** and **Down Arrow** keys (or the **Rotary knob**) to change the number or highlight the option.
5. Press the **Enter** key, and the dialog box closes and the selected settings will be displayed in the table.

Table 16-1: Scenario Manager Lite Settings

Name	Description	Range	Default
Execution Interval	Intervals to send the commands.	0 to 9999 ms	1000 ms
Repeat count	Number of times to repeatedly run the scenario. None is regarded as zero.	None to 9999	1
Automatic logging	Outputs the command execution results into the file.	On, Off	Off

Automatic Logging

When **Automatic logging** is set to On, the log file is saved in the folder under the following directory:

/mnt/intmem

The log file name is “Scenario_Log.txt”. Up to 10000 lines of sent commands and responses will be logged in the file.

In case of the following, Automatic Logging fails even if the scenario starts running.

- Free disk space is not enough.
- The destination folder or file is set to read only.

Note

Automatic logging does not support any binary data received.

Scenario File

Scenario file can be edited by the text editor, such as Memo pad of Windows.

The scenario file extension is .acm.

Syntax

Scenario file consists of the following elements:

- State 0: Executes the commands.
1: Repeats the command execution until the response matches the expected value.
- Command: MT9083x2 SCPI commands or the scenario commands.
- Type: 0: Response data format is ASCII code.
1: Response data format is binary.
- Response: Expected value against the response data.
When State is set to 1, you need to set the Response value.
- .
- File Name: Full file path of destination folder.
- Comments: Comment of the command

You can write the comment line by putting semicolon at the beginning of a line.

Each line should contain the six elements, which are written in the order above and separated by tabs.

The line is terminated by Carriage Return and Line Feed.

State, Command and Type are mandatory.

Example

```
;State Command Type Response FileName Comment
0 $LOOP=10 0
0 INITiate 0
1 INITiate? 0 0
1 SENS:TRAC:READY? 0 1
0 TRAC:LOAD:SOR? 1 SCENARIO_TRACE/INIT_OPC1510_?.sor
0 $LOOPEND 0
```

Scenario Commands

The following commands are provided for the scenario operation.

- **\$WAIT**: Specifies the waiting time with 1 ms resolution.
- **\$LOOP=xx, \$LOOPEND**: Repeatedly executes the script between **\$LOOP** and **\$LOOPEND**, **xx** times.
- **\$MESSAGE=yy**: Shows the dialog box with the **OK** button which contains the message “yy”. “yy” is the characters of up to 100.
- **\$UNITSM**: Changes the optical connector to SM port.
- **\$UNITMM**: Changes the optical connector to MM port.

For MT9083x2 SCPI command details, refer to “*MT9083 Series ACCESS Master Remote Control Operation Manual*”.

\$WAIT

Waits the specified time in ms. Subsequent command will be processed after the specified time has elapsed.

Pressing the **ESC** key during the wait time aborts the scenario immediately.

Example

State	Command	Type	Response	FileName	Comment
0	\$WAIT3000	0			Wait 3000ms

\$LOOP, \$LOOPEND

Repeatedly executes the script between **\$LOOP** and **\$LOOPEND**. After “**\$LOOP=**”, set the number of times to repeat the script.

When the file saving command is in the loop, you can use “?” in the filename so that the part of the filename can be replaced to the loop count.

Example

State	Command	Type	Response	FileName	Comment
0	\$LOOP=10	0			Start loop
0	INITiate	0			Measure start
1	INITiate?	0	0		Wait measure stop
0	TRAC:LOAD:SOR?	1		Trace?.sor	Save sor
0	\$LOOPEND	0			End loop

Note

\$LOOP and \$LOOPEND should be used in a pair.
 \$LOOP and \$LOOPEND pair cannot be written between another \$LOOP and \$LOOPEND pair.
 \$LOOPEND should be written after \$LOOP.
 The loop count should be 0 or greater. When the loop count is 0, commands between \$LOOP and \$LOOPEND are not executed.

\$MESSAGE

Displays the dialog box with the specified message. The message can contain up to 100 characters. The scenario process pauses until **OK (f1)** is pressed.

Example

State	Command	Type	Response	File Name	Comment
0	INSTRUMENT:NSELECT 1	0			Select top menu
0	INSTRUMENT:STATE	0			Show top menu
0	\$MESSAGE=Connect next fiber	0			Output message
0	INSTRUMENT:NSELECT 2	0			Select OTDR Standard
0	INSTRUMENT:STATE 1	0			Show top OTDR Standard
0	\$MESSAGE=Connect next fiber	0			Output message

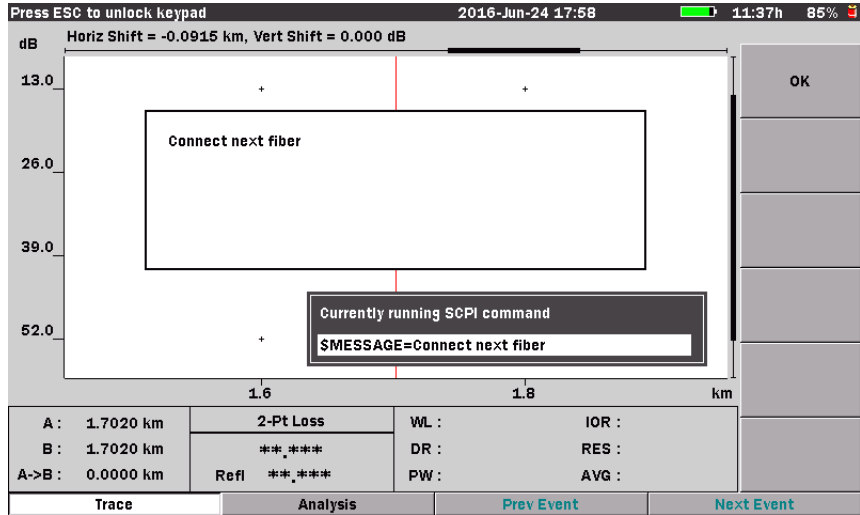


Figure 16-8: Message Dialog Box Example

\$UNITSM, \$UNITMM

Changes to SM port or MM port. These commands perform the same operations as **Select SM/MM(f6)** key on Figure 3-2: "Top Menu Screen".

Example

;State	Command	Type	Response	FileName	Comment
0	\$UNITSM	0			Change to SM
0	\$UNITMM	0			Change to MM

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Model name, unit name	MT9083A2 ACCESS Master	
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Option 055: SMF 1.31/1.55/1.65 μm OTDR • Option 057: SMF 1.31/1.55/1.625 μm OTDR • Option 063: MMF 0.85/1.3 μm & SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR • Option 073: SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR 	
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Opt 055 (1.31/1.55/1.65 μm) 37.5/36/33.5 dB (Typ. 38.5/37/34.5dB @25°C)	Temperature: 25°C, Pulse width: 20 μs , Distance range: 100 km, Averaging time: 180 sec. At 1.65 μm : With background light, 1.31/1.55 μm , – 19 dBm CW light
	Opt 057 (1.31/1.55/1.625 μm) 36/34.5/31.5 dB (Typ. 37/35.5/32.5dB @25°C)	
	Opt 073 (1.31/1.55 μm) 38/36.5 dB (Typ. 39/37.5dB @25°C)	
	Opt 063 (0.85/1.3/1.31/1.55 μm) SMF (1.31/1.55 μm) 38/36.5 dB (Typ. 39/37.5dB @25°C) MMF (0.85/1.3 μm) 28/27 dB (Typ. 29/28dB @25°C) The dynamic range is lowered by about 3 dB when a 50/125 μm optical fiber is measured using an MMF option.	Temperature: 25°C, Distance range: 100 km for SMF. 25 km for MMF. Averaging time: 180 sec. Pulse width: For 1.31/1.55 μm : 20 μs For 0.85 μm : 500 ns For 1.3 μm : 4 μs

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications	Remarks	
Dead zone (Back-scattered light) (IOR = 1.500000)		Temperature: 25°C, Deviation: ±0.5 dB	
	Opt 055/073	1.31 μm: ≤7.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤8.0 m 1.65 μm: ≤11.0 m (Opt 055 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤5.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤5.5 m 1.65 μm: ≤6.5 m (Opt 055 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
	Opt 057	1.31 μm: ≤8.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤9.0 m 1.625 μm: ≤12.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤6.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤6.5 m 1.625 μm: ≤7.5 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
	Opt 063	1.31 μm: ≤7.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤8.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤5.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤5.5 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
		0.85 μm: ≤4.0 m (Typ. 3.0 m) 1.3 μm: ≤5.0 m (Typ. 4.0 m)	Pulse width: 3 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
	Dead zone (Fresnel reflection) (IOR = 1.500000)	≤1.0 m (Typ. 0.8 m)	The width for 1.5 dB lower than the peak value of the reflected waveform Pulse width: 3 ns, Return loss: 40 dB, Temperature: 25°C

MT9083B2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications	Remark
Model name, unit name	MT9083B2 ACCESS Master	
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Option 053: SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR • Option 055: SMF 1.31/1.55/1.65 μm OTDR • Option 056: SMF 1.31/1.49/1.55 μm OTDR • Option 057: SMF 1.31/1.55/1.625 μm OTDR • Option 058: SMF 1.31/1.49/1.55/1.625 μm OTDR • Option 063: MMF 0.85/1.3 μm & SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR 	

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083B2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications	Remark
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Opt 053 (1.31/1.55 μm) 41/40 dB (Typ. 42/41dB @25°C)	Temperature: 25°C, Pulse width: 20 μs , Distance range: 100 km, Averaging time: 180 sec. At 1.65 μm : With background light, 1.31/1.55 μm , – 19 dBm CW light
	Opt 055 (1.31/1.55/1.65 μm) 41/40/34 dB (Typ. 42/41/35 dB @25°C)	
	Opt 056 (1.31/1.49/1.55 μm) 41/40/40 dB (Typ. 42/41/41 dB @25°C)	
	Opt 057 (1.31/1.55/1.625 μm) 39/38/37 dB (Typ. 40/39/38 dB @25°C)	
	Opt 058 (1.31/1.49/1.55/1.625 μm) 41/40/40/39 dB (Typ. 42/41/41/40 dB @25°C)	
	Opt 063 (0.85/1.3/1.31/1.55 μm) SMF (1.31/1.55 μm) 41/40 dB (Typ. 42/41dB @25°C) MMF (0.85/1.3 μm) 28/27 dB (Typ. 29/28dB @25°C) The dynamic range is lowered by about 3 dB when a 50/125 μm optical fiber is measured using an MMF option.	Temperature: 25°C, Distance range: 100 km for SMF. 25 km for MMF. Averaging time: 180 sec. Pulse width: For 1.31/1.55 μm : 20 μs For 0.85 μm : 500 ns For 1.3 μm : 4 μs

MT9083B2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications		Remark
Dead zone (Back-scattered light) (IOR = 1.500000)			Temperature: 25°C, Deviation: ±0.5 dB
	Opt 053/055	1.31 μm: ≤7.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤8.0 m 1.65 μm: ≤11.0 m (Opt 055 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤5.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤5.5 m 1.65 μm: ≤6.5 m (Opt 055 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
	Opt 056	1.31 μm: ≤8.0 m 1.49 μm: ≤9.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤9.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤6.0 m 1.49 μm: ≤6.3 m 1.55 μm: ≤6.5 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
	Opt 057	1.31 μm: ≤8.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤9.0 m 1.625 μm: ≤12.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤6.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤6.5 m 1.625 μm: ≤7.5 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
	Opt 058	1.31 μm: ≤9.0 m 1.49 μm: ≤10.0 m 1.55 μm: ≤10.0 m 1.625 μm: ≤13.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm: ≤7.0 m 1.49 μm: ≤7.5 m 1.55 μm: ≤7.5 m 1.625 μm: ≤8.5 m	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083B2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications		Remark
Dead zone (Back-scattered light) (IOR = 1.500000)	Opt 063	1.31 μm : ≤ 7.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns,
		1.55 μm : ≤ 8.0 m	Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm : ≤ 5.0 m	Pulse width: 10 ns,
		1.55 μm : ≤ 5.5 m	Return loss: 55 dB
Dead zone (Fresnel reflection) (IOR = 1.500000)	≤ 1.0 m (Typ. 0.8 m)		The width for 1.5 dB lower than the peak value of the reflected waveform Pulse width: 3 ns, Return loss: 40 dB, Temperature: 25°C

MT9083C2 ACCESS Master

Item	Specifications		Remark
Model name, unit name	MT9083C2 ACCESS Master		
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Option 053: SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR • Option 057: SMF 1.31/1.55/1.625 μm OTDR 		
Dynamic range (S/N = 1)	Opt 053 (1.31/1.55 μm) 45/45 dB @20 μs (Typ. 46/46 dB @25°C) 25/25 dB @100 ns *1		Temperature: 25°C, Distance range: 100 km, Averaging time: 180 sec. *1 : Enhanced Range mode
	Opt 057 (1.31/1.55/1.625 μm) 45/45/43 dB @20 μs (Typ. 46/46/44 dB @25°C) 25/25/23 dB @100 ns *1		
Dead zone (Back-scattered light) (IOR = 1.500000)			Temperature: 25°C, Deviation: ± 0.5 dB
	Opt 053/057	1.31 μm : ≤ 6.0 m 1.55 μm : ≤ 6.5 m 1.625 μm : ≤ 7.0 m (Opt 057 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 40 dB
		1.31 μm : ≤ 3.8 m 1.55 μm : ≤ 4.3 m 1.625 μm : ≤ 4.8 m (Opt 057 only)	Pulse width: 10 ns, Return loss: 55 dB
Dead zone (Fresnel reflection) (IOR = 1.500000)	≤ 1.0 m (Typ. 0.8 m)		The width for 1.5 dB lower than the peak value of the reflected waveform Pulse width: 3 ns, Return loss: 40 dB, Temperature: 25°C

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Composition	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Option 002/102: Visible LD • Option 004/104/204: SMF Optical Power Meter • Option 005/105/205: SMF High Power Optical Power Meter • Option 007/107/207: SMF/MMF Optical Power Meter • Option 010/110/210: Protector (including protective cover and strap) 	<p>Only one can be selected from three optional power meters.</p>
Optical Connector	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Option 025: FC-APC Connector • Option 026: SC-APC Connector • Option 037: FC Connector • Option 038: ST Connector • Option 039: DIN 4725 Connector • Option 040: SC Connector • Option 043: HMS-10/A DIAMOND Connector (SM) 	<p>One specified connection is supplied.</p> <p>Can be replaced by the user.</p> <p>APC type connectors are factory options</p>

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Wavelength	1310 ±25 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058 063/073) 1490 ±25 nm (Opt 056/058) 1550 ±25 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058 063/073) 1645 to 1655 nm (Opt 055)* 1625 ±25 nm (Opt 057) 850 ±30 nm (Opt 063) 1300 ±30 nm (Opt 063)	Temperature: 25°C, Pulse width For Opt 053/ 055/056/057/ 058/063/,073: SMF:1 μs For Opt 063 MMF:100 ns * : Wavelength range for 20 dB lower than the peak value. Peak value +15 dBm or less.
Fiber under test	10/125 μm single mode fiber (ITU-T G.652, except for Opt 063 MMF) 62.5/125 μm GI fiber (Opt 063 MMF)	
Pulse width	3/10/20/50/100/200/500 ns, 1/2/4/10/20 μs	Opt 053, 055, 056, 057, 058, 073 Opt 063 SMF
	3/10/20/50/100/200/500 ns, 1/2/4 μs <i>Note:</i> Only 1300 nm can be selected f or 1 μs or more.	Opt 063 MMF
Loss measurement accuracy (linearity)	±0.05 dB/dB or ±0.1 dB (whichever is greater)	

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Return loss measurement accuracy	±2 dB	Opt 053,055,056,057, 058,073: SME; 063
	±4 dB	Opt 063: MMF
Distance measurement accuracy	± 1 m ±3 x measured distance x 10 ⁻⁵ ± marker resolution	
Distance range (IOR = 1.500000)	0.5/1/2.5/5/10/25/50/100/200/300 km	Opt 053,055,056,057, 058,073: SME;063
	0.5/1/2.5/5/10/25/50/100 km	Opt 063: MMF
Marker resolution (IOR = 1.500000)	0.05 to 400 m	Opt 053,055,056,057, 058,073: SME;063
	0.05 to 200 m	Opt 063: MMF
Sampling resolution (IOR = 1.500000)	0.05 to 60 m	Opt 053,055,056,057, 058,073: SME;063
	0.05 to 20 m	Opt 063: MMF
Number of sampling points	Normal: 5001 High density: 15001, 20001 or 25001* Very high density: 100001 or 150001*	*: Either value is automatically selected depending on the distance range. Only normal mode and high density mode can be selected in MMF
Vertical scale	0.13, 0.33, 0.65, 1.3, 3.25, 6.5, 13 dB/div	
IOR settings	1.300000 to 1.700000 (0.000001 steps)	
Connection check	Check whether or not the fiber is connected correctly to the OTDR measurement port.	
Active fiber check	Checks the currently attached fiber under test to detect whether the fiber is carrying traffic (-40 dBm or more; wavelength: 1.55 μm) before firing the OTDR laser source. Active fiber check does not apply for the following options –Opt 063: MMF.	

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Optical Light Source (OLS)		
Applicable fiber	SM fiber (ITU-T G.652), PC type (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/073 SMF, Opt 063), GI fiber (62.5/125 μm GI fiber) (Opt 063 MMF)	
Optical connector	Common with OTDR (same port)	
Central wavelength	1310 ±30 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/063/073) 1490 ±30 nm (Opt 056/058) 1550 ±30 nm (Opt 053/055/056/057/058/063/073) 1650 ±5 nm (Opt 055) 1625 ±30 nm (Opt 057) 850 ±30 nm (Opt 063) 1300 ±30 nm (Opt 063)	CW, 25°C
Spectrum width	1310 nm: 5 nm or less 1490 nm: 10 nm or less 1550 nm: 10 nm or less 1625 nm: 10 nm or less 1650 nm: 3 nm or less 850 nm: 10 nm or less 1300 nm: 10 nm or less	CW, 25°C
Optical output power	-5 ±1.5 dBm	25°C, SM or GI fiber length: 2 m, CW

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Optical output power instant stability	≤ 0.1 dB MMF: No specification	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CW, at a point between -10 to 50°C [$\pm 1^\circ\text{C}$], difference between maximum and minimum values within one minute, SM fiber length: 2 m • When an optical power meter with 40 dB or greater return loss is used (SM)
Optical output waveform	CW / 270 Hz / 1 kHz / 2 kHz (Modulation light is square wave) Modulated frequency: 270 Hz / 1 kHz / 2 kHz $\pm 1.5\%$	
Warm-up time	10 minutes (after turning optical output On)	

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Optical Power Meter Function	Optical power meter function (No function for Opt063: 850/1300 nm, 004/005/007 is installed)	
Applicable fiber	SM fiber (ITU-T G.652)	
Wavelength setting	Opt 053/056/057/058/063/073 (OTDR1 port): 1310/1490/1550/1625/1650 nm	
	Opt055 OTDR1 port 1310/1550/1625nm OTDR2 port 1650nm	OTDR1 port Measurement wavelength range: 1280 to 1625nm OTDR2 port Measurement wavelength range: 1650+/- 5nm
Optical connector	Common with OTDR	
Optical power measurement range	-50 to -5 dBm (peak power)	Wavelength: 1550 nm Absolute maximum rated input: +10 dBm
Measurement accuracy	±6.5%	-20 dBm, CW light, 23°C ±2°C, after executing zero offset, Wavelength: 1550 nm, when an SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) and master FC connector are used

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications		Remarks
Display	7.0-inch TFT color LCD (800 x 480 dots, with LED backlight)		
Interface	USB 1.1		
	Type A	× 1 (memory; direct save/load OTDR trace fileremote control; MT9083 series can be remotely controlled by connecting LAN cable using a USB-Ethernet converter Video inspection probe; a fiber checker can be connected.)	
	Type B	× 1 (USB mass storage class; internal memory of the MT9083 Series product can be read/written as a PC disk drive by connecting to a PC via a USB cable. video output; the screen displayed on the PC with MX900021A remote screen software.)	
Power supply	DC: Rating: 12 V AC: Rating: 100 to 240 V, frequency: 50/60 Hz (when using the dedicated AC adapter)* Battery pack: Dedicated lithium-ion battery		
Power consumption	20 W max. (when charged) Standard 4 W (with backlight set to low, sweeping halted)		
Battery operating time	Continuous operating time: 12.0 hours (typical)		Telcordia GR-196-CORE Issue 2, September 2010 With backlight Off, at 25°C

*: Operating voltage: within the range of +10% to -10% from the rated voltage

MT9083A2/B2/C2 ACCESS Master Common (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Battery charging time	5 hours maximum (with power off) (typical)	Time required for charging until the charging rate reaches 90%, Temperature range: 5 to +30°C
Dimensions (excluding protrusion)	270 (W) x 165 (H) x 61 (D) mm When protector mounted: 284 (W) x 200 (H) x 77 (D) mm	
Mass	Max. 1.6 kg (with Option 053 installed) Max. 1.9 kg (including battery pack, with Option 053 installed) Max. 2.6 kg (including battery pack, with Option 010 protector mounted and Option 053 installed)	
Operating temperature, humidity	-10 to +50°C, ≤ 80% (No condensation)	Excluding Opt002/004/005/007
Storage temperature, humidity	-20 to +60°C, ≤ 80%	
Vibration	Conforms to MIL-T-28800E Class 3	
EMC	EN 61326-1: (Class A, Table 2) EN 61000-3-2: 2006 +A1:2009 A2:2009 (Class A)	
Dust proof	Conforms to MIL-T-28800E Class 2	
Splash proof	Conforms to JIS C 0920 TYPE 1 or IP51 (IEC60529)	
Laser safety level	IEC 60825-1: 2007 Class 1M: Option 053,055,056,057,058,063, 073 THIS PRODUCT COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE. NO.50, DATED JUNE 24,2007.	

Appendix A: Specifications

Lithium-ion Battery Pack

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Battery type	Lithium-ion rechargeable battery	
Voltage, capacity	11.1 V, 4200 mAh	
Dimensions, mass	53 (W) x 19 (H) x 215 (D) mm, 330 g (typ.)	
Environmental Conditions	Charging: 0 to +40°C Discharging: -20 to +60°C Storage: -20 to +50°C, ≤80%RH	

AC Adapter

Item	Specifications	Remarks
AC rated input*	AC 100 to 240 V, 50/60 Hz	
DC rated output	DC 12 V, 5 A	
Environmental Conditions	Operating: 0 to +45°C, 20 to 80%RH Storage: -20 to +70°C, 10 to 90%RH	

*: Operating voltage: within the range of +10% to -10% from the rated voltage

Optical Power Meter (Option 004/005/007)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Model name, unit name	Option 004 SMF Optical Power Meter Option 005 High Power Optical Power Meter Option 007 SMF/MMF Optical Power Meter	
Applicable fiber	Option 004/005 10/125 μm single mode fiber (ITU-T G.652) Option 007 10/125 μm single mode fiber (ITU-T G.652) and 62.5/125 μm GI fiber	
Wavelength range	0.75 to 1.7 μm (Option 007) 1.2 to 1.7 μm (Option 004/005)	
Settable wavelength	Option 004/005: 1310, 1383, 1490, 1550, 1625, 1650 nm Option 007: 850, 1300, 1310, 1383,1490, 1550, 1625, 1650 nm	
Modulated light measurement	270 Hz/1 kHz/2 kHz	

Appendix A: Specifications

Optical Power Meter (Option 004/005/007) (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Optical power measurement range	Option 004: +23 to -50 dBm (CW light, 1550 nm) +20 to -53 dBm (modulated light, 1550 nm) Option 005: +30 to -43 dBm (CW light, 1550 nm) +27 to -46 dBm (modulated light, 1550 nm) Option 007: +6 to -67 dBm (CW light, 1310 nm) +3 to -60 dBm (CW light, 850 nm) +3 to -70 dBm (modulated light, 1310 nm) +0 to -63 dBm (modulated light, 850 nm)	
Measurement accuracy	Option 004: $\pm 5\%$ (+0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW light) Option 005: $\pm 5\%$ (+0 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW light, 25°C) Option 007: $\pm 5\%$ (-10 dBm, 1310/1550 nm, CW light) $\pm 5\%$ (-10 dBm, 850 nm, CW light, 25°C)	After executing zero offset, when master FC connector is used.

Optical Power Meter (Option 004/005/007) (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Return loss	36 dBm or greater (Option 004) (1.55 ±0.02 μm) * When an SM fiber (ITU-T G.652) is used, with 45 dB or more return loss. No specification for option 005/007	
Optical connector	Option 004: Replaceable adapter (MT9083A2/B2/C2-***) Option number for ***: 037, 038, 039, 040, 043 Option 005: Connector adapter (MA9005B-**) Option number for **: 037, 038, 039, 040, 043 Option 007: Connector adapter (LP-***) Connector name for ***: FC, ST, SC, DIN	037: FC 038: ST 039: DIN 040: SC 043: HMS-10/A 37: FC 38: ST 39: DIN 40: SC 43: HMS-10/A
Mass	Option 004: Max. 75 g Option 005: Max. 210 g Option 007: Max. 65 g	
Operating temperature, humidity	0 to 50°C, <80% (No condensation)	

Appendix A: Specifications

Visual Fault Locate (Option 002)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Central wavelength	650 ±15 nm	At 25°C
Optical output power	0 ±3 dBm	CW
Optical output fiber	10/125 µm single mode (ITU-T G.652)	
Output connector	Direct insertion of ϕ 2.5 mm ferrule	
Optical safety	IEC Pub 60825-1: 2007 Class 3R THIS PRODUCT COMPLIES WITH 21 CFR 1040.10 AND 1040.11 EXCEPT FOR DEVIATIONS PURSUANT TO LASER NOTICE. NO.50, DATED JUNE 24, 2007.	
Operating temperature, humidity	0 to +50°C, ≤80% (no condensation)	

Parts and accessories

Item	Specifications	Remarks
MT9083 Series Operation Manual (CD version)		W 2838 AE (Note 1)
MT9083 Series Operation Manual (Printed Version)		W 2839 AE
MT9083 Series Quick User's Guide (Printed Version)		W 3272AE
MT9083 Series Remote Control Operation Manual (Printed Version)		W 3312AE
MX900021A Remote Screen Software Operation Manual (Printed Version)		W 3327AE
FC-type adapter		J0057
Optical fiber cable with FC-PC at both ends for SM fiber		J0635 □ (Note 2)
Replaceable optical FC connector		J0617B
Replaceable optical ST connector		J0618D
Replaceable optical DIN connector		J0618E
Replaceable optical HMS-10/A connector		J0618F
Replaceable optical SC connector		J0619B
Ferrule cleaner	CLETOP type (one)	Z0914A
Replacement reel for ferrule cleaner	Six reel / pack	Z0915A
Adapter cleaner	Stick type (200 pcs. per pack)	Z0284
Battery pack	Lithium-ion rechargeable battery, 11.1 V, 4200 mAh	Z0921A
AC adapter	100 to 240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 12 VDC, 5 A	Z1625A
SC Plug-in Converter (UPC(P)-APC(J))		J1530A

Appendix A: Specifications

Parts and accessories (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
SC Plug-in Converter (APC(P)-UPC(J))		J1531A
FC Plug-in Converter (UPC(P)-APC(J))		J1532A
FC Plug-in Converter (APC(P)-UPC(J))		J1533A
LC-SC Plug-in Converter (for SM, SC(P)-LC(J))		J1534A
LC-SC Plug-in Converter (for MM, SC(P)-LC(J))		J1535A
AC cord		J0980 (For US, Canada and Taiwan) J0981 (For UK, Malaysia, South Africa and Hong Kong) J0982 (For Europe) J0983 (For China and Oceania) J1027 (For India) J1028 (For Switzerland) J1511A (For Korea)
Soft carrying case	An MT9083 Series unit with Option 10 attached can be stored.	B0582A
Hard carrying case	Business (attache) case type	B0583A
Hard carrying case	Hard case with handle and wheels	B0549
Front protective cover	Used for Option 10 protective cover only	B0584A
Connector Video Inspection Probe	Magnification 200/400	OPTION-545VIP
Video Inspection Light Probe	Magnification 400	G0293A
Video Inspection Probe	Magnification 400 Integrated USB converter	G0306A

Parts and accessories (Cont'd)

Item	Specifications	Remarks
Video Inspection Probe	Magnification 400 Integrated USB converter 60 degree angled tip is available.	G0306B
Hard case for VIP option		FS-PT-USB-CASE
External Battery Charger	Li-ion battery charger for MT9083A2/B2/C2 Charge time: 1 hour for 90%, 2.5 hours for 100%	Z1632A
<p>Note</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Also includes Quick User's Guide, Remote Control Operation Manual, MX900021A Remote Screen Software Operation Manual. Add A, B, or C to "x" according to the length of the code: A for 1 m, B for 2 m, and C for 3 m. 		

MT9083A2 OTDR Options List

Option	Model	OTDR1	OTDR2	Optical Light Source		Optical Power Meter	
				OTDR1	OTDR2	OTDR1	OTDR2
			–				
055	SMF 1.31/1.55/ 1.65 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	1.65	1.31/1.55	1.65	1.31/1.55 /1.625	1.65
057	SMF 1.31/1.55/ 1.625 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–
063	MMF 0.85/1.3 μm &SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	0.85/1.3	1.31/1.55 (SMF)	0.85/1.3 (MMF)	1.31/1.55 /1.625/1. 65 (SMF)	– (MMF)
073	SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–

Appendix A: Specifications

MT9083B2 OTDR Options List

Option	Model	OTDR1	OTDR2	Optical Light Source		Optical Power Meter	
				OTDR1	OTDR2	OTDR1	OTDR2
053	SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–
055	SMF 1.31/1.55/ 1.65 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	1.65	1.31/1.55	1.65	1.31/1.55 /1.625	1.65
056	SMF 1.31/1.49/ 1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.49 /1.55	–	1.31/1.49 /1.55	–	1.31/1.49 /1.55	–
057	SMF 1.31/1.55/ 1.625 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–
058	SMF 1.31/1.49/ 1.55/1.625 μm OTDR	1.31/1.49 /1.55/1.6 25	–	1.31/1.49 /1.55/1.6 25	–	1.31/1.49 /1.55/1.6 25	–
063	MMF 0.85/1.3 μm & SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	0.85/1.3	1.31/1.55 (SMF)	0.85/1.3 (MMF)	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65 (SMF)	(MMF)

MT9083C2 OTDR Options List

Option	Model	OTDR1	OTDR2	Optical Light Source		Optical Power Meter	
				OTDR1	OTDR2	OTDR1	OTDR2
053	SMF 1.31/1.55 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–
057	SMF 1.31/1.55/ 1.625 μm OTDR	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625	–	1.31/1.55 /1.625/ 1.65	–

Appendix B: Sample Traces

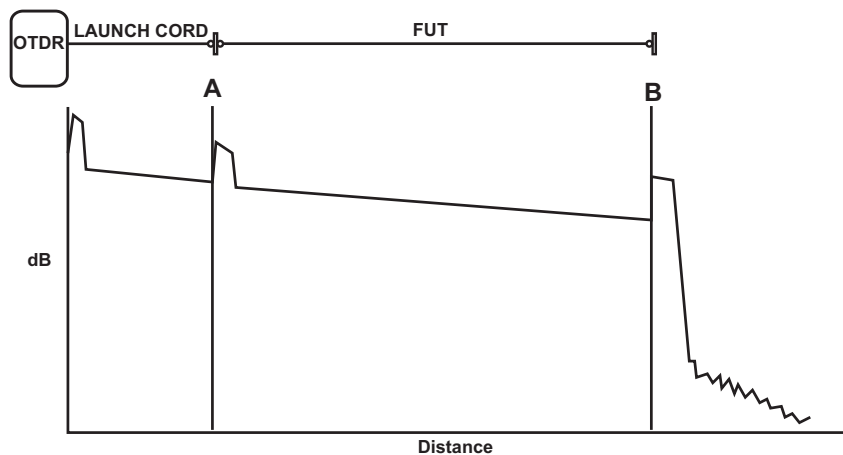
Overview

This appendix contains examples of trace displays and the cursor positions for the various Standard OTDR mode measurements. The samples include:

- 2-Point Loss
- Panel-Splice Measurements
- Panel-Connection and Panel-Splice Measurements
- Bad Launch
- End to End Loss
- Fiber Length Distance Measurements
- Set-Up when using a Bare Fiber Adapter
- Set-Up for Short Fibers
- Determining the dB Loss

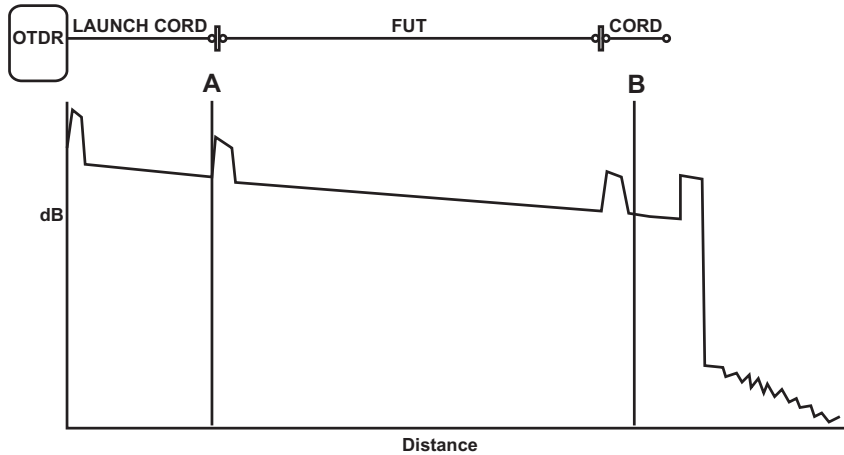
2-Point Loss Measurements

The following figure shows an OTDR sample trace with a section of launch cord (dead-zone fiber) of a known length preceding it. The 2-Point loss includes the input connector loss of the fiber under test (FUT).



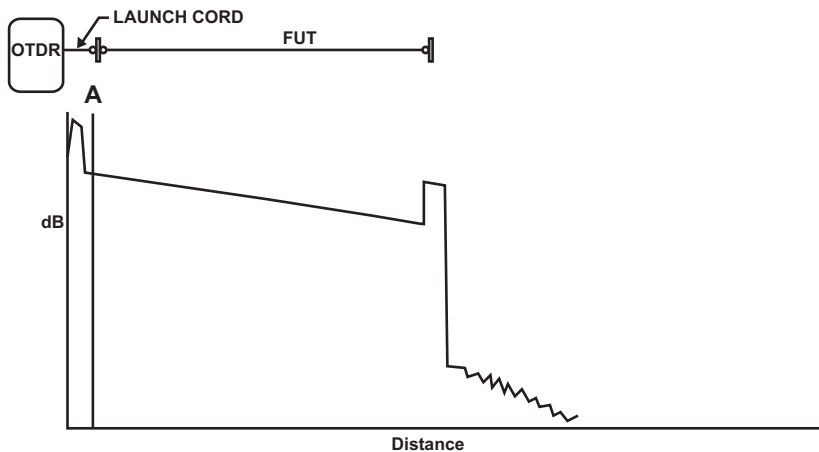
Appendix B: Sample Traces

The next figure shows an OTDR sample trace with a section of launch cord (dead-zone fiber) of a known length preceding the FUT and a cord following the FUT. The 2-Point loss includes the loss of both connectors of the fiber under test (FUT).



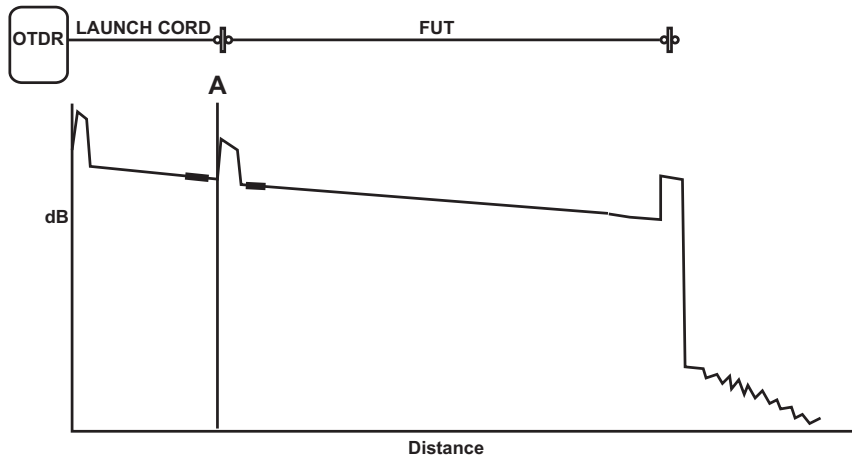
Panel-Splice Measurements

The figure below shows an OTDR sample trace with Cursor A positioned for a Panel-Splice measurement using the Launch Level.



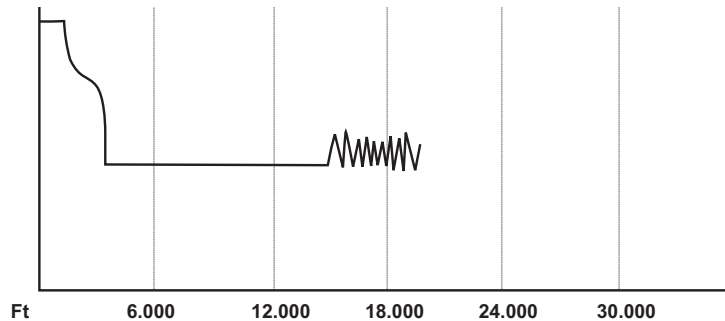
Panel-Connector and Panel-Splice Measurements

The figure below shows an OTDR sample trace with Cursor A positioned for a Panel-Connection and Panel-Splice measurement using Splice Loss mode and a long launch cable.



Bad Launch

The following figure show an example of a bad launch

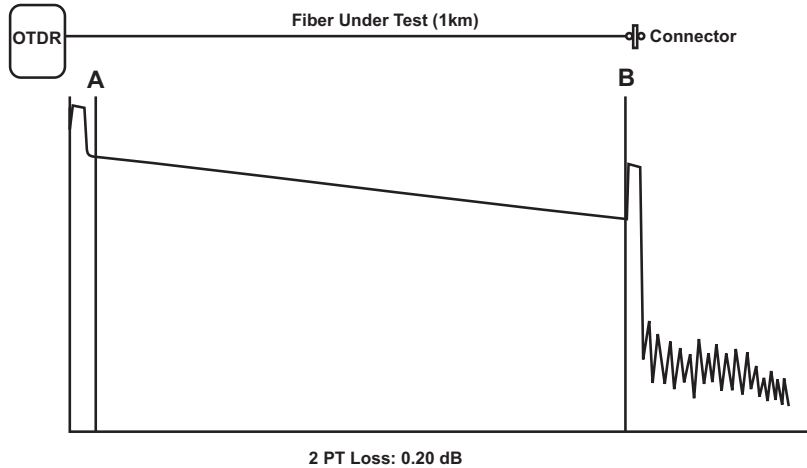


Possible causes of a bad launch can include:

- Faulty connection at the OTDR
- Defective patch cord
- Bad connectors on the FUT (fiber under test)
- A break in the first few feet of the FUT (fiber under test)

End to End Loss

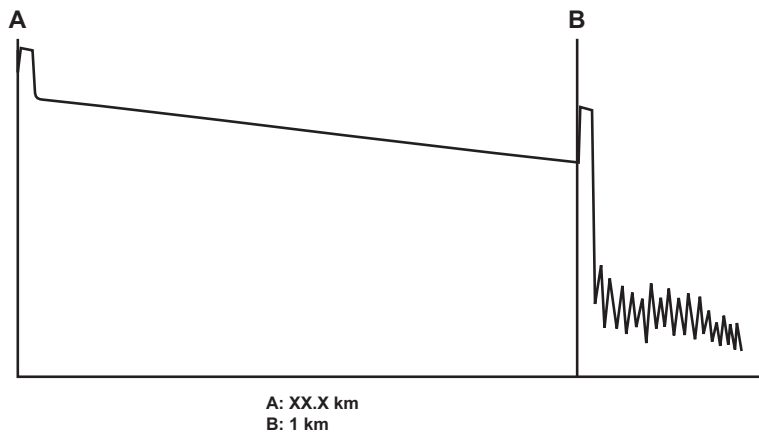
The figure below shows an OTDR sample trace with cursor placement for an End to End Loss measurement. Place Cursor A and Cursor B as shown.



See “2-Point Loss” on page 7-5 for further details.

Fiber Length Distance Measurements

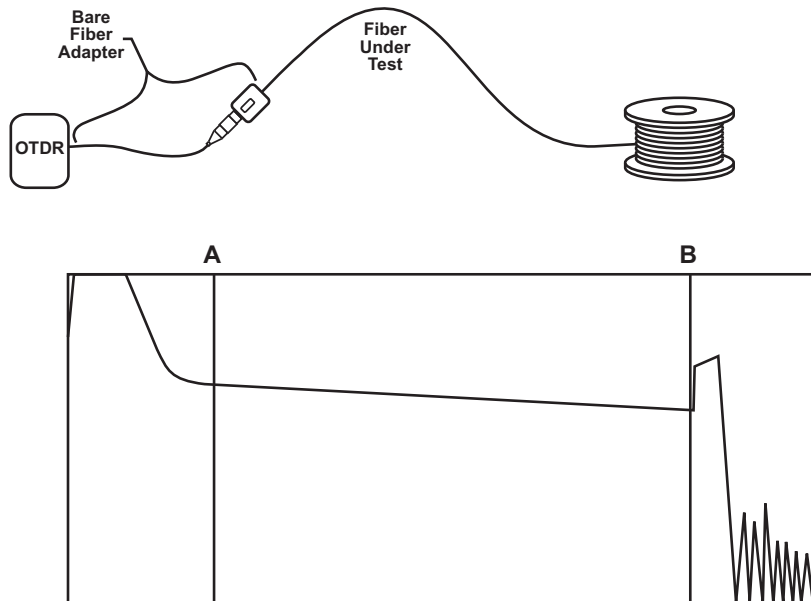
The figure below shows an OTDR sample trace with the proper cursor placement for a Fiber Length Distance measurement. Position Cursor A at 0.00 km (or at the end of a pulse suppressor such as a Test Fiber module, if one is used). Place Cursor B at the location shown.



See the “B:” (or “A:”, depending on the cursor positioned at the end of the fiber under test) in the Cursor Distance Area for the distance measurement (see “Cursor Distance Information” on page 4-30 for details).

Set-Up Using a Bare Fiber Adapter

The following figure shows an OTDR sample trace with the proper cursor placement when using a bare fiber adapter (such as the Fiber Connect). For accurate measurements, be sure to place Cursor A in the linear portion of the trace.



► Note

Cursor B is placed at the end of the fiber reel.

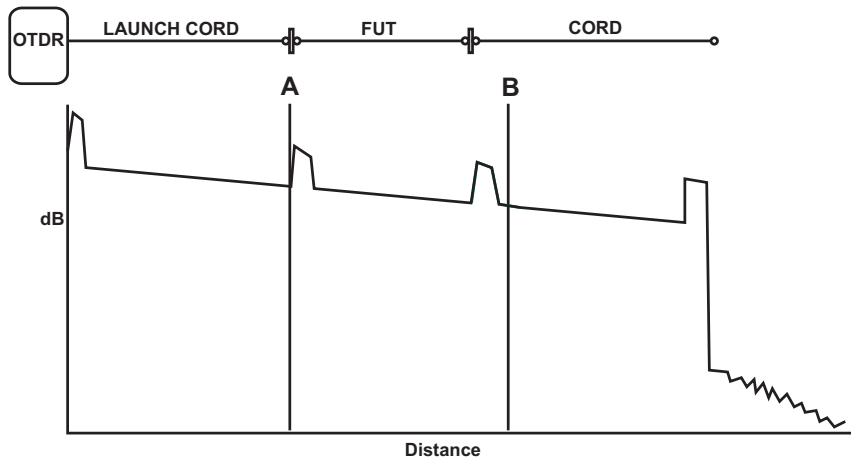
Set-Up for Short Fibers

The following figure shows an OTDR sample trace with proper cursor placement for measuring a short fiber span. Place Cursor A and Cursor B as shown.

► Note

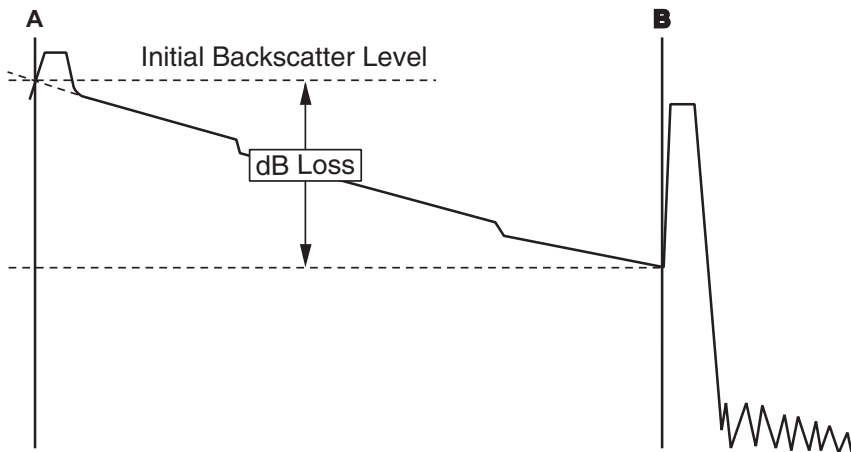
The distance from Cursor A to Cursor B is the length of the fiber under test. Select 2-Pt loss to determine the loss in the fiber under test (FUT).

Appendix B: Sample Traces



Determining the dB Loss

The figure below shows an OTDR sample trace with the cursor placement for determining the overall dB loss for a fiber span.



Move Cursor A to the beginning of the fiber and then zoom in on the initial reflection (dead zone). Determine the point where the initial backscatter level would intersect the ascending side of the initial reflection and place cursor A as shown in the figure above. Place Cursor B at the beginning of the reflective end of the fiber.

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Package Name	License	Remarks
busybox	GPL (*1)	
dosfstools-3.0.12	GPL (*1)	
e2fsprogs-1.42	GPL (*1)	
flnx-0.18	LGPL+ (*4) exceptions	[program/widget] is based in part on the work of the FLTK project (http://www.fltk.org).
freetype-1.3.1	GPL (*1)	
Freewnn-Server-1.10	GPL (*1)	
gerodic-1.00	Others (*5)	
glibc	LGPL (*2)	
inetutils 1.5	GPL (*1)	
jpeg-8d	Others	This software is based in part on the work of the Independent JPEG Group.
libpng-1.2.48	libpng license	
libstdc++6	LGPL (*2)	
linux-2.6.20.1	GPL (*1)	
microwindows-0.90	MPL (*3)	
mount	GPL (*1)	
mtd-utils	GPL (*1)	

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Table C-1: (Continued)Software License List

Package Name	License	Remarks
sys5utils	GPL (*1)	
U-Boot-1.1.4	GPL (*1)	
util-linux-ng-2.16	GPL (*1)	
zlib-1.2.6	Others (*6)	

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Because of this blurred distinction, using the ordinary General Public License for libraries did

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Note that it is possible for a library to be covered by the ordinary General Public License rather than by this special one.

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Appendix D: Limited Life Span Parts

The MT9083 Series uses consumable parts for which the life span is determined according to the usage frequency (times). A fee will be charged for replacement of such parts due to end of life even if it is within the warranty period of the MT9083 Series.

Take the life span of the consumable parts into consideration when using the MT9083 Series continuously for a long period of time.

Display backlight

Cold-cathode tubes are used as the backlight of the MT9083 Series display (LCD.) Luminance deteriorates as lighting time advances.

The lifetime of the backlight is between 15,000 and 20,000 hours. When replacing the backlight, the entire display device should be replaced because they are joined.

Contact your local Anritsu Service office or the Technical Support Center (see page xxx) for details on replacing the display device.

Appendix D: Limited Life Span Parts

Appendix E: Sample Scenario

This appendix provides the sample scenario usable by Scenario Manager Lite.

Sample

Following sample processes:

1. Clears the event status register.
2. Sets the standard event status enable register.
3. Sets the wavelength to 1310 nm.
4. Starts a new test in manual test mode.
5. Sets MT9083x2 to Operation Complete Command Active State.
6. Queries the standard enable status register.
7. Queries if trace data is ready.
8. Saves the trace data to the INIT_OPC_1310.sor file.
9. Sets the logical instrument number to “1”.
10. Queries the state of the logical instrument.
11. Queries the standard event status enable register.
12. Queries the standard enable status register.
13. Queries the instrument identification.
14. Sets MT9083x2 to Operation Complete Command Active State.
15. Queries the service request enable register.
16. Queries the status byte register.
17. Queries the self-test result.
18. Sets the logical instrument number to “2”.
19. Queries the state of the logical instrument.
20. Sets SM port.
21. Sets the wavelength to 1550 nm.
22. Declares the loop start line and sets the loop count to 10.
23. Starts OTDR test.
24. Queries if OTDR is initiated.
25. Queries if trace data is ready.
26. Saves the trace data to the file with sequential number.

Appendix E: Sample Scenario

27. (Comment line) Saves the trace data , overwriting the INIT_OPC_1550.sor file.
28. Declares the loop end line.

```
;State Command Type Response FileName Comments
0 *CLS 0
0 *ESE 1 0
0 SOURce:WAVelength 1310 0
0 INITiate 0
0 *OPC 0
1 *ESR? 0 1
1 SENS:TRAC:READY?0 1
0 TRAC:LOAD:SOR? 1 SCENARIO_TRACE/INIT_OPC1310.sor
0 INSTRument:NSElect 1 0
0 INSTRument:STATE 1 0
0 *ESE? 0
0 *ESR? 0
0 *IDN? 0
0 *OPC? 0
0 *SRE? 0
0 *STB? 0
0 *TST? 0
0 INSTRument:NSElect 2 0
0 INSTRument:STATE 1 0
0 $UNITSM 0
0 SOURce:WAVelength 1550 0
0 $LOOP=10 0
0 INITiate 0
1 INITiate? 0 0
1 SENS:TRAC:READY? 0 1
0 TRAC:LOAD:SOR? 1 SCENARIO_TRACE/INIT_OPC1510_?.sor
;0 TRAC:LOAD:SOR?1 SCENARIO_TRACE/INIT_OPC1510.sor
0 $LOOPEND0
```